



# NEW SOUTH WALES GOVERNMENT GAZETTE,

Published by Authority.



TUESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1844.

*Colonial Treasury, Sydney,  
29th January, 1844.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that Tenders will be received at this Office, at any time on or before 12 o'clock on Thursday, the 15th day of February next, for the purchase of Debentures to be issued by this Government, on account of the expenses of the Immigration now in progress, under the direction of Her Majesty's Government.

The Debentures will be issued in even sums of £100 each, bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum, the interest, payable half yearly, to be paid off at the end of three years; the Government reserving to itself the option of paying the whole, or any number of them off, at any time, on giving three months' notice of its intention of so doing.

The Debentures will be secured on the whole Territorial or Crown Revenue of the Colony, and will be taken in payment for land purchased from the Crown.

The Tenders will state the number of Debentures which each person tendering is willing to take, and the premium which he will give for them.

The sum at present required will not exceed

£40,000, or four hundred Debentures at £100 each; but it is probable that an equal sum may be required before the end of the present year.

The Tenders will be opened precisely at 12 o'clock on Thursday, the 15th day of February next, but the Government does not pledge itself to accept any tender unless the terms offered be approved.

The sum of £25, on each Debenture, is to be paid by the person tendering for it, within forty-eight hours after he receives notice that his Tender is accepted; and the remainder, or £75, must be paid within thirty days, reckoned from the day whereon the first payment is made.

Each Debenture will be dated from the day on which the last payment is made.

In the event of any payment not being completed within the specified period of thirty days, the amount paid up will be converted into a stock bearing interest at 5 per cent.

C. D. RIDDELL.

The following statement of the Territorial, or Crown Revenue, and of the charges upon it, is published for general information:—

Amount of the Receipts, on account of the Territorial Revenue, during the years 1841, 1842, & 1843.

	1841.			1842.			1843.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Quit Rents ... ..	10,028	13	10	20,760	4	7	15,503	18	3
Redemption of ditto ... ..	.....			6,544	15	6	978	6	8
Leases or Licenses to occupy lands within the Boundaries of Location. }	1,931	13	1	2,222	6	10	1,942	18	5
Licenses to depasture Cattle beyond the Boundaries of Location. }	13,040	0	0	15,831	4	6	16,130	0	0
Licenses to cut Timber on Crown Lands .....	1,179	0	0	1,584	0	0	1,107	0	0
<b>*Total...</b>	<b>£26,179</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>46,942</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>35,662</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>

N.B.—In the year 1842 considerable arrears of Quit-rents were collected, and a sum of about £6,500 received on account of the Redemption of Quit-rents; 1842 being the last year in which Quit-rents could be redeemed at ten years' purchase.

## ANNUAL CHARGES ON THE CROWN REVENUE.

Surveyor-General's Department ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	About	£12,000
Aborigines ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	About	4,000
Expenses of collection ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	About	4,000
<b>Total...</b>								<b>£20,000</b>

\*In addition to which, the Land Fund of 1843 amounted to £11,116 11s. 6d.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,*

*Sydney, 29th January, 1844.*

**RESUMPTION OF EMIGRATION ON BOUNTY.**

**H**IS Excellency the GOVERNOR has been pleased to direct the publication, for general information, of the following Despatch from the Secretary of State, dated 17th of September, 1843, No. 147, (received by His Excellency on the 20th instant) and the correspondence with the Board of Treasury therein referred to.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

**E. DEAS THOMSON.**

(COPY.)

(No. 147.)

*Downing-street,*

*17th September, 1843.*

SIR,

I transmit to you, herewith, for your information and guidance, the enclosed copies of a correspondence between this Department and the Board of Treasury, and the Land and Emigration Commissioners, on the subject of the resumption of Emigration on Bounty to New South Wales. That correspondence will place you so fully in possession of the subject, that it is not necessary that I should add much further explanation.

The correspondence with the Board of Treasury will explain to you the grounds on which Her Majesty's Government have felt themselves justified in sanctioning the renewal of Emigration on Bounty, to an extent which will be limited to 4,000 statute Adults.

The correspondence with the Land and Emigration Board, and the public notice issued by them on the 15th July, 1843, shew the mode in which that Emigration will be conducted.

You will perceive that Her Majesty's Government have felt it their duty to act on the opinion which you have expressed, that the former Emigration on bounty must be considered at an end, and that, for the future, Contracts for introducing the Emigrants ought to be made in this Country; and, adverting also to the very small number of the Holders of outstanding Bounty Orders in this Country as precluding any competition amongst them, to direct that the business connected with this Emigration should be offered to Public Competition.

You will also perceive that Her Majesty's Government contemplate the possibility, in case other funds are not available, of resort being had, in order to provide for the expense of this Emigration, to a temporary issue of New Colonial Debentures, or a temporary renewal, to the necessary extent, of those which have been already issued—the Debentures to be based on the security of the Land Fund, to bear interest not exceeding 6 per cent., and to be receivable in payment of Land—or, if not tendered for that purpose, to be liquidated out of the first proceeds of the Land Sales. The whole Bounty will also be paid in the Colony. One-third, as nearly as possible, of the Emigrants will be sent to Port Phillip, and the rest to Sydney.

I have endeavoured to establish such super-

vision, on the part of the Emigration Board, of the arrangements of the Contractors, as may insure, as far as possible, a due fulfilment of their engagements.

I am, Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

**STANLEY.**

Governor SIR GEORGE GIPPS,  
&c., &c., &c.

(COPY.)

*Downing-street, 31st May, 1843.*

SIR,

I am directed, by Lord Stanley, to request that you will refer the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to the correspondence noted in the margin, on the subject of the decision come to in the autumn of 1841, to suspend the Emigration then in progress upon Bounty Orders to New South Wales, and that you will state to their Lordships that Lord Stanley has had under his consideration, the question whether the time has not arrived, when the reasons which led to that suspension, have in a great measure ceased to operate; and whether a limited renewal of Emigration is not more required by the interests of the Colony.

As regards the demand for labour, their Lordships will perceive, by the enclosed Report of the Governor, written after the arrival of the very large addition to the population, which took place in 1841 and 1842, that he was even then of opinion, that the Colony could still, beneficially to itself, and to the Emigrants, receive as many as 10,000 such persons in the course of the current year. The Reports of the Emigration Committees of Sydney and Port Phillip, and of the Committee of Council, are to the same effect; and it appears, in point of fact, that out of a number of 26,546 persons, who had been sent out from this Country under the Bounty regulations of June the 3rd, 1840, between the 1st July, 1840, and 1st November, 1841, there remained but 144 without employ (including 30 women and 87 children) on the 14th May, 1842. Adverting to these facts, Lord Stanley desires me to state, that he has every reason to believe, that if the means can be found for defraying the expense, Emigration, to the extent mentioned by the Governor, might with safety and propriety be sanctioned; and also, that an entire suspension of Emigration for a much longer period, may cause serious injury to the agricultural interests of New South Wales.

With regard to the prospect of obtaining the means necessary for defraying the expenses of such Emigration, Lord Stanley desires me to refer you to the accompanying extracts of Despatches, or Minutes from the Governor of New South Wales, and to the correspondence which took place in the year 1840, between this Department and the Board of Treasury, as also to that with Gentlemen connected with New South Wales, noted in the margin, as to proposals made, both in the Colony and in this Country, for raising a Loan, to a considerable amount, for Emigration purposes. Lord Stanley directs me to state that he adheres entirely to the opinions expressed

in my letter to Messrs. Brownrigg and others, of the 3rd ultimo, on the subject of a Loan, which should have the effect of anticipating the ordinary revenues of the Colony. He has, however, in consequence of the generally prosperous condition of the finances of New South Wales, directed his attention to the question whether, without creating any permanent burdon upon the Colony, its financial prospects are not such as would justify his sanctioning the renewal, to some extent at least, of Emigration, in the anticipation, that even, if not prior to the time at which the charges on account of it would become due, still, at all events, within a moderate period after that time, the surplus revenue of the Colony will of itself suffice to provide for the necessary expenditure; and as, bearing on this question, he desires me to bring under their Lordships particular notice, the statement by Sir G. Gipps, in his Financial Minute of the 26th July, 1842, and the extracts from the Minute, enclosed in his Despatch of the 17th December, of the same year, which accompany this communication.

In addition to the favourable prospects held out by the Minute of July, and in great measure verified by that of December, his Lordship desires me to remark, that the calculation of the probable revenue, consisting, as it does, mainly of duties on articles of consumption, has been made on the footing of that of 1841, while the addition to the population, in the course of the year 1842, has been equal to nearly a sixth of its whole previous numbers; and he desires me further to observe, that although the main charges upon the Land Fund, namely, the Surveys, are provided for in the Estimates, no credit is taken for any receipts on account of the sale of lands, notwithstanding that the reviving commercial prosperity of the Colony, and the opening of Moreton Bay for settlement, render the renewal of such sales highly probable.

Lord Stanley, therefore, cannot but anticipate, not only that the surplus shewn by these statements on the general revenue is likely to be larger than estimated, but that there is a reasonable prospect of an increase concurrently on the land revenue. It would not perhaps be easy to determine, with any precision, the exact extent to which a fund, to be derived from these combined sources, can be calculated on; considering, however, that no demand could be made in New South Wales, before the close of this year, or the beginning of the next, on account of any charges for Emigration from this Country, which is not yet in progress, Lord Stanley cannot doubt but that the Colony could afford, by that period, (or soon after it) a sum of from £70,000 to £80,000 to be applied to this service.

The amount of Emigration which could be carried into effect, for such a sum, Lord Stanley is well aware, would not amount to much more than half what, by the concurrent testimony both of official authorities and private persons, could be advantageously received in the Colony in the course of one year; but continuing, as he does, to think that, at the present moment at all events, it would not be proper to endeavour to burthen, permanently, the resources of the Colony by anticipation, he would not feel justified in authorising any expenditure to a greater amount than (as he

hopes would be the case to the amount suggested) could be discharged out of the current revenue of the Colony; and were the whole of that revenue still under the controul of the Crown, he would have felt no hesitation whatever in at once recommending to their Lordships to sanction a charge being incurred on account of Emigration to this amount.

The circumstance, however, of the general revenue of the Colony having been placed at the disposal of the Local Legislature, does undoubtedly, to a certain extent, diminish the certainty of funds being immediately available to meet the outlay, on account of the limited Emigration proposed; because it is certainly possible, that the Local Legislature, having obtained the supply of labour for the moment, may refuse to make good the outlay incurred on that account, but Lord Stanley considers this a most improbable supposition. A continued stream of Immigration, to a limited amount, is, and must be for some years, among the first wants of the Colony, as it had been the subject of their repeated and urgent requests; and they would be well aware, that a refusal to sanction an expenditure for such a purpose, would for the future deprive them of all hope of a similar accommodation.

Lord Stanley sees, therefore, little reason to doubt but that Her Majesty's Government will be met by the Local Legislature, in the same spirit by which they are actuated in sanctioning the plan, and that an adequate provision will be made by them for defraying the charges of its execution; but even in the very improbable event of the Legislature of New South Wales declining to fulfil the engagements entered into in their behalf, the Crown has in its hands, in the Colony, not only in land unsold, but in revenue arising from rents, fees for pasture licenses, and from other sources, a fund to which, if made available (as it would be his Lordship's duty to direct that it should be as speedily and effectually as possible) Her Majesty's Government may confidently look for an ample and ready indemnity against the liabilities which, under the proposed limited scheme of Emigration, they would incur.

The question in what mode exactly it will be most advisable to carry such plan into execution, is one which his Lordship proposes to refer to the Land and Emigration Commissioners; he would wish, however, in the first instance, to obtain their Lordships' sanction for directing them to incur liabilities to the amount which I have before specified, and which it may be most convenient, with a view to receiving tenders of rates of passage money if deemed advisable, to limit rather by reference to the number, the cost of whose transport it is well ascertained it would cover—namely, about 5,000 Emigrants, of all ages and sexes, than by a specification of the exact sum to be expended.

I have, &c.,

(Signed)

G. W. HOPE.

(COPY.)

Treasury Chambers, 12th June, 1843.

SIR,

In reply to your letter of the 31st ultimo, I am commanded, by the Lords Commissioners of

Her Majesty's Treasury, to request you will state to Lord Stanley, that their Lordships, having had under consideration the Documents therein submitted to them, see no reason to doubt the sufficiency of the financial resources of New South Wales, including any available surplus of the general revenue, for furnishing the means of defraying the expenses of renewed Emigration from the United Kingdom to the extent proposed by His Lordship, or to dissent from Lord Stanley's views as to the expediency of sanctioning such renewal, or his anticipations as to the probable readiness of the newly formed Local Legislature to authorise any practicable appropriation from the general revenue fund for this purpose.

At the same time, you will observe to Lord Stanley, that my Lords have no funds at their disposal, irrespective of the Colonial resources, which could be applied, even temporarily, to meet pecuniary demands for such a service, neither have they the means of exercising, within the Colony, any supervision over disbursements incident to it; but you will add that, as provision for the expenses of Surveys, and for other services which would constitute primary charges on the Crown Land Fund, has heretofore been made from the general revenue of New South Wales, and has been included in the usual manner in the Estimate of the General Expenditure of the Government for the current year, my Lords see no objection to the appropriation of the whole produce of the Land revenues to the purposes of Emigration.

Under these circumstances you will state to Lord Stanley, that my Lords apprehend that the only course of proceeding which could be adopted, without previous communication and concert with the Colonial Government and Legislature, would be the revival, to a limited extent, of an Emigration upon Bounty, relying on the co-operation of the Local Legislature in providing, out of the surplus general revenue, for deficiency of the Land Sales Fund, or other Crown revenues, to meet the liabilities that would thus arise.

You will further observe to Lord Stanley, that the obvious interest of the Colonists in the promotion of Emigration, as well as their expressed wishes in regard to it, appear to this Board, as well as to His Lordship, to warrant this reliance; but should the Legislature not possess a sufficient amount, from surplus of the general revenue, to meet engagements for Bounty exceeding the immediately available Crown funds, my Lords concurring in opinion with Lord Stanley, that the interests of the Colony might suffer by a continued suspension of the Immigration conducted at the public expense, although decidedly opposed to the plan of permanently burdening the Colonial funds by extensive anticipations of revenue, would not withhold their assent to a temporary issue of new Debentures, or a temporary renewal, to the necessary extent, of those which have been already issued—these Debentures to be based on the security of the Land fund, to bear interest not exceeding 6 per cent., and to be receivable in payment of land; but if not tendered for that purpose, care must be taken that they are liquidated out of the first proceeds of the Land sales.

If Lord Stanley should concur in this view, their Lordships would suggest that the requisite

authority and instructions should be conveyed to the Emigration Commissioners, and to the Governor of New South Wales, for the purpose.

I am, &c.,

(Signed) C. E. TREVELYAN.

JAMES STEPHEN, ESQUIRE,  
&c., &c., &c.

(COPY.)

*Downing street, 20th June, 1843.*

GENTLEMEN,

Her Majesty's Government having decided forthwith to resume the Emigration on Bounty to New South Wales, to the extent of five thousand persons, I am directed by Lord Stanley to request that you will report to His Lordship your opinion as to what measures it will be most proper to adopt for giving effect to this arrangement, regard being had, in the first instance, to outstanding Bounty orders.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) JAMES STEPHEN.

THE COLONIAL LAND AND  
EMIGRATION COMMISSIONERS.

#### PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency SIR GEORGE GIPPS, Knight, Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the Territory of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

**W**HEREAS the Legislative Council of this Colony now stands prorogued to the sixth day of February next, and it is expedient further to prorogue the same;—Now, therefore, I, SIR GEORGE GIPPS, Governor of the Colony of New South Wales, do hereby order and proclaim that the said Legislative Council shall be, and hereby is, further prorogued to Tuesday, the nineteenth day of March next.

Given under my Hand and Seal, at Government House, Sydney, this 27th day of January, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, and in the seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign.

(L.S.) GEORGE GIPPS,

*By His Excellency's Command,*

E. DEAS THOMSON.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

#### PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency SIR GEORGE GIPPS, Knight, Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the Territory of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

**I**N pursuance of the authority in me vested by a certain Act of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the 5th and 6th year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "*An Act for regulating the Sale of Waste Land belonging to the Crown in the Australian Colonies*;" I do hereby notify and proclaim, that at 11 o'clock of Wednesday, the 20th day of March next, the following Portions of Crown Land will be offered for Sale

by Public Auction, at the Police Office, Brisbane, Moreton Bay, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively, on the terms and conditions, and under the provisions of the above recited Act. (Deposit 10 per cent.)

