



# VICTORIA

# GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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No. 104]

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26.

[1935

Factories and Shops Acts.

# DETERMINATION OF THE DRESS, SHIRT, AND UNDERCLOTHING BOARD.

Note.—This Determination on the 21st June, 1935, applied to the whole of the State of Victoria.

N accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Act 1928 (No. 3677), the Wages Board appointed to determine the lowest prices or rates of payment for wholly or partly preparing or manufacturing, either inside or outside a factory—

- (a) articles of women's, girls', and children's outer clothing or wearing apparel (except indiarubber waterproof garments), such as costumes, dresses, skirts, tea-gowns, wrappers, blouses, jackets, mantles, capes, opera cloaks, and cloaks of every description, also for the making of females' stitched neckwear of woven material;
- (b) shirts, shirt-fronts, pyjamas, underpants, collars and cuffs of every description;
- (c) articles of women's and girls' underclothing, except stays and corsets, also nightgowns, pinafores, aprons, and infants' gowns and underclothing, and all classes of pillowslips—

tut not including any persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Knitting Trade Board, has made the following Determination, namely:---

(1) That on the 21st June, 1935, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

(2) (a)

			APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS	3.		
O Experience.		Males employed at Women's Order Dress- making, Women's Order Tailoring, and Women's Ready-made Dressmaking, and Women's Ready- made Tailoring.	Males employed at Underclothing and White- work, Collars, Shirts, and Pyjamas.	Females.	Females commencing at the Trade between the ages of 18 and 21 years.	Male Juveniles employed at seam pressing. Definition Clause (4).
		Weekly Wages.	Weekly Wages.	Weekly Wages.	Weekly Wages.	Weekly Wages.
		£ s. d.	£ s. đ.	$\mathfrak{L}$ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
lst six months	• •	0 11 0	0 11 0	0 8 0	1 1 0	0 16 6
2nd ,,	• •	0 14 0	0 14 0	0 10 6	1 6 0	0 16 6
3rd ,,	• •	0 16 6	0 16 6	0 13 0	1 11 6	1 2 0
4th ,,		0 19 6	0 19 6	0 15 6	1 16 6	1 2 0
5th ,,		1 2 0	1 2 0	1 1 0		1 13 0
6th ,,	٠	1 7 6	1 7 6	1 6 0	1	1 13 0
7th ,,		1 16 0	1 16 0	1 11 6	1	2 10 0
8th		2 4 6	2 4 6	1 16 6	•••	2 10 0
O+b		2 10 0				3 1 0
10th		2 16 6	· · ·	••		3 1 0
••			' '	••		, 310
and theresiter	file ii	ainimum weekly wage or	r diece-work brice.			

(b) PROPORTION (IN ANY FACTORY OR PLACE).

APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS.

Males

One apprentice or improver to every two or fraction of two journeymen.

Females.

Three female apprentices or improvers to every journeywoman.

All apprentices shall be indentured in accordance with the prescribed form of indenture, provided that a minor may serve an employer as a probationer for a period not exceeding three months. During the said three months he or she shall be paid at least the minimum rates prescribed by this Determination for the first six months of apprenticeship. If the probationer becomes indentured, his or her indentures shall be taken to have commenced from the commencement of the period of probation.

No. 104.-6671.

In the event of the employer to whom an apprentice is bound ceasing to carry on business, such apprentice may be bound to another employer for the remainder of the term to be served; provided that if such apprentice be over the age of eighteen years at the time of the original employer ceasing to carry on business, such person may complete the time to be served as an improver.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Determination, any person who at the 3rd March, 1933, was employed in the industry and whose engagement or continued employment as an improver is by this Determination forbidden shall be entitled to be employed and shall be paid the scale of wages prescribed for an apprentice or improver of like experience.

# (3) OTHER PERSONS (EXCEPT APPRENTICES, IMPROVERS, AND JUVENILE WORKERS).

Women's order dressmaking and women's order tailoring, including making and/or altering all order outer garments for women:—

