

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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No. 22.]

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 23.

[1923

REGULATIONS UNDER THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACTS.

At the Executive Council Chamber, Melbourne, the twentieth day of February, 1923.

PRESENT:

· His Excellency the Governor of Victoria.

Mr. McPherson

Mr. Oman

Mr. Pennington.

Sir A. Robinson Mr. Baird

WHEREAS by the Factories and Shops Acts it is enacted that the Governor in Council may, by Order published in the Government Gazette, from time to time make, alter, and revoke regulations for the purposes therein mentioned, and generally for carrying into effect the provisions of the said Acts: Now therefore His Excellency the Governor of Victoria, with the advice of the Executive Council thereof, doth by this Order revoke the Regulations made on the 3rd February, 1920, the 31st August, 1920, the 5th April, 1921, the 19th April, 1921, the 3rd August, 1921, the 6th June, 1922, and the 21st July, 1922, under the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, and doth make the following Regulations (that is to say):—

CHAPTER I.

FACTORIES.

No. 2650. Section 242.

Definition.

1. The word "administrators" in these Regulations shall mean the Council of the locality in which the factory is situated and the Chief Inspector of Factories.

Form of Application to register.

Section 14.

2. The written notice to be served on the Chief Inspector by the occupier of a factory in accordance with the Factories and Shops Acts shall be in the following form, and may be left at his office in Melbourne, or sent to him through the post:—

REGISTRATION OF FACTORY (ACT 2650, SEC. 14). The Chief Inspector of Factories, Spring-street, Melbourne. 1 I [or We | 1 as a factory the premises described hereunder. The full names of the persons or body of persons who will occupy the factory are The trade name of the firm is ... The premises are situate at ... The factory will manufacture The mechanical power is, (Electricity, steam, &c., full description required). The number of persons now working (including working employers) is... The premises are built of The roof is { lined with ceiled with The means of escape in case of fire are (a) (b) Stairs built of

No. 22.-1359.

Width of stairs at narrowest part is
The number of staircases is
The position of staircases is
The number of closets for females is
The number of closets for males is
Lavatory is provided for
Urinal is provided for
...

	Тпе	NUMB	ER O	r Wo	RK-RO	OMS 1	s , AND THE DIMI				MENSIONS	ARE AS	BBLOW:-	
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Municipal Clerk.

	te .					679				•]	February 2
THE NU	MBER OF	Work-rooms	ıs			AND	THE	DIME	NSIONS AR	E AS BEI	.ow :	
How Room is Distinguished.	Floor (ground first, &c.)	The Maximum Number of Persons to work in Room.	Не	ight.	Len	ıgth.	Bres	dth.	Number of Windows.	Number of Doors		mber of lators.
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To the Chief The Mun itable for a f	nicipal Co	or of Factories,	Mel	bourne),	has a	appro	ved o		rmention		nises as sect
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Name of Firm,			מ	- Address	(Stree	t, &c.).	<u> </u>	ber of P	ersons for who	Where	odation is both Sex ployed to	es can be
Name of Firm,			n	Address	(Stree	it, &a).	<u> </u>			Where	both Sex	es can be

Record of Factory Employés to be kept.

(Signed)

5. The true record of the names, work, and wages of all persons employed in or in connexion with a factory, and the ages of all persons employed under twenty-one years of age, required to be kept by section 22, shall be in the following form:—

Trade-

Name of Employer (in full)-

Trade Name (if any)-

Street, Number, and Locality of factory (in full)-

RECORD OF ALL EMPLOYÉS, INCLUDING WORKING EMPLOYERS, CARTERS, CLERKS, PACKERS, APPRENTICES, IMPROVERS, AND ALL OTHERS.

			An	nount of Wes	k's Earnings	•	
Description of Work.	No. of hours		W.	ages.		Pice	e-work.
(Apprentices and Improvers should be clearly indicated.)	during the Week.	31	lales.	Fen	nales.		-
		Under 21 years and over.		Under 21 years.	21 years and over.	Males.	Females
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6. RECORD OF FACTORY EMPLOYES TO BE SENT IN.

Within seven days after the 1st January in each year a record in the following form shall be forwarded to the Chief Inspector of Factories:-

Section 22.

RECORD OF EMPLOYÉS.

For use by Factory Occupiers only.

Trade-

Name of Employer (in full)-

Trade Name (if any)

Street, Number, and Locality of factory (in full)-

If you have any other factory please furnish address-

The total number of persons employed during the first week in December, 192 , including working employers and persons such as carters working outside but in connexion with the factory is males females.

The total number of such persons working inside the factory is

females

is enclosed herewith. The fee £

Note.—Only persons inside Factory count as to the amount of the fee

Signature-

Date-

DIRECTIONS.

A factory is any building or place where-

- (a) Four or more persons are engaged in manufacturing or preparing articles for trade or sale or in a handicraft such as laundry work or work done in a dye-works; or
- (b) ONE or more persons are working in the following circumstances:

Where mechanical power is used. Where articles are prepared or manufactured by Chinese. Where furniture is manufactured.

Where bread or pastry is made. Where coal gas is made. Where electricity is generated for the supply of light, heat, or power.

Where any clay pit or quarry is worked in connexion with a pottery or brickyard.

Following is a table of the annual fees-Every factory in which-

The occupier works alone		£0	2	6	21 to 30 persons are employed	£3	0	0
1 or 2 persons are employed		0	5	0	31 to 50 ,, ,,	4	0	Ò
3 or 4 ,, ,:		0	10	0	51 to 100 ,, ,,	-	0	-
5 to 10 ' ,, ',,	•••	1	0	0	More than 100 persons employed	10	0	0
11 to 20		2	0	0				

Any person or body of persons occupying two or more separate factories shall pay a fee calculated on the aggregate number of all the employes in all of the separate factories.

The annual fee for the registration of the factory and the record (both of which must be received before the factory can be registered) are due on the 1st day of January in each year, and should be sent to the Chief Inspector of Factories, Spring-street, Melbourne.

The fee should be paid in the form of cash, cheques (without exchange), money orders, or postal notes. Stamps will not be accepted.

No notice or demand, written or verbal, will be given or made for the record and fee, but occupiers of factories making default are liable to a penalty of £10, and £1 for every day late.

Whenever a factory is transferred to a new occupier or to other premises a fresh registration must be made and another fee paid.

Employés should be grouped as far as possible according to the Determination under which they are paid, and, where necessary, each group should be shown on a separate form.

RECORD OF ALL EMPLOYÉS, INCLUDING WORKING EMPLOYERS, CARTERS, CLERKS, PACKERS, APPRENTICES, IMPROVERS, AND ALL OTHERS.

			An	nount of Week's	Earnings	·		
Description of Work.	No. of hours	1	Wa	iges.		Pico	-work.	
(Apprentices and Improvers should be clearly indicated.)	worked during the Week.	м	ales.	Female	J		Females.	
		Under 21 years.	21 years and over.	Under 21 2 years. an	l years id over.	Males.		
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DECLARATION.

, 19 .

I, , of , do hereby declare that the above is a full and complete list of all persons (including working employers and members of their families, and carters, clerks, packers, and others working in connexion with the factory) employed during the first week of December, 19, and that it is true and correct in every particular.

Dated the

day of

Signature-

(Another form should be obtained if more space required.). ..

Wooden Buildings.

7. (a) No room in any wooden building on any floor above the first floor-that is to say, the floor next above the ground floor-shall be approved of as suitable for a factory.

Air Space.

(b) From the floor level to a height of thirteen (13) feet the free air space shall amount to at section 24. least four hundred (400) cubic feet per person employed.

.Ventilation.

(c) In the absence of an approved system of mechanical ventilation, each work-room shall be provided with means of ventilation by openings other than windows or doors for the inlet and outlet of air in the proportion of not less than 12 square inches of inlet openings and 12 square inches of outlet openings for each person employed in such work-room; such space to be calculated exclusive of all bars, onnamentation, or other obstruction thereto. Such inlet openings shall be provided at the height of about 7 feet from the floor level by tubes, shafts, or hoppers in the external walls, external doors, or external windows, and shall be provided with means by which they may be readily closed and opened and by which they may be kept open in varying degrees; and such outlet openings shall be provided either in the walls of such room by externally-shielded openings as close to the ceiling thereof as may be practicable, or else in the coiling; and in the latter case there shall be connected with each such opening an open tube or shaft having a transverse area equal to that required, and leading through and above the roof of the building, and having its upper end terminating in a cowl or other similar contrivance.

The provisions of this Regulation shall not, unless considered necessary by the administrators, apply to a work-room in which there are a fire-place with chimney and a window made to open, and in which not more than four persons are employed.

Proper means for outlet ventilation shall be provided for all stairwells.

Lighting.

(d) All means of egress, passage-ways, and stairways shall be lighted to a degree sufficient for escape purposes.

Fire Escape.

- (e) The following requirements regarding means of escape shall be complled with in all factories, section 25. provided that places that have been registered and occupied as factories prior to the 1st January, 1915, may continue to be so registered and occupied while the administrators consider the means of escape in . case of fire are sufficient to insure the safety of the inmates.
- (1) There shall be provided for every floor of a factory above the ground floor a primary and an alternative escape in case of fire. These shall be so constructed and situated as to allow of each escape being readily and safely accessible to and usable by all of the persons who may be accommodated on the different parts of every floor, so that should exit by one escape become obstructed exit by the other shall be instantly available and safely accessible and usable.

The primary escape shall, wherever practicable, be an external stairway, any windows in close proximity to which shall have metal frames and sashes and be glazed with wire-rolled plate glass. Wherever it is impracticable to build an external stairway, it shall be an internal stairway completely fire-isolated, situated as far as possible from lifts or other stairways, and having direct communication with the present it. with the outer alr.

- The alternative escape shall be either a stairway or some other means of escape satisfactory to the administrators and approved by them.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this sub-section, it shall not be compulsory to provide the alternative escape in the following cases:—

 (a) a wooden building, in which not more than twenty persons are employed on the first

floor.

- (b) in the case of a brick, stone or concrete building having not more than two floors above the ground floor, and in which the number of persons employed on the floors above the ground floor does not exceed 150.
- (3) Provided further that for any building situate within the Metropolitan District as defined in the Factories and Shops Acts other means of escape which do not comply with all the requirements of the above regulation may be accepted if the Eugineer of the Municipality and the Chief Officer of the Metropolitan Fire Brigades certify in writing that, in their opinion, full compliance is impracticable, unsuitable, or unnecessary, and that the other means of escape (specified in the certificate) are at least as safe and effective.

Stairs and Landings.

(f) All stairs and landings shall be constructed of fire-resisting materials with-

(1) Straight flights with half-space or quarter-space landings at intervals of not more than Section 25. sixteen nor less than two rises.

