



VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

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[1914.]

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE GAS METER BOARD.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Special Board appointed to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, business, or occupation of making or repairing gas meters has made the following Determination, namely:—

1. That the previous Determination of this Board is hereby amended, and such amendments shall come into force and be operative on and after the 2nd day of March, 1914.

WAGES.

2. That the lowest rates of wages to be paid to the following shall be:—

Foreman in charge of five or more men	80s. per week of 48 hours.
Meter makers or repairers	66s. " " "
Prepayment meter attachment maker	66s. " " "
Head tester (where four or more other testers are employed)	72s. " " "
Other testers	60s. " " "
Leading diaphragm tyer (where two or more other diaphragm tyers are employed)	72s. " " "
Other diaphragm tyers	60s. " " "
Rim makers or prepayment meter cash-box makers	62s. " " "
All others	54s. " " "

APPRENTICES AND IMPROVERS.

Definition (Act 2386, Section 5.)

“Apprentice” means any person under twenty-one years of age bound by indentures of apprenticeship, or any person over twenty-one years of age, who, with the sanction of the Minister, is bound by indentures of apprenticeship.

“Improver” means any person (other than an apprentice) who does not receive a piece-work price or a wages rate fixed by any Special Board for persons other than apprentices or improvers, and who is not over twenty-one years of age, or who, being over twenty-one years of age, holds a licence from the Minister to be paid as an improver.

3. That the wages and number of apprentices and improvers who may be employed within any place shall be :—

Experience.	Wages per week of 48 hours.		Number.
	Apprentices.	Improvers.	
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	
1st year ..	10 0	12 6	APPRENTICES. One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than 54s. per week of 48 hours.
2nd. ,, ..	15 0	17 6	
3rd ,, ..	22 6	25 0	
4th ,, ..	30 0	30 0	IMPROVERS. One improver to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than 54s. per week of 48 hours.
5th ,, ..	35 0	40 0	
6th ,, ..	40 0	..	

TIMES OF BEGINNING AND ENDING WORK.

4. That the times of beginning and ending work shall be :—

Time of beginning not earlier than—	Time of ending not later than—
7.30 a.m...	.. 12 noon on Saturdays, and
7.30 a.m...	.. 5.15 p.m. on the other working days of the week.

OVERTIME.

5. That the following rate shall be paid for all work done :—

- (a) Outside the hours fixed in clause (4)
 - (b) Within the hours fixed in clause (4) in excess of 48 hours in any week)
- } Time and a-half

SPECIAL RATES FOR SUNDAYS AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

6. That double time shall be the rate for all work done on—

Good Friday,
Christmas Day,

and that time and a half shall be the rate for all work done on—

Sunday,
New Year's Day,
Foundation Day (26th January),
Easter Monday,
Eight Hours' Day (21st April),
Boxing Day,

but if any other day be, by Act of Parliament or Proclamation, substituted for any of the above-named holidays, the special rate shall only be payable for work done on the day so substituted.

PIECE-WORK PRICES.

7. That the lowest piece-work prices payable to any person engaged in the following kinds of work shall be :—

MAKING TIN DEY ORDINARY METERS.

	Lights.					
	2.	3.	5.	10.	20.	30.
	per doz. £ s. d.	per doz. £ s. d.	per doz. £ s. d.	per doz. £ s. d.	per doz. £ s. d.	per doz. £ s. d.
<i>Ordinary Meters.</i>						
Making "Met" pattern meters, i.e., doing any work necessary to complete the meter, including the putting together of all parts; preparing gratings and covers (after leaving the mould); putting on pins and wires, forming long and diaphragm chambers, throat pieces, bridges, and back plates; folding edge; breaking edges of side pipes; making valve plates; oiling, sounding, and fixing up all leaks in diaphragms; setting and grinding valves; and tinning all parts .. .. .	..	4 19 0	5 11 6	6 13 3	..	..
Making "P. and C." pattern meters, i.e., doing any work necessary to complete the meter, including the putting together of all parts, and the making of valve plates; oiling, sounding, and fixing up leaks in diaphragms; setting and grinding valves; preparing gratings and covers (after leaving moulds); putting on pins and wires, and tinning all parts; but not including forming long and diaphragm chambers, throat pieces, bridges, and back plates; punching cock plates; folding edge of same; and breaking edges of side pipes	4 5 0	4 8 0	4 19 0	6 3 0	8 14 0	..