#### SUBURBAN LOTS.

1. STANLEY, 2a., Two acres, parish unnamed, No. 1, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, commencing at a point 1 mile north and 59 chains 80 links south-easterly from the centre of the Windmill at Brisbane, forming an angle with the section line of 58 degrees 34 minutes, and bounded north-westerly by a line at right angles to the last described line, being 3 chains 34 links of a road 1 chain wide; south-westerly by a line at right angles 6 chains south-easterly; south-easterly by a line at right angles 3 chains 34 links north-easterly; and north-easterly by a line at right angles 6 chains north-westerly to the point of commencement. Upset price £3 per acre.

2. STANLEY, 2a., Two acres, parish unnamed, No. 2, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, commencing at the south-west corner of allotment No. 1, and bounded on the north-west by the south-westerly continuation of the northern boundary of allotment No. 1, being 3 chains 34 links of a road 1 chain wide; on the south-west by a line at right angles to the road 6 chains south-easterly; on the south-east by a line at right angles 3 chains 34 links north-easterly; and on the north-east by a line at right angles 6 chains north-westerly to the point of commencement. Upset price £3 per acre.

3. STANLEY, 2a., Two acres, parish unnamed, No. 3, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, commencing at the south-west corner of allotment No. 2, and bounded on the north-west by the south-westerly continuation of the north-western boundary of that allotment, being 3 chains 34 links of a road 1 chain wide; on the south-west by a line at right angles to that road 6 chains south-easterly; on the south-east by a line at right angles 3 chains 34 links north-easterly; and on the north-east by a line at right angles 6 chains north-westerly to the point of commencement. Upset price £3 per acre.

4. STANLEY, 2a., Two acres, parish unnamed, No. 4, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, commencing at the south-west corner of allotment No. 3, and bounded on the north-west by the south-westerly continuation of the north-western boundary of that allotment, being 3 chains 34 links of a road 1 chain wide; on the south-west by a line at right angles to that road 6 chains south-easterly; on the south-east by a line at right angles 3 chains 34 links north-easterly; and on the north-east by a line at right angles 6 chains north-westerly to the point of commencement. Upset price £3 per acre.

5. STANLEY, 2a., Two acres, parish unnamed, No. 5, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, commencing at the south-west corner of allotment No. 4, and bounded by a line drawn in prolongation of the north-western boundary of that allotment 3 chains 34 links of a road 1 chain wide; thence by a line at right angles south-easterly 6 chains; thence by a line at right angles north-easterly 3 chains 34 links; thence by a line at right angles north-westerly 6 chains to the point of commencement. Upset price £3 per acre.

No. 13. JANUARY 30, 1811.—2

6. STANLEY, 4a., Four acres, parish unnamed, No. 6, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, commencing at the north-east corner of allotment No. 1, and bounded on the north-east by 4 chains of a road 1 chain wide south-easterly; on the south-east by a line at right angles to that road 10 chains 2 links south-westerly; on the south-west by a line at right angles 4 chains north-westerly; and on the north-west by a line at right angles 10 chains 2 links, dividing it from allotments Nos. 3, 2, and 1, north-easterly to the point of commencement. Upset price £3 acre.

7. STANLEY, 3a. 3r. 18p., Three acres three roods and eighteen perches, parish unnamed, No. 7, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, commencing at the north-east corner of allotment No. 6, and bounded on the north-east by the south-easterly continuation of the north-eastern boundary of that allotment, being 4 chains of a road 1 chain wide; on part of the south-east by a line at right angles to that road 9 chains south-westerly; on part of the south-west by a line at right angles 1 chain 40 links north-westerly; on the remainder of the south-east by a line at right angles 1 chain 2 links south-westerly; on the remainder of the south-west by a line at right angles 2 chains 60 links north-westerly; and on the north-west by a line at right angles 10 chains 2 links north-easterly to the point of commencement. Upset price £3 per acre.

8. STANLEY, 3a. 3r. 11p., Three acres three roods and eleven perches, parish unnamed, No. 8, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, commencing at the north-east corner of allotment No. 7, and bounded on the north-east by the south-easterly continuation of the north-eastern boundary of that allotment, being 4 chains 50 links of a road 1 chain wide; on part of the south-east by a line at right angles to that road 7 chains 86 links south-westerly; on part of the south-west by a line at right angles 2 chains north-westerly; on the remainder of the south-east by a line at right angles 1 chain 14 links south-westerly; on the remainder of the south-west by a line at right angles 2 chains 50 links north-westerly; and on the north-west by a line at right angles 9 chains north-easterly to the point of commencement. Upset price £3 per acre.

9. STANLEY, 4a. 1r. 20p., Four acres one rood and twenty perches, parish unnamed, No. 9, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, commencing at the north-east corner of allotment No. 8, and bounded on the north-east by the south-easterly continuation of the north-eastern boundary of that allotment, being 7 chains of a road 1 chain wide; on the south-east by a line at right angles to that road 6 chains 25 links south-westerly; on the south-west by a line at right angles 7 chains north-westerly; and on the north-west by a line at right angles 6 chains 25 links north-easterly to the point of commencement. Upset price £3 per acre.

10. STANLEY, 15a. 32p., Fifteen acres and thirty-two perches, parish unnamed, No. 23, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, being part of the New Farm, commencing at a point on the Brisbane River 1 chain 15 links distant from the south-east corner of allotment No. 19, and bounded on the north-west by a line drawn parallel to the south eastern boundary of said allotment (No. 19,) 9 chains 37 links, being the eastern boundary

of a road 1 chain wide; thence by a line at right angles south-easterly 19 chains to the Brisbane River, dividing it from No. 24 allotment; and on the south-west by that River south-westerly and westerly to the point first described. Upset price £2 per acre.

11. STANLEY, 16a. 3r. 4p., Sixteen acres three roods and four perches, parish unnamed, No. 24, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, being part of the New Farm, commencing on the Brisbane River, at the north-east corner of allotment No. 23, and bounded on the south-west by the north-eastern boundary of said allotment (No. 23,) 19 chains to a road 1 chain wide; thence by that road at right angles north-easterly 8 chains; thence by a line at right angles south-easterly 22 chains 90 links to the Brisbane River; and by that River south-westerly to the point described. Upset first price £2 per acre.

12. STANLEY, 18a. 2r. 25p., Eighteen acres two roods and twenty-five perches, parish unnamed, No. 25, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, being part of the New Farm, commencing on the Brisbane River, at the north-east corner of allotment No. 24, and bounded on the south-west by the north-eastern boundary of said allotment 22 chains 90 links to a road 1 chain wide; thence by that road at right angles north-easterly 8 chains; thence by a line at right angles south-easterly 23 chains 75 links to the Brisbane River; and by that River south-westerly to the point first described. Upset price £2 per acre.

13. STANLEY, 19a. 1r., Nineteen acres and one rood, parish unnamed, No. 26, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, being part of the New Farm, commencing on the Brisbane River, at the north-east corner of allotment No. 25, and bounded on the south-west by the north-east boundary of the said allotment 23 chains 75 links to a road 1 chain wide; thence by that road at right angles north-easterly 8 chains; thence by a line at right angles south-easterly 24 chains 40 links to the Brisbane River; and by that River south-westerly to the point first described. Upset price £2 per acre.

14. STANLEY, 19a. 1r. 9p., Nineteen acres one rood and nine perches, parish unnamed, No. 27, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, being part of the New Farm, commencing on the Brisbane River, at the north-east corner of allotment No. 26, and bounded on the south-west by the north-east boundary of that allotment 24 chains 40 links to a road 1 chain wide; thence at right angles by that road 8 chains north-easterly to another road 1 chain wide; thence at right angles by that road south-easterly 23 chains 50 links to a reserve of 100 feet from the River Brisbane; thence by a line parallel to the Brisbane River south-westerly 3 chains; thence by a line at right angles to the last line south-easterly 1 chain 50 links to the Brisbane River; and by that River south-westerly to the point first described. Upset price £2 per acre.

15. STANLEY, 22a. 2r. 10p., Twenty-two acres two roods and ten perches, parish unnamed, No. 28, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, being part of the New Farm, commencing at a point 1 chain distant from the north-east corner of allotment No. 27, and bounded by a line drawn in prolongation of the north-western boundary of the said allotment north-easterly 9 chains, being the

eastern boundary of a road 1 chain wide; thence at right angles by a line south-easterly 26 chains to the Brisbane River; on the south-west from the point first described by a line at right angles to the north-western boundary aforesaid, south-easterly 23 chains 65 links of a road 1 chain wide, to a reserve of 100 feet from the Brisbane River; thence by a line parallel to the Brisbane River 3 chains north-easterly; thence by a line at right angles to the last line 1 chain 50 links to the Brisbane River; and by that River north-easterly to the north-east corner of the north-east boundary before described. Upset price £2 per acre.

16. STANLEY, 23a. 2r., Twenty-three acres and two roods, parish unnamed, No. 29, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, being part of the New Farm, commencing on the Brisbane River at the north-east corner of allotment No. 28, and bounded on the south-west by the north-eastern boundary of that allotment 26 chains to a road 1 chain wide; thence at right angles by that road north-easterly 9 chains; thence at right angles by a line south-easterly, dividing it from No. 30 allotment 26 chains to the Brisbane River; and by that river south-westerly to the point first described. Upset price £2 per acre.

17. STANLEY, 22a. 20p., Twenty-two acres and twenty perches, parish unnamed, No. 30, of the eastern suburban allotments, near North Brisbane, being part of the New Farm; commencing on the Brisbane River, at the north-east corner of allotment No. 29, and bounded on the south-west by the north-eastern boundary of that allotment 26 chains to a road 1 chain wide; thence at right angles by that road north-easterly 11 chains to the Brisbane River; and on the north-east and east by that river to the point first described. Upset price £2 per acre.

18. STANLEY, 1a., One acre, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 13; commencing at the south-east corner, being 1 chain in continuation of the eastern boundary line of allotment No. 12, and bounded on the east by its extension northerly, being 2 chains 25 links of a road 1 chain wide; on the north by 4 chains 31 links of the southern boundary of allotment No. 14, at right angles to the road westerly to the Wharf reserve; on the west by the east side of that reserve, being a line distant 100 feet from, and parallel to the high water mark on the Brisbane River, southerly to a road 1 chain wide; and on the south by a line parallel to the northern boundary line, being 4 chains 63 links of that road easterly to the south-east corner as aforesaid. Upset price £5 per acre.

19. STANLEY, 1a. 33p., One acre and thirty-three perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 14; commencing at the north-west corner of the Wharf reserve, and bounded on the south by its northern boundary 1 chain 51 links easterly, and in continuation by the northern boundary of allotment No. 13, 4 chains 31 links to a road of 1 chain wide; on the east by a line at right angles, being 2 chains 60 links of that road northerly; on the north by a line at right angles to the road 4 chains 87 links westerly to the Brisbane River; and on the west by that river southerly to the north-west corner of the Wharf reserve as aforesaid. Upset price £5 per acre.

20. STANLEY, 1a. 1r. 7p., One acre one rood and seven perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 15; commencing at the north-west corner of allotment No. 14, and bounded on the south by the northern boundary of that allotment 4 chains 87 links easterly to a road of 1 chain wide; on the east by a line at right angles, being 4 chains and 20 links of that road to its terminus on the Brisbane River; and on the north and west by that river south-westerly to the north-west corner of allotment No. 14 as aforesaid. Upset price £5 per acre.

21. STANLEY, 1a. 2r. 31p., One acre two roods and thirty-one perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 16; commencing on the Brisbane River, at the north-east corner of allotment No. 17, and bounded on the south by the northern boundary of that allotment 6 chains 80 links westerly to a road of 1 chain wide; on the west by a line at right angles, being 4 chains of that road northerly to the Brisbane River; and on the north-east and south-west by that river easterly to the north-east corner of allotment No. 17 as aforesaid. Upset price £4 per acre.

22. STANLEY, 1a. 33p., One acre and thirty-three perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 17; commencing on the Brisbane River, at the north-east corner of allotment No. 18, and bounded on the south by the northern boundary of that allotment 8 chains 40 links westerly to a road of 1 chain wide; on the west by a line at right angles, being 2 chains 10 links of that road northerly; on the north by a line at right angles to the road 6 chains 80 links easterly to the Brisbane River; and on the east by that river southerly to the north-east corner of allotment No. 18 as aforesaid. Upset price £4 per acre.

23. STANLEY, 1a. 3r. 26p., One acre three roods and twenty-six perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 18; commencing on the Brisbane River, at the north-east corner of allotment No. 19, and bounded on the south by the northern boundary of that allotment 8 chains 85 links westerly to a road of 1 chain wide; on the west by a line at right angles, being 2 chains 20 links of that road northerly; on the north by a line at right angles to the road 8 chains 40 links easterly to the Brisbane River; and on the east by that river southerly to the north-east corner of allotment No. 19 as aforesaid. Upset price £4 per acre.

24. STANLEY, 2a. 1r. 21p., Two acres one rood twenty one perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 19, commencing on the Brisbane River, at the north-east corner of allotment No. 20, and bounded on the south by the northern boundary of that allotment 9 chains 60 links westerly to a road of 1 chain wide; on the west by a line at right angles, being 2 chains 60 links of that road northerly; on the north by a line at right angles to the road, being the southern boundary of allotment No. 18, 8 chains 85 links easterly to the Brisbane River; and on the east by that river southerly to the north-east corner of allotment No. 20 as aforesaid. Upset price £4 per acre.

25. STANLEY, 2a. 2r. 37p., Two acres two roods and thirty seven perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 20, commencing

at the north-east corner of allotment No. 21 on the Brisbane River, and bounded on the south by the northern boundary of that allotment 9 chains 88 links westerly to a road of 1 chain wide; on the west by a line at right angles, being 2 chains 80 links of that road northerly; on the north by a line at right angles to the road, being the southern boundary of allotment No. 19, 9 chains 60 links easterly to the Brisbane River; and on the east by that river southerly to the north-east corner of allotment No. 21 as aforesaid. Upset price £4 per acre.

26. STANLEY, 2a. 3r. 26p., Two acres three roods twenty-six perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 21, commencing on the Brisbane River, at the north-east corner of allotment No. 22, and bounded on the south by the northern boundary of that allotment 9 chains 89 links westerly to a road of 1 chain wide; on the west by a line at right angles, being 3 chains of that road northerly; on the north by the southern boundary of allotment No. 20, at right angles to the road 9 chains 88 links easterly to the Brisbane River; and on the east by that river southerly to the north-east corner of allotment No. 22 as aforesaid. Upset price £4 per acre.

27. STANLEY, 2a. 3r. 29p., Two acres three roods twenty-nine perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 22, commencing on the Brisbane River, at the north-east corner of allotment No. 23, and bounded on the south by the northern boundary of that allotment 9 chains 75 links westerly to a road of 1 chain wide; on the west by a line at right angles, being 3 chains of that road northerly; on the north by a line at right angles to the road, being the southern boundary of allotment No. 21, 9 chains 89 links easterly to the Brisbane River; and on the east by that river southerly to the north-east corner of allotment No. 23 as aforesaid. Upset price £4 per acre.

28. STANLEY, 3a. 1r. 28p., Three acres one rood twenty-eight perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 23, commencing at the north-east corner of allotment No. 24, on the Brisbane River, and bounded on the south by the northern boundary of that allotment 9 chains 90 links westerly to a road of 1 chain wide; on the west by a line at right angles, being 3 chains 50 links of that road northerly; on the north by a line at right angles, being the southern boundary of allotment No. 22, 9 chains 75 links easterly to the Brisbane River; and on the east by that river southerly to the north-east corner of allotment No. 24 as aforesaid. Upset price £4 per acre.

29. STANLEY, 3a. 7p., Three acres seven perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 24, commencing at the north-east corner of allotment No. 25, on the Brisbane River, and bounded on the south by the northern boundary of that allotment 10 chains 30 links westerly to a road of 1 chain wide; on the west by a line at right angles, being 3 chains of that road northerly; on the north by a line at right angles to the road, being the southern boundary of allotment No. 23, 9 chains 90 links to the Brisbane River; and on the east by that river southerly to the north-east corner of allotment No. 25 as aforesaid. Upset price £4 per acre.

30. STANLEY, 4a. 25p., Four acres twenty-five perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, subur-



ban allotment No. 25, commencing at the north-east corner of allotment No. 26, on the Brisbane River, and bounded on the south by the northern boundary of that allotment 10 chains 80 links westerly to a road of 1 chain wide; on the west by a line at right angles, being 4 chains of that road northerly, dividing it from allotments Nos. 3 and 4; on the north by a line at right angles to the road, being the southern boundary of allotment 24, 10 chains 30 links easterly to the Brisbane River; and on the east by that river south-easterly to the north-east corner of allotment No. 26 as aforesaid. Upset price £4 per acre.