								}	//	ockly	Vages.		
									Males.		Femal		8.
		Journmym	en.						£ s.	d.	£	8.	d.
Cutters employed marking or	cutting out gar	ments							4 18				
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failors employed making, and	d/or machining.	and/or alteri	ng any pa	rt of a g	arment				4 8	0 ¦			
Inchinists employed machini	ing any part of e	garment	· · ·	٠, -				1		10		• •	
Pressers-off employed pressin	g off any part of	a garment								0		٠.	
All others		• • •					• •		3 10	0		٠.	
		JOURNEYW	OMEN.					1					
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utters employed marking o twill, worsted, or similar	materials						• •				4	17	(
Il other cutters employed	marking or cut	ing out any	materia: (	n wearn	ig appar	er outer	dian co	stanc		ı	9	19	1
coats, overcoats, topcoat	s, cloaks, as are	made of twee	Caisbad o	vorsueu,	)( Simila	I IIIAGEIA		::	• •		2		•
litters on employed trying o Pressers employed pressing o	n to a customer	ununished or	naisaeu g	iron mai	rhing mo	re than	R Ih	::			4	8	1
ressers employed pressing o	n any part of a	garment, and	using an	ho garn	out the	worker i	makin		•••		-	~	
	on any part of	a garinent ou		ne garm	cut the	WOLKEL I	2 1110021111			I			
ressers employed pressing (	Ib or loss	_									2	6	-
using an iron weighing 8	lb. or less						• •	• •	••	. !	2	6	•
using an iron weighing 8 Table hands, finishers, or m	lb. or less achinists, namel	v. journeywoi	 men empl	oved ma	 king and	i/or mad	hining a	nd/or			2 2	6 8	•
using an iron weighing 8 Table hands, finishers, or maltering any part of a ga	b. or less achinists, namel rment other tha	y, journeywo: n blouses, skii	 men empl rts, wrapp	oyed ma ers, fron	 king and ts, collai	i/or mac s, collare	hining a ttes, or	nd/or ouffs			2 2	6 8	-
using an iron weighing 8 Table hands, finishers, or m altering any part of a ga Table hands, finishers, or ma	Ib. or less achinists, namel rment other tha achinists, namely	y, journeywoi n blouses, skii , journeywom	 men empl rts, wrapp ien emplo	oyed ma ers, fron yed mal	king and ts, collar ing and	i/or mac s, collare	hining a ttes, or a hining a	nd/or cuffs nd/or			2 2 2	6 8 4	
using an iron weighing 8 Table hands, finishers, or m altering any part of a ga Table hands, finishers, or ma altering any part of bloo	Ib. or less achinists, namel rment other tha schinists, namely 1868. 8kirts. Wrat	y, journeywor n blouses, skir n, journeywom mers, fronts, c	nen empl rts, wrapp en emplo collars, col	oyed ma ers, fron yed mal	king and ta, collar ting and or cuffs	i/or mac s, collare /or mac	hining a ttes, or a hining a	nd/or ouffs and/or			2 2 2	6 8 4	
using an iron weighing 8 Cable hands, finishers, or m altering any part of a ga Cable hands, finishers, or ma altering any part of bloc Cornelli workers, machine	b. or less achinists, namel rement other that achinists, namely uses, skirts, wrapembossers, or m	y, journeywor n blouses, skir n, journeywom pers, fronts, c nachine embro	men empl rts, wrapp nen emplo collars, col oiderers c	oyed ma ers, fron yed mal llarettes, mployed	king and ts, collaiding and or cuffs on cor	i/or mac s, collare /or mac	hining a ttes, or a hining a	nd/or cuffs nd/or 			2 2 2 2	6 8 4 9	
using an iron weighing 8 Table hands, finishors, or m altering any part of a ga Table hands, finishers, or ma altering any part of bloc Cornelli workers, machine c embossing, or machine c	b. or less achinists, namel arment other tha achinists, namel ses, skirts, wrap embossers, or m ambroidery on al	y, journeywor n blouses, skir n, journeywom opers, fronts, c nachine embro I kinds of fem	men emplorts, wrapp nen emplo collars, col oiderers e ale wearin	oyed ma ers, fron yed mal llarettes, mployed ng appar	king and ts, collar ting and or cuffs on cor	i/or maces, collared /or maces	hining a ttes, or a hining a	nd/or ouffs and/or			2 2 2 2 1	8 4 9	1
Fable hands, finishers, or maltering any part of a ga Fable hands, finishers, or maltering any part of bloo Cornelli workers, machine of	b. or less achinists, namel arment other tha achinists, namel ses, skirts, wrap embossers, or m ambroidery on al	y, journeywor n blouses, skir n, journeywom opers, fronts, c nachine embro I kinds of fem	men emplorts, wrapp nen emplo collars, col oiderers e ale wearin	oyed ma ers, fron yed mal llarettes, mployed ng appar	king and ts, collar ting and or cuffs on cor	i/or maces, collared /or maces	thining a ttes, or c hining a k or ma	nd/or cuffs nd/or achine			2 2 2 2 1 1	8 4 9	1

Women's ready-made dressmaking and ready-made tailoring, including making, and/or altering any part of a costume, dress, skirt, teagown, wrapper\_blouse, jacket, mantle, cape, front, collar, collarette, cuff, opera cloak, and cloaks of all descriptions:—