(2) A securely fixed continuous hand rail on one side at a vertical height of not less than 2 ft. 10 in. above the nosing of the tread, and not less than 3 feet above the landing where the stairway is 3 ft. 4 in. or less in width; two such continuous handrails (one on each side) where the stairway is over 8 ft. 4 in. in width. Balusters or mid-rails shall be provided to every open side of every unenclosed stairway.

(3) A clear headway throughout of not less than 6 ft. 6 in.

(4) Steps of uniform dimensions throughout, with strongly secured treads, not less than 10 inches exclusive of nosing, and rises of not more than 7 inches.

(5) The underside of stairs lined except where rises are fitted.
(6) A landing at each floor of the same width as the stairway with a fire-resisting self-closing door, not less than 6 ft. 6 in. high, of the same width as the landing, and opening ontwards, so as not to obstruct the landing.

- (7) A width of stairway, not less than 2 ft. 8 in., where not more than 25 persons are employed; 3 ft. 4 in. where more than 25 persons and not more than 100 persons are employed. Where more than 100 persons are employed the width of stairs shall be increased 20 inches for every extra 100 or fraction of 100 persons.
- (8) All walls and partitions enclosing any staircase shall be of fire-resisting material. Fire isolated stairways shall be enclosed by brick or stone walls, not less than 9 inches thick, or by re-inforced concrete walls, not less than 4 inches thick.

Fire Extinction.

Sections 25 and 26.

(g) The following or other appliances if approved of as equally effective by the administrators shall be provided:—(a) Iron pipes, not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, conducting water from a street water main to within the building, with taps with $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches outlet, fitted with Fire Brigade standard hose cocks and hoses of the same dimensions and of such numbers and in such positions as may be approved by the administrators; (b) fire buckets in such proportion as the administrators may direct, and being not less than one bucket to every 400 square feet of floor area up to sixteen hundred (1,600) square feet of floor space, such buckets to be kept filled with clean water and ready for instant use and placed in proper stands where directed, or in lieu of fire buckets, effective chemical fire extinguishers, each of which, having a fluid capacity of 2 gallons, shall be reckoned as equivalent to four buckets.

Arrangements satisfactory to the administrators shall be made for all appliances to be maintained in an effective condition.

If by reason of any special circumstances of the case any of these provisions is, in the opinion of the administrators, unnecessary or unsuitable for any particular building or place, the administrators may approve of such building or place without such provision or provisions being carried out.

Egress.

Section 25.

(h) The amount of egress space from the ground floor which shall be provided for any factory occupied by not more than 25 persons shall not be less than 2 ft. 8 in.; if occupied by more than 25 persons, but not exceeding 100 persons, it shall be not less than 3 ft. 4 in.; if occupied by a greater number of persons the egress space shall be increased at the rate of 20 inches for every additional 100 persons or proportion thereof.

Where the amount of egress space required on the ground floor exceeds five (5) feet, at least two separate doorways, placed as far apart as practicable, shall be provided. No doorway or gateway shall be less than 2 ft. 8 in. wide and 6 ft. 6 in. high in the clear.

Internal Approaches to Doorways.

(i) No aisle may be less than 2 ft, 8 in. wide. The aggregate width of aisles or gangways to be at least as wide as the stairways or doorways to which they lead.

Doors and Gateways.

(j) Doors and gates forming exits from a factory shall, if so required by the administrators, be hung to open outwards towards the nearest road, street, or right-of-way, or to open both inwards and outwards.

No door or gate shall be hung so as to open immediately on to a flight of steps, or to obstruct when open any exit.

No door or gate shall during the working hours of the factory be secured with fastenings other than such as will allow such door or gate to be readily opened from the inside without a key.

No door or gate across a passage shall have any other fastening except such as will allow the door to be readily opened from each side without a key. Knobs and handles of all bolts and locks must be firmly secured.

No door to a fire-isolated stairway shall during the working hours of the factory be-

- (a) kept open for a longer time than is necessary for the passage of persons or goods;
- (b) prevented from closing by wedges or other means.

Heating Appliances.

Section 24

(k) Means and appliances for efficiently warming the factory shall be provided when such means and appliances are considered necessary by the administrators.

Except in the case of an electric heater, every heating appliance in every work-room, whether used for the warming of such room or in connexion with the work carried on therein, shall be provided with a fine at least four (4) inches in diameter, and extending to the outer air to a point at least eight (8) feet above the appliance.

Lavatories.

(1) The factory shall be provided with properly-appointed lavatories, affording the means of free ablution for the females employed therein, in the proportion of at least one lavatory or basin for every twenty females employed. When considered necessary by the administrators, properly-appointed lavatories, sufficient in number to provide the means of free ablution for the males employed, may also be ordered in any factory in the proportion of at least one lavatory or basin for every twenty males employed.

Sanitary Accommodation.

Section 25.

(m) The factory shall be provided with proper closet accommodation in the proportion of one closet for every twenty persons or fraction of twenty persons employed therein; and where persons of different sexes are employed all such accommodation shall be separate for the sexes, and approaches thereof properly separated for the sexes shall be provided. Adequate urinal accommodation shall be provided for every factory in which four or more males are to be employed, and separate and distinct urinal accommodation for the use of the females may be ordered for every factory in which more than twenty females are to be employed: Provided that in factories in which the majority of those employed are to be of one sex, and not more than two are to be of the other sex. separate and distinct closet accommodation for the

persons of different sexes shall not be required if, in the opinion of the administrators, the same is suitably provided in adjoining or adjacent premises: Provided that if the closets and urinals are connected with a sewerage system the following scale may be adopted in lieu of that given above:—

SCALE.

•		Closets for	Males.		
Number of Males.				Nu	mber of Closets.
1 20		•••		•••	1
21-45		***			2
46— 70 [°]	•••		•••		3
71100		•••		***	.4 _

And one additional closet for every additional 30 male employees.

Where closet sea

Urinals for Males.		
Number of Males.	· N	umber of Urinal
at is fixed 4-45	•••	· 1
lifts 10-45	•••	l
46 100		0

And one additional urinal for every additional 70 male employees.

	Clos	ets for I	Temales.			
Number of Females.		,		Nu	nber o Closet	5 .
1-20		•••		•••	1	
$\frac{1-20}{21-40}$		***	•••	•••	2	
41 60					3	
61 80					4	
81—100			•••		5	

101—150 151—200

And for additional numbers over 100, one closet for every 25 females up to 200, and thence one for every 30 females.

Dressing-room for Females.

(n) If in any factory any manufacture is to be carried on of such a nature as to necessitate the females employed changing their dresses on entering or on leaving such factory, then such factory shall not be approved unless it be provided with a suitable and adequate dressing-room for the use of the females employed therein.

WASHING AND CLEANING OF THE FLOORS, WINDOWS, PRIVIES, AND URINALS OF FACTORIES. No. 2850.

- 8. The floors and windows of every factory shall, when so required in writing by the Chief Sections 30 and Inspector of Factories, be washed with hot water and soap.
- 9. The seats and floor of every privy used by the employés in any factory shall be thoroughly scrubbed with water and soap once at least every week.
 - 10. Each urinal and the floor adjacent to such urinal shall be thoroughly flushed with water every day

THE MANUFACTURE OF WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, OR LITHARGE.

Duties of Employer.

11.—(a) 1. No male under eighteen years and no female of any age shall be employed at any work exposing him or her to the dust of white lead, red lead, or litharge.

2. For every employee at any work exposing him to the dust of white lead, red lead, or litharge, overalls of an approved pattern and material shall be provided, maintained, and at least once a week thoroughly cleaned.

3. For every employee engaged in packing or handling dry white lead, dry red lead, or litharge or drawing stoves, a respirator of approved pattern and material shall be provided. Every respirator shall be cleaned daily, and, when not in use, shall be kept in a suitable place set apart for the purpose.

4. The floors of the workroom shall be cleaned daily after being thoroughly damped.

- 5. The dressing-room, bath, lavatory, and sanitary conveniences shall be thoroughly cleaned daily.
- 6. Before each meal, in addition to the regular meal times, and before the end of the day's work, at least ten minutes shall be allowed to each worker for washing.
- 7. An adequate supply of hot and cold water, soap, turpentine or oil, nail brushes, and clean towels shall be provided and maintained in the bathroom.

8. There shall be kept available for the use of employees either-

- (a) a medicinal compound prescribed by a duly qualified medical practitioner as being suitable for counteracting the pathological effects of lead absorption or for aiding elimination of lead from the human system; or
- (b) a medicinal compound of the following ingredients:—Sulphate of magnesium (Epsom salts,) 2 ounces; water, 1 gallon; lemon syrup, sufficient to flavour.

Duties of Employees.

- (b) 1. No person shall smoke nor chew tobacco nor take snuff while employed in a lead process.
- 2. No person shall partake of nor prepare food or drink while employed in a lead process.
- 3. No person shall perform any work involving exposure to lead dust unless he has on an overall suit and head covering, and no person shall work at drawing stoves, or packing, or handling dry white lead, red lead, or litharge, unless he is also wearing a respirator.
- 4. No person, on leaving a workroom, shall enter the luncheon-room nor partake of food until he has taken off his overalls, head covering, and respirator and placed them in the place provided for the purpose, nor until he has also thoroughly washed face and hands in the lavatory.

MATERIALS AND CONSTBUCTION OF CERTAIN FACTORIES. 12. The following rules respecting the materials and the construction of factory buildings are to be observed as far as possible :-

CLASS A.

Buildings for ham and bacon curing, fish-curing, meat-preserving, jam-making, fruitpreserving, and dairy-produce manufacturing, and similar trades.

The ceiling or roof to be not less than 12 feet in height; walls to be painted, plastered with smooth cement, or covered with other impervious material at least 6 feet in height above floor level, so as to be easily washed and cleaned. The ground floors to be imperviously paved, and all floors laid so as to drain into paved channels; the latter to be intercepted by deodorizing tanks when required by the administrators. All yard either gravelled or paved, as may be required by the administrators, and well drained. All yards to be

CLASS B.

Buildings to be used as bakehouses or butchers' small-goods houses.

The ceiling or wall-plates to be not less than 12 feet in height. The roof of the bakehouse and of the small-goods house to be lined if no ceiling has been provided. Bakehouses to be provided with floors or to be imperviously paved. Small-goods houses to be imperviously paved and laid so as to drain into paved channels. All yards to be either gravelled or paved and well drained. No part of a manure receptacle, closet, or urinal to be within 12 feet of any building or room in which the making of bread or of small goods is carried on. No building or room in which the making of bread or of small goods is carried on shall have any communication with any stable.

CLASS C.

Buildings for fellmongery, leather-dressing, tanning, parchment-making, and similar trades. The ground floors to be imperviously paved, and laid to drain into paved channels intercepted by deodorizing tanks. All yards to be gravelled or paved and well drained.

CLASS D.