31. STANLEY, 4a. 1r. 36p., Four acres one rood thirty-six perches, parish unnamed, at Kangaroo Point, suburban allotment No. 26, commencing at the south-west corner, being 1 chain in continuation easterly of the southern boundary of allotment No. 1, and bounded on the west by 4 chains of a road of 1 chain wide northerly, dividing it from allotments Nos. 1 and 2; on the north by a line at right angles to the road, being the southern boundary of allotment No. 25, 10 chains 80 links easterly to the Brisbane River; on the east by the Brisbane River south-easterly; and on the south by a line parallel to the northern boundary line 11 chains 75 links westerly to the south-west corner of allotment No. 27 as aforesaid. Upset price £4 per acre.

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the Colony, at Government House, Sydney, this 30th day of January, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, and in the seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign.

(L. s.)

GEORGE GIPPS.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

E. DEAS THOMSON.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

#### PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency Sir GEORGE GIPPS, Knight, Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the Territory of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

**I**N pursuance of the authority in me vested by a certain Act of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the 5th and 6th year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "*An Act for regulating the Sale of Waste Land belonging to the Crown in the Australian Colonies*;" I do hereby notify and proclaim, that at 11 o'clock of Wednesday, the 20th day of March next, the following Portions of Crown Land will be offered for Sale at the Survey Office, in Melbourne, Port Phillip, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively, on the terms and conditions, and under the provisions of the above recited Act. (Deposit 10 per cent.)

#### COUNTRY LOTS.

1. BOURKE, 134, One hundred and thirty-four acres, parish of Bulleen, No. 1 allotment of portion No. 17; bounded on the north by the Yarra Yarra River; on the west by part of Major St. John's purchase of 166 acres, being a line bearing south 66 chains; on the south by a road of 1 chain wide, being a line bearing east 20 chains; on the east by No. 2 allotment, containing 123 acres, being a line bearing north 66 chains and 50 links

to the Yarra Yarra River. Upset price £1 per acre.

2. BOURKE, 123, One hundred and twenty-three acres, parish of Bulleen, allotment No. 2 of portion No. 17; bounded on the north by the Yarra Yarra River; on the west by No. 1 allotment, containing 134 acres, being a line bearing south 66 chains and 50 links; on the south by a road of 1 chain wide, being a line bearing east 20 chains; and on the east by No. 3 portion, containing 146 acres 2 roods, being a line bearing north 56 chains and 50 links to the Yarra Yarra River. Upset price £1 per acre.

3. BOURKE, 312, Three hundred and twelve acres, parish of Bulleen, allotment No. 5 of portion No. 17; bounded on the north by a road 1 chain wide, which separates it from Nos. 1, 2, and 3 portions, bearing west 80 chains; on the west by Major St. John's 166 acres purchase, being a line bearing south 39 chains; on the south by No. 14 section, being a line bearing east 80 chains; and on the east by No. 16 section, being a line bearing north 39 chains to the road aforesaid. Upset price £1 per acre.

4. BOURKE, 93, Ninety-three acres, parish of Nillumbik, allotment No. 6 of portion No. 5; bounded on the north by a road 1 chain wide, which separates it from part of allotment No. 11, containing 158 acres, being a line bearing east 19 chains 50 links; on the east by allotment No. 7, containing 110 acres, being a line bearing south 47 chains 60 links; on the south by the Yarra Yarra River; and on the west by a village reserve, being a line bearing north 50 chains. Upset price £1 per acre.

5. BOURKE, 99, Ninety-nine acres, parish of Nillumbik, allotment No. 8 of portion No. 5; bounded on the north by a road 1 chain wide, which separates it from part of allotment No. 10, being a line bearing east 20 chains; on the east by allotment No. 9, containing 80 acres, being a line bearing south 39 chains; on the south by the Yarra Yarra River; and on the west by a road 1 chain wide, which separates it from No. 7 allotment, being a line bearing north 61 chains. Upset price £1 per acre.

6. BOURKE, 80, Eighty acres, parish of Nillumbik, allotment No. 9 of portion No. 5; bounded on the north by a road 1 chain wide, which separates it from allotment No. 10, being a line bearing east 19 chains 50 links; on the east by part of portion No. 6, containing 810 acres, being a line bearing south 38 chains; on the south by the Yarra Yarra River; and on the west by allotment No. 8, containing 99 acres, being a line bearing north 39 chains. Upset price £1 per acre.

#### SUBURBAN LOTS.

1. BOURKE, 54, Fifty-four acres, parish of Dootta Galla, allotment No. 30; bounded on the north-east by a road 1 chain wide, bearing north-west 10 chains; on the north-west by a road 1 chain wide, which separates it from allotment No. 31, containing 48 acres, bearing south-west 48 chains 90 links; on the south-west by the Salt Water River or Murrilburnong; and on the south-east by allotment No. 29, containing 67 acres, bearing north-east 60 chains. Upset price £2 per acre.



2. BOURKE, 48, Forty-eight acres, parish of Doutta Galla, allotment No. 31; bounded on the north-east by a road 1 chain wide, bearing north-west 10 chains; on the north-west by allotment No. 32, containing 49 acres, bearing south-west 49 chains 40 links; on the south-west by the Salt Water River or Murrumbong; and on the south-east by a road 1 chain wide, which separates it from allotment No. 30, containing 54 acres, bearing north-east 48 chains 80 links. Upset price £2 per acre.

3. BOURKE, 49, Forty-nine acres, parish of Doutta Galla, allotment No. 32; bounded on the north-east by a road 1 chain wide, bearing north-west 10 chains; on the north-west by allotment No. 33, containing 52 acres, bearing south-west 50 chains 80 links; on the south-west by the Salt Water River or Murrumbong; and on the south-east by allotment No. 31, containing 48 acres, bearing north-east 49 chains 40 links. Upset price £2 per acre.

4. BOURKE, 52, Fifty-two acres, parish of Doutta Galla, allotment No. 33; bounded on the north-east by a road 1 chain wide, bearing north-west 10 chains; on the north-west by allotment No. 34, containing 54 acres, bearing south-west 54 chains 40 links; on the south-west by the Salt Water River or Murrumbong; and on the south-east by allotment No. 32, containing 49 acres, bearing north-east 50 chains 80 links. Upset price £2 per acre.

5. BOURKE, 54, Fifty-four acres, parish of Doutta Galla, allotment No. 34; bounded on the north-east by a road 1 chain wide, bearing north-west 10 chains; on the north-west by allotment No. 35, containing 52 acres, bearing south-west 55 chains 25 links; on the south-west by the Salt Water River or Murrumbong; and on the south-east by allotment No. 33, containing 52 acres, bearing north-east 54 chains 40 links. Upset price £2 per acre.

6. BOURKE, 52, Fifty-two acres, parish of Doutta Galla, allotment No. 35; bounded on the north-east by a road 1 chain wide, bearing north-west 10 chains; on the north-west by allotment No. 36, containing 47 acres, bearing south-west 49 chains 80 links; on the south-west by the Salt Water River or Murrumbong; and on the south-east by allotment No. 34, containing 54 acres, bearing north-east 52 chains 25 links. Upset price £2 per acre.

7. BOURKE, 47, Forty-seven acres, parish of Doutta Galla, allotment No. 36; bounded on the north-east by a road 1 chain wide, bearing north-west 10 chains; on the north-west by allotment No. 37, containing 52 acres, bearing south-west 44 chains 80 links; on the south-west by the Salt Water River or Murrumbong; and on the south-east by allotment No. 35, containing 52 acres, bearing north-east 49 chains 80 links. Upset price £2 per acre.

8 BOURKE, 52, Fifty-two acres, parish of Doutta Galla, allotment No. 37; bounded on the north by part of a reserve, bearing east 16 chains 90 links; on the south-east by allotment No. 36, containing 47 acres, bearing south-west 44 chains 80 links; and on the south and west by the Salt

No. 13. JANUARY 30, 1844.—3

Water River or Murrumbong. Upset price £2 per acre.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Colony, at Government House, Sydney, this 30th day of January, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, and in the seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign.

(L.S.)

GEORGE GIPPS.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

E. DEAS THOMSON.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

#### PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency SIR GEORGE GIPPS, Knight, Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the Territory of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

IN pursuance of the authority in me vested by a certain Act of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain and Ireland, passed in the 5th and 6th year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "*An Act for regulating the Sale of Waste Land belonging to the Crown in the Australian Colonies*;" I do hereby notify and proclaim, that at 12 o'clock of Wednesday, the 20th day of March next, the following Town Allotments of Land will be offered for Sale by Public Auction, at the Survey Office, in Melbourne, Port Phillip, at the upset price affixed to each Lot respectively, on the terms and conditions, and under the provisions of the above recited Act. (Deposit 10 per cent.)

#### TOWN LOTS.

1. SEYMOUR, 2r., Two roods, allotment No. 1 of section 2. Upset price £8 per acre.
2. SEYMOUR, 2r., Two roods, allotment No. 2 of section 2. Upset price £8 per acre.
3. SEYMOUR, 2r., Two roods, allotment No. 3 of section 2. Upset price £8 per acre.
4. SEYMOUR, 2r., Two roods, allotment No. 4 of section 2. Upset price £8 per acre.
5. SEYMOUR, 2r., Two roods, allotment No. 5 of section 2. Upset price £8 per acre.
6. SEYMOUR, 2r., Two roods, allotment No. 1 of section 3. Upset price £8 per acre.
7. SEYMOUR, 2r., Two roods, allotment No. 2 of section 3. Upset price £8 per acre.
8. SEYMOUR, 2r., Two roods, allotment No. 3 of section 3. Upset price £8 per acre.
9. SEYMOUR, 2r., Two roods, allotment No. 4 of section 3. Upset price £8 per acre.
10. SEYMOUR, 2r., Two roods, allotment No. 5 of section 3. Upset price £8 per acre.

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the Colony, at Government House, Sydney, this 30th day of January, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, and in the seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign.

(L.S.)

GEORGE GIPPS.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

E. DEAS THOMSON.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

202  
*Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 27th January, 1844.*

**H**IS Excellency the GOVERNOR has been pleased to appoint

HUTCHINSON HOTHERSALL BROWNE, Esquire,  
to be a Visitor of the Lunatic Asylum at Tarban Creek, under the 7th section of the Act of the Governor and Council, 7 Victoria, No. 14, and also Visiting Magistrate of that Establishment.

*By His Excellency's Command,*  
E. DEAS THOMSON.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 27th January, 1844.*

VILLAGE OF SEYMOUR.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a Site has been fixed upon for a Village at the undermentioned place, and that a copy of the approved plan may be seen at the Office of the Surveyor General, in Sydney, or at the Police Office, Melbourne, viz:—

SEYMOUR, at the crossing place of the Port Phillip Road over the River Goulburn.

*By His Excellency's Command,*  
E. DEAS THOMSON.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 26th January, 1844.*

PRINTING FOR GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS.

**C**ONSIDERABLE additional expense having hitherto been thrown on the Department of the Government Printer, in consequence of alterations being made in Proofs, causing, in many instances, more labour than the original composition, His Excellency the GOVERNOR directs it to be notified that, in future, the expense attending alterations of this nature will be charged against the Department making the same.

*By His Excellency's Command,*  
E. DEAS THOMSON.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 22nd January, 1844.*

PETTY SESSIONS.

**I**N pursuance of the 17th section of the Act of the Colonial Legislature, 3rd William IV, No 3, His Excellency the GOVERNOR directs it to be notified that a Court of Petty Sessions has been established at Norfolk Island.

*By His Excellency's Command,*  
E. DEAS THOMSON.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 25th January, 1844.*

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD, OR A CONDITIONAL PARDON.

**W**HEREAS it has been represented to the Government that James Holloway, by the ship "Mary Ann," who some time since escaped from Escort near Goulburn, is still at large and committing depredations in the District of Yass, His Excellency the GOVERNOR directs it to be notified that a reward of Twenty Pounds will be paid to any free

person or persons who may apprehend the said James Holloway, and lodge him in any of Her Majesty's Gaols; and that if apprehended and secured by a prisoner of the Crown, application will be made to Her Majesty for the allowance to him of a Conditional Pardon.

*By His Excellency's Command,*  
E. DEAS THOMSON.

DESCRIPTION:—

Name, James Holloway; ship Mary Ann, 1835; Native place, Sussex; trade or calling, brick-maker; age, 30 years; height, 5 feet 7½ inches; complexion, dark sallow and pock-pitted; hair, black; eyes, chesnut; general remarks, mole on forehead, scar on forefinger of right hand, cannot write.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney 18th January, 1844.*

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD, OR A CONDITIONAL PARDON.

**W**HEREAS it has been represented to the Government, that on the morning of the 10th instant, the residence of Mrs. Gaden, at Kissing Point, was broken into and robbed by two men at present unknown;—His Excellency the GOVERNOR directs it to be notified that a Reward of Ten Pounds will be paid to any free person or persons who may give such information as shall lead to the apprehension and conviction of either of the said offenders; and that if such information be given by a prisoner of the Crown, application will be made to Her Majesty for the allowance to him of a Conditional Pardon.

*By His Excellency's Command,*  
E. DEAS THOMSON.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 23rd January, 1844.*

TREATY OF COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION BETWEEN HER MAJESTY AND THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA.

**H**IS Excellency the GOVERNOR is pleased to direct the publication, for general information, of the following copy of a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between Her Majesty and the Emperor of Russia, signed at St. Petersburg, on the 11th of January, 1843, and also of an order made by Her Majesty in Council for giving effect to that Treaty.

*By His Excellency's Command,*  
E. DEAS THOMSON.

(COPY.)

In the name of the Most Holy and Indivisible Trinity.

HER MAJESTY the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, being desirous of extending, increasing, and consolidating the commercial relations between their respective dominions and possessions, and of thereby procuring all possible facilities and encouragements for those of their subjects who partake in those relations; and being

persuaded that nothing can more contribute to the accomplishment of their mutual wishes, in this respect, than the reciprocal abolition of the differential and countervailing duties which are at present exacted and levied on the vessels or produce of either of the two States in the ports of the other, have named as their Plenipotentiaries for the conclusion of a Treaty to this effect, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Right Honorable Charles Baron Stuart de Rothsay, in the Isle of Bute, Peer of Parliament, Member of the Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, and of the ancient Order of the Tower and Sword of Portugal, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias;

And His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, the Sieur Charles Robert Count Nesselrode, His Privy Councillor, Vice-Chancellor, Member of the Council of the Empire, Knight of the Orders of Russia, and of several others; and the Sieur George Count Cancrine, General of Infantry, Minister of Finance, Member of the Council of the Empire, Knight of the Orders of Russia, and of several others;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles:

#### ARTICLE I.

There shall be reciprocal freedom of Navigation and Commerce for the ships and subjects of the two High Contracting Powers, in all parts of their respective dominions where Navigation and Commerce are at present allowed, or may hereafter be allowed, to the ships and subjects of any other nation.

#### ARTICLE II.

From the date of the exchange of the ratifications of the present Treaty, British vessels arriving in, or departing from, the ports of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, and Russian vessels arriving in, or departing from, the ports of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of all the possessions of Her Britannick Majesty, shall be subject to no other or higher duties or charges, of whatsoever nature they may be, than those which are now, or shall hereafter be imposed on national vessels, on their entering into, or departing from, such ports.

#### ARTICLE III.

In consideration that British ships arriving directly from other countries than those belonging to the High Contracting Parties, are admitted with their cargoes into the Ports of the Russian Empire, without paying any other duties whatsoever than those payable by Russian vessels; and in consideration of the advantages which, in this respect, the present Treaty specifically grants to British Commerce in the Grand Duchy of Finland; it is agreed that from the date of the exchange of the ratifications of the present Treaty, Russian vessels arriving from the mouth of the Vistula, the Niemen, or any other river which forms the outlet of a navigable stream having its source in the dominions of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, or passing through the said dominions, shall be admitted, with their cargoes, into the ports of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of all the possessions of

Her Britannick Majesty, exactly in the same manner as if those vessels arrived directly from Russian or Finnish ports, with all the privileges and immunities agreed upon by the present Treaty of Navigation and Commerce. In like manner, Russian vessels proceeding from any port of Great Britain, or of the British possessions, for the mouth of any of the above-mentioned rivers, shall be treated as if they were returning to a port of the Empire of Russia, or of the Grand Duchy of Finland. It is, however, understood, that these privileges shall apply to Russian vessels and their cargoes, with respect to places situated at the mouths of the above-mentioned rivers, only so long as British vessels and their cargoes shall be treated at those places, on their arrival and departure, on the same footing with Russian vessels.

#### ARTICLE IV.

All productions of the soil, industry, and art of the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, including the said productions which may be exported by the rivers or streams mentioned in the preceding Article, and which may be imported into the ports of the United Kingdom and the possessions of Her Britannick Majesty; and also all the productions of the soil, industry, and art of the United Kingdom and possessions of Her Britannick Majesty, which may be imported into the ports of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, shall enjoy reciprocally, in all respects, the same privileges and immunities, and may be imported and exported exactly in the same manner, in vessels of the one as in vessels of the other High Contracting Party.