	Weekly '	Wages. o
<del>-</del>	Males.	Females.
Journeymen.	1 .	
COUDING MANAGEMENT	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
atters employed marking in or cutting out garments	4 11 0	
silors employed making any part of a garment	4 8 0	
and the supposed machining any part of a garment	4 8 0	
essers-off, employed pressing off any part of a garment	4 8 0	
der-pressers of coats of all descriptions employed under-pressing coats other than coats which the worker		
is making	3 13 0	
l other under-pressers or seam pressers employed under-pressing or seam-pressing, on all garments other		
than coats, and other than garments which the worker is making	3 11 6	
ushers and folders employed matching garments, and/or sorting garments, and/or measuring garments,	]	
and/or despatching garments, and/or brushing garments, and/or folding garments	3 11 6	
and/or despacently garmente, and/or brushing garmentes, and/or brushing gar	3 10 0	
Totales		
JOURNEYWOMEN.		
and the second s		ļ
tters employed marking or cutting out such costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of		4 11 (
twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials	••	4 11 (
l other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume		2 12
coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials		4 8 (
essers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8 lb.	•••	4 0 1
essers employed pressing off any part of a garment (other than the garment the worker is making), and		261
using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less		200
ble hands, finishers, or machinists employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of a		28
garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuffs	•••	28
able hands, finishers, or machinists employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of		0.4
blouses, skirts, wrappers, collars, collarettes, or cuffs	••	2 4 (
pricelli workers, machine embossers, or machine embroiderers employed on cornelli work or machine	1	2 9
embossing, or machine embroidery on all kinds of female wearing apparel	1	
	.:	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 19 & 0 \\ 1 & 19 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$



Underclothing and whitework, including the making of all articles of women's and girls' underclothing, nightgowns, pinafores, approns, infants' dresses and gowns, and underclothing, and dresses for children not exceeding eight years of age, pillow-slips, pillow-shams :-

	Weekly	Wages.
<u> </u>	Males.	Females.
Journeymen.		
Cutters employed marking in or cutting out any article of any description	£ s. d. 4 18 0 3 10 0	£ 8. a.
Journeywomen.		
Cutters employed marking in or cutting out any article of any description	••	2 12 6 2 2 0
Machinists employed machining any part of articles of underclothing of all descriptions, or any part of dresses of all descriptions for children not exceeding eight years of age	::	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Pressers or ironers employed on any class of pressing or ironing with an iron not exceeding 8 lb. in weight Pressers or ironers employed on any class of pressing or ironing with a hand iron exceeding 8 lb. in weight	::	2 2 0 3 13 0
Hand sewers of buttons, or hooks and eyes, or press studs, or tickets, and thread cutters	·· <b>·</b>	1 19 0 1 19 0

Collars, shirts, and pyjamas, including the making of collars, cuffs, shirts, shirt fronts, pyjamas, and underpants (except knitted goods) :-

						]	Weekly	Wages.		
							Males.	Females.		
JOURNEY Cutters employed marking in or cutting out garments All others		••	· ::	••	::		£ s. d. 4 6 0 3 10 0	£ . d.		
JOURNEYW	OMEN.	••	••	••				••		
Cutters employed marking in or cutting out garments Machinists, turners, finishers, or table hands, folders, presented sewers of buttons, or hooks and eyes, or press stud All others					••	•		2 14 6 2 2 0 1 19 0 1 19 0		

# DEFINITIONS, AND CLASSIFICATION OF EMPLOYEES.

A journeyman is a male person other than an apprentice or ( ii) Who has served the term of experience prescribed by this improver or juvenile worker

(i) Who has actived the or the Determination; or
(ii) Who has attained the age of 21 years; or
(iii) Who is in receipt of at least the minimum weekly wage prescribed for the class of work on which such person is engaged, whether on weekly wages or piece-work. A journeywoman is a female person other than an apprentice or improver

A juvenile worker is a male person under the age of 21 years, other than an apprentice or improver, employed as a seam or under-presser in women's order dressmaking and women's order tailcring, and women's ready-made dressmaking and women's ready-made tailoring.

Order work shall include any of the following classes of work:-

(4)

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- (a) Bespoke work.(b) Garments cut to an individual measure.
- (c) Garments that are fitted on(d) Garments cut to chart measure.

### HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT.

Forty-four hours shall constitute a week's work within the following hours:—Time of beginning, 8 a.m.; time of ending, 6 p.m.—on five days of the week. Time of beginning, 8 a.m.; time of ending, 1 p.m.—on the other day of the week on which the half-holiday is usually observed. Provided further that if the majority of the employees desire to start at 7.30 a.m., the work may begin at 7.30 a.m.

OVERTIME.

- (a) Any employee who, in any day, has performed any work outside the working hours ordinarily observed in the factory or workshop in which he or she is employed, shall be paid overtime as follows:—
  - (1) Weekly workers shall be paid at the rate of time and one-half, and shall also be paid 1s. 6d. meal money when such overtime exceeds 40 minutes on week-days or three hours on the day of the week on which the half-holiday is usually
  - observed.

    (2) Piece-workers shall be paid (in addition to the ordinary piece-work prices for work done in the excess time) such sum per hour as is equivalent to the weekly wage divided by 83, and shall also be paid 1s. 6d. meal money when such overtime exceeds 40 minutes on week days or three hours on the day of the week on which the half-holiday is usually observed.
- (b) No employee shall be employed overtime outside the hours fixed, except with his or her consent.

  (c) No employee shall be dismissed, or in any way whatsoever be prejudiced in his or her employment, by reason of his or her refusal to work overtime outside the hours fixed.
  - (d) No employee under the age of sixteen years shall be employed overtime.

#### MIDDAY MEAL.

(a) An interval of not less than three-quarters of an hour shall be allowed for the midday meal unless a majority of the syces in any place desire it to be otherwise. In no circumstances shall less than thirty minutes be fixed.

(b) No work shall be performed during such meal time.

#### TASK SYSTEM.

No employer shall make a bonus or merit payment which fluctuates from period to period according to the amount of work performed by the employee concerned, and which is based upon a secret or task rate for measuring the output of such employee. No increase in wages granted to any employee, after the date of operation of this Determination, above the rates herein prescribed shall be deemed to be in contravention of this clause if the same be paid for a period of three months, or for the term of employment, whichever period is the shorter; provided, however, that such increased wages may, at the discretion of the employer, be adjusted according to the wages rates prescribed from time to time by this Determination.

In all factories and workshops where a minimum task is set for a minimum wage the following shall be observed:--

- (a) Until after the termination of six months from the coming into operation of this Determination the minimum task in operation in any workshop or factory on the date on which this Determination becomes operative shall be the minimum task for the minimum wage after the date of operation of this Determination, and shall not during the said period of six months be increased or decreased because of any increase or decrease in wages, and shall not during the said period of six months be increased unless an altered or improved method of working is introduced.
  (b) The task rate in respect of all garments or parts of garments or other articles or parts of articles shall be determined in the manner following:
- the manner following :---
  - (i) Where there are fewer than twenty employees involved in the work to be performed, the employer or his representative, in conference with one employee chosen by and from such employees, shall fix the rates.
     (ii) Where there are twenty or more employees involved in the work to be performed, the employer or his
  - representative, in conference with two employees so chosen, shall fix the rates.
- (c) The task rates shall be fixed so as to enable the average worker to earn the minimum wage prescribed by this Determination for the class of work to be performed; and any number of garments or parts of garments or other articles or parts of articles made in excess of the minimum weekly task fixed by the task rates for the minimum weekly wage shall be paid for at pro rata plus 10 per cent.
  (d) When any employee is employed for less than a week on the task rates, then the task of the said employee shall be fixed at the weekly rate provided for

- at per day at the weekly rate provided for.

  (e) Any excess number of garments or parts of garments or other articles or parts of articles made in any day by the employee shall be subject to the same pro rate payment as would apply if the employee were engaged for the whole week.

  (f) A copy of all task rate schedules shall, within twenty-four hours of their being fixed, be displayed by the employer in a conspicuous place in each and every room of the workshop or factory where such tasks respectively are being payment.
- (g) A combination or team shall mean two or more persons working together on the same class of work, employed on weekly wages where a task has been imposed. Where employees work in a combination or team, the additional amount of wages shall be distributed amongst the employees on a percentage basis, according to the amount of their ordinary weekly wages.

#### HOLIDAYS.

HOLIDAYS.

(a) All weekly wage employees, whether in a city or elsewhere, shall be granted the following holidays without deduction of pay:—The days observed as New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Eight Hours Day, Anzac Day, King's Birthday, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day.

(b) All employees working on piece-work or task-work shall be granted the same holidays as are granted to weekly wage workers, and, subject as hereinafter provided, they shall be paid for such holidays the amount for each holiday based on the minimum weekly wage prescribed by this Determination for the class of work performed.

(c) If any of the above holidays occurs on a Sunday or Saturday and is not observed on any other day, then employees shall not be paid for such Sunday, and shall be paid for such Saturday as for a half day, but not otherwise.

(d) All other weekly employees, whether in a city or elsewhere, shall be paid for the above holidays an amount for each holiