

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE

VICTORIA

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

OF FRIDAY, APRIL 26, 1901.

Published by Authority.

No. 51.]

TUESDAY, APRIL 30.

[1901.

PUBLIC AND BANK HOLIDAYS.

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the Honorable Sir John Madden, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Lieutenant-Governor of the State of Victoria and its Dependencies, in the Commonwealth of Australia.

IN pursuance of the provisions contained in Part VI. of the Public Service Act 1890 (54 Vict. No. 1133), in Part III. of the Banks and Currency Act 1890 (54 Vict. No. 1164), and in the Public and Bank Holidays Act 1897 (61 Vict. No. 1534), I, the Lieutenant-Governor of the State of Victoria, in the Commonwealth of Australia, with the advice of the Executive Council of the said State, do by this my Proclamation appoint the days and dates hereunder mentioned to be observed as Public Holidays or Bank Holidays (as the case may be) at the places respectively mentioned, viz.:—

WEDNESDAY, THE 1ST DAY OF MAY NEXT, as a Public Holiday throughout the Shires of Glenelg, Merriang, and Yea;

Tuesday, the 7th, and Wednesday, the 8th days of May next, as Public Holidays throughout the Shire of Morwell;

WEDNESDAY, THE STH DAY OF MAY NEXT, as a Public Holiday throughout the Shires of Avoca and Yarrawonga; and as a Bank Half-Holiday, from the hour of Twelve o'clock noon, at Kerang;

WEDNESDAY, THE STH, AND SATURDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF MAY NEXT, as Public Holidays throughout the Shire of Travalgon;

MONDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF MAY NEXT, as a Public Half-Holiday, from the hour of Twelve o'clock noon, throughout the Shire of Bacchus Marsh, and as a Bank Holiday at Beaufort;

THURSDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF MAY NEXT, as a Public Holiday throughout the Shire of Whittlesea;

WEINESDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF MAY INSTANT, as a Bank Half-Holiday, from the hour of Twelve o'clock noon, at Elmore.

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the State of Victoria, at Melbourne, this thirtieth day of April, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and one, and in the first year of His Majesty's reign.

(L.S.

JOHN MADDEN.

By His Excellency's Command,

W. A. TRENWITH,
Chief Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING!

No. 51.-APRIL 30, 1901.-1.

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE CONFECTIONERS BOARD.

TN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Special Board appointed to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of a Manufacturing Confectioner has made the following determination, namely :-

(1) That the lowest rates of wages to be paid to the following classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of a Manufacturing Confectioner shall be

Journeymen Confectioners, meaning male adults handling or dealing with confectionery in any process of manufacture from the raw sugar or glucose to the finished article—£2 10s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Storeman, meaning man in charge of store—£2 5s. for a maximum number of 48 hours

Storeman's Assistants over 21 years of age-£1 16s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Storeman's Assistants under 21 years of age (other than apprentices or improvers)-£1 ls. per week.

for a maximum number of 48 hours per week. Labourers, meaning persons who are not engaged in actually making confectionery-£2 for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS

Female Hand or Fork Dippers over 21 years of age—best work—17s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Hand or Fork Dippers under 21 years of age, but not under 18 years of age (other than

apprentices or improvers)—best work—14s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Hand or Fork Dippers under 18 years of age (other than apprentices or improvers)—best work—10s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Description of the description of 48 hours per week.

Bulk Dippers, or Novelty Dippers, or Common Cream Dippers, or persons filling or turning out Chocolate goods moulded in metal—10s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

GENERAL WORK.

Females over 21 years of age employed at General Work-16s. for a maximum number of

Persons under 21 years of age, but not under 18 years of age (other than apprentices or 48 hours per week. improvers) employed at General Work-13s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Persons under 18 years of age (other than apprentices or improvers) employed at General Work-9s, for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

DEFINITION.

(2) That wherever occurring in this Determination the expression "General Work" shall include "Wrapping; or packing stock boxes or tins or bottles; or labelling; or picking nuts or fruit or confections; or grinding nuts; or stirring gum or syrup; or spreading peel or confections; or smoothing starch trays; or emptying trays; or sieving; or cutting fruit or ginger; or cleaning; or washing tins or bottles; or stamping lozenges; or plain piping or dotting or glazing novelties."

APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS.

(3) That the number of apprentices or improvers who may be employed within any factory or work-room or shop or place in which the process, trade, or business of a Manufacturing Confectioner is carried on, shall be one apprentice or improver to every three journeymen confectioners or fraction thereof

APPRENTICES.

(4) That the lowest prices or rates of payment payable to apprentices employed in the process, trade, or business of a Manufacturing Confectioner shall be the following:-

For the 1st year's experience 7s. 6d. per week of 48 hours. 10s. 2nd ,, " 12s. 6d. 3rd,, " 17s. 6d. 4th ,, ,, 25s. 5th

And thereafter the minimum wage.

IMPROVERS.

(5) That the lowest prices or rates of payment payable to improvers employed in the process, trade, or business of a Manufacturing Confectioner shall be the following:-

For the 1st years's experience 10s. per week of 48 hours. 12s. 6d. 2nd"

17s. 6d. 3rd22s. 6d. 4th 5th

And thereafter the minimum wage.

OVERTIME.

(6) That any male employé over the age of 16 years engaged in the process, trade, or business of a Manufacturing Confectioner who works for any time in excess of 48 hours per week shall be paid for such extra time at the rate of time and a quarter.

(7) That the above Determination shall come into force from the 27th May, 1901.

E. S. HUGHES,

Chairman.

26th April, 1901.