#### ARTICLE V.

All articles which are not the productions of the soil, industry, and art of the respective States or of their possessions, and which may be legally imported from the ports of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, as likewise from those of the rivers and streams mentioned in the Third Article, into the ports of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of all the possessions of Her Britannick Majesty, in Russian vessels, shall be subject to the same duties only as would be payable upon the same articles, if they were imported in British vessels.

In like manner, all articles which are not the productions of the soil, industry, and art of the respective States or of their possessions, and which may be legally imported from the ports of the United Kingdom, and of all the possessions of Her Britannick Majesty, into the ports of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, in British vessels, shall be subject to the same duties only which would be payable upon the same articles, if they were imported in Russian vessels.

Her Britannick Majesty grants by this Treaty to Russian navigation and trade, all the benefits and privileges of navigation and commerce now enjoyed, or which may hereafter be enjoyed, by the most favoured nations, under existing laws and Acts of Parliament, or in virtue of Orders in Council, or Treaties.

#### ARTICLE VI.

All merchandise and articles of commerce which, according to the stipulations of the present Treaty, or according to the laws and ordinances in force in the respective Countries, may be legally imported into or exported from the dominions and possessions

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of the two High Contracting Parties, either under the British flag, or under the Russian flag, shall, in like manner, be subject to the same duties, whether imported in vessels of the other State, or in national vessels: and the same bounties, drawbacks, and advantages shall be granted upon all merchandise and articles of commerce which may be legally exported from the ports of either State, whether exported in vessels of the one or in vessels of the other State.

ARTICLE VII.

All merchandise and articles of commerce which shall be imported into, deposited or warehoused in, the ports of the dominions and possessions of the High Contracting Parties, shall be subject, while so warehoused, to the same regulations, conditions, and duties, whether imported in British or in Russian vessels. In the same manner, the re-exportation of such merchandise or articles of commerce shall be treated in the same manner, and be liable to the payment of the same duties, whether exported in British or in Russian vessels.

ARTICLE VIII.

No priority or preference shall be given, directly or indirectly, by either of the two Governments, or by any Company, Corporation, or Agent, acting in its name or under its authority, in the purchase of any production of the soil, industry, or art of either of the two States and their possessions, imported into the ports of the other, on account of the nationality of the vessel in which such article may have been imported; it being the fixed intention of the two Contracting Parties, that no difference or distinction whatever shall be made in this respect.

ARTICLE IX.

In regard to the commerce to be carried on in Russian vessels with the British possessions in the East Indies, Her Britannick Majesty consents to grant to the subjects of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, the same advantages and privileges as are or may be enjoyed, under any Treaty or Act of Parliament, by the subjects or citizens of the most favoured nation; subject to the laws, rules, regulations, and restrictions which are or may become applicable to the vessels and subjects of any other State enjoying the same advantages and privileges for trading with the said possessions.

ARTICLE X.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall not apply to the coasting trade carried on between port and port in the dominions of either Contracting Party, by the sailing or steam vessels of the other, so far as regards the carrying of passengers, merchandise, or articles of commerce; this trade being reserved exclusively to national vessels.

ARTICLE XI.

The vessels and subjects of the High Contracting Parties shall, by the present Treaty, reciprocally enjoy all such advantages, immunities, and privileges, in the ports of their respective dominions and possessions, as are now enjoyed by the Navigation and Commerce of the most favoured nations; the intention being to secure, in the United Kingdom and in the British possessions, to Russian vessels and subjects, the full and entire advantages of Navigation and Commerce granted by existing laws and Acts of Parliament, Orders in Council, or Treaties, to

other Powers, or which may hereafter be granted; and, in like manner, British vessels and subjects shall enjoy, in the ports of the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, the full and entire advantages of Navigation and Commerce granted by existing laws, regulations, and ordinances, or by Treaties to Foreign Powers, or which may hereafter be granted. And their Majesties the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Emperor of all the Russias, engage reciprocally not to grant any favours, privileges, or immunities whatsoever, in matters of Commerce and Navigation, to the subjects or citizens of any other State, which shall not be also at the same time granted to the subjects of the other High Contracting Party, gratuitously, if the concession in favour of the other State shall have been gratuitous, or upon giving as nearly as possible the same compensation or equivalent, in case the concession shall have been conditional.

ARTICLE XII.

It is understood that, in regard to commerce and navigation in the Russian possessions on the Northwest Coast of America, the Convention concluded at St. Petersburg, on the 16<sup>th</sup> February, 1825, continues in force.

ARTICLE XIII.

Any British or Russian vessel which may be compelled by stress of weather or by accident to take shelter in the ports of either of the High Contracting Parties, shall be at liberty to refit therein, to procure all necessary stores, and to put to sea again, without paying any other than port and light-house dues, which shall be the same as those payable by national vessels. In case, however, the master of such vessel should be under the necessity of disposing of a part of his merchandise in order to defray his expenses, he shall be bound to conform to the regulations and tariffs of the place to which he may have come. In the event of a vessel being wrecked at a place belonging to either of the High Contracting Parties, there shall not only be afforded to the persons shipwrecked every kind of assistance, but, moreover, the merchandise and effects which they may have thrown overboard, or which may have been saved, shall not be seized or detained under any pretext whatsoever. The said effects and merchandise shall, on the contrary, be preserved and restored on payment of the same rate of salvage, and of customs or other duties, which would have been payable in the like case of a wreck of a national vessel. In the case either of shipwreck, or of a vessel being driven into port by stress of weather, the respective Consuls, Vice-Consuls, or Commercial Agents, shall be authorised to interpose in order to afford the necessary assistance to their fellow-countrymen.

ARTICLE XIV.

The Consuls, Vice-Consuls, or Commercial Agents of each of the two High Contracting Parties residing in the dominions of the other, shall receive from the local authorities such assistance as can by law be given to them, for the recovery of deserters from ships of war or merchant vessels of their respective countries.

ARTICLE XV.

The present Treaty shall remain in force during the space of ten years, dating from the exchange of

the ratifications thereof ; and further, until the expiration of twelve months after either of the High Contracting Parties shall have given notice to the other of its intention to put an end thereto ; each of the High Contracting Parties reserving to itself the right of giving such notice to the other at the expiration of the first nine years : and it is agreed between them, that at the expiration of twelve months after such notice shall have been received by either of the High Contracting Parties from the other, the present Treaty, and all the stipulations contained therein, shall cease to be binding on the two Parties.

#### ARTICLE XVI.

The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the Ratifications thereof exchanged at London, at the expiration of one month, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have fixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at St. Petersburg, the <sup>eleventh</sup><sub>thirtieth</sub> day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-<sup>three</sup><sub>two</sub>.

(L.S.) STUART DE ROTHSAÿ.

(L.S.) NESSELRODE.

(L.S.) CANCRINE.

#### SEPARATE ARTICLE I.

The commercial intercourse of Russia with the Kingdoms of Sweden and Norway, being regulated by special stipulations, which may hereafter be renewed, and which do not form part of the regulations applicable to foreign Commerce in general, the two High Contracting Parties, being desirous of removing from their commercial relations every kind of doubt or cause for discussion, have agreed that those special stipulations granted in favour of the commerce of Sweden and Norway, in consideration of equivalent advantages granted in those countries to the Commerce of the Grand Duchy of Finland, shall in no case apply to the relations of Commerce and Navigation established between the two High Contracting Parties by the present Treaty.

#### SEPARATE ARTICLE II.

It is understood, in like manner, that the exemptions, immunities, and privileges hereinafter mentioned, shall not be considered as at variance with the principle of the reciprocity which forms the basis of the Treaty of this date, that is to say :—

1. The exemption from navigation dues during the first three years, which is enjoyed by vessels built in Russia, and belonging to Russian subjects ;

2. The exemptions of the like nature granted in the Russian ports of the Black Sea, the Sea of Azoff, and the Danube, to such Turkish vessels arriving from ports of the Ottoman Empire, situated on the Black Sea, as do not exceed eighty lasts urthen ;

3. The permission granted to the inhabitants of the coast of the Government of Archangel, to import duty free, or on payment of moderate duties, into the ports of the said Government, dried or salted fish, as likewise certain kinds of furs, and to export therefrom, in the same manner, corn, rope, and cordage, pitch, and ravensduck ;

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4. The privilege of the Russian American Company ;

5. The privilege of the Steam Navigation Companies of Lubeck and Havre ; lastly,

6. The immunities granted in Russia to certain English Companies, called " Yacht Clubs."

The present Separate Articles shall have the same force and validity as if they were inserted, word for word, in the Treaty signed this day. They shall be ratified, and the ratifications thereof exchanged at the same time.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have fixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at St. Petersburg, the <sup>eleventh</sup><sub>thirtieth</sub> day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-<sup>three</sup><sub>two</sub>.

STUART DE ROTHSAÿ, (L.S.)

NESSELRODE. (L.S.)

CANCRINE. (L.S.)

AT THE COURT AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE,  
The 24th day of February, 1843,

PRESENT,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS, by an Act passed in the 59th year of the reign of His Majesty King George the 3rd, intituled "*An Act to carry into effect a Convention of Commerce concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America, and a Treaty with the Prince Regent of Portugal*," divers provisions were made respecting the duties payable, and the bounties and allowances, to be granted upon the importation and exportation of goods, wares, and merchandize, into or from the United Kingdom, in vessels of the United States and in Portuguese vessels, and also respecting the duties and charges payable upon vessels of the United States and upon Portuguese vessels, and likewise respecting the repayment of certain corporations, bodies politic and corporate, and sundry other persons, of the amount of the sums of money of which they would be deprived by means of the Act now in recital.

And whereas, by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament, held in the 1st & 2nd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "*An Act to amend the Laws of the Customs*," after reciting as hereinbefore is recited, and also that subsequently to the enactment of the hereinbefore recited Act, Her Majesty and Her Royal Predecessors had made and concluded with divers Foreign Powers Treaties containing provisions similar to those recited in the said recited Act, and that doubts had arisen whether, according to the true construction thereof, the said recited Act did apply and extend to the Trade and Shipping of such other Foreign Powers, and that it was expedient that such doubts should be removed, it is thereby enacted and declared, that from and after the ratification of any Treaty theretofore made by Her Majesty or any of Her Royal Predecessors subsequently to the enactment of the said recited Act, or of any Treaty which might thereafter be made by Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, with any such Foreign Power, in which Treaty had been or should be contained provisions similar to those contained in the said recited Act, all and every

the provisions, clauses, matters, and things, in the said recited Act contained, did and should apply and extend to the Trade and Shipping of such Foreign Powers respectively, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as to the Trade and Shipping of the said United States and of the said Kingdom of Portugal. And by the said Act now in recital it is enacted and declared, that the said recited Act did not extend, and should not be construed to extend, to grant or to confer upon the Trade or Shipping of the said United States, or of the said Kingdom of Portugal, or of any other Foreign Power, or to the subjects of such States or Kingdom, or of any such Foreign Power as aforesaid, any other or greater advantages than such as should have been stipulated for and granted to the said United States, the said Kingdom of Portugal, or any such other Foreign Power, by the respective Treaties subsisting and in force between them respectively and Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, or Her Royal Predecessors, but that the said recited Act should be so construed and applied as to give full and complete effect to such respective Treaties so long as the same shall respectively remain in force, and should provide such and only such indemnity as therein mentioned to such bodies politic and corporate, and other persons as were therein mentioned, for such losses as they should respectively sustain by the execution of such respective Treaties.

And for the prevention of uncertainty therein it was enacted, by the said Act now in recital, that it should and might be lawful for Her Majesty, by any Order or Orders by Her made, with the advice of Her Privy Council, and published in the *London Gazette*, from time to time, to declare what are the Foreign Powers with which any such Treaty or Treaties as aforesaid is or are subsisting, and that the Act now in recital and the said recited Act should apply, and should be deemed, from the time of the ratification of any such Treaties, to have been applicable to the Trade and Shipping of such Foreign Countries as should be so mentioned in any such Order or Orders in Council as aforesaid, so long as any such Order or Orders shall continue unrevoked, and no longer.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, doth, in pursuance and in exercise of the power and authority in Her vested by the Act so passed as aforesaid in the Session of Parliament held in the 1st and 2nd year of Her reign, declare that such a Treaty as in the same Act is mentioned, containing provisions similar to those contained in the said recited Act of the 59th year of His Majesty King George the 3rd, is now subsisting between Her Majesty, and His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, being a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between Her Majesty and the Emperor of all the Russias, signed on the 11th day of January, in this present year, and the ratifications whereof were exchanged on the 31st day of the same month.

And the Right Honorable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,*

*Sydney, 23rd January, 1844.*

**TREATY OF AMITY, COMMERCE, AND  
NAVIGATION, WITH THE ORIENTAL  
REPUBLIC OF THE URUGUAY.**

HIS Excellency the GOVERNOR is pleased to direct the publication, for general information, of the following copy of a Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, between Her Majesty and the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, signed at London, on the 26th March, 1842.

*By His Excellency's Command,*

E. DEAS THOMSON.

(COPY.)

HER MAJESTY the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Excellency the President of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, being desirous of encouraging and extending the commercial intercourse between the British Dominions and the Territory of the Republic; and deeming it meet that the friendly relations which now subsist between the Two States, should be acknowledged and confirmed by the signature of a Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation; Her Britannick Majesty, and His Excellency the President of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, have, for this purpose, named as their Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:—

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, The Right Honourable George Earl of Aberdeen, Viscount Gordon, Viscount Formartine, Lord Haddo, Methlick, Tarvis, and Kellie, a Peer of the United Kingdom, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, Knight of the Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, and Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; and the Right Honourable Frederick John Earl of Ripon, Viscount Goderich, a Peer of the United Kingdom, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and President of the Committee of Privy Council for Affairs of Trade and Foreign Plantations;

And His Excellency the President of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, Señor Don José Ellauri, His Minister of State and for Foreign Affairs, Envoy Extraordinary, and Minister Plenipotentiary of the Republic to Her Britannick Majesty;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective Full Powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles:—

ARTICLE I.

There shall be perpetual Peace and Amity between the dominions and subjects of Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Her Heirs and Successors, and the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, and its citizens.

ARTICLE II.

There shall be between all the territories of Her Britannick Majesty in Europe, and the territories of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, a reciprocal freedom of commerce. The subjects and citizens of the two countries, respectively, shall have liberty

freely and securely to come, with their ships and cargoes, to all places, ports, and rivers, in the territories aforesaid, to which other foreigners are or may be permitted to come; to enter into the same, and to remain and reside in any part of the said territories respectively; also to hire and occupy houses and warehouses, for the purposes of their commerce; and, generally, the merchants and traders of each nation shall enjoy, within the territories of the other, the most complete protection and security for their commerce; subject always to the laws and statutes of the land.

In like manner, the respective ships of war and Post Office packets of the two countries, shall have liberty freely and securely to come to all harbours, rivers, and places, in either country, to which other foreign ships of war and packets are or may be permitted to come; and they shall be allowed to enter into the same, to anchor and to remain there and refit; subject always to the laws and statutes of the two countries, respectively.

It is hereby declared, that the stipulations of the present Article are not to be understood as applying to the navigation and carrying trade between one port and another, situated in the dominions of either Contracting Party; such navigation and trade being reserved exclusively to national vessels.

#### ARTICLE III.

There shall be reciprocal liberty of commerce and navigation between and amongst the subjects and citizens of the two High Contracting Parties; and the subjects and citizens of the two countries, respectively, shall not pay in the ports, harbours, roads, cities, towns, or places whatsoever in either country, any other or higher duties, taxes, or imposts, under whatsoever names designated or included, than those which are there paid by the subjects or citizens of the most favoured nation; and the subjects and citizens of each of the High Contracting Parties shall enjoy the same rights, privileges, liberties, favours, immunities, and exemptions, in matters of commerce and navigation, that are granted, or may hereafter be granted, in either country, to the subjects or citizens of the most favoured nation.

No duty of Customs or other impost shall be charged upon any goods the produce of one country, upon importation by sea or by land from such country into the other, higher than the duty or impost charged upon goods of the same kind, the produce of, or imported from, any other country. And Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, do hereby bind and engage themselves not to grant any favour, privilege, or immunity, in matters of commerce and navigation, to the subjects or citizens of any other State, which shall not be also and at the same time extended to the subjects or citizens of the other High Contracting Party; gratuitously, if the concession in favour of that other State shall have been gratuitous; and on giving as nearly as possible the same compensation or equivalent, in case the concession shall have been conditional.

#### ARTICLE IV.

No higher or other duties or payments on account of tonnage, light or harbour dues, pilotage, salvage in case of damage or shipwreck, or any local charges, shall be imposed in any of the ports of the

one country upon the vessels of the other, than are payable in those ports upon national vessels.