(1) Buildings for glue-making, bone and carcass boiling down, bone crushing, manufacture of artificial manure from animal matter, and similar trades

The roofs or ceilings to be not less than 15 feet in height. The floors to be imperviously paved and properly graded to drain to impervious drains discharging to adequate intercepting deodorant catch pits. Close boilers or covered vats only are to be used, from which pipes are to be fixed to convey the vapours and fumes through an effective condensing and deodorizing apparatus.

(2) Buildings for soap or candle works— Every boiler, vat, or other receptacle containing noxious or offensive matter to be provided with a cover so constructed and placed that when such receptacle is in use the escape of noxious or offensive vapours and fumes will be prevented as far as practicable. The floors to be imperviously paved and properly graded to drain to impervious drains discharging to adequate intercepting deodorant catch-pits.

CLASS E.

Buildings for antimony works, smelting works of any kind, works for treatment of pyrites, ammonia, and other similar works.

Buildings for works included in this class to be provided with suitable condensing apparatus, so as to render the fumes innocuous.

ground floors imperviously paved and laid so as to drain to channels intercepted by deodorizing tanks. All yards to be gravelled or paved and well drained.

Marine stores.

The yards and floors of the buildings imperviously paved and laid so as to drain into paved channels.

CLASS G.

Buildings for the Manufacture of White Lead, Red Lead, or Litharge. All floors shall be imperviously paved and laid so as to drain into impervious drains.

Efficient control of dust and fumes shall be provided by exhaust draught, &c.

A luncheon-room shall be provided for the use of employees, so constructed and placed as to be free from dust or fumes generated in the manufacturing process, and having no direct

communication with a workroom.

Two dressing-rooms shall be provided. In the first shall be removed and stored all private clothing put off by the workmen during working hours. In the second shall be put on, removed, and stored all overalls and other clothing worn only while at work.

Such dressing-rooms shall be so constructed and placed as to be free from any dust or fumes

generated in the manufacturing process.

A bathroom, with bath and lavatory accommodation, shall be provided. The lavatory

accommodation may consist of lavatory accommodation, snail be provided. The lavatory accommodation may consist of lavatory basins or washing troughs as follows:—

One lavatory basin to every five persons or fraction of five persons employed, or washing troughs of sufficient length to allow 2 feet at least to every five persons or fraction of five persons employed.

If practicable, the bathroom shall be situated between the dressing-rooms.

A closed cupboard shall be provided wherein to keep respirators when not in use, also apparatus for washing and sterilizing them.

Rooms in which Females Work.

No room to be used by females shall be approved if the roof of such room be of iron, and at a shorter distance than 20 feet above the floor, unless the said room be ceiled or the roof be lined.

FORMS.

Record of Outwork.

13. The record to be kept by the occupiers of factories, and others who give out work, of the work done outside a factory, and the name and address of every person by whom the same is done, and the prices paid in each instance for the work, shall be in the following form:—

RECORD UNDER THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACTS OF WORK DONE OUTSIDE A FACTORY FOR EACH WEEK DURING THE YEAR 19 IN THE TRADE OF

Section 23.

· Name of Employer-

Address-

This record to be forwarded to the Chief Inspector of Factories on the 1st of January in each year, or whenever demanded by him.

Date.	Name.	Street.	Place.	Description of Work.	Rate.
					,
	٠	,			

I certify that the within record is a true and correct account of the amount and kind of work done for me by the persons named herein, and the prices paid for same during the year ending

Signature of Employer-

Date-

19

Record of Fines imposed.

14. The record of all fines levied upon his employes by the occupier of any factory shall be kept in Section 22. the following form, and a copy of such record shall be forwarded to the Chief Inspector within seven days of the 1st January in each year.

RETURN UNDER THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACTS OF FINES LEVIED FOR THE YEAR 19 .

This return is to be forwarded to the Chief Inspector of Factories on 1st January in each year. Name of Occupier or Firm-

Address—

Name of Employé.	Date of Fine.	Amount of Fine.	Particulars.
· ·			
	•	1	•

I certify that the above is a true and correct list of the fines levied upon the employés in the factory of

Signature of Occupier or Manager-

CHAPTER II.

SHOPS.

Section 125. Form and fee.

1. The Registration of any place as a shop shall be effected by forwarding to the Chief Inspector of Factories, Spring-street, Melbourne, full particulars of such place, and of the persons employed therein, including the carters, together with the proper fee for registration, in the following form:—

REGISTRATION OF SHOP.

Names in full of Occupier or Occupiers

Kind of Shop Trading Name (if any)

Street Number and Locality (in full)
Description of Shop Building (viz., Material of Building, Number of Rooms, &c.)

Shop has been Occupied previously by

The Number of Shop Employés, including Carters, &c., is

(Owners, occupiers, or partners, or their sons or daughters, are employees if they do any of the work of the shop)

The Registration Fee of £

Signature of Occupier or Partner

Males. Females Total.

d. is forwarded herewith.

Date

The Chief Inspector of Factories, Spring-street, Melbourne.

DIRECTIONS.

"Shop" means any building or portion of a building or place or any stall, tent, vehicle, or pack in which goods are exposed or offered for sale by retail, and includes any rooms of hairdressers or barbers and boot repairers' shops, and the rooms of dyers and clothes cleaners commonly known as dyers' shops and clothes cleaners' shops. Act 2650, s 3.

It is the duty of every occupier of a shop to register at the office of the Chief Inspector of Factories, Spring-street, Melbourne, by posting or delivering a form properly filled up, with the proper fee. No notice, written or verbal, will be given, but occupiers unregistered fourteen days after 1st March in each year are liable to prosecution. (Penalty £10.)

Whenever a shop is transferred to a new occupier or to other premises a fresh registration must be made and a fresh fee paid.

Registration Forms are obtainable from the Chief Inspector of Factories, Spring-street, Melbourne, or any Inspector of Factories in the country, or at any Police Station.

The fee should be paid in the form of eash, cheques (without exchange), money orders, or postal notes. Postage stamps will not be accepted.

The fees for registration or renewal registration are-

For every shop in which-

The occupier works alone	 £0	2	6	21 to 30 pers	sons are	e employed	٠	£3	0	0
1 or 2 persons are employed	 0	5	0	31 to 50	,,	,,		4	0	0
3 or 4 ,, ,,	 0	10	0	51 to 100	,,	"		5	0	0
5 to 10 ,	 1	0	0	More than	100 pe	ersons are	$\mathbf{em} \cdot$	-		
11 to 20 ,,	 2	0	Ō	ployed .				10	0	0

Between the 1st September and the last day of February following half fees are payable on shops first occupied during that period.

The back hereof should be carefully filled in and declared to before this form is sent on with the registration fee.

Section 126.

List of all shop employees (including Carters, Clerks, Packers, and others working in connexion with the Shop) employed during the week immediately previous to the date this form is filled up. (Employees should be grouped as far as possible according to the Determination under which they are paid.)

		1	,	AMC	UNT	of wi	ek's	EARNI	NGS.	
Name of Employs.	Description of Work.	No, of Hours Worked during the Week.	WAGES.							
Name of Employe.	(Apprentices and improvers should b) clearly indicated.		Males.				· Females.~			
• :			Under 21 years 21 years. and over				Une 21 y		21 years and over.	
			8,	d.	s.	d.	8.	d.	8.	d.
•	,									

DECLARATION.

0

the person registering, do hereby declare that the above is a full and complete list of all persons (including Carters, Clerks, Packers, and others working in connexion with the shop) employed during the week ended day of 19, in the shop referred to on the other side hereof, and that it is true and correct in every particular.

Dated the

day of

19

Signature

Registration.

2. It shall be the duty of every person or body of persons in occupation of any shop to procure forms and apply for registration of the shop as aforesaid without any reminder or demand therefor having been made.

Certificate of Registration.

3. The Chief Inspector of Factories shall for every shop registered by him issue a certificate.

Exits and Stairways.

- 4. Every shop erected after the 1st January, 1915, and every shop which the Chief Inspector of sections 113 Factories considers should be so provided, shall be provided with exits and stairways on the following and 242. scales:—
 - (a) Exits and Stairways required for Retail Shops used for the sale of Drapery, Millinery, and Fancy Goods, or any other class of goods combined with Drapery, Millinery, and Fancy Goods.

Area of each Floor in Square Feet.	_			umber and Width o	f Stairs and I	Exita.		Total width of Stairs and Exits.
Up to 600	l	2ft.	8in.			•••	•••	2ft. 8in.
More than 600 and not	2	2ft.	8in.	or	•••	• • •		oft. 4in.
more than 1,000	1	2ft.	8in. i	f fire isolated		•••	• • •	2ft. 8in.
More than 1,000 and not								}
more than 2,000	2		4in.)	•••		•••		6ft. 8in.
More than 2,000 and not ∫	1	õft.		One stair to	be fire iso	lated		8ft. 4in.
more than 4,000	1	3ft.	4in.)					\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
More than 4,000 and not			•					
more than 6,000	2		Oin.	• •••	• • • •	•••	• • • •	10ft. Oin.
More than 6,000 and not ∫	2		Oin.	•••	•••	•••	•••	13ft. 4in.
more than 8,000	ì	311.	4in.	•••	•••	•••	***)
More than 8,000 and not		- e.	α					1.504 0.
more than 10,000	3		Oin.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	•••	•••	15ft. Oin.
More than 10,000 and not { more than 12,000 - }	2		0in. 4in.	One 5ft. Oin.	stair to be	fire isola	ted	16ft. 8in.
More than 12,000 and not (3		Oin.				•••	1 (
more than 14,000	1		4in.	•••	•			} 18ft. 4in.
More than 14,000 and not	•	010	4111.	,				['
more than 16,000 and not	4	5ft.	Oin.			:		20ft. 0in.
More than 16,000 and not (4			Two stairs to	. 1 4 1	-1-4-4		13
more than 18,000	l	3ft.	4in,	Two stairs to	o be nre is	oraced	•••	23ft, 4in.
More than 18,000 and not								\ '
more than 20,000	5	5ft.	Oin.		•••	• • •	•••	25ft. 0in.
More than 20,000 and not (4	āft.	Oin.					26ft. 8in.
more than 22,500	2	3ft.	4in.	Two 5ft. Oin.	stairs to	be are iso.	lated	} 2016 OHL
More than 22,500 and not			- 1		*			1
more than 25,000	6	* 5ft.	Oin.		•••		***	30ft. Oin.

(b) Exits and Stairways required for Retail Shops other than those used for the sale of Drapery, Millinery, or Fancy Goods.