MAKING TIN DRY ORDINARY METERS—continued.

	Lights.					
	2.	3.	5.	10.	20.	30.
	per job of 20 £ s. d.	per job of 20 £ s. d.	per job of 20 £ s. d.	per job of 20 £ s. d.	per job of 10 £ s. d.	
<i>Ordinary Meters—continued.</i>						
Making "T.G." pattern meters, as follows:—						
(a) Making the case, i.e., soldering sides to bottom; soldering in partition; soldering in valve plate; soldering boss and stud into pipe; soldering on pipes; putting throat pieces in; putting on bottom studs; soldering side stuffing boxes on; putting on guides; soldering on diaphragms and discs; soldering metal tee to tin tee; sweating tin tee to rod wire and putting them in; sounding leathers; putting in motions; stuffing side boxes; oiling motions and tees; soldering on galleries and backs and fronts; putting on maker's badge	2 5 1	2 10 7	2 19 1	3 11 7	2 11 6	..
(b) Putting arms on crank; soldering in bridge; soldering center stuffing box into cock plate; soldering cock plate to bridge; stuff-center box; fitting up worm, back stop, and tangent; putting in index, spindle, and step; soldering on door and top arms; cleaning out and buffing gratings and covers; putting on valve nuts and soldering in back plates; topping meter, and putting on inlet badge and seal ring	1 0 3	1 1 2	1 3 5	1 11 5	1 3 7	..

MAKING TIN DRY PREPAYMENT METERS.

	Lights.	
	3	5
	per doz. £ s. d.	per doz. £ s. d.
Making "P and C" pattern, i.e., doing any work necessary to complete the meter, including the putting together of all parts, and the making of valve plates; oiling, sounding, and fixing up leaks in diaphragms; setting and grinding valves; preparing gratings and covers after leaving moulds; putting on pins and wires; tinning all parts; soldering prepayment valve seat on bridge; soldering in prepayment valve; soldering top on prepayment valve box; soldering prepayment valve box to meter; soldering stuffing box to prepayment valve box and stuffing same; soldering on lever; soldering on circular box, prepayment movement, and index; soldering on side cash box; soldering hasp to catch piece; soldering catch piece to meter; edging front of money box and attaching same to box; soldering on ring and tab to front of money box; soldering seal cup; soldering in bottom of money box; trying coins in circular box; soldering on direction badge; but not including the following, viz.:— Forming long and diaphragm chambers, throat pieces, bridges and back plates; punching cock plate and folding edge of same; and breaking edges of side pipes	5 11 0	6 8 0

	Mark 1, i.e., Meter with Shut-off Valve under Back Plate.	Mark 2, i.e., Meter with Shut-off Valve in Square Box at the Inlet End of Valve Plate.	Mark 3, i.e., Meter with Shut-off Valve on Tin Platform, and enclosed in Angle Box at the Inlet End of Valve Plate.
	per doz. meters. £ s. d.	per doz. meters. £ s. d.	per doz. meters. £ s. d.
Making "Met" pattern, as follows:—			
(a) Preparing gratings after leaving the mould; putting on pins and wires; forming long and diaphragm chambers, throat pieces, bridges, and back plates; punching cock plates and folding edge; and breaking edge of side pipes	5 11 6	5 13 7	5 17 8
(b) Putting in prepayment fittings, index, and spindle; and putting on index door, outside box, and wires	0 15 0	0 15 0	..
(c) Putting in prepayment fittings, index, and spindle; putting on index door, outside box, and wires; tinning outside box and handle attachment; and filing slot in bearing .. .. .	..	..	0 15 9

MAKING RIMS AND DISCS.

	Lights.							
	2.	3.	5.	10.	20.	30.	50.	60.
	per job of 400 rims and 200 discs. £ s. d.	per job of 620 rims. £ s. d.	per job of 680 rims. £ s. d.	per job of 460 rims. £ s. d.	per job of 240 rims. £ s. d.	per job of 240 rims. £ s. d.	per doz. discs. £ s. d.	per doz. discs. £ s. d.
Making rims and discs	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	..	..
Making rims .. .. .	..	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	3 6 0	..	..
Making discs .. .. .	..	..	..	..	per doz. discs. £ s. d. 0 2 9	per doz. discs. £ s. d. 0 4 1½	0 9 7½	0 9 7½

TESTING METERS.

	Lights.			
	2	3	5	10
	per doz. s. d.	per doz. s. d.	per doz. s. d.	per doz. s. d.
Testing meters, including sounding, soldering tangents, and pinning arms	4 4	4 4	4 4	4 4
Testing meters for measurement only	1 7½	1 7½	1 7½	1 7½

WIRING OR TYING DIAPHRAGMS.

	Lights.		
	2.	3.	5.
	per pair £ s. d.	per pair £ s. d.	per pair £ s. d.
Wiring or tying diaphragms	0 0 5½	0 0 5½	0 0 5½

MAKING METER CASH BOXES AND HANDLES.

Making prepayment meter cash boxes from cut-out material	5s. 4d. per hundred.
Making prepayment meter handles	9s. 6d. per dozen.

RENEWALS.

	Lights.								
	3.	5.	10.	20.	30.	50.	60.	80.	100.
	per doz. £ s. d.	per doz. £ s. d.	per doz. £ s. d.	per doz. £ s. d.	per doz. £ s. d.	per job of 6. £ s. d.	per job of 6. £ s. d.	per job of 3. £ s. d.	per job of 3. £ s. d.
<p><i>Ordinary Meters.</i> Renewing in the following manner ordinary condemned meters from which the top back plate, and back and front have been removed, viz.:— Dissecting and cleaning all parts fit to be re-used and making a new meter therewith by:— Forming diaphragms and long chambers, throat pieces, bridges, back plates; punching cock plate and folding edges; breaking edges of side pipes, any other necessary work</p>	6 8 6	6 14 0	11 15 4	13 12 7	17 6 10	13 9 3	14 8 1	9 15 3	9 15 3

NOTE:—

- (a) For 3 and 5 light meters all tin work to be supplied by the employer.
- (b) For 10, 20, and 30, light meters all tin work to be made by the worker excepting back, front, top, rims and discs
- (c) For 50 and higher light meters all tin work to be made by the worker except rims and discs.

REPAIRING METERS.

	Lights.									
	2.	3.	5.	10.	20.	30.	50.	60.	80.	100.
	each. s. d.	each. s. d.	each. s. d.	each. s. d.	each. s. d.	each. s. d.	each. s. d.	each. s. d.	each. s. d.	each. s. d.
Repairing "Met" pattern meters, i.e., doing such of the following work as may be necessary to restore the meter to good repair, viz.—Removing back and front; removing cock plate and back plate; cleaning meter; re-grinding valves; re-stuffing centre and side stuffing boxes; re-setting valves and top arms; inserting new diaphragms; removing index; putting in new valve arms, index glass, or new tin work ..	6 2½	6 2½	6 2½	7 5½	10 7½	12 4½	14 8½	16 6	18 7	18 7
Repairing tin dry ordinary meters in the following manner:—										
(a) Cleaning meter; inserting diaphragms; setting or re-grinding valves; re-stuffing boxes; removing and replacing cock plates and index ..	4 9	5 4½	5 11½	6 6½	8 10½	..	..	..	..	..
(b) Cleaning meter; cutting discs; oiling diaphragms; setting or re-grinding valves; re-stuffing boxes; removing cock plate and index; taking off and putting in back and front ..	4 0½	4 0½	4 0½	4 1½	6 1	..	..	..	..	..
Repairing prepayment slot meters, i.e., doing such of the following work as may be necessary to restore the meter to good repair, viz.—Cleaning meter; re-grinding valves; re-stuffing boxes; re-setting top arms and valves; removing top and back plates; taking off and replacing back and front, and inserting new diaphragms, new valve arms, and index glass; putting in a new cover to shut off valve; putting on staple and spring, and soldering wire along cash box ..	..	per job of ten. £ s. d. 3 16 5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

EXTRAS.