#### ARTICLE V.

The same duties shall be paid on all articles, the growth, produce, or manufacture of Her Britannick Majesty's dominions, when imported into the territories of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, whether such article be imported in vessels of the said Republic, or in British vessels; and the same duties shall be paid on all articles, the growth, produce, or manufacture of the said Republic, when imported into the dominions of Her Britannick Majesty, whether such article be imported in British vessels, or in vessels of the said Republic. The same duties shall be paid, and the same bounties and drawbacks allowed, on all articles, the growth, produce, or manufacture of Her Britannick Majesty's dominions, when exported to the said Republic of the Uruguay, whether such article be exported in vessels of the said Republic, or in British vessels; and the same duties shall be paid, and the same bounties and drawbacks allowed, on all articles, the growth, produce, or manufacture of the said Republic, when exported to the dominions of Her Britannick Majesty, whether such articles be exported in British vessels, or in vessels of the said Republic.

#### ARTICLE VI.

In order to avoid any misunderstanding with respect to the regulations which may respectively determine what shall be considered a British vessel, or a vessel of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, when engaged in commerce between the two countries; it is hereby agreed, that all vessels built in the dominions of Her Britannick Majesty, or having been made prize of war, and condemned as such, or having been forfeited under any law made for the prevention of the Slave Trade, and condemned in any competent court for a breach of such law, and which shall be owned and navigated by subjects of Her Majesty, and whereof the master and three-fourths, at least, of the mariners shall be subjects of Her Britannick Majesty, and which shall be registered according to the laws of Great Britain, shall be considered as British vessels;—and that all vessels built within the territory of the said Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, or having been made prize of war and condemned as such, or having been forfeited under any law made for the prevention of the Slave Trade, and condemned in any competent court for a breach of such law, or being of *bona fide* British construction, built in any port of Her Britannick Majesty's dominions, and acquired by purchase; and which shall be owned and navigated by citizens of the said Republic, and whereof the Master and three-fourths, at least, of the mariners shall be citizens of the said Republic, or matriculated subjects of Her Britannick Majesty, and which shall be registered according to the laws of the said Republic, shall be considered as vessels of the said Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, so far as shall relate to any commercial rights or privileges in the several ports of Her Britannick Majesty's dominions.

And it is further agreed, that no ship considered as being the ship of either country, shall be qualified to trade, as above described, under the provisions of this Treaty, unless she be furnished with a register, passport, or sea-letter, under the signature of the proper person authorized to grant the same, accord-



ing to the laws of the respective countries, and in a form to be reciprocally communicated by the two Governments to each other. Such register, passport, or sea-letter shall certify the name, occupation, and residence of the owner or owners in the dominions of Her Britannick Majesty, or in the territories of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, as the case may be; shall declare that he, or they, is, or are, the sole owner of the ship, or owners in the proportion to be specified; and shall state the name, burden, and description of the vessel, as to build and measurement; and if the vessel is of foreign build, of what country, and, as far as may be possible, when and from whom purchased; and all other particulars constituting the national character of the vessel, as the case may be.

#### ARTICLE VII.

The subjects of Her Britannick Majesty shall have full liberty, in all the territories of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, to manage their own affairs themselves, or to commit them to the management of whomsoever they please, as broker, factor, agent, or interpreter; and they shall not be obliged to employ any other persons in those capacities, than those employed by the citizens of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay; and they shall not be restrained in their choice of persons to act in such capacities, nor be obliged to pay them any other salary or remuneration, than such as is paid in like cases by the citizens of the said Republic; and absolute freedom shall be allowed in all cases to the buyer and seller to bargain and fix the price of any goods, wares, or merchandise imported into and exported from the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, as they shall see fit, provided they observe the laws and established customs of the country. The same privileges shall be enjoyed in the dominions of Her Britannick Majesty, by the citizens of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, under the same conditions.

The subjects and citizens of each of the Contracting Parties, respectively, shall, in the territories of the other, receive and enjoy full and perfect protection for their persons and property, and shall have free and open access to the Courts of Justice in the said countries, respectively, for the prosecution and defence of their just rights; and they shall be at liberty to employ, in all causes, the advocates, attornies, or agents of whatever description, whom they may think proper; and they shall enjoy, in this respect, the same rights and privileges therein, as native citizens.

#### ARTICLE VIII.

In whatever relates to the police of ports; the lading and unlading of ships; the safety of merchandize, goods, and effects; the succession to personal estates by will or otherwise; and the disposal of personal property, of every sort and denomination, by sale, donation, exchange, or in any other manner whatsoever; and to the administration of justice; the subjects and citizens of each of the two Contracting Parties shall enjoy, in the dominions and territories of the other, the same privileges, liberties, and rights, as native subjects or citizens; and they shall not be charged, in any of these respects, with any higher imposts or duties than those which are or may be paid by natives; conforming of course to

the local laws and regulations of such dominions or territories.

And it is further agreed, that the subjects and citizens of the two Contracting Parties shall have and enjoy, in all the dominions or territories of each other, the most full and perfect liberty to devise or dispose of their property and effects of every kind and denomination, and wheresoever situate, by will or testament, to such person or persons, and in such proportions, as their own free will may dictate.

If any subject or citizen of either of the two Contracting Parties should die without will or testament in the dominions or territories of the other, the Consul-General or Consul, or, in his absence, the representative of such Consul-General or Consul, shall have the right to nominate curators to take charge of the property of the deceased, so far as the laws of the country will permit, for the benefit of the lawful heirs and creditors of the deceased, without being interfered with by the authorities of the country, but giving to those authorities due and proper notice.

#### ARTICLE IX.

The subjects of Her Britannick Majesty, residing in the territories of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, and the citizens of the said Republic, residing in the dominions of Her Britannick Majesty, shall be exempted from all compulsory military service whatsoever, either by sea or land, and from all forced loans or military exactions or requisitions.

Neither shall they be compelled, under any pretext whatsoever, to pay any charges, requisitions, or taxes, greater than those which are or may be paid by native subjects or citizens of the territories in which they reside.

#### ARTICLE X.

It shall be free for each of the two Contracting Parties to appoint Consuls for the protection of trade, to reside in the dominions and territories of the other Party; but no Consul shall act as such, until he shall, in the usual form, be approved and admitted by the Government to which he is sent; and either of the Contracting Parties may except from the residence of Consuls, such particular places as they may judge fit to be excepted. The Diplomatic Agents and Consuls of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, in the dominions of Her Britannick Majesty, shall enjoy whatever privileges, exemptions, and immunities, are or may there be granted to Agents of the same rank belonging to the most favoured nation; and in like manner, the Diplomatic Agents and Consuls of Her Britannick Majesty, in the territories of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, shall enjoy, according to the strictest reciprocity, whatever privileges, exemptions, and immunities, are or may there be granted to the Diplomatic Agents and Consuls of the most favoured nation.

#### ARTICLE XI.

For the better security of commerce between the subjects of Her Britannick Majesty and the citizens of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, it is agreed, that if at any time any interruption of friendly intercourse or any rupture should unfortunately take place between the two countries, the subjects or citizens of either of the two Contracting Parties who may be within the territories of the other, shall, if residing upon the coasts, be allowed four months, and if residing in the interior, nine months, to wind

up their accounts and to dispose of their property; and a safe conduct shall be given to all such of the aforesaid persons as may choose to quit the country, to enable them to embark unmolested, at the port which the Government of the country shall select. It is, moreover, further agreed, that all subjects or citizens of either of the two Contracting Parties who, at the time of any such interruption of friendly relations between the two countries, shall be established in the exercise of any trade or special employment in the dominions or territories of the other, shall have the privilege of remaining and of continuing such trade and employment therein, without any manner of interruption, in full enjoyment of their liberty and property, so long as they conduct themselves peaceably, and commit no offence against the laws; and their goods and effects, of whatever description, whether in their own custody, or entrusted to individuals or to the State, shall not be liable to seizure or sequestration, or to any other charges or demands than those to which like effects or property belonging to native subjects or citizens may be liable. Debts between individuals, property in the public funds, and shares of companies, shall never be confiscated, sequestrated, or detained.

#### ARTICLE XII.

The subjects of Her Britannick Majesty, and the citizens of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, respectively, residing in the territories of the other Party, shall enjoy in their houses, persons, and properties, the protection of the Government, and continue in possession of the privileges which they now legally enjoy. They shall not be disturbed, molested, or annoyed in any manner on account of their religion, but they shall have perfect liberty of conscience, provided they respect the religion of the country in which they reside, as well as the constitution, laws, and customs of the land. They shall also have permission to celebrate Divine Service according to the rites and ceremonies of their own church, either within their own private houses, or in their own particular churches or chapels, which they shall be at liberty to build and maintain in convenient places, approved of by the Government. Liberty shall also be granted to the subjects or citizens of either of the two Contracting Parties, resident in the territories of the other, to bury, in burial places of their own, such of their fellow subjects or fellow citizens who may die in such territories. Such burial places may be freely established and maintained; and the funerals and sepulchres of the dead shall not be disturbed in any way, or upon any account.

#### ARTICLE XIII.

The present Treaty shall be in force for the term of ten years from the date thereof; and further, until the end of twelve months after either of the High Contracting Parties shall have given notice to the other of its intention to terminate the same: each of the High Contracting Parties reserving to itself the right of giving such notice to the other at the end of the said term of ten years, or at any subsequent time.

And it is hereby agreed between them, that at the expiration of twelve months after such notice shall have been received by either Party from the other, this Treaty, and all the provisions thereof, shall altogether cease and determine.

No. 13. JANUARY 30, 1844.—5

#### ARTICLE XIV.

The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London as soon as possible within the period of eighteen months from the date thereof.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto their respective Seals.

Done at London, the twenty-sixth day of August, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-two.

(L.S.)	ABERDEEN.
(L.S.)	RIPON.
(L.S.)	JOSE ELLAURI.

#### ADDITIONAL ARTICLE.

Whereas, by Article IX of the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, concluded and signed this day between Her Britannick Majesty and the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, it is stipulated that the subjects of Her Britannick Majesty, residing in the said Republick, shall not be compelled, under any pretext whatsoever, to pay any charges, requisitions, or taxes, greater than those which are or may be paid by native citizens; and whereas, by a law of the Oriental Republick of the Uruguay, a foreigner pays for the license to open a shop, or other establishment included in the provisions of the said law, a sum greater than that which is paid by a native citizen; Her Britannick Majesty engages, notwithstanding the provisions of the above-mentioned Article, not to insist upon the abolition of this distinction, so long as it exists impartially with regard to the subjects or citizens of every other foreign nation.

And His Excellency the President of the Oriental Republick of the Uruguay engages, on his part, that if, at any future time, the amount payable by British subjects for such license should be increased, a corresponding increase shall at the same time be made in the sum payable by native citizens of the Republick; so that the proportion between the sum payable by British subjects and the sum payable by citizens of the Oriental Republick of the Uruguay, respectively, shall never be altered to the prejudice of British subjects.

The present Additional Article shall have the same force and validity as if it were inserted, word for word, in the Treaty signed this day. It shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at the same time.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto their respective Seals.

Done at London, the twenty-sixth day of August, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-two.

(L.S.)	ABERDEEN.
(L.S.)	RIPON.
(L.S.)	JOSE ELLAURI.

#### SECOND ADDITIONAL ARTICLE.

Whereas a strict and immediate execution of that part of Article VI of the Treaty of Amity, Commerce, and Navigation, signed at London on the 26th of August, 1842, between Her Majesty the

Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, which stipulates that a ship must have been actually built within the territory of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, to be considered a ship of that Republic, would, in the present state of Uruguay shipping, deprive the Republic of the full advantage of the reciprocity intended to be established by the Treaty; it is agreed that, for the space of seven years from the date of the exchange of the ratifications of the said Treaty, any ships, wheresoever built, being owned, navigated, and registered in conformity with the provisions of Article VI of the Treaty, shall be considered as ships of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay: Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland reserving to herself the right to claim, at the end of the said term of seven years, the strict enforcement of all the stipulations contained in the said Article of the Treaty, relative to the conditions, which are to determine the national character of vessels of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay.

The present Additional Article shall have the same force and validity as if it had been inserted, word for word, in the aforesaid Treaty of the 26th of August, 1812. It shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at the same time and place as those of the Treaty.

In witness whereof, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries of Her Britannick Majesty, and of the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay, have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at Montevideo, the eighth day of March, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-three.

(L.S.) J. H. MANDEVILLE.  
(L.S.) SANTIAGO VASQUEZ.

*Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 6th January, 1844.*

PROVISIONS, &c.

**T**HE Contractors for furnishing Supplies, &c., for the Colonial Service, in the District of Sydney (exclusive of Forage,) having, according to agreement, given three months' Notice that their Contract will terminate on the 31st March, 1844;—Notice is hereby given, that Tenders will be received until Monday, the 19th day of February next, at twelve o'clock, for furnishing, from the 1st April to the 31st December, 1844, both days inclusive, the required Supplies; the particulars of which, and the Conditions, are specified in the Notice from this Office, dated 2nd October, 1843.

The terms at which the present Contract was accepted, will be found detailed in the Government Gazette of the 29th December, 1843.

Persons tendering, or their Agents, are requested to attend at this Office on the day appointed for opening the Tenders.

*By His Excellency's Command,  
E. DEAS THOMSON.*

*Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 13th January, 1844.*

PROVISIONS, &c.

**T**HE Contractor for furnishing Supplies, &c., for the Colonial Service, in the District of Goulburn, having, according to agreement, given three months' Notice that his Contract will terminate on the 30th of April next;—Notice is hereby given, that Tenders will be received at this Office until Monday, the 26th day of February next, at twelve o'clock, for furnishing, from the 1st May, to the 31st December, 1844, both days inclusive, the required Supplies; the particulars of which, and the Conditions, are specified in the Notice from this Office, dated 2nd October, 1843.

The terms at which the present Contract was accepted, will be found detailed in the Government Gazette of the 29th December, 1843.

Persons tendering, or their Agents, are requested to attend at this Office on the day appointed for opening the Tenders.

*By His Excellency's Command,  
E. DEAS THOMSON.*

*Commissariat Office,  
Sydney, 20th January, 1844.*

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that Tenders will be received at this Office until Thursday, the 29th of February, at noon, for such Masons' Work as may be required by the Commanding Royal Engineer, in the Erection of the New Military Barracks, on the South Head Road, near Sydney.

The Contract to be entered into, for this purpose, is to commence on the 1st day of April next—the conditions of the same, and other particulars, may be learned on application at the Royal Engineer Office.

*W. MILLER,  
Dep. Com. Gen.*

*Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 27th January, 1844.*

BANK LIABILITIES AND ASSETS.

**T**HE following General Abstract of the average amount of the Liabilities and Assets of the Bank of New South Wales, during the Quarter, from 1st October to 31st December, 1843, having been transmitted to this Office, as required by the second section of the Act of Council, 4th Victoria, No. 13, His Excellency the GOVERNOR is pleased to direct its publication, in conformity with the same clause in the said Act.

*By His Excellency's Command,  
E. DEAS THOMSON.*

**GENERAL ABSTRACT, shewing the Average Amount of the LIABILITIES and ASSETS of the BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES, taken from the several WEEKLY STATEMENTS, during the QUARTER, from the 1st day of OCTOBER to the 31st DECEMBER, 1843.**

LIABILITIES.		AMOUNT.		TOTALS.		ASSETS.		AMOUNT.		TOTALS.	
		£ s. d.		£ s. d.				£ s. d.		£ s. d.	
Notes in Circulation	{ Not bearing Interest ..	..	..	22,880	0 0	Coined Gold and Silver, and other coined Metals.		.....		69,874 9 10	
	{ Bearing Interest ..	..	..	..	..						
Bills in Circulation	{ Not bearing Interest ..	..	..	..	..	Gold and Silver in Bullion or Bars		.....		102 1 7	
	{ Bearing Interest ..	..	..	..	..						
Balances due to other Banks		..	..	..	..	Landed Property		.....		2,056 14 0	
Deposits	{ Not bearing Interest ..	..	..	6,293	6 2	Notes and Bills of other Banks ..		.....		319,219 1 3	
	{ Bearing Interest ..	..	..	136,346	15 10						
Total Amount of Liabilities		..	..	£ 165,520	2 0	Balances due from other Banks ..		.....		319,219 1 3	
		..	..	..	..	Amount of all Debts due to the Bank, including Notes, Bills of Exchange, and all Stock and Funded Debts of every description, excepting Notes, Bills, and Balances, due to the said Bank from other Banks ..		.....		319,219 1 3	
		..	..	..	..	Total Amount of Assets		£ 391,252 6 8		£ 391,252 6 8	
Amount of the Capital Stock paid up at the close of the Quarter, ended 31st December, 1843 ..		..	..	208,545	0 0						
Rate of the last Dividend declared to the Shareholders—per cent., per annum ..		..	..	8	0 0						
Amount of the last Dividend declared ..		..	..	8,328	1 4						
Amount of the Reserved Profits at the time of declaring such Dividend ..		..	..	11,851	6 3						

JOHN BLACK, Cashier.  
JOHN FERRIS, Accountant.