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE JEWELLERS BOARD.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Special Board appointed to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of a jeweller, has made the following determination, namely:—

(1) That the lowest rates of wages to be paid to the following classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of a jeweller, shall be—

Jewellers, meaning persons empl	loyed as n	nounters,	setters, cl	ain-			
makers, jobbers, ringmakers,	polishers	, lappers,	melters,	and			
refiners, stampers, silversmiths	, and gild	lers	•••	•••	50s. pe	r week o	f 48 hours
Persons chasing and engraving		•••	•••		60s.	,,	",
Persons chasing only	•••	•••			50s.	"	. "
Persons over 21 years of age not	specified	above en	gaged in	the			
manufacture of jewellery					36s.	11	**

MALE APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS.

NUMBER.

(2) That the number of male apprentices or improvers who may be employed within any factory or work-room or shop or place shall be one apprentice or improver to every three persons, or fraction of three persons, employed in the process, trade, or business of jewellery, and receiving not less than 50s. per week of 48 hours

WAGES.

(3) That the lowest prices or rates of payment payable to male apprentices or improvers employed in the process, trade, or business of a jeweller shall be the following:—

1st ye	ar's experience	•••	•••	5s. per v	veek of	48 hours
2nd	,,	,		7s. 6d.	,,	"
3rd	27	• • • •	•••	10s.	**	"
4th	"	•••		15s.	"	"
5th	"	•••	•••	20s.	"	22
6th	"	•••	•••	30s.	" .	"
$7 \mathrm{th}$	"	•••	•••	40s.	"	"

and thereafter the minimum wage determined by the Board.

FEMALES.

(4) That the lowest rates of wages to be paid to females employed in the process, trade, or business of a jeweller shall be 30s. per week of 48 hours.

FEMALE APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS.

Number.

(5) That the number of female apprentices or improvers who may be employed within any factory or work-room or shop or place shall be—One apprentice or improver to three females, or fraction of three females, and thence one apprentice to every three females employed in the process, trade, or business of jewellery, and receiving not less than 30s. per week of 48 hours.

WAGES.

(6) That the lowest prices or rates of payment payable to female apprentices or improvers employed

1st year	• • •		•••	5s. per w	eck of	48 ho
2nd "				7s. 6d.	,,	,,
3rd "	•••		•••	10s.	,,	,,
4th ,,		•••	•••	12s. 6d.	,,	"
őth "			•••	15s.	"	,,
6th "		•••		17s. 6d.	22	,,
744				90-		

and thereafter the minimum wage determined by the Board.

OVERTIME.

- (7) That any male employé over the age of sixteen years engaged in the process, trade, or business of a jeweller who works for any time in excess of the maximum number of hours fixed by the Board shall be paid for such extra time at the rate of time and a quarter.
 - (8) That the above determination shall come into force from and after the 1st June, 1901.

F. H. BOLTON,

Chairman.

Melbourne, 26th April, 1901.

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE TANNERS BOARD.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Special Board appointed to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of a tanner, currier, or leather-dresser other than a tanner of sheepskins, has made the following Determination, namely:—

(1) That the lowest rates of wages to be paid to the following classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of a tanner, currier, or leather-dresser other than a tanner of sheepskins shall be—

Slicker whiteners, or knife whiteners, or shavers, or persons in charge of band-splitting machines—48s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Fleshers-45s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Jiggers or grainers of bookbinding leathers or furniture leathers—43s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Rollers or strikers-41s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Scudders, or unhairers, or stoners, or punchers, or persons working at unhairing machines, or table hands, or persons not otherwise provided for finishing fancy leather—40s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Persons not otherwise provided for, working at any machines used for preparing fancy leather —36s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Labourers, meaning all persons not otherwise provided for employed in beam-sheds or other sheds, also persons employed at tan-pits or at drums or at vats or at hydraulic presses —34s. for a maximum number of 48 hours per week.

Strainers (other than apprentices or improvers) of 13 years of age, but not over 14 years of age —6s. per week of 48 hours.

Strainers (other than apprentices or improvers) of 14 years of age, but not over 15 years of age
—8s. 6d. per week of 48 hours.

Strainers (other than apprentices or improvers) of 15 years of age, but not over 16 years of age —12s. 6d. per week of 48 hours.

Strainers (other than apprentices or improvers) of 16 years of age, but not over 17 years of age —17s. 6d. per week of 48 hours.

APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS.

NUMBER.

(2) That the number of apprentices or improvers who may be employed within any factory or workroom or shop or place shall be one apprentice or improver to every three men, or fraction thereof, employed
in the process, trade, or business of a namer, currier, or leather-dresser other than a tanner of sheepskins.

WAGES.

(3) That the lowest prices or rates of payment payable to apprentices or improvers employed in the process, trade, or business of a tanner, currier, or leather-dresser other than a tanner of sheepskins shall be the following:—

For the	1st year's	experience	•••			week of	48 hours
,,	2nd	,,	•••	•••	10s.	**	>>
"	3rd	17	•••	•••	15s.	**	**
,,	4th	,,	• • •	***	20s.	**	**
"	5th	,,		•••	25s.	7.5	,,
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Cal.				30s.		••

OVERTIME.

- (4) That any male employé over the age of sixteen years who works in the process, trade, or business of a tanner, currier, or leather-dresser other than a tanner of sheepskins, for any time in excess of 48 hours per week, shall be paid for such extra time at the rate of time and a half.
 - (5) That the above Determination shall come into force from the 27th day of May, 1901.

C. LEONARD DOBBIN, P.M., Chairman.

25th April, 1901.

By Authority: ROBT. S. BRAIN, Government Printer, Melbourne.

With the same of t