	2 Lights.	3 Lights.	5 Lights.	10 Lights.	20 Lights.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Putting on:—					
Frame and door ..	4 0 for ten	4 0 for ten	4 0 for ten	4 0 for ten	4 0 for ten
Motion wires ..	2 0 ..	2 0 ..	2 0 ..	2 0 ..	4 0 ..
Bottom and studs ..	8 0 ..	8 0 ..	8 0 ..	8 0 ..	10 0 ..
Bridge ..	6 0 ..	6 0 ..	6 0 ..	6 0 ..	8 0 ..
Rod arms ..	2 0 ..	2 0 ..	2 0 ..	2 0 ..	4 0 ..
New glass ..	1 0 ..	1 0 ..	1 0 ..	1 0 ..	1 0 ..
Valve arms ..	1 6 ..	1 6 ..	1 6 ..	1 6 ..	1 6 ..
Throat pieces ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	..
Side chambers ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	..
Valve box covers ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	..
New sides ..	13 6 ..	13 6 ..	13 6 ..	13 6 ..	..
Divisions ..	13 6 ..	13 6 ..	13 6 ..	13 6 ..	..
Half-valve plate ..	14 0 ..	15 0 ..	16 0 ..	17 0 ..	18 0 for ten
New door ..	1 0 ..	1 0 ..	1 0 ..	1 0 ..	1 0 ..
Tees ..	6 0 for ten pairs	6 0 for ten pairs	6 0 for ten pairs	6 0 for ten pairs	8 0 for ten pairs
Pipes ..	6 0 ..	6 0 ..	6 0 ..	6 0 ..	12 0 ..
Galleries ..	8 0 ..	8 0 ..	8 0 ..	8 0 ..	10 0 ..
Guides ..	2 0 for ten sets	2 0 for ten sets	2 0 for ten sets	2 0 for ten sets	2 0 for ten sets
Feet ..	2 0 ..	2 0 ..	2 0 ..	2 0 ..	6 0 ..
Taking off and putting on small square fronts ..	..	..	..	..	4 0 for ten
Making new front, back, and top ..	3 0 for ten	3 0 for ten	3 0 for ten	3 0 for ten	20 0 ..
Setting index to zero, taking back plate off, re-stuffing and cleaning valves ..	12 0 ..	14 0 ..	14 0 ..	15 0 ..	18 0 ..
Taking off and putting on back and front only ..	8 0 ..	9 0 ..	9 0 ..	10 0 ..	14 0 ..
Opening meter and condemning ..	3 0 ..	9 0 ..	9 0 ..	9 0 ..	12 0 ..
Piecing cases ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..	3 0 ..

GUILLOTINE OR HAND-PRESS WORK.

Cutting with guillotine, rolling, and forming with press :—	
Backs and fronts .. .. .	.. 1s. 6d per hundred.
Tops .. .. .	.. 1s. 3d. "
Cutting with guillotine and press, and forming :—	
Sides .. .. .	.. 10½d. "
Bottoms .. .. .	.. 1s. 2½d. "
Valve plates .. .. .	.. 1s. 2½d. "
Partitions .. .. .	.. 1s. 3d. "
Galleries .. .. .	.. 1s. 0½d. "
Cutting with guillotine, and pressing (double handed)—	
Top and bottom rims, 3 and 5 lights .. .. .	.. 1s. 1½d. "
Cutting with press, and forming :—	
Money boxes .. .. .	.. 1s. 2d. "
Cutting with guillotine and press :—	
Discs, 10 lights .. .. .	.. 9d. "

E. NOTLEY MOORE,

Chairman.

Melbourne, 29th January, 1914.

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE PLATE GLASS BOARD.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Special Board appointed to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, business, or occupation of glazing or bevelling plate glass, or of silvering plate or sheet glass, or of embossing plate, sheet, or stained glass, or of cutting plate or stained glass, or of glazing stained glass in lead, or glazing, or assisting in glazing any other kind of glass, or fixing lead lights, or glass signs, or putting made-up glass into the window frames, window sashes, doors, or door frames of buildings, or cutting sheet glass, or brilliant cutting, or packing plate, or sheet glass, has made the following Determination, namely :—

(1.) That previous Determinations of this Board are hereby amended, and such amendments shall come into force and be operative on and after the 14th March, 1914.

The Determination and amendments are printed hereunder.

(2.) That the lowest rates of wages to be paid to the following persons shall be—

Pencil Hand Embosser	52s. 6d. per week of 48 hours
Rubber-out Embosser	48s. " "
Stained-glass Cutter—Cutting glass to be glazed in lead	57s. " "
Men fixing lead lights, or glass signs, or putting made-up glass into the window frames, window sashes, doors, or door frames of buildings	50s. " "
Men turning out lead from the mill for lead light glaziers	42s. " "
Cementers	42s. " "
Plate Glass Cutter:—Cutting all kinds of cast plate glass or rolled plate glass, or figured roll plate glass of all kinds	52s. 6d. " "
Cutter of polished plate glass, for bevelling or silvering to sizes not over 25 feet super	52s. 6d. " "
Glazier—Glazing plate glass of every kind	55s. " "
Lead Light Glaziers	52s. 6d. " "
Glazier—Glazing all other kinds of glass	50s. " "
Men assisting in glazing all kinds of glass	48s. " "
Sheet-glass Cutter	50s. " "
Brilliant Cutter	54s. " "
Men packing or unpacking all kinds of glass, or assisting the plate glass cutter	48s. " "
Plate Glass Beveller	55s. " "
Silverer of plate or sheet glass	55s. " "

APPRENTICES AND IMPROVERS.