I, John Black, make Oath, that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the foregoing Abstract is a true and faithful Account of the Average Amount of Assets and Liabilities of the above Bank during the period specified; and that the same was made up from the Weekly Statements thereof, kept in pursuance of the provisions of the Act of the Governor and Council, 4 Victoria, No. 13.

Sworn before me, at Sydney, New South Wales, } WILLIAM DAWES, Justice of the Peace.  
this 24th day of January, 1844.

JOHN BLACK, Cashier.

### OCCUPATION LICENSES.

**T**HE Occupation Licenses for Lands within the Boundaries, advertised by the Notices dated 21st November, 1843, in the *Government Gazette* of 21st and 24th November, have (with the exception of Lots 2, 4, 5, 6, 9 to 12, 15, 16, 18, 22 and 23, at Sydney—1, at Wollongong—3 to 9, at Goulburn—2, 6 to 9, 11 to 18, 20, 21 and 24, at Bathurst—3, 4, and 5, at Port Macquarie—and 2 to 9, at Muswellbrook,) been sold to the undermentioned parties, by Auction, on 21st December last, and the price affixed to each has been received.

Lots.	County.	Acres.	Purchasers.	Price.
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#### SALE AT SYDNEY—NEW APPLICATIONS.

£ s. d.

1	Westmoreland	.. 1000	Edward Maxwell	.. 7 16 3
2	Camden	.. 640	Not sold.	
3	Hunter	.. 640	John Ezzy	.. 5 0 0

#### RELICENSING.

4	Camden	.. 700	Not sold.	
5	Westmoreland	.. 800	do	
6	Camden	.. 800	do	
7	do	.. 640	John Sheehy	.. 5 0 0
8	St. Vincent	.. 640	Bernard M'Cawley	.. 5 0 0
9	do	.. 750	Not sold.	
10	Camden	.. 1000	do	
11	Westmoreland	.. 640	do	
12	Cook	.. 640	do	
13	Camden	.. 750	John Sutherland	.. 5 17 3
14	St. Vincent	.. 850	A. K. Mackay	.. 6 12 10
15	Camden	.. 1000	Not sold.	
16	do	.. 800	do	
17	Northumberland	.. 640	Robert Jurd	.. 5 0 0
18	do	.. 640	Not sold.	
19	do	.. 640	William Nicholson	.. 5 0 0
20	do	.. 1180	do	.. 9 4 5
21	Westmoreland	.. 1000	J. Quig and L. Gorman	.. 7 16 3
22	St. Vincent	.. 640	Not sold.	
23	do	.. 640	do	

#### SALE AT WOLLONGONG—RELICENSING.

1	Camden	.. 640	Not sold.	
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#### SALE AT GOULBURN—NEW APPLICATIONS.

1	Argyle	640	Cooper & Holt	.. 5 10 0
2	do	1000	do	.. 8 15 0

#### RELICENSING.

3	Murray	.. 640	Not sold.	
4	do	.. 640	do	
5	King	.. 1150	do	
6	do	.. 640	do	
7	do	.. 640	do	
8	do	.. 640	do	
9	do	.. 900	do	

Lots.	County.	Acres.	Purchasers.	Price.
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# SALE AT BATHURST—NEW APPLICATIONS.

£ s. d.

1	Georgiana	.. 640	Thomas Arkell	.. 5 0 0
2	Phillip	.. 640	Not sold.	
3	Bathurst	.. 824	Edmund Markham	.. 6 8 9
4	do	.. 1102	Thomas Shaughnessy	.. 8 12 3
5	King	.. 1000	James Hanrahan	.. 7 16 3
6	do	.. 700	Not sold.	

# RELICENSING.

7	Phillip	.. 640	Not sold.	
8	do	.. 640	do	
9	do	.. 640	do	
10	Georgiana	.. 640	Thomas Pye	.. 5 0 0
11	Roxburgh	.. 640	Not sold.	
12	do	.. 640	do	
13	do	.. 900	do	
14	Cook	.. 640	do	
15	Phillip	.. 640	do	
16	do	.. 900	do	
17	do	.. 850	do	
18	Bathurst	.. 950	do	
19	do	.. 900	Nathaniel Connolly	.. 7 0 8
20	Georgiana	.. 640	Not sold.	
21	Phillip	.. 640	do	
22	Westmoreland	.. 640	Patrick Hanrahan	.. 5 0 0
23	do	.. 640	do	.. 5 0 0
24	Wellington	.. 640	Not sold.	

# SALE AT PORT MACQUARIE—NEW APPLICATIONS.

1	Macquarie	.. 750	Not sold.	
2	do	.. 640	do	
3	do	.. 640	Mary Owen.	.. 5 0 0

# RELICENSING.

4	Macquarie	.. 640	Henry Allan	.. 5 0 0
5	Gloucester	.. 640	J. P. McClymont	.. 5 0 0

# SALE AT MUSWELLBROOK—NEW APPLICATIONS.

1	Bligh	.. 640	Lucy Weston	.. 5 0 0
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# RELICENSING.

2	Bligh	.. 640	Not sold.	
3	do	.. 640	do	
4	do	.. 640	do	
5	Hunter	.. 640	do	
6	Bligh	.. 640	do	
7	do	.. 640	do	
8	do	.. 640	do	
9	Durham	.. 900	do	

£146 9 11

C. D. RIDDELL.

Sydney, 1st January, 1844.

## ANNUAL CONTRACTS.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that Tenders will be received at this Office until **THURSDAY**, the 15th day of February, at Noon, for furnishing for the Military and Convict Service, in the several Districts, the supplies undermentioned, in such quantities as may be required during Twelve Calendar Months, commencing the 1st April next, under the conditions hereafter specified, viz:—

## PROVISION.

1. The Military Ration being
  - 1 lb. Fresh Meat
  - 1 lb. Wheaten Bread
  - 1-7 of an Imperial Quart of Rum.
2. The ration for Male Convicts being
  - 12 oz. Wheaten Bread
  - 14 oz. Maize or Barley Bread
 (the Contractor having the option of giving 20 oz. of Wheaten Bread for the whole.)
  - 8 oz. Maize Meal
  - 1 lb. Fresh Beef
  - 1 oz. Brown Sugar
  - $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. Salt
  - $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. Yellow Soap
3. The ration for Female Convicts in the first and second classes.
  - 10 oz. Wheaten Bread
  - 10 oz. Maize or Barley Bread
 (the Contractor having the option of giving 16 oz. Wheaten Bread for the whole.)
  - 6 oz. Maize Meal
  - 12 oz. Fresh Beef
  - 8 oz. Vegetables
  - $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. Salt
  - 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. Brown Sugar
  - $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. Tea
  - $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. Yellow Soap
4. Female Convicts in the third class
  - 12 oz. Wheaten Bread
  - 12 oz. Maize Meal
  - 4 oz. Fresh Beef
  - 8 oz. Vegetables
  - $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. Salt
  - $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. Yellow Soap
5. For children of two years old and upwards
  - 8 oz. Wheaten Bread, best quality
  - 4 oz. Fresh Beef
  - 4 oz. Maize Meal
  - $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. Yellow Soap
6. For children under two years
  - 8 oz. Wheaten Bread, best quality
  - 4 oz. Fresh Beef
  - 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. Arrowroot
  - $\frac{3}{4}$  oz. Sugar
  - $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. Yellow Soap
7. For children under nine months
  - 6 oz. Wheaten Bread, best quality
  - 1 oz. Arrowroot
  - $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. Sugar
  - $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. Yellow Soap
8. For Boatmen (Sydney)
  - 1 5-16 lb. 20 per cent Flour
  - 1 2-16 lb. Fresh Beef
  - 1 oz. Sugar
  - $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. Salt
  - $\frac{1}{4}$  oz. Soap

## 9. FORAGE.

The Ration of Forage being  
 8 lbs. of Maize or Barley, or 10 lbs. Oats  
 4 lbs. Bran  
 12 lbs. of Oaten or Cultivated Grass Hay  
 4 lbs. Wheaten Straw

## 10. FUEL AND LIGHT.

Firewood, per 100lbs.  
 Sperm Oil } per Gallon, Imperial  
 Common Oil }  
 Mould Candles } per lb.  
 Dip Candles }  
 Cotton Wick }

## 11. For HOSPITALS, &amp;c.

Fresh Beef  
 Fresh Mutton  
 Maize Meal  
 The best Wheaten Bread—Bread of 2nd and 3rd quality } per lb.  
 Arrowroot, Sago, Rice,  
 Tea, Sugar, Oatmeal  
 Salt, Yellow Soap, Pearl Barley  
 Tobacco, Vegetables  
 Milk, per Quart  
 Port Wine, per dozen  
 Vinegar, per Imperial Gallon  
 Roach Lime, per Bushel  
 Straw for Bedding, per 100lbs.

## 12. SUPPLIES FOR PENAL SETTLEMENTS.

Wheaten Meal, 20 per cent.  
 Wheaten Meal, 10 per cent.  
 Maize Meal ditto } per 100lbs.  
 Maize  
 Biscuit  
 Sugar, Tea  
 Rice, Soap  
 Colonial Leaf Tobacco  
 Rum, per Imperial Gallon  
 to be packed and shipped at the expense of the Contractor.

## DISTRICTS

- |                               |                                       |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. SYDNEY                     | 7. HARTLEY                            |
| 2. PARRAMATTA                 | 8. BATHURST                           |
| 3. LIVERPOOL AND CAMPBELLTOWN | 9. NEWCASTLE                          |
| 4. WINDSOR                    | 10. MAITLAND AND                      |
| 5. ILLAWARRA                  | 11. THE SETTLEMENT OF PORT MACQUARIE. |
| 6. PENRITH                    |                                       |

The Limits of the Districts are the same as those adopted on the Division of the Colony into Police Districts, and a map showing the same may be seen at this Office.

## CONDITIONS.

## QUALITIES OF THE SUPPLIES.

1. All the articles shall be of the best quality of their several kinds.
2. The Bread shall be the produce of clear sound Wheat, Barley, and Maize, from which, on the Military Ration 20 per cent., and on the Convict Ration 10 per cent., has been extracted in bran and waste. The Wheaten Bread shall be made in loaves of 3lbs., and the Mixed Bread in loaves of 3  $\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. each, and baked 24 hours before being issued; and parties Tendering are requested to observe, that the most rigid adherence to the conditions as to the quality of the Bread, shall be invariably enforced.



3. The Fresh Meat for the Military Ration shall be in the proportion of 5lbs. of Beef, and 2lbs. of Mutton, weekly, deliverable alternately in fore and hind quarters, when the quantity admits of it; for the Convict Rations, the Beef shall be delivered in the same manner; Salted Beef being issued only in summer to Road Parties, and when authorised.

4. The Maize Meal shall be similar in quality to the Wheaten Meal, and shall be twice ground.

5. The Vegetables for the Hospitals, and other Establishments entitled thereto, shall be supplied in reasonable proportions of Potatoes, Greens, Pumpkins, Onions, &c.

The Rum shall be West India, five per cent. under proof.

#### MODE OF DELIVERY.

6. The supplies above specified shall be delivered by the Contractor direct to the Parties or Establishments entitled thereto, upon the written order of the Commissariat Officer in charge of the District, or of the person authorised for that purpose.

7. At the several fixed Stations the Rations for the Troops, the Convict Establishments, and Road and other Parties, shall be delivered by the Contractor at the Barracks, Establishments, or Huts, where the Parties to be supplied may be stationed; being previously to removal from the Contractor's Premises approved by a Person authorised for the purpose.

8. The Forage shall be delivered by the Contractor at the Establishments where the Horses or Cattle are stationed; and in case the whole Ration of Forage be not required or delivered, each of the species shall be reckoned as the proportion of the Ration undermentioned, viz:—

The Maize or Barley . . .	4-12ths.
The Hay . . . . .	5-12ths.
The Bran . . . . .	2-12ths.
The Straw . . . . .	1-12th.

#### GENERAL CONDITIONS.

9. Parties tendering may do so by either of the three following modes, at their option, viz:—

1. The whole of the Supplies of every description, in each District, may be included in one Tender, as at present.

2. Or the Supplies may be tendered in subdivisions, as below, by a separate Tender for each sub-division, viz:—

1. The Military Ration
2. The several Rations for Convicts are described from 2 to 8, inclusive
3. The Ration of Forage
4. The Ration of Fuel and Light
5. The Supplies for Hospitals
6. The Supplies for the Penal Settlements, (Sydney.)

3. Or the various articles comprising the several Rations referred to, as well as all those required for Hospitals and other purposes, may be tendered separately or singly by weight and measure, the undersigned reserving to himself the power of accepting Tenders for supplying by any of these modes which he may find most expedient.

10. Contractors supplying Road Parties, on the Bathurst or other roads similarly situated, shall have at all times on the spot a supply for fourteen days in reserve, in the care of a competent Agent,

to whom reference may be had in the Contractor's absence.

11. In the event of a difference of opinion between the Contractor and the party receiving the supplies, as to the quality, the same is to be decided, in cases where the article is of a perishable nature, by a Board of Survey, according to the practice of the service. But in Country Districts, where a Board of Survey cannot be conveniently assembled, the party objecting will name one person as Arbitrator, the Contractor or his Agent another, and these two will (previously to any other proceeding on their part) concur in naming a third as Umpire, who, in event of the Arbitrators not agreeing in opinion, will be called upon for his decision, which shall be final.

If the Board, Arbitrators, or Umpire, shall decide that the article is not according to the Conditions of the Contract, it must be immediately replaced by the Contractor, failing of which it will be procured, and the expense charged to his account. In cases where the article is of a perishable nature, or from some other cause injury would be sustained, either by the parties to whom the Rations are due, or to the Contractor, by waiting for a Board of Survey, the Head of the department, or Officer in charge of the party or parties for whom the rations are to be received, shall have power to reject such article or articles as are obviously of inferior quality or in improper condition, it being distinctly understood, that he will be responsible to the Government for so doing; and that the Contractor will have a right to appeal, although, in the mean time, he must take back the rejected article and supply good in its stead, failing of which it will be obtained by the Officer or party requiring it, and the expense charged to the Contractor.

12. It shall be in the power of either party to limit the duration of the Contract, by giving, in writing, a notice of three *calendar months* to the opposite Party, and to end the Contract at the expiration of that period, it being understood that such notice can be given only from the first day of a month, and within the period for which the Contract is made, or agreed to be made; and not later than the 1st of August.

13. The Contractor shall prepare his own account according to the prescribed form; and on the production thereof, with the requisite vouchers in a complete state, shall receive payment monthly.

14. The value of all packages shall be included in the prices demanded.

15. Persons wishing to tender are requested to apply either at this Office, or to the Commissariat Officers in charge at the several Stations, who will furnish them with printed forms for the purpose, and communicate further particulars; and as adequate security will be required for the due fulfilment of the Contracts, each Tender must be accompanied by a letter from the parties proposed as such, stating that they are willing to become bound as securities for the Contractor accordingly; and no payment will be made upon any Contracts until the bonds have been executed.

16. The amounts of the Bonds required in the several Districts, are as follows, if contracted for collectively, viz:—Sydney, £5,000; Parramatta, £1,000; Liverpool and Campbelltown, £500; Illawarra, £500; Windsor, £500; Penrith,

£500; Hartley, £500; Bathurst £500; New-castle, £1,000; Maitland, £500; Port Mac-quarie, £500.

17. Tenders are to be enclosed in a separate envelope, addressed to the undersigned, marked "Supplies for 1844," and no Tender, made in consequence of this Advertisement, shall be withdrawn or altered, but notice of those accepted shall be given within three days of the time of opening.

18. Flour in place of bread to be given for the Military Ration, when required, in the proportion of 14 2-7th ozs. of the former, for 16 ozs. of the latter.

19. The Contractor for the District of Sydney will be bound to furnish the Rations and articles particularised under the head of Provisions, Nos. 1 to 12, not only for the purposes specified, but also for any other purposes of the Military, Naval, and Convict services, should there be occasion for it.

WILLIAM MILLER,

Dep. Com. Gen.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mail for Kissing Point will, from and after the 1st February, be dispatched at a quarter to 9, a.m., and that the Village in which the Post Office is situated is designated "RYDE."

JAMES RAYMOND,

Postmaster General.

General Post Office, Sydney,

25th January, 1844.

#### SPECIAL MEETING OF THE BATHURST AND CARCOAR DISTRICT COUNCIL.

A Special General Meeting of the District Council will be held at the Presbyterian School House, in Bathurst, on Wednesday, the 7th of next month, at one o'clock, p.m., at which every Councillor is requested to give punctual attendance.

1st. For the purpose of appointing a Committee to make and prepare District Bye-laws, to be submitted for the approval of His Excellency the Governor.

2nd. To receive applications from Candidates for the appointment of Assessors to the District.

3rd. To appoint an Education Committee to take into consideration and report to the Council the best and most economical plan for the establishment of Schools in the District.

WILLIAM STEWART, Major-Gen.,

Warden.

Bathurst, 22nd January, 1844.

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#### QUARTER SESSIONS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the Colony of New South Wales, will be holden at the Court House, Sydney, on Monday, the 5th day of February next, when and where all persons under recognizances to appear as prosecutors, witnesses, or defendants, or who have appeals to interpose, or other business to transact, are desired to give their attendance at Ten o'clock in the Forenoon.

E. ROGERS, Clerk of the Peace.

Criminal Court House, Sydney, 8th January, 1844.

TABLE of RATES to be charged for Trespass of Cattle, and the Sustenance thereof, whilst Impounded in the District of Penrith, under the provisions of the Act of the Governor and Council, 4th William IV., No. 3.

Description of Cattle, &c., Trespassing.	In any forest, open pasture land, open stubble, after grass, or other unenclosed land.		In any paddock of grass, enclosed by a good and substantial fence.		In any garden, uncut meadow, or growing crop of any kind, enclosed by a good and substantial fence.		Amount to be charged daily for sustenance while impounded.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
For every horse, mare, gelding, colt, filly, ass, mule, bull, cow, ox, heifer, steer, calf .. .. .	Under ten .. .. .	0 3	Under ten .. .. .	1 0	3 0	Hay or dry food 0 6	Hay or dry food 0 6	0 2
	Ten to fifty .. .. .	0 2	Above ten .. .. .	0 6		Paddock .. .. .	Paddock .. .. .	0 2
	Upwards .. .. .	0 1						
For every ram, ewe, sheep, lamb, or goat .. .. .	Under twenty .. .. .	0 1		0 2	0 6	Per score .. .. .	Per score .. .. .	0 6
	Under twenty .. .. .	0 1		1 0	0 6			
For every pig .. .. .	Per score .. .. .	1 0		2 6	5 0			0 3

Fixed by the Justices in Petty Sessions, assembled at Penrith, on the 5th day of January, 1844.

Allowed by His Excellency the Governor,

C. WEAVER, Clerk of Petty Sessions.

E. DEAS THOMSON, Colonial Secretary.

# NOTICE

**W**ILL be sold by Auction, at the Border Police Station, M'Leay River, on Monday, the 5th day of February, 1844, at 12 o'clock, a quantity of cedar in fitch, estimated at about 70,000 feet, cut at the Bellingen River, and now lying principally at the mouth of that River, ready for shipment.

The above timber has been seized on the part of the Crown, having been cut contrary to the provisions of the Act of Council, 2nd of Victoria, No. 27, section 3.

ROBERT G. MASSIE, J.P.

Commissioner Crown Lands.

Commissioner of Crown Lands Office,

M'Leay River, 30th November, 1843.

**A** General Muster of all Prisoners, holding Tickets of Leave for the District of Broulee, will be held at the Court House, Broulee, on Monday, the 12th day of February, 1844, when all persons holding the indulgence are required to attend.

By order of the Bench of Magistrates,

MORDAUNT MACLEAN,

Clerk of Petty Sessions.

Police Office, Broulee,  
13th January, 1844.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us as Graziers and Stockholders, on the Yarra Yarra River, in the District of Port Phillip, under the style or firm of "Gardiner and Company," has been Dissolved from the 1st day of January instant, by mutual consent.

All debts and liabilities contracted by, or on account of the said firm of "Gardiner and Company," will be satisfied and discharged by Mr. John Gardiner, who is authorised to receive all debts due to the said firm.

It is requested that the claims against the said firm may be immediately presented to Mr. John Gardiner for settlement.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1844.

JOHN GARDINER,  
DAVID F. GARDINER,  
WM. McCARTER.

Witnesses { JAS. MONTGOMERY,  
HENRY MOOR,

200

Solicitors, Melbourne.

In the Insolvent Estate of Robert Glasgow Dunlop.

**I** Hereby appoint a Special Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Insolvent to be holden before me, at the Supreme Court House, Sydney, on Thursday, the 1st day of February next, to commence at noon, and end at 12:30, p.m., for proof of Debts against the said Estate.—Sydney, 27th January, 1844.

WILLIAM H. KERR,

Chief Commissioner.

212

In the Insolvent Estate of Henry Gain.

**I** Hereby appoint a Special Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Insolvent to be holden before me, at the Supreme Court House, Sydney, on Tuesday, the 12th day of March next, to commence at 10, a.m., and end at 10:30, a.m., for proof of

No. 13. JANUARY 30, 1844.—7

Debts against the said Estate, and to decide on an offer of composition.—Sydney, 28th January, 1844.

WILLIAM H. KERR,

Chief Commissioner.

208

In the Insolvent Estate of John Innes, of Wollongong, storekeeper.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

**T**AKE notice that I, John Innes, intend, on Thursday, the 14th day of March next, to apply to William Henry Kerr, Esq., Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, that a Certificate, under an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council, passed in the 7th year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "*An Act to amend an Act, intituled 'An Act for giving relief to Insolvent persons, and providing for the Administration of Insolvent Estates, and to abolish Imprisonment for Debt,'*" may be allowed to me.—Dated this 24th day of January, A.D., 1844.

181

JOHN INNES.

In the Insolvent Estate of Joseph Walford.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(By order of the Chief Commissioner.)

**T**AKE notice that I, Joseph Walford, intend, on Thursday, the 15th day of February next, (instead of the 8th day of February next, as advertised in the *Government Gazette*, of the 9th day of January instant,) to apply to William Henry Kerr, Esquire, Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, for the allowance of my Certificate, in pursuance of the provisions of an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council of New South Wales, passed in the 7th year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, No. 19, intituled "*An Act to amend an Act, intituled 'An Act for giving relief to Insolvent persons, and providing for the Administration of Insolvent Estates, and to abolish Imprisonment for Debt.'*"—Dated at Sydney, this 30th day of January, 1844.

4871

JOSEPH WALFORD.

In the Insolvent Estate of Daniel Egan, of Sydney.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

(By order of the Chief Commissioner.)

**T**AKE notice that I, Daniel Egan, intend, on Thursday, the 15th day of February next, (instead of the 8th day of February next, as advertised in the *Government Gazette*, of the 9th day of January instant,) to apply to William Henry Kerr, Esq., Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, for the allowance of my Certificate, in pursuance of the provisions of an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council of New South Wales, passed in the 7th year of the reign of Her present Majesty, No. 19, intituled "*An Act to amend an Act, intituled 'An Act for giving relief to Insolvent persons, and providing for the Administration of Insolvent Estates, and to abolish Imprisonment for Debt.'*"—Dated at Sydney, this 30th day of January, A.D., 1844.

4882

DANIEL EGAN.

In the Insolvent Estate of James Wright, of Lanyon, Queanbeyan, settler.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

**T**AKE notice that I, James Wright, intend, on Thursday, the 7th day of March next, to apply to William Henry Kerr, Esq., Chief Commissioner

of Insolvent Estates, that a Certificate, under an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council, passed in the 7th year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled, "*An Act to amend an Act, intituled 'An Act for giving relief to Insolvent persons, and providing for the administration of Insolvent Estates, and to abolish Imprisonment for Debt,'*" may be granted to me.—Dated this 27th day of January, A. D., 1844.

201

JAMES WRIGHT.

In the Insolvent Estate of Mark Last, timber merchant.

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

**T**AKE notice that I, Mark Last, intend, on Thursday, the 14th day of March next, to apply to William Henry Kerr, Esq., Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, for the allowance of my Certificate, in pursuance of the provisions of an Act passed by the Legislative Council of New South Wales, in the 7th year of the reign of Her present Majesty, No. 19, intituled "*An Act to amend an Act, intituled 'An Act for giving relief to Insolvent persons, and providing for the Administration of Insolvent Estates, and to abolish Imprisonment for Debt,'*"—Dated at Sydney, this 25th day of January, 1844.

211

MARK LAST.

In the Insolvent Estate of William Drake, William Wreford, and Edward Drake, trading under the Style or Firm of "William Drake and Co.," of Sydney, merchants.

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

**T**AKE notice that I, William Drake, one of the above-named Insolvents, intend, on Thursday, the 29th day of February next, at 12 o'clock at noon, to apply to William Henry Kerr, Esq., Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, for the allowance of my Certificate, in pursuance of the provisions of an Act of the Governor and Council of New South Wales, passed in the 7th year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, No. 19.—Dated at Sydney, this 20th day of January, A. D., 1844.

216

W. DRAKE.

In the Insolvent Estate of Joseph Roberts, of Concord, and in the Insolvency of Joseph Roberts, of the firm of Roberts, Cave, & Co.

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that I, Joseph Roberts, intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, on Thursday, the 7th day of March next, that a Certificate be granted to me, under an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council of New South Wales, passed in the 7th year of the reign of Her present Majesty, No. 19, intituled "*An Act to amend an Act, intituled 'An Act for giving relief to Insolvent persons, and providing for the Administration of Insolvent Estates, and to abolish Imprisonment for Debt,'*"—Dated this 27th day of January, 1844.

195

JOSEPH ROBERTS.

In the Insolvent Estate of James Addison, of Port Phillip.

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

**T**AKE notice that on Saturday, the 24th day of February next, I, the above-named Insolvent, intend to apply to the Honorable the Supreme Court, for the District of Port Phillip, for the allowance of my Certificate, in pursuance of the provisions of the Act of the Governor and Council of New South Wales, passed in the fifth year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, No. 17.—Melbourne, 8th January, 1844.

196

JAMES ADDISON.

In the Insolvent Estate of William Dawson, of Port Phillip.

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

**T**AKE notice, that on Friday, the 22nd day of March next, or as soon after as the Court may sit, I, the above-named Insolvent, intend to apply to the Honorable the Supreme Court, for the District of Port Phillip, for the allowance of my Certificate, in pursuance of the provisions of an Act of the Governor and Council of New South Wales, passed in the fifth year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, No. 17.—Melbourne, 19th January, 1844.

190

WILLIAM DAWSON.

In the Insolvent Estate of John Simson, of Sydney, commission agent.

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that I, John Simson, intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, on Thursday, the 14th day of March next, that a Certificate be granted to me, under an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council of New South Wales, passed in the 7th year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, No. 19, intituled "*An Act to amend an Act, intituled 'An Act for giving relief to Insolvent persons, and providing for the Administration of Insolvent Estates, and to abolish Imprisonment for Debt,'*"—Dated this 27th day of January, A. D., 1844.

198

JOHN SIMSON.

In the Insolvent Estate of John Gillies, of Sydney, master-mariner.

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

**T**AKE notice that I, the above-named Insolvent, intend, on Thursday, the 29th day of February next, at 12 o'clock at noon, to apply to William Henry Kerr, Esq., Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, for the allowance of my Certificate, in pursuance of the provisions of an Act of the Governor and Council of New South Wales, passed in the 7th year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, No. 19.—Dated at Sydney, this 20th day of January, A. D., 1844.

217

JOHN GILLIES.

In the Insolvent Estate of Francis Kelk, of Pitt-street, Sydney, boot and shoemaker.

#### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that I, the above named Insolvent, intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, on Thursday, the

14th day of March next, that a Certificate be granted to me, under an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council of New South Wales, passed in the 7th year of the reign of Her present Majesty, No. 19, intituled "*An Act to amend an Act, intituled 'An Act for giving relief to Insolvent persons, and providing for the Administration of Insolvent Estates, and to abolish Imprisonment for Debt.'*"—Dated this 24th day of January, A.D., 1844.

FRANCIS KELK.

214

**U**NDER the provisions of an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council of New South Wales, 7th Victoria, No. 4, intituled "*An Act to prevent the Waste of the property of Debtors under process of Law,*" I, Ralph Nixon, of St. Mary's, South Creek, in the Colony of New South Wales, yeoman, do hereby call a General Meeting of my Creditors, on Thursday, the 8th day of February next, at Eleven o'clock in the Forenoon, at Mrs. Walker's, the Red Cow Inn, Parramatta, in order to lay before them a statement of my Assets and Liabilities, duly verified, on oath, before a Commissioner of the Supreme Court, and to solicit their votes to obtain a Letter of License, under the provisions of the said Act.—Dated this 27th day of January, 1844.

RALPH NIXON.

189

In the Insolvent Estate of Edward Barnett, of Port Phillip, settler.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a second plan of distribution of available assets in the above Estate, lies at the Office of the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, at the Supreme Court House, Melbourne, for the inspection of the Creditors thereof; and that any Creditor, or other person interested therein, objecting to the confirmation thereof, must lodge a Caveat, stating the grounds of such objection, at the said Office of the Chief Commissioner, within one month from the date thereof.—Dated this 17th day of January, 1844.

A. M'LACHLAN,  
A. CUNNINGHAME,

Trustees.

191

In the Insolvent Estate of Charles Williams, of Melbourne, auctioneer.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the plan of distribution of available assets in the above Estate, lies at the Office of the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, at the Supreme Court House, Melbourne, for the inspection of the Creditors thereof; and that any Creditor, or other person interested therein, objecting to the confirmation thereof, must lodge a Caveat, stating the grounds of such objection, at the said Office of the Chief Commissioner, within one month from the date thereof.—Dated this 16th day of January, 1844.

ALFRED LANGHORNE,

Trustee.

192

In the Insolvent Estate of Frederick William Dallimore, of Port Phillip, settler.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the plan of distribution of available assets in the above Estate, lies at the Office of the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, at the Supreme Court House, Mel-

bourne, for the inspection of the Creditors thereof; and that any Creditor, or other person interested therein, objecting to the confirmation thereof, must lodge a Caveat, stating the grounds of such objection, at the said Office of the Chief Commissioner, within one month from the date thereof.—Dated this 20th day of January, 1844.

A. M'LACHLAN,

Trustee.

193

In the Insolvent Estate of John Henderson, of Melbourne, merchant.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the plan of distribution of available assets in the above Estate, lies at the Office of the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, at the Supreme Court House, Melbourne, for the inspection of the Creditors thereof; and that any Creditor, or other person interested therein, objecting to the confirmation thereof, must lodge a Caveat, stating the grounds of such objection, at the said Office of the Chief Commissioner, within one month from the date thereof.—Dated this 19th day of January, 1844.

A. M'LACHLAN,

Trustee.

194

## TWENTY-FOUR BALES OF WOOL.

In the Insolvent Estate of R. C. Gordon.

By order of the Trustees.

**M**R. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by Auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, on Thursday, the 1st of February, 1844:—

Twenty-four bales of superior wool.

Terms at time of sale.

206

## FOURTEEN BALES WOOL.

In the Insolvent Estate of J. T. Hughes.

By order of the Trustees.

**M**R. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by Auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, on Thursday next, the 1st February, at 11 o'clock precisely,

14 Bales Wool.

Terms at sale.

WM. DAWES,

T. W. SMART,

JNO. WALKER.

} Trustees.

210

In the Insolvent Estate of Samuel Deans.

By order of the Trustees.

**M**R. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by Auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, on Thursday next, the 1st February, at eleven o'clock—

The Household Furniture, &c., of the above-named Insolvent, consisting of

Sideboard, dining, loo, and card tables, sofa, cheffonier, book case, secretary, chairs, cut glass, plated and silver ware, large chimney glass, gilt chandelier, &c., &c.

ALSO,

One superior cottage piano, by J. H. R. Mott.  
One gold watch, gold neck chain, and gold ring.

FURTHER,  
One allotment of Land at Burwood, near Mr. Edward Barton's, Governor Gipp's Arms.

JOSEPH M'KENNA,  
SAMUEL LYONS,

207 Trustees.

SHEEP, CATTLE, AND HORSES BY AUCTION, AT THE VILLAGE OF PICTON, NEAR STONE-QUARRY.

In the Insolvent Estate of Thomas Inglis, of Creigend.

By order of the Trustees.

**W.** H. CHAPMAN, City Auctioneer, has been favoured with instructions from the Trustees to sell, on Saturday, the 3rd February, at 11 o'clock, at the Village of Picton,

All the live stock, farming implements, &c., of the above Estate, called Creigend, consisting of 1600 sheep, exclusive of lambs, running at Barrogorang, with hurdles, &c.

Fifty head of Cattle, including

Choice milch cows

Working bullocks

Horses and ponies

Pigs and Poultry

Carts, drays, ploughs, harness, &c.

Phæton and harness

Saddles and bridles

Growing crops of maize, &c.

Terms at sale.

197

FIVE HUNDRED HEAD OF CHOICE CATTLE, MORE OR LESS.

In the Insolvent Estate of W. Mason.

By order of the Trustee.

**W.** H. CHAPMAN, City Auctioneer, has received instructions to sell, without reserve, on Thursday next, the 1st February, at his City Sale Rooms, George-street, at 12 o'clock,

About 500 head of (a mixed herd) cattle, now running at the Barwina River, with right of Stations, (capable of grazing 1200 head) buildings, drays, working bullocks, &c.

209 Terms at sale.

In the Insolvent Estate of Christopher Lawson, mariner.

By order of the Provisional Trustee.

**A.** CAMPBELL will sell by Auction, on Wednesday, the 31st instant, at his Rooms, 428, George-street, adjoining T. & M. Woolley's, the Insolvent's 32-64 parts or shares in the cutter "Mary Ann," as she now lies at the Albion Wharf.—Sydney, 29th January, 1844.

Terms—Cash.

215 CHRISTOPHER LAWSON.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES OF GOODS,  
PER "BUCEPHALUS," CAPTAIN  
SMALL, FROM LONDON.

**T**HE Consignees of the undermentioned Goods, shipped by Theodore Gumbrecht, of London, are hereby requested to pass their entries at the Custom House within three days from this date, or they will be stored at the risk and expense of

the shippers, and afterwards sold by public auction to pay freight and other charges thereon, viz:—

3913 bars Iron, no mark

60 bundles Iron, no mark

10 bundles Steel, I-H

5 bundles Steel, TF

165 Cart Boxes, no mark

200 bundles Nail Rods, no mark

50 kegs Nails, G in diamond

400 bundle Iron, no mark

19 rolls Lead, TG

16 kegs Shot, TG

4 tierces Lead, TG

60 boxes Tin, TG

Custom House, Sydney, January 29. 213

In the Supreme Court.

Sheriff's Office, Sydney, 25th January, 1844.

Clark v. Turner.

**O**N Wednesday, the 28th day of February next, at noon, at the London Tavern, Sydney, the Sheriff will cause to be sold by Public Auction, under and by virtue of the authority to him given by an Act of Council, 5th Victoria, No. 9, all the right, title, interest, and estate, of the above Defendant, in and to the Equity of Redemption of

All that piece or parcel of Land, situate in West Maitland, known as a Veteran's Grant, containing about 40 acres, cleared, and in a high state of cultivation, on which is erected a Brick Cottage, Barn, &c.—Unless this Execution is previously satisfied.

CORNELIUS PROUT,

199

Under Sheriff.

**I**MPOUNDED at Pitt Town Pound, on the 12th of January, 1844, from the Estate of Richard Rouse Esq., Vinegar Hill, for trespass:—

One bright brown bull stag, four white feet, a piece cut out of the off ear, a slit in the near ear, piece off the horns, branded like DO on the off rump, brand or mark on the near rump not legible.

One yellow and white hoop-horned bullock, white under the flank, white tail, branded A on the near thigh, two scars on the same side, they both appear to be working bullocks.

One yellow-sided bullock, white streak down the back, the two hind legs white, white under the belly, white spots about the head and neck, cock horns, no brand legible.

One red cow, large horns, blind of one eye on the milking side, branded EB on the off side, RN on the near rump, RN on the near thigh, AC on the near shoulder.

If not claimed and released on or before the 11th of February, 1844, they will be sold agreeable to Act of Council.

WILLIAM CHAPMAN, Poundkeeper.

99

12s.

**I**MPOUNDED at the West Maitland Pound, on the 9th January, 1844, by John Wallfield, for trespass:—

One strawberry cow, ears red, branded J or L on near rump, HL on off rump, MB on ribs same side; damages 6d.

JF

4

Also on the 10th January, by Edward Turner:—

One bay poney, black points, short square tail, star in forehead, a mark across the nose, four years old, branded GJ on off shoulder, PR on ribs same side, with a mark resembling a brand over; damages 5s.

If not claimed and released within 24 days from this date, the above will be sold at the Pound, according to Act of Council.

JOHN LEDSAM, Poundkeeper.

109 West Maitland, 15th January, 1844. 19s. 9d.

**IMPOUNDED** at Merton, by Mr. G. Blaxland, from Wollen Hills:—

One brindled cow, white back, branded apparently HH off ribs, illegible brand off rump, 4 off shoulder. H  
One red heifer, J<sup>7</sup> off rump.  
One brindled cow, branded WX off rump, 3 off ribs, TA near rump, S near shoulder.  
One brindled and white bull calf, branded TH off rump.  
One red and white heifer, branded WN off rump.  
One brown and white steer, WN off rump, 1 off ribs. 3

One red steer, branded WN off rump, 3 off ribs.

One black cow, short horns, branded ISH near rump.

One brindled working bullock, white legs and thighs, star on forehead, large hoop horns, branded IBY near rump and shoulder, S near ribs; damages 6d. per head.

If the above cattle are not released before the 6th February, 1844, they will be sold to defray expenses.

151 H. STENT, Poundkeeper. 11s. 9d.

**IMPOUNDED** at Braidwood, 13th January, 1844, by Mr. Ryrie, for trespass:

One bay entire colt, 2 years old, black points, branded JL near shoulder; damages £5.

Also, on the 15th January,

One brindle bullock, branded like <sup>TE</sup> off thigh, very indistinct.

One brindle cow, branded MD near ribs, (T) off rump.

One brindle-sided poley cow, swallow-tailed in off ear, H off rump.

If not claimed and released within 21 days from this date, the above will be sold at the Pound, according to Act of Council.

R. B. TURNER, Poundkeeper.

150 10s. 6d.

**IMPOUNDED** at Parramatta, by the Police, on the 9th of January, 1844:—

One brindle cow, branded IR on off hip, has a red heifer calf by her side.

Also, on the 12th, by William Reynolds:—

One red and white ox, branded A on the off hip, A on ribs, ear marked.

Also, on the 15th, by William Christy, from the Dog Trap Farm:—

One yellow cow, branded WA off hip, R thigh.

One yellow heifer calf, branded WA off hip.

One yellow and white cow, branded RH off ribs, MS near hip.

One red heifer calf, branded WA on both hips.

One red cow, white on the back and tail, branded BK off hip, S near shoulder, KING on ribs.

One red male calf, white back and belly, branded WA off thigh.

If not claimed, they will be sold on Monday, the 12th of February, 1844.

JOHN WALKER, Poundkeeper.

119 21s. 3d.

**IMPOUNDED** at Petersham, on the 19th instant:—

One light chesnut horse, light mane and tail, branded KX under mane off side, hip out, long tail.

Also, on 20th January:—

One black poney, docked tail, star on forehead, unbranded.

One bay horse, star on forehead, snip on nose, black points, mane, tail, and hind feet white, saddle marks, docked tail, crown brand on off shoulder, 456 on near shoulder.

One chesnut horse, small star on forehead, snip on nose, dark mane and tail, near hind foot white, saddle marks, short tail, brown brand on off shoulder.

Also, on the 22nd:—

One red cow, white back, strawberry face, horns rather cocked, apparently a milker, branded O on milking hip, 9 on near shoulder, J on near hip. 10

JA

If the above cattle are not released in 21 days from the date hereof, they will be sold as the Act directs.

THOMAS SHAW, Poundkeeper.

166 12s. 3d.

**IMPOUNDED** at Murrumbidgee, on the 15th instant, from the A. A. Company's run, Warrah:—

One red cow, spotted belly, branded LQ near ribs, near ear slit.

One brindled and white-spotted bullock, branded IE off rump, E off shoulder, W S near rump.

One yellow bullock, G off thigh, O off ribs.

H

One yellow and white bullock, branded JB off thigh, JB off ribs. 6

One brown poley cow, white belly, star in forehead, top off near ear, F off rump, with a female calf by her side.

One black and white cow, branded PD near rump, with a bull calf by her side.

One brown bullock, white belly, triangle brand near ribs, D9 near rump, the D within a diamond.

One red steer, white belly, branded QH near rump, top off near ear.

One red bullock, spotted belly, branded IE off rump, E off thigh and shoulder.

One red and white or strawberry heifer, branded ES near rump.

One red cow, branded W with anchor under near shoulder, 23 near rump, O near thigh.

One brown bullock, branded T off ribs, WB near rump. C

1 brown mare, long switch tail, branded LG or 40 near shoulder, N underneath, M under the mane near side, D-L or G-L conjoined off shoulder.

If the above described cattle are not released, they will be sold on Monday, the 19th February, to defray expenses.

A. S. F. MACKINOSH, Poundkeeper.

164 15s.

**IMPOUNDED** at Bungendore, from the Estate of J. Atkinson, Esq., by Frederick Gardiner, Esq., on the 18th January, 1844, 'or trespass; damages 6d. per head:—

One brindle bullock, white on rump and tail, piece cut out of off ear, branded JL off rump.

TES

One white heifer, red ears, hole in near ear, slit in off ear, branded apparently CT and an eligible brand under on milking side ribs.

One red bullock, snail horns, branded JB off rump.

One red and white bullock, branded HJ near rump, JL off rump, an illegible brand off thigh. TES

One magpie bullock, apparently a worker, top off ears, brown star in forehead, cocked horns, illegible brand on both rumps.

One red steer, white on back, belly, and tail, branded apparently By near rump, apparently Es off rump.

One red bullock, branded SN off rump.

One yellow bullock, white on rump and tail, slit in near ear, top off near ear, branded CPC ribs, 2 thigh near side.

One brindle poley cow, white on back, belly, and tail, branded 2 thigh, 2 ribs off side, illegible brand on both rumps.

One red poley bullock, branded IM rump, IM thigh off side.

One yellow steer, white on back, belly, and tail, grey face, branded S shoulder and ribs near side.

One red and white poley steer, unbranded.

One red heifer, branded IB rump, E thigh off side.

One red and white steer, branded WN rump, 2 ribs off side.

If not claimed and released within 21 days from this date, the above will be sold at the Pound, according to Act of Council.

183 JOHN DWYER, Poundkeeper. 15s. 6d.

**IMPOUNDED** at Queanbeyan, from Henry Well's, Esq., on 25th December, 1843:—

One dark brown filly, long switch tail, about 2 years old, branded apparently T on off shoulder, about 12 hands high.

If not released on or before the 3rd of February, 1844, will be sold according to Act of Council.

Also, on the 17th January, 1844, by the Chief Constable.

One dark brown mare, short switch tail, about 13 hands high, branded YH under mane, and H on shoulder, both near side.

If not claimed and released on or before the 17th day of February, 1844, she will be sold according to Act of Council.

161 JOHN JAMES WRIGHT, Poundkeeper. 10s. 6d.



222  
**IMPOUNDED at Carcoar, 13th January, 1844, from the**  
Estate of William Lawson, Esq. jun., at Flyeis Creek:—

One red-sided bullock, white face, piece cut out of both ears, branded H11 near ribs, like V near rump, HC off rump and ribs.

One blue bullock, branded (C) off rump and ribs.

One red cow, branded BP off rump.

BP

One strawberry heifer, unbranded.

One light red cow, branded WH conjoined off rump.

CC

One steer calf, unbranded.

If the above cattle are not claimed and released on or before the 8th day of February next, they will be sold.

JAMES KERR, Poundkeeper.

120

10s. 9d.

**IMPOUNDED at Cassilis, on the 22nd day of January, 1844:—**

One chesnut mare, small star on forehead, branded BB off shoulder, with a bay horse foal by her side; damages £1.

If not claimed on or before the 9th day of February, they will be sold, according to Act of Council.

THOMAS BARNARD, Poundkeeper.

118

9s.

**IMPOUNDED at Liverpool, on the 9th day of January, 1844:—**

One light-bay horse, dark mane and tail, not docked, white star in forehead, near hind leg white under the fetlocks, little white near the hoofs of both fore legs, white spot on the off ribs, about 3 years old, branded CD or GD on the back near side.

If not released on or before the 10th day of February, the same will be sold according to Act of Council.

S. PEARCE, Poundkeeper.

116

9s. 6d.

**IMPOUNDED at Appin, on the 11th instant, for damages:—**

One aged bay entire horse, star in forehead, long tail, a few saddle marks, with black points, stands about 14½ hands high, branded 1 on the shoulder near side; damages £5.

If the above described horse is not released before the 5th day of February next, he will be sold at the Pound, according to Act of Council.

THOMAS SMITH, Poundkeeper.

106

9s. 6d.

**IMPOUNDED at Murrurundi, on the 8th January, 1844, from Bloomfield:—**

One brown cow, cock horned, top off near ear, notch out of off ear, an illegible brand, on near rump, GS or CS off shoulder, a female calf by her side.

Also on the 10th from Harben Vale.

One red and white heifer, branded LM off rump.

One yellow cow, same brand.

One red and white heifer, same brand.

One strawberry bullock, notch out of off ear, branded SS off rump, ∞ off thigh, 38 off shoulder.

Also on the 12th.

One yellow and white bull stag, branded JS off rump, 36 off thigh, 2 near rump.

One brown and white bull stag, a brand resembling M off rump, 210 off thigh, 2 near rump.

One strawberry bull, branded CH near rump, ∞ conjoined under.

One yellow-sided cow, branded CD near rump, a blotched conjoined brand on the off rump, CS off thigh, with a calf by her side.

CS

One brindle and white steer, branded IC off rump and ribs, two indistinct letters on the off thigh, near ear slit.

If the above cattle are not released, they will be sold on Monday, the 12th February, according to Act of Council.

A. S. F. MACKINTOSH, Poundkeeper.

107

13s. 6d.

**IMPOUNDED at Goulburn, 20th January, 1844:—**  
One red and white spotted ox, branded RC off rump.

Q

One bay entire horse, about 14½ hands high, branded MD on near shoulder, q off shoulder, aged.

One dark brown horse, about 14½ hands high, branded JOS off neck, S off shoulder.

One light bay mare, lame off fore foot, branded W off side under saddle, 2 off side neck, about 6 years old, and 15 hands high.

One red-sided ox, strawberry head, back, and belly, branded —B off ribs, C or GD near rump.

One red-sided ox, strawberry head, back, and belly, ears marked, branded 8 off rump, FE near ribs.

One black-sided ox, white back and belly, FE near ribs, 3S near rump, 3 near hip.

One red-sided cow, ears marked, branded WxJ near ribs and rump, JxJ off rump.

One yellow cow, near ear marked, branded IPC near rump, ∞ off shoulder, with a red poley heifer calf by her side, unbranded.

One brindle-sided cow, branded WE off rump.

If not claimed and released before the 17th February, at noon, the above will be sold at the Pound, according to Act of Council.

J. MARSDEN, Poundkeeper.

163

13s. 6d.

**IMPOUNDED at Queanbeyan, on the 14th January, 1844, from the Estate of J. F. Murray, Esquire:—**

One light-chesnut horse, about 15 hands high, short docked tail, slight saddle marks, branded EB on shoulder.

One bright-bay yearling filly, small star in face, long switch tail, dark-brown coronets.

One bright-bay two year old filly, blaze in face, branded JW near shoulder, off hind foot white, long switch tail.

If the above described horse and fillies are not released on or before the 14th day of February next, they will be sold, pursuant to Act of Council.

J. J. WRIGHT, Poundkeeper.

141

10s.

**IMPOUNDED at Wollongong, on the 10th January, 1844, from Mount Keera Estate:—**

One white heifer, red neck, branded apparently RH on milking side rump.

One brown steer, branded apparently WH on rump off side, each about 12 months old.

If not claimed and released on or before Saturday, the 10th of February, they will be sold to defray expenses, agreeable to Act of Council.

M. O'DONNELL, Poundkeeper.

157

9s. 6d.

**IMPOUNDED at Carcoar, on the 6th day of January, 1844:—**

One black heifer, branded TM off rump.

One brown bullock, branded WW off rump.

∞

One red bullock, branded ∞ off rump, 3 off shoulder.

One yellow bullock, wide horns, branded WxH near rump, O off rump.

L

One yellow poley cow, branded C off rump, diamond brand off ribs, P off shoulder.

One red bullock, branded WH near rump, fW off rump.

One brindle poley bullock, branded DH off rump.

One brindle steer, near ear split, branded JW near rump.

J

One snail-horned steer, branded JW near rump.

J

One black bull, branded IC near rump, RA off rump.

One black and white steer, branded JM off rump.

One red cow, branded TI off shoulder, CB near ribs, with a strawberry steer calf, unbranded.

One brindle heifer, branded H near ribs, H near rump.

If the above described cattle are not claimed and released on or before the 27th day of January, 1844, they will be sold at the Public Pound, to defray expenses, agreeably to Act of Council.

JAMES KERR, Poundkeeper.

121

14s.

SYDNEY:—WILLIAM JOHN ROW, Government Printer,  
Bent-street.—January 30, 1844.