Area of each Floor in Square Feet.		Number a	nd Width of	f Stairs and	Exits.		Total Width of Stairs and Exits.
Up to 600	1	2ft. 8in		•••			2ft. 8in.
More than 600 and not	2	2ft. 8in. or		•••	•••	•••	5ft. 4in.
more than 1,000	1	2ft. 8in. if fire	isolated		•••	. •••	2ft. 8in.
More than 1,000 and not	l	2ft. 8in 3ft. 4in	•••	•••	•••	•••	} 6ft. Oin.
more than 2,000		om, 4m,		•••	•••	•••	,
More than 2,000 and not more than 4,000	2	3ft. 4in			•••	o	6ft. 8in.
More than 4,000 and not	l	5ft. 0in		•••	•••	•••	8ft. 4in.
more than 6,000	1	3ft. 4in	•••	•••	•••	•••	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
More than 6,000 and not							
more than 8,000	2	5ft. 0in	•••		•••		10ft. Oin.
More than 8,000 and not ∫	2	5ft. Oin. ؍	•••	•••	••• ,	•••	} 13ft. 4in
more than 10,000	1	3ft. 4in.	•••	•••	•••	•••)
More than 10,000 and not							1 44. 41
more than 12,000	3`	5ft. Oin.	• • •	•••	•••	•••	löft. Oin.
More than 12,000 and not ∫	2	5ft. Oin. One	5ft. 0in.	stair to be	fire isol	ated	} 16ft. Sin.
more than 14,000	2	3ft. 4in.					1
More than 14,000 and not	3	5ft. Oin.	•••	•••	•••	•••	18ft. 4in.
more than 16,000	I	3fr. 4in.	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	•••)
More than 16,000 and not		- C. O.					20ft, Oip.
more than 18,000	4	5ft. 0in.)	***	•••	•••	•••	ZOIL OID.
More than 18,000 and not	4	5ft. 0in. Tw	o stairs t	to be fire i	solated		23ft. 4in.
more than 20,000	ı	3ft. 4in.					
More than 20,000 and not	5	5ft. Oin.)					25ft. 0in.
more than 22,500	2	3ft. 4in. > Two	oft Oin	etaire to l	a fire ign	lated	,
More than 22,500 and not more than 25,000	.1	5ft. Oin.			C 11 C 180	1111 (11111)	26ft. 8in.

The width of stairs in the scales (a) and (b) from the third to the sixth floors may be reduced to the width required for the next smaller area, and from the sixth floor upwards may be again reduced to the next succeeding smaller area provided that no stairs shall be reduced to a less width than 3ft. 4in. except for floor areas 1,000 sq. feet or less. Stairs shall be as far apart as is practicable from each other and situate as far as practicable from lift elevators or windows and lead direct to exits. If it be considered by the Chief Inspector of Factories impracticable to provide the number of stairs required in Tables (a) or (b) a smaller number of stairs may be accepted provided they give an equivalent width of exit.

The position of every exit and stairway shall be indicated by the words "Fire escape" printed in

large letters, and so placed as to be as far as possible visible from every part of the shop.

Construction of Stairs and Landings.

All stairs and landings shall be constructed of fire-resisting materials with-

(1) Straight flights with half-space or quarter-space landings at intervals of not more than

sixteen nor less than two rises.

(2) A securely fixed continuous handrail on one side at a vertical height of not less than 2 ft. 10 in. above the nosing of the tread, and not less than 3 feet above the landing where the stairway is 3 ft. 4 in, or less in width; two such continuous handrails (one on each side) where the stairway is over 3 ft. 4 in. in width. Balusters or midrails shall be provided to every open side of every unenclosed stairway

(3) A clear headway throughout of not less than 6 ft. 6 in.

(4) Steps of uniform dimensions throughout, with strongly secured treads, not less than 10 inches exclusive of nosing, and rises of not more than 7 inches.

(5) The underside of stairs lined except where rises are fitted.

(6) A landing at each floor of the same width as the stairway with a fire-resisting self-closing door, not less than 6 ft. 6 in. high, of the same width as the landing, and opening outwards, so as not to obstruct the landing.

(7) All walls and partitions enclosing any staircase shall be of fire-resisting material. Fire isolated stairways shall be enclosed by brick or stone walls, not less than 9 inches

thick, or by reinforced concrete walls, not less than 4 inches thick.

Doors'and Gates.

5. Doors and gates forming exits from a shop shall, if so required by the Chief Inspector of Factories, be hung to open outwards towards the nearest road, street, or right-of-way, or to open both inwards and outwards.

No door or gate shall be hung so as to open immediately on to a flight of stops, or to obstruct when

open any exit.

No door or gate shall during the whole time the shop is occupied by the public or by employés, excepting the caretaker or watchman, be secured with fastenings other than such as will allow such door or gate to be readily opened from the inside without a key.

No door or gate across a passage shall have any other fastening except such as will allow the door to be readily opened from each side without a key. Knobs and handles of all bolts and locks must be firmly secured.

Internal Approaches to Doorways.

6. No sisle shall be less than 2 ft. 8 in. wide.. The aggregate width of aisles or gangways to be a least as wide as the doorways to which they lead.

Fire Extinction.

7. The following or other appliances if approved of as equally effective by the Chief Inspector of Factories shall be provided:—(a) Iron pipes, not less than 1½ inches in diameter, conducting water from a street water main to within the building, with taps with 2½ inches outlets, fitted with Fire Brigade standard hose cocks, and hoses of the same dimensions and of such numbers and in such positions as may be approved by the Chief Inspector of Factories. (b) for bischest in such proportion of the Chief he approved by the Chief Inspector of Factories; (b) fire buckets in such proportion as the Chief Inspector of Factories may direct, and being not less than one bucket to every 400 square feet of floor area up to sixteen hundred (1,600) square feet of floor space, such buckets to be kept filled with clean water and ready for instant use and placed in proper stands where directed, or in lien of fire buckets, effective chemical fire extinguishers, each of which, having a fluid capacity of 2 gallons, shall be reckoned as equivalent to four buckets.

Arrangements satisfactory to the Chief Inspector of Factories shall be made for all appliances to be maintained in an effective condition.

If by reason of any special circumstances of the case any of these provisions is, in the opinion of the Chief Inspector of Factories, unnecessary or unsuitable for any particular building or place, the Chief Inspector of Factories may approve of such building or place without such provision or provisions being carried out.

Ventilation.

- 8. Every shop erected after the 1st day of January, 1915, and every shop which the Chief Inspector of Factories considers should be so provided shall be provided with means for ventilation on the following scale :--
 - (a) Ventilation shall be in all cases natural except where mechanical ventilation is the only system practicable.

(b) If the ventilation is natural, there shall be in each room an area of windows, capable of being opened equal to at least one-twentieth of the floor area.

If the ventilation is mechanical, it shall be so constructed as to secure that the whole of the air contained in each room shall be changed at least four times in each hour.

Proper means of outlet ventilation shall be provided for all stairwells.

Sanitary Accommodation.

Section 112.

9. Every building used as a shop shall be provided with proper closet accommodation in the proportion of one closet at least for every twenty persons or fraction of twenty persons employed therein; and where persons of different sexes are employed all such accommodation shall be separate for the sexes and approaches thereto properly separated for the sexes shall be provided. Adequate urinal accommodation shall be provided for every shop in which four or more males are to be employed, and separate and distinct urinal accommodation for the use of the females employed may be ordered where more than twenty females are to be employed. Provided that where the majority of those employed are to be of one sex, and not more than two are to be of the other sex, separate and distinct privy accommodation for the persons of different sexes shall not be required if in the opinion of the Chief Inspector of Factories the same is suitably provided in adjoining or adjacent premises. Provided that if the privies and urinals are connected with a sewerage system the following scale may be adopted in lieu of that given above:—

SCALE.

Number of Mal	es.	Cla	sets for	Males.		Numbe	er of Closets.
1-20		•••	•••	•••	•••		1
21 - 45	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	$\frac{2}{3}$
46—7 0	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
71100		'		•••	•••	•••	4 .

And one additional closet for every additional 30 male employés.

Urinals for Males.

	Numb	er of	Males.				Numbe	er of Urinals.
Where	closet	seat	is fixed	4-45	•••	•••	•••	1
"	,,	,,	lifts	1045	•••		•••	1
,,		,		46—100	•••	•••	•••	2
				101—150	•••	•••	•••	3
				151—200	***	•••		. 4

And one additional urinal for every additional 70 male employés.

Closets for Females.

		0.00	suco joi i	0.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
Number of Femal	les.							Numb	er of Closets
120		•••	•••	•••		•••	-	٠	1
21-40	:	***	,.	•••	-	•••		• • •	2
41-60	•••	•••		•••		•••		•••	3
61—80	•••		•••	•••	•	•••		•••	4
81100	•••							•••	5

And for additional numbers over 100, one closet for every 25 females up to 200, and thence one for every 30 females.

CHAPTER III.

WAGES BOARDS.

Section 137 (5).

1. The Chief Inspector shall prepare rolls of electors, none of whom shall be under eighteen years of age, in the following forms, and each employer and each employe shall have one vote.

Employers' Rolls.

2. The employers' rolls shall be prepared either from the records in the Factories Office, or from the lists forwarded by employers.

ELECTORS' ROLL FOR

BOARD

(i) ROLL OF EMPLOYERS.

Number on		Christian Names in full.		. Address.	
Number on Roll.	Surname.		Number.	Street.	Place.
•					

Employés' Rolls.

3. The roll of electors for employes shall in all cases be prepared from lists specially obtained from employers.

ELECTORS' ROLL FOR

BOARD

(II) ROLL OF EMPLOYES.

Number on Roll.	Surname.	Christian Names in full.		Address.	
Koll.		Oldstan Panes III III.	Number.	Street.	Place.
	•			• .	
1			[•

Employers to Forward Lists. -

4. Every employer (whenever by notice in writing required by the Chief luspector so to do) shall forward a list of persons employed by him in the following form :-

List for Employés Electors' Roll of all Persons of Eighteen Years of Age and UPWARDS EMPLOYED BY

Name of Occupier or Firm-

Address-

Nature of Process, Trade, Business or Occupation carried on-

Name of P	erson employed.	Indicate oppo whether E	site cach name inployé is—	!	Address-		Kind of Work done
Surname.	Christian Name in full.	A Male.	A Female.	Number.	Street.	Place.	by each Employé.
•		-	1				• •
				, ;	,		
	<u> </u>		:	: 4	j		

I certify that the above is a true and correct list of all the persons of eighteen years of age and upwards employed, at the date of forwarding this list, as described above. Signature of Occupier or Manager-

Enrolling Employés.

5. Every employe, not under eighteen years of age, whose name has been omitted, and who will be affected by the Board to be appointed, who produces evidence to the satisfaction of the Chief Inspector that his ordinary occupation when at work is employment in the process, trade, business, or occupation in regard to which the lowest prices or rates of payment are to be determined by the Board shall be enrolled as an elector of representatives of employés on such wages board.

6. The Chief Inspector shall notify every employer and employé enrolled for the purposes of a wages board that his name has been duly enrolled.

Appeal.

7. If the Chief Inspector fail, neglect, or refuse to enter any person's name on the electors' roll such person may appeal to the Minister, who may direct the Chief Inspector to enter such person's name as an elector on the roll, or may dismiss the appeal, and such decision shall be final.

8. No person shall be entitled to be enrolled both as an elector of representatives of employers and as an elector of representatives of employés.

Dates for Election.

9. When an election is necessary and the Rolls of Electors have been prepared the Minister may by notice in the Government Gazette appoint a day on or before which nominations of candidates for election may be received by the Returning Officer, and a day for the election of candidates.

10. The Under-Secretary shall be returning officer for the purposes of the election of any wages

board, and he may, by writing under his hand, appoint a substitute to act for him.

11. The returning officer, the substitute returning officer and every clerk employed to count the votes at any election shall, before entering on any of his duties, make and sign before some justice the following declaration :-

, do solemnly declare that I will faithfully and impartially, according to the best of my skill and judgment, exercise and perform all the powers, authorities, and duties reposed in or required of me by the Regulations under the Factories and Shops Acts, as returning officer (or substitute of the returning officer, or clerk employed in counting the votes) for the election of wages boards.

And I do further solemnly promise and declare that I will not, at any such election, attempt to ascertain, save in cases in which I am expressly authorized by law so to do, how any person has voted; and that if in the discharge of my said duties at or concerning any such poll, I learn how any person votes, I will not, by word or act, directly or indirectly, divulge or discover the same, save in answer to some question which I am legally bound to answer.

Nominations.

12. Every candidate as a representative of employers on any wages board shall be nominated, in writing, by 10 electors, and every candidate as a representative of employes on any wages board shall be nominated, in writing, by 25 electors, provided that a nomination by not less than one-fifth of the whole number of employers or of employes (as the case may be) on the electors roll prepared by the Chief

Sections 140 and 242.

Inspector of Factories shall be sufficient. Every such nomination shall contain the written consent of the caudidate to his nomination, and shall be delivered or posted to the returning officer so as to reacn him before four o'clock on the day of nomination.

13. Should the number of persons so nominated for any wages board as representatives of employers or as representatives of employés not exceed the number to be so elected, the returning officer shall report to the Minister that such persons so nominated to the wages board have been duly elected as representatives of employers or as representatives of employers or as representatives of employers (as the case may be).

Publication of Nominations.

14. Should the number of persons nominated either as representatives of employers or as representatives of employés exceed the number to be elected on any wages board, the returning officer shall publish the names of persons so nominated in the Government Gazette, and a poll shall be taken on the date fixed by the Minister. The poll shall be taken by voting-papers only, and no voting-paper shall be allowed which is received by the returning officer after four o'clock in the afternoon of the day for taking the poll.

Roll.

15. No additional names shall be added to the roll of electors after the returning officer has published in the Government Gazette the names of persons nominated.

Voting Papers.

16. Every voting-paper shall contain the names of each of the candidates for election either as a representative of employers or employes (as the case may be). The Chief Inspector shall cause a voting-paper to be posted at least four days prior to the date of such election to every elector whose name and address are on the roll of electors.

Voting.

17. Each elector shall strike out on the voting-paper forwarded to him all the names except those of the candidates for whom such elector desires to vote, and shall forthwith return such voting-paper to the returning officer by placing it in a ballot-box at the office of the Chief Inspector of Factories, or by posting it. No voting-paper shall be allowed in which more or fewer names are left uncancelled than the number of persons to be elected.

Counting Vote.

13. The returning officer shall, as soon as practicable after the hour fixed for receiving voting-papers, count the votes received, and report to the Minister the election of those candidates, not exceeding the number to be elected, who have received the greatest number of votes.

Casting Vote.

- 19. In case of two or more candidates receiving an equal number of votes, the returning officer shall have a casting vote.
- 20. In all cases not herein provided for the rules and usages at Parliamentary elections shall be followed so far as they may be applicable.

MEETINGS OF WAGES BOARDS AND PAYMENT OF MEMBERS.

Nomination of Chairman.

21. Every wages board shall meet at the Department of Labour for the purpose of nominating a chairman, and thereafter at such other times and places as may be arranged by such wages board.

Secretary.

22. The Chief Inspector shall direct some officer to act as secretary to each wages board.

Minutes.

23. Entries of all proceedings of any wages board shall be kept by the secretary, with the names of the members who attend each meeting.

Conduct of Meetings.

24. The mode of conducting the business for which any wages board is appointed may be fixed by any such wages board, or may be left to the decision of the chairman.

Determination.

25. Every determination shall be communicated to the Minister, in writing, by the chairman of such wages board.

26. After the determination of any wages board has been communicated to the Minister such board shall adjourn sine die, and shall meet again only when convened by the Minister of Labour or by the Chairman of such wages board.

Fees and Expenses.

27. The chairmen and members of Boards shall be paid as follows:-

Three hours attendance or less—Chairman, 10s.; Member, 5s. Over three hours attendance—Chairman, 20s.; Member, 10s.

Any member residing ten miles or more from Melbourne shall be paid, in addition, train fare from . place of residence to Melbourne, and 10s. a day travelling expenses.

Provided that members shall not be paid fees, fares, or expenses for more than-

- (a) seven meetings in the first twelve months after the constitution of the Board;
- (b) four meetings in any subsequent year.

When computing the time occupied in attendance, intervals for meals shall not be counted.

Section 242.

CHAPTER IV.

MEDICAL CERTIFICATES.

Factories in which Medical Certificates are required.

1. Certificate of fitness for employment must be obtained by employés under sixteen years of age working in factories—

Section 46.

- (a) in which or in connexion with which steam, water, gas, oil, or electric power is used, but such Certificate need not be obtained in factories in which such power is used only to drive sewing machines, or in factories in which dresses, mantles, clothing, white work, underclothing, shirts, or boots and shoes are prepared or manufactured.
- (b) in which or in connexion with which work is carried on incidental to the following businesses, manufactures, or trades (that is to say):—

Aerated Water Works.
Blast Furnaces.
Bleaching and Dyeing Works.
Bookbinding Works.
Candle, Soap, and Tallow Works.
Cigars, Cigarettes, and Tobacco Works.
Copper Mills.
Die-sinking and Engraving Works.
Earthenware Works.
Foundries.
Glass and Glass Bottle Works.
Glass Beveiling and Cutting.
Glass Silvering and Staining.

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Iron Mills.
Lead and Shot Works.
Letter-press Printing Works.
Manure Works, Bone Mills, Glue Works, &c.
Metal Works (that is to say):—Any works in which the manufacture of any article of metal is carried out.
Paint Works.
Plumbers' Works.
Tinware Works.
Varnish Works.
White Lead Works.
Wire Works.

(c) in such other cases as the Chief Inspector may by written notice require.

Fees to be taken by Certifying Medical Practitioners.

2. The fee for any examination for a certificate for any male person of fourteen to sixteen years of age, or female person of fifteen to sixteen years of age, shall be 2s. 6d., and where a certificate is granted such fee shall include such certificate.

The fee must be paid before examination, and will be retained, although no certificate be granted.

The fee for any investigation and report required under the Factories and Shops Acts shall be £1 1s. A special fee in the discretion of the Minister may be paid for an investigation and report in any case of exceptional importance and difficulty.

No other fee shall be demanded or taken by any certifying medical practitioner.

Examination by Certifying Medical Practitioner.

Section 11.

3. The examination for a certificate must be conducted by the certifying medical practitioner in person, and there must be in every case a personal inspection and medical examination.

Books to be supplied to Certifying Medical Practitioners.

Section 46.

4. The Chief Inspector shall from time to time supply each certifying medical practitioner with a printed book of butts and forms of certificates prepared in the following form:—

Date-

Place-

Factories and Shops Acts.

CERTIFICATE UNDER THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACTS.

Name of Applicant—

I, being a certifying medical practitioner under the Factories and Shops Acts, have been satisfied either by a certificate of birth, a statutory declaration, or other sufficient evidence that

Age—
In what class or classes of Factory to be employed—

Certifying Medical

Practitioner.

of is of the age of - years, and I certify, that has been personally examined by me, and is not incapacitated by disease or bodily infirmity for working daily for the time allowed by law in the following class or classes of factories, * viz.:—

Remarks :-

Certifying Medical Practitioner.

Date-

Note.—The certifying medical practitioner may here insert the words "all classes," or he may confine the certificate to any particular class or classes of factories by naming same. Certificates are only required by persons under sixteen years of age, i.e., by boys between fourteen and sixteen, or by girls between fifteen and sixteen.

Record of Examination.

5. Before issuing a certificate the certifying medical practitioner shall enter in the butt the particulars set out in the certificate with such remarks as are applicable. Butts of all used books shall be returned to the Chief Inspector to be filed.

Notice to be sent by the Certifying Medical Practitioner when Certificate is refused.

6. If the certifying medical practitioner cannot grant such certificate to an applicant on account of physical unfitness for employment in a factory, he shall forward to the Chief Inspector of Factories the name and address of the person to whom the certificate is refused.

CHAPTER V.

THE GRANTING OF CERTIFICATES TO ENGINE-DRIVERS AND BOILER ATTENDANTS.

Sections 50 and

Examinations.

1. Examinations will be conducted by the Board of Examiners at such times and places as may from time to time be notified by the secretary in the *Government Gazette*, and in a newspaper or newspapers published or circulated in the locality, and candidates will be examined according to priority of receipt of notice required by clause 2.

Preliminary Requirements.

2. Each applicant for a certificate must forward to the Secretary for Mines, Melbourne, notice in writing of his intention to present himself for examination, such notice to be given not less than seven clear days prior to the date of examination.

The notice must be accompanied by cash, post-office order, or postal note, to the value of 10s. Should the applicant pass the prescribed examination the deposit shall, in each instance, go towards payment of the fee for certificate; in the event, however, of the failure of the candidate to pass the examination, such amount shall be forfeited and be paid to the Consolidated Revenue.

- 3. A candidate must, if 'possible, produce testimonials or certificates, signed by his employers, and such documents must specify clearly and distinctly the class of steam-engines he has driven, or assisted to drive, or class of steam boilers he has attended or assisted to attend. The diameter of the cylinders of the steam-engines driven must be stated on the testimonials. In cases where a candidate is unable, from any sufficient cause, to produce testimonials from his employers, the Board may accept a statutory declaration or other sufficient proof that such candidate drove or assisted to drive a steam-engine or engines for a period of tweive months, or attended or assisted to attend a steam boiler or boilers for a period of six months, as evidence of his having had the necessary experience to entitle him to be examined.
 - 4. Every candidate for a certificate of competency or service shall :-
 - (a) make a statutory declaration that the testimonials he produces are genuine and true and correct in every particular, such declaration to be presented to and retained by the Board.
 - (b) produce written evidence of character.
 - (c) produce evidence that he is not subject to any mental or bodily infirmity likely to interfere with the efficient discharge of his duties.
 - (d) State his full name, also the place and date of his birth, which shall be inserted in any certificate issued by the Board to him.
 - (e) Prior to his examination for a certificate of a higher class produce any certificate issued to him under these Regulations, such latter certificate to be surrendered to the Board in the event of the higher class one being granted.
- 5. If a candidate fails to pass the examination prescribed, he shall not again present himself until a period of not less than three months shall have elapsed from the date of his last examination.

Fees to be charged.

6. The fees to be paid for certificates issued by the Board of Examiners shall be-

For a 1st class certificate of competency as an engine-driver	•••	£1	õ	0
For a 2nd class certificate of competency as an engine-driver		1	U	0
For a 3rd class certificate of competency as an engine-driver	•••	ì	U	0
For any certificate of service as an engine-driver	***	1	U	U
For a certificate of competency or of service as a boiler attendant		U	10	O
For a copy of any certificate (it lost)	•••	U	10	O
For a certificate of registration issued under clause 21 of t	hese			
Regulations		0	10	0

No certificate shall be issued until full payment or the fee required shall have been made to the Secretary for Mines.

CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY TO DRIVE STEAM-ENGINES.

First Class Certificate.

- . A lst class certificate issued by the Board of Examiners shall entitle the holder to drive any steam-engine in or in connexion with a factory unless such certificate be qualified as provided for in clause 16.
- 8. An applicant for a 1st class certificate must, except as hereinafter provided, produce to the Board satisfactory evidence—
 - (a) (1) That he has been the holder of a 2nd class certificate, under the Factories and Shops Acts, a 3rd class certificate under the Mines Acts, or a corresponding certificate issued in any other State of the Commonwealth or New Zenland, for a period of not less than twelve months, and that he has during that period bad charge of and driven for a period of rot less than six months a steam-engine of a class which he, as the holder of either of such certificates, is entitled to drive; or

- (2) that he has been in charge of and has efficiently managed and driven a steam-engin⁶ the cylinder of which is more than 12 inches in diameter, or a double-cylinder steam-engine the cylinders of which have a combined area equal to that of a single cylinder of more than 12 inches in diameter for a period of not less than 12 months; or
- (3) that he has served an apprenticeship to an engineer for five years, and during the period of his apprenticeship has been employed in the making or repairing of steamengines, or, if he has not served such apprenticeship, that for not less than five years he has been employed as journeyman mechanic in some factory in the making or repairing of steam-engines, and in either case that he has had not less than six months' experience in assisting to drive a steam-engine the cylinder of which is more than 12 inches in diameter, or a double-cylinder engine the cylinders of which have a combined area equal to that of a single-cylinder of more than 12 inches in diameter; or
- (4) that he has had not less than six months' instruction in engine-driving at any educational institution approved by the Board; or
- (5) that he holds the Naval rating of stoker petty officer, leading stoker, or chief stoker a certificate of service with character and ability assessed as "Very Good" and "Satisfactory" respectively; a certificate that he has passed through a three months' mechanical training course; and an auxiliary watch certificate; and
- (b) That he is at the date of examination not under the age of nineteen (19) years nor over the age of fitty (50) years. The latter age not to apply to persons who had experience in driving steam-engines previous to their attaining the age of fifty (50) years.

In addition to producing this evidence the applicant must pass an examination as to the construction of the various steam engines and steam boilers in general use, and as to the details of different working parts external and internal, and the use of such parts, and be able to explain how to correct defects, and what action is necessary in the ordinary emergencies which may arise in connexion with steam-engines and steam boilers.

9. A 1st class certificate shall be granted to a candidate who satisfies the Board by the production of his certificate that he has passed an examination equivalent to the examination of a 1st class certificate of competency under these Regulations before some authority recognised by the Governor in Council for that purpose in accordance with the Factories and Shops Acts (see clause 19).

Second Class Certificate.

- 10. A 2nd class certificate shall entitle the person to whom it is issued to drive any steam-engine in or in connexion with a factory, the cylinder of which does not exceed 12 inches in diameter, or a double-cylinder steam-engine, the combined area of the cylinders of which does not exceed that of a cylinder 12 inches in diameter, unless such certificate be qualified as provided for in clause 16.
 - 11. An applicant for a 2nd class certificate must produce to the Board satisfactory evidence—
 - (a) (1) That he has had not less than twelve months' experience in assisting to drive a steam-engine the cylinder of which exceeds 6 inches in diameter, or a double-cylinder steam-engine, the combined area of the cylinders of which exceeds that of a cylinder 6 inches in diameter; or
 - (2) That he has been the holder of a 3rd class certificate under the Factories and Shops Acts for a period of not less than twelve months, and that he has during that period had charge of and driven a 3rd class steam-engine for a period of not less than six months; or
 - (3) That he has had not less than three mouths' instruction in engine-driving at any educational institution approved by the Board; or
 - (4) that he holds the Naval rating of acting leading stoker or stoker; a certificate of service with character assessed as "Very Good" and "Superior" respectively; and an auxiliary watch certificate; and
 - (b) That he is at the date of examination not under the age of eighteen (18) years, nor over the age of fifty (50) years. The latter age not to apply to persons who had experience in driving steam-engines previous to their attaining the age of fifty (50) years.

In addition to producing this evidence the applicant must pass an examination as to the use of the principal parts of steam-engines and steam boilers in general use of the class he desires to obtain a certificate to drive, and be able to explain what action is necessary in the ordinary emergencies which may arise in connexion with such steam-engines and steam boilers.

- 12. A 2nd class certificate will be granted to a candidate who satisfies the Board—
 - (a) by the production of his certificate, that he has passed an examination equivalent to the examination of a 2nd class certificate of competency under these Regulations before some authority recognised by the Governor in Council for that purpose, in accordance with the Factories and Shops Acts (see clause 19); or

(b) that he holds the Naval rating of stoker petty officer, leading stoker, or chief stoker; a certificate of service with character and ability assessed as "Very Good" and "Satisfactory" respectively; a certificate that he has passed through a three months' mechanical training course; and an auxiliary watch certificate (see clause 19).

Third Class Certificate.

13. A 3rd class certificate shall entitle the person to whom it is issued to take charge of any steam-engine in or in connexion with a factory, the cylinder of which does not exceed 6 inches in diameter, or a double-cylinder steam-engine, the combined area of the cylinders of which does not exceed that of a cylinder 6 inches in diameter, unless such certificate be qualified as provided for in clause 16.

- 14. An applicant for a 3rd class certificate must produce to the Board satisfactory evidence—
 - (a) (1) That he has had not less than twelve months' experience in assisting to drive a steam-engine; or
 - (2) That he has had not less than three months' instruction in engine-driving at any educational institution approved by the Board; and
 - (b) That he is at the date of examination not under the age of eighteen (18) years, nor over the age of fifty (50) years. The latter age not to apply to persons who had experience in driving steam-engines previous to their attaining the age of fifty (50) years.

In addition to producing this evidence the applicant must pass an examination as to the use of the principal parts of steam-engines and steam boilers in general use of the class he desires to obtain a certificate to drive, and be able to explain what action is necessary in the ordinary emergencies which may arise in connexion with such steam-engines and steam boilers.

15. A 3rd class certificate will be granted to a candidate who satisfies the Board that he holds the Naval rating of acting leading stoker or stoker; a certificate of service with character and ability assessed as "Very Good" and "Superior" respectively; and an auxiliary watch certificate (see clause 19).

CERTIFICATE FOR ONE CLASS OF STEAM-ENGINE OR STEAM BOILER.

16. Where the applicant has had experience only on one steam-engine or steam boiler, or one class of steam-engine or steam boiler, the Board may grant a conditional certificate for that steam-engine or steam boiler or class of steam-engine or steam boiler only.

CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY TO BOILER ATTENDANTS.

. 17. A certificate of competency as a boiler attendant shall entitle the person to whom it is issued to take charge of any steam boiler in or in connexion with a factory, unless such certificate be qualified as provided in clause 16.

An applicant for a certificate of competency as boiler attendant must produce to the Board satisfactory evidence—

- (a) (1) That he has had not less than six months' experience in assisting to work a steam boiler; or
 - (2) That he has had not less than three months' instruction in the duties of a steam boiler attendant at any educational institution approved by the Board.
- (b) That he is, at the date of examination, not under the age of eighteen (18) years.

In addition to producing this evidence the applicant must pass an examination as to the different fittings of the various boilers in general use, and the use of such fittings, and as to what action is necessary in the ordinary emergencies which may arise in connexion with steam boilers.

- 18. A certificate of competency as a boiler attendant will be granted to a candidate who satisfies the Board that he holds---
 - (a) the naval rating of stoker petty officer, leading stoker, or chief stoker; a certificate of service with character and ability assessed as "Very Good" and "Satisfactory" respectively; and an auxiliary watch certificate; or
 - (b) the Naval rating of acting leading stoker or stoker; a certificate of service with character and ability assessed as "Very Good" and "Superior" respectively; and an auxiliary watch certificate (see clause 19).

EQUIVALENT EXAMINATION AND CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY.

- 19. For the purpose of granting certificates of competency the authorities to be recognised by the Governor in Council as holding equivalent examinations shall be—
 - (a) the Board of Trade of Great Britain; the Marine Board or the Department of Navigation, New South Wales; the Marine Board of Queensland; the Marine Board of South Australia; the Marine Board of Victoria; the Board of Examiners, Mercantile Marine, Tasmania; the Department of Harbor and Light, West Australia; the Head of the Government of Malta; the Governor of Bombay; the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal; the Governor of Hong Kong; the Governor of Straits Settlements; the Marine Department of New Zealand; the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Canada;
 - (b) the British Admiralty and the Commonwealth Naval Board, as far as the granting of such certificates under clauses 12(b), 15, and 18 of these Regulations is concerned.

CERTIFICATES OF SERVICE TO DRIVE STEAM-ENGINES.

First Class Certificate.

- 20. A 1st class certificate shall entitle the person to whom it is issued to drive any steam-engine in or in connexion with a factory, unless such certificate be qualified as provided for in clause 16.
- 21. A 1st class certificate will be granted to a candidate who satisfies the Board that during at least twelve months within three years prior to the 1st October, 1896, he has been in sole charge of and has efficiently managed and driven a steam-engine in Victoria, the cylinder of which is more than 12 inches in diameter, or a double-cylinder steam-engine, the cylinders of which have a combined area equal to a single cylinder of more than 12 inches in diameter.

Second Class Certificate.

- 22. A 2nd class certificate shall entitle the person to whom it is issued to drive any steam-engine in or in connexion with a factory, the cylinder of which does not exceed 12 inches in diameter, or a double-cylinder steam-engine, the combined area of the cylinders of which does not exceed that of a cylinder 12 inches in diameter, unless such certificate be qualified as provided for in clause 16.
- 23. A 2nd class certificate will be granted to a candidate who satisfies the Board that during at least twelve months within three years prior to the 1st October, 1896, he has been in sole charge of and has efficiently managed and driven a steam-engine in Victoria the cylinder of which is not less than 6 inches in diameter, or a double-cylinder steam-engine the cylinders of which have a combined area equal to that of a single cylinder of not less than 6 inches in diameter.

Third Class Certificate.

- 24. A 3rd class certificate shall entitle the person to whom it is issued to take charge of any steam-engine in or in connexion with a factory the cylinder of which does not exceed 6 inches in diameter, or a double-cylinder steam engine, the combined area of the cylinders of which does not exceed that of a cylinder 6 inches in diameter, unless such certificate be qualified as provided for in clause 16.
- 25. A 3rd class certificate will be granted to a candidate who satisfies the Board that during at least twelve months within three years prior to the 1st October, 1896, he has been in sole charge of and has efficiently managed and driven a steam-engine in Victoria.

CERTIFICATES OF SERVICE TO BOILER ATTENDANTS.

- 26. A certificate of service as a boiler attendant shall entitle the holder thereof to take charge of any steam boiler in or in connexion with a factory, unless such certificate be qualified as provided for in clause 16.
- 27. A certificate of service as a boiler attendant will be granted to a candidate who satisfies the Board that he has been in charge of and has efficiently managed a steam boiler during at least twelve months within three years prior to the 1st October, 1896.

CERTIFICATES OF SERVICE TO BE AUTHORIZED.

28. No certificate of service shall be issued unless specially authorized by the Governor in Council.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION ON TRANSFER FROM ANOTHER STATE OR NEW ZEALAND.

29. Any person holding a certificate of competency or of service which entitles him to take charge of a steam-engine or steam boiler in or in connexion with a factory, issued in any other State of the Commonwealth or in New Zealand, and who takes up his residence in Victoria, may be granted a certificate of registration of equal grade, upon payment of the fee prescribed, and without undergoing any examination.

DISQUALIFICATION OF HOLDER OF CERTIFICATE.

- 30. Any person holding a certificate of competency or of service which entitles him to take charge of a steam-engine or steam boiler in or in connexion with a factory, and who is charged with any offence or misconduct likely to be detrimental to the proper or efficient discharge of his duties, may be called upon by the Board of Examiners to show cause why he should not be disqualified as a certificated engine-driver or boiler attendant; and if he fail to satisfy the said Board, he may, by an Order of the Governor in Council, published in the Government Gazette, be disqualified for any period from acting as engine-driver or boiler attendant.
- 31. Any person shall, after such order, deliver into the charge of the said Board his certificate of competency or of service, which shall be retained by the said Board during the period of disqualification, and no such person shall during the period of such disqualification take charge of any steam-engine or steam boiler.
- 32. The Board may, if it think fit, hold an inquiry into the conduct of an engine-driver or boiler attendant accused of any of the foregoing offences; and with respect to such inquiry the following provisions shall have effect:—
 - (1) The inquiry shall be held at such time and place as the Board may appoint, the person charged to have the right to engage counsel to defend him at such inquiry. He shall receive fourteen days' notice of the Board's intention to hold an inquiry, and if the person charged intends to employ counsel he shall give seven days' notice of such intention to the secretary to the Board.
 - (2) The secretary to the Beard shall, before the commencement of the inquiry; furnish to the person charged a statement of the case upon which the inquiry is instituted:
 - (3) The person charged shall attend such inquiry, and may produce such evidence as may be considered necessary.
 - (4) The Board shall, upon the conclusion of the inquiry, forward to the Minister of Labour... a report containing a full statement of the case and its opinion thereon.

· COPIES OF CERTIFICATES.

33. Whenever a person proves to the satisfaction of the Board of Examiners that he has, without fault on his part, lost or been deprived of any certificate previously granted to him under the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, such Board shall, upon payment of the prescribed fee, cause a copy of the certificate to which the applicant appears to be entitled to be made out and certified by the secretary to the Board, and delivered to the applicant, and any copy so made and certified as aforesaid shall have the effect of the original certificate.

CHAPTER VI.

CARTERS.

Section 129.

Hours and Half-holiday in the Metropolitan District and all Cities and Towns.

- 1. No person shall be employed in carrying or delivering any goods, wares, merchandise, or materials whatsoever or in assisting in such work for more than sixty hours (excluding meal-times) in any week-except with the written consent of the Chief Inspector of Factories, when such hours may be not more than seventy (excluding meal-times), provided that for each person the total number of weeks in any year in which such permission may be granted shall not exceed six.
- 2. Every such carter or person assisting (other than those employed in delivering bread, meat, and milk) shall have and take a half-holiday in each and every week as follows:—
 - (1) where the material to be carried or delivered is-

perishable articles of human food,

parcels of laundry-work,

flowers (on the way to market),

newspapers,

for the repair of tramways,

for repairing purposes in case of a breakdown in connexion with waterworks, sewerage works, electric light works, gas works, or any other public utility, or of any plant in a factory which would otherwise have to be closed either forthwith or during the next working day for repairs,

bones and meat refuse from butchers' shops,

dead animals,

aerated waters, or cordials or ice, from the first day of November in any year to the fifteenth day of April next following,

and in cases where the Chief Inspector of Factories has given any written consent to work before or after the legal hours, such half-holiday may be had and taken on any day other than Sunday, either from Midnight till Two p.m. of the following day, or from Two p.m. onwards.

(2) In all other cases-

From Two p.m. on Saturday in the Metropolitan District.

Section 12. No. 8252.

From Two p.m. on the day on which the half-holiday for shops is observed in any city or town outside the Metropolitan District.

3. Every carter's and stableman's time book or card shall be in one or other of the following forms :--

FORM No. 1.

CARTER'S AND STABLEMAN'S TIME BOOK OR CARD.

Section 180

Employer's Name-

Address-

Employee's Name-

Address-

Class of Work Done-

Week Ending

19

· Dat	e.		Time of Starting work.	Time. of Finishing work.	Time Off during the day,	Total Hours worked.	Employee's Initials.
DJan							
Sunday	***	•••		1	Ì		.
Monday	•••			<u> </u>	'		1
Tuesday				•	,	<i>'</i>	ł
Wednesday				,	} .		ţ
Thursday					1		
Friday				}			
Saturday	•••						

Total Hours Worked during the Week

Hrs.

Mins.

Total Amount received for Wages and Overtime during the Week

Signature of Employee-

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FORM No. 2.

CARTER'S AND STABLEMAN'S TIME BOOK OR CARD.

Employer's Name-Address—
Employee's Name—
Address—
Class of Work Done— Week Ending

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		,		
_	1 1 1 1	d during the Week		

Total Amount received for Wages and Overtime during the Week

Signature of Employee-

Sections 69 and 242.

CHAPTER VII.

STAMPING OF FURNITURE.

1. The Stamp which by the Factories and Shops Acts is directed to be stamped on furniture shall be placed where specified in the following Schedule:—

SCHEDULE.

t drawers,
t duarence
t duamen
t urawers,
1.
t arawers,
n.
canvas.
canvas. ass, on the
canvas. ass, on the
canvas.
canvas. ess, on the
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SCHEDULE - continued.

Pedestals	On the bottom of the pedestal.
Pedestal cupboards	On the inside of the back, 6 inches above the shelf.
Secretaires	On the inside of a drawer bottom.
Sideboards	On the inside of the bottom of the right-hand top drawer.
Sofas, chesterfield	On the bottom edge of the seat rail.
Sofas, colonial	On the outside of back.
Sofas, stump	On the under side of frame.
Tables	Kitchen, extensiou, occasional, gipsy, &c., on the under side of the table top.
Towel-rails	On the bottom edge of the stand.
Upholstered suites	All chair and couch frames finished with upholstered seats to be stamped on the under edge of the seat rail, in such position as not to be covered by webbing or any other material.
Wardrobes	On the inside of the carcass back, not less than 30 inches from the top of the
wardroues	carcass.
Washstands	On the centre of the back rail on the back.
Wall brackets	On the under side of shelf.
Whatnots	On the under side of the top shelf.

CHAPTER VIII.

MODE OF APPEALING TO THE COURT OF INDUSTRIAL APPEALS.

1. Every appeal under the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts against the Determination of a Wages Board shall be instituted by the appellant forwarding to the Minister of Labour a notice, in writing.

2. The notice shall state the character in which the appellant claims to appear, and when the appeal is by a single employer or group of employers employing not less than 25 per centum of the total number of workers shall set out particulars of the numbers of workers employed b each appellant. The notice shall be written in legible characters, and shall clearly and distinctly set forth the grounds of appeal.

3. The notice of appeal shall be signed in a legible manner by each appellant, and the full address

and occupation of each appellant shall be given opposite each signature.

4. Such notice shall name some address for service, not more than 5 miles from the General Post Office, where notices, orders, summonses, documents, and written communications may be left for the appellant or appellants, and all notices, orders, summonses, documents, and written communications served or left at such address shall constitute effective service on the appellant or appellants, if there be more than one.

5. Two copies of the notice of appeal shall be forwarded with the original.

6. The Chief Iuspector of Factories or the Registrar of the Court of Industrial Appeals may allow any employer or employé in the trade affected by a Determination against which an appeal has been lodged to make a copy of the notice of appeal for the purpose of entering an appearance against such appeal.

7. Any employer or employé in the trade affected by the Determination which is the subject of an appeal who desires to be heard by the Court against such appeal, shall, seven days at least before the hearing, notify the Registrar of the Court of Industrial Appeals of such desire, and shall give his full

name, his occupation, and address in such notification.

8. The Chief Inspector of Factories shall attach to such notice of appeal a list containing the names and addresses of the Members of the Wages Board the Determination of which is the subject of appeal, and also, when necessary, a certificate giving the number of persons employed in the trade affected by such employer or group of employers, and also the total number of persons employed in such trade as indicated in the Chief Inspector's last Annual Report issued prior to such appeal, or in the case of appeal by the workers in any trade, a certificate giving the number of persons employed in such trade as indicated in the Chief Inspector's last Annual Report.

9. Non-compliance with these regulations shall not prevent the hearing of an appeal or of

opposition thereto unless the Court so orders.

CHAPTER IX.,

No. 2650. Section 195.

MISCELLANEOUS.

No. 3048.

Oath of Secrecy.

1. The oath of secrecy to be taken by the Secretary for Labour, the Chief Inspector, and the officers of the Department of Labour shall be in the following form :---

being * I, the undersigned sincerely promise and swear that I will maintain and aid in maintaining secrecy as to the names and addresses of persons registered as Outworkers pursuant to the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acis, and that I will not divulge to any person whomsoever the name or address of any such registered Outworker except for the purposes of enforcing the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts.

SO HELP ME GOD.

in the State Sworn before me, at day of of Victoria, this in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and

Justice of the Peace.

* The Secretary for Labour, the Chief Inspector of Factories, or an officer of the Department of Labour (as the

Choice of Half-Holiday by a Hairdresser or a Tobacconist.

2. The written notice to be served on the Chief Inspector by the occupier of a Hairdres-er's Shop or a Tobacconist's shop shall be in the following form, and shall be sent to him through the post by registered letter addressed to him at his office in Melbourne.

CHOICE OF HALF-HOLIDAY.

No. 3252. Section 10.

It is bereby notified to the Chief Inspector of Factories that with respect to the premises Hairdresser'st occupied as a Tobacconist's

within the Municipal District of

that We have chosen that the same shall be closed from*

p.m. on Wednesdays from the

until further notice.

Full Name of Occupier, Firm, or Company-

Signature-

Date-

This notice must be forwarded to the Chief Inspector of Factories by Registered Letter.

* 1, 7 or 8, as the case may be. † Strike out whichever not applicable.

RECORD OF EMPLOYÉS IN PLACES OTHER THAN FACTORIES AND SHOPS.

3. The true record of the names, work, and wages of the persons employed in places other than factories and shops, and the ages of all persons employed under twenty-one years of age, shall be in the following form, and such record shall be forwarded to the Chief Inspector on or before the 1st January.

RECORD OF EMPLOYES.

(Act 2650. Section 197.)

Section 197

This form is to be used by every person (except occupiers of Factories or Shops) who employs any worker or workers whose wages are fixed by any Wages Board. A different form is used for Factories

It should show correct particulars of every worker or workers employed during the first week in December, and should reach the Chief Inspector of Factories, Spring-street, Melbourne, on or before the 1st January following.

No notice nor demand, written or verbal, will be given or made for this record, but Employers making default are liable to a penalty of Twenty shillings per day.

Name of Employer (in full)-

Trade Name (if any)

Street, Number, and Locality (in full)-

What Business carried on-

The total number of all Employés during the first week in December, 19 , was-

				Am	ount of Wee	k's Earnings.		
Name of Parallel	Description of Work.	No. of hours		Wa	ges.		Pieo	e-work.
Name of Employé.	(Apprentices and improvers should be clearly indicated.)	worked during the Week.		Males.	F	emales.		
	ç	ι,.	Under 21 years.	21 years and over.	Under 21 years.	21 years and over.	Males.	Females.
			s. d.	s, d,	#. d.	s. d.	e. d.	#. d.
					i			ĺ
`								-
·		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				

DECLARATION.

, do hereby declare that the above is a full and complete . of list of all persons (including working employers and members of their families, and carters, clerks, packers and others working in connexion with the business) employed during the first week of December, 19 that it is true and correct in every particular. , 19

Dated the

day of

Signature-

(Another for m should be obtained if more space required.)

RECORD OF EMPLOYÉS UNDER SECTION 126.

4. The true record of the names, work, and wages of the persons employed by every employer engaged in any process, trade, business, or occupation which may become subject to the provisions of a Wages Board shall be in the following form, and such form shall be forwarded to the Chief Inspector whenever demanded by him.

RECORD OF EMPLOYÉS.

(Act 2650. Section 126.)

This form is to be used by every employer of any person engaged in any process, trade, business, or occupation which may become subject to the provisions of a Wages Board.

It should show correct particulars of every worker employed during the week immediately previous to the date this form is filled up, and should be forwarded to the Chief Inspector of Factories, Springstreet, Melbourne, whenever demanded by him.

Employers making default are liable to a penalty of Twenty shillings per day.

Section 126

Name of Employer (in full)-

Trade Name (if any)--

Street, Number, and Locality (in full)---

What business carried on-

The total number of all employés during the week ending

, 192 , was—

٠.		•		A	mount of We	ek's Earning	3.	
,	Description of Work.	No. of		W	ages.		Piece	work.
Name of Employé.	(Apprentices and improvers should be clearly indicated.)	hours worked during the Week.		Males.	Fen	naies.		
	,		Under 21 years	21 years and over	Under 21 years.	21 years and over.	Males.	Females.
			s. d.	ε. d.	\$. d.	s. d.	t. d.	1. d.
	`							

DECLARATION.

I, of , do hereby declare that the above is a full and complete list of all workers employed by me in the trade to be affected during the week ending the day of , 192 , and that it is true and correct in every particular.

Dated the

day of

10

Signature-

(Another form should be obtained if more space required.)

VENTILATION IN WAREHOUSES.

ction 118.

5. Every warehouse creeted after the first day of January, 1915, and every warehouse which the Chief Inspector of Factories considers should be so fitted, shall be ventilated in accordance with the requirements of Clause 8 of Chapter II.

SANITARY ACCOMMODATION IN OFFICES, WAREHOUSES OR BUILDINGS.

ection 112.

6. Every office, warehouse or building (other than a factory or shop) in which persons are working or employed in any business whatever shall be provided with sanitary accommodation in accordance with the requirements of Clause 9 of Chapter II.

1359.—**3**

No. 2650. Section 201. No. 3048.

FIRST-AID AMBULANCE CHEST.

7. Every occupier of a factory or shop where steam, electrical, water, or other power driven machinery is running shall at all times keep, for the use of the employees therein, a first-aid ambulance chest in some accessible place upon the premises, such chest to be equipped and supplied with the following articles, namely:—

		Articles.				mantles, shirts, goods ar in which	n which only dre clothing, whitevections, or kn e manufactured; not more that are employed	vork, itted and	Any other factory or any shop
Antiseptio solutio	n			. ,	_	1 bottle	. –		l bottle
Bandages, cotton			• • •		• •		ssorted sizes		1 dozen assorted sizes
Castor oil	_		• •		• •	3 oz			2 ozs
lodine, tincture of					• •	1 oz	٠٠/.		2 ozs.
Ianual, first-aid						102	• • •		1
Petrolatum, carbo				•		l jar	• • •		l jar
prescription :-	li teaspo	onfuls of	powdered pie	erie acid, 3 o:	or	2 ozs.		••	l pint
prescription :— of absolute alco	li teaspo	onfuls of pints of d	powdered pie	erie acid, 3 o: r	or zs.	2 ozs.			l pint
of absolute alco Pins, safety	li teaspo	onfuls of pints of d	powdered pie	erie acid, 3 or r	or zs.			••	
prescription:— of absolute alco Pins, safety Bal volatile	li teaspo hol, and 2	onfuls of prints of d	powdered pic istilled wate	eric acid, 3 or	or 7.8.	2 ozs.	••		l pint l packet 6 ozs.
prescription:— of absolute alco rins, safety al volatile cissors	li teaspo hol, and 2	onfuls of points of d	powdered pic istilled wate	erie acid, 3 oz r 	or 7.S.	2 ozs.			l pint
prescription:— of absolute alco rins, safety al volatile cissors ourniquet	li teaspo hol, and 2	onfuls of prints of d	powdered pi istilled wate	erie acid, 3 oz r 	or 78.	1 packet 1 oz 1 pair 1			I pint I packet 6 ozs. 1 pair
prescription:— of absolute alco ins, safety al volatile cissors ourniquet weezers	li teaspo	onfuls of pints of d	powdered picistilled water	erie acid, 3 oz	or 78.	2 ozs. 1 packet 1 oz 1 pair			l pint l packet 6 ozs.
prescription:— of absolute alco ins, safety al volatile cissors ourniquet weezers outon absorben	li teaspo	onfuls of pints of d	powdered pickstilled water	erie acid, 3 oz	or 78.	l packet l oz l pair l l lpair			I pint I packet 6 ozs. 1 pair 1 1 pair
prescription:— of absolute alco Pins, safety Bal volatile Scissors Fourniquet	liteaspondo, and 2	onfuls of I	powdered pickstilled water	erie acid, 3 oz	or 78.	l packet l oz l pair l l lpair			I pint I packet 6 ozs. 1 pair

Sections 59 and

GUARDING OF MACHINERY.

8. (a) Wood-working surface planing machines.

The occupiers of all factories in which wood-working surface planing machines, commonly known as buzzer planes, are used, shall-

- fit circular head cutters to such wood-working surface planing machines in all cases where circular head cutters are not already fitted;
- (2) provide, adjust, and keep properly adjusted to such machines an approved automatic guard;
- (3) keep the edges of the opening in which the cutter head revolves adjusted as near together as possible consistent with the proper working of the machine.
- (b) Belts or ropes used for transmitting power.

The occupiers of all factories where belts or ropes are used for transmitting power shall take such steps—

- (1) as will prevent every belt or rope, when not transmitting power, from resting on any revolving shaft;
- (2) as will prevent any belt or rope from being joined or mended while the machinery is in motion, unless such belt or rope is suspended on a suitable and efficient perch during the whole of the time occupied in such joining or mending.
- (c) Power-driven machines used for cutting chaff.

The occupiers of all places where power-driven machines are used for cutting chaff shall equip each of such machines with—

- (1) a guard which will at all times cover the feed box for a distance of twenty-five (25) inches from the centre of the feed rollers; the height of this guard measured from the bottom of the feed box to the top of the guard shall not in any case exceed twenty (20) inches (inside measurement);
- (2) a reversing lever which must be carried over the top of the guard, in line with and three (3) inches above the edge of the guard nearest the operator.
- (d) Shaving machines and crop-rolling machines in tanneries.

The occupiers of all factories used as tanneries shall guard-

- (1) all shaving machines used therein by either bringing down the cover and so adjusting it as to leave an opening between the cover and the knives of not more than 5-16ths inch when the roller is brought up to its working position, or by using Plain's automatic guard;
- (2) all crop-rolling machines used therein by means of a guard roller suspended on each side of the main roller. The bottom of the guard roller to be not more than 1½ inches above the top of the table and not less than nine (9) inches from the centre of the main roller to the centre of the guard roller.

(e) Enterprise and similar mincing machines.

The occupiers of all factories in which Enterprise or similar mincing machines with open necks are moved by power shall guard such machines in such a way as to prevent the hand of the person operating the machine reaching the worm knives.

(f) Pendulum or swinging cross-cut saws.

The occupiers of all factories in which pendulum or swinging cross-cut saws are used shall, in addition to the hood guard usually provided over the top of the saw, guard such saws by fixing thereto a check chain. The said chain shall be made of not less than 1-inch welded steel links, and shall be securely bolted at one end to the saw frame, and at the other end to a permanent fixture. It shall be of such a length that it will at all times prevent the projection of any portion of the saw past the front edge of the saw bench.

And the Honorable Sir A. J. Peacock, His Majesty's Minister of Labour, shall give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

F. W. MABBOTT, Clerk of the Executive Council.

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