(3.) "Apprentice" means any person under 21 years of age bound by indentures of apprenticeship, or any person over 21 years of age who, with the sanction of the Minister, is bound by indentures of apprenticeship. (Act 2386, Section 5.)

"Improver" means any person (other than an apprentice) who does not receive a piece-work price or a wages rate fixed by any Special Board for persons other than apprentices or improvers and who is not over 21 years of age, or who, being over 21 years of age, holds a licence from the Minister to be paid as an improver. (Act 2386, Section 5.)

That—

- (a) the lowest rates which may be paid to an apprentice or an improver; and
 (b) the proportionate number of apprentices and improvers who may be employed by any employer

shall be shown in the following table :—

Wages per Week of 48 hours.			Proportionate Number.
During—	Apprentices and Improvers.		
1st year	7s. 6d.	One apprentice and one improver to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than £2 2s. per week of 48 hours	
2nd „	12s. 6d.		
3rd „	17s. 6d.		
4th „	22s. 6d.		
5th „	30s.		

JUVENILE WORKERS.

- (4.) Persons under 21 years of age (other than apprentices or improvers) employed at—
 Cleaning of glass preparatory to cleaning by the silverer;
 Cleaning of glass after silvering and painting;
 Assisting beveller in holding heavy plates in the process of bevelling;
 Carrying glass when required;
 Packing any glass;
 Making packing cases for glass;
 Cleaning up work-room or shop;
 Oiling machinery other than engines in motion;
 Turning out lead from the mill for lead light glaziers or cementing;
 Feeding-up;
 Sifting and lifting sand.

Age.	Per Week of 48 Hours.
Under 15 years	10s.
Under 16 years	12s. 6d.
Over 16 and under 18 years	15s.
Over 18 and under 21	20s.

OVERTIME.

- (5.) That any employé who in any week works for any time in excess of 48 hours shall be paid for such extra time at the rate of time and a third.

SPECIAL RATES FOR SUNDAYS AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.

- (6.) That double time shall be the special rate for all work done on—
 Sundays,
 Good Friday,
 21st April (Eight Hours' Day),
 Christmas Day,
 New Year's Day;

but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named holidays, the special rate shall only be payable for work done on the day so substituted.

E. NOTLEY MOORE,

Chairman.

Melbourne, 9th February, 1914.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for ensuring transparency and accountability in financial reporting.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and techniques used to collect and analyze data. It highlights the need for a systematic approach to data collection and the importance of using reliable sources of information.

3. The third part of the document focuses on the analysis and interpretation of the collected data. It discusses the various statistical and analytical tools that can be used to identify trends, patterns, and relationships within the data.

4. The fourth part of the document discusses the importance of communicating the results of the analysis. It emphasizes that clear and concise communication is essential for ensuring that the findings are understood and acted upon by the relevant stakeholders.

5. The fifth part of the document discusses the various challenges and limitations associated with data collection and analysis. It highlights the need for a critical and objective approach to data analysis and the importance of acknowledging the limitations of the data and the analysis.

6. The sixth part of the document discusses the various ethical considerations that must be taken into account when collecting and analyzing data. It emphasizes the need for transparency, honesty, and integrity in all aspects of the data collection and analysis process.

7. The seventh part of the document discusses the various applications of data collection and analysis in different fields and industries. It highlights the wide range of uses for data and the importance of tailoring the data collection and analysis process to the specific needs of the organization or field.

8. The eighth part of the document discusses the various future trends and developments in data collection and analysis. It highlights the increasing importance of data and the need for continued innovation and development in the field.

9. The ninth part of the document discusses the various resources and tools available for data collection and analysis. It highlights the importance of staying up-to-date on the latest developments and tools in the field.

10. The tenth part of the document discusses the various best practices and guidelines for data collection and analysis. It emphasizes the need for a systematic and consistent approach to data collection and analysis and the importance of following established best practices and guidelines.