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WEDNESDAY, JULY 29.

[1931

ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor of the State of Victoria and its Dependencies in the Commonwealth of Australia, &c., &c., &c.

I THE Lieutenant-Governor of the State of Victoria, in the Commonwealth of Australia, do hereby declare that I have this day assented, in His Majesty's name, to the Bill passed by the Parliament of the said State, the title whereof is hereunder set forth, that is to say:—

No. 3953. "An Act to approve an Agreement between the Commonwealth of Australia of the First Part and the States of New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, and Tasmania of the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Parts respectively relating to the Conversion of the Internal Public Debts of the Commonwealth and the States."

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the State of Victoria aforesaid, at Melbourne, this twenty-ninth day of July, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-one, and in the twenty-second year of the reign of His Majesty King George V.

(L.S.)

W. H. IRVINE.

By His Excellency's Command,

E. J. HOGAN.

GOD SAVE THE KING!

DEBT CONVERSION AGREEMENT ACT 1931, No. 3953.

DATE OF COMING INTO FORCE.

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor of the State of Victoria and its Dependencies in the Commonwealth of Australia, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament of the State of Victoria, passed in the twenty-second year of the reign of his present Majesty, King George V., intituled the *Debt Conversion Agreement Act 1931*, it is amongst other things enacted that the said Act shall come into force on a day to be fixed by Proclamation of the Governor in Council published in the *Government Gazette*: And whereas it is further provided that the Governor in Council may not make such Proclamation unless he is satisfied that the Parliament of the Commonwealth and the Parliament of each of the States of New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, and Tasmania have respectively passed an Act approving of the Agreement, a copy of which is set out in the schedule to the said *Debt Conversion Agreement Act 1931*:

Now therefore I, the Lieutenant-Governor of the State of Victoria, acting by and with the advice of the Executive Council thereof, being satisfied that the Parliament of the Commonwealth and the Parliament of each of the States of New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, and Tasmania have respectively passed an Act approving of the said Agreement, do by this my Proclamation fix Wednesday, the twenty-ninth day of July, One thousand nine hundred and thirty-one, as the day upon which the said *Debt Conversion Agreement Act 1931* shall come into force in the State of Victoria.

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the State of Victoria aforesaid, at Melbourne, this twenty-ninth day of July, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-one, and in the twenty-second year of the reign of His Majesty King George V.

(L.S.)

W. H. IRVINE.

By His Excellency's Command,

E. J. HOGAN,

Treasurer.

GOD SAVE THE KING!

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that this is essential for ensuring transparency and accountability in the organization's operations.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and tools used to collect and analyze data. It highlights the need for consistent data collection procedures and the use of advanced analytical techniques to derive meaningful insights from the data.

3. The third part of the document focuses on the role of technology in data management and analysis. It discusses how modern software solutions can streamline data collection, storage, and processing, thereby improving efficiency and accuracy.

4. The fourth part of the document addresses the challenges associated with data management, such as data quality, security, and privacy. It provides strategies to mitigate these risks and ensure that the data remains reliable and secure throughout its lifecycle.

5. The fifth part of the document concludes by summarizing the key findings and recommendations. It stresses the importance of a data-driven approach in decision-making and the need for continuous monitoring and improvement of data management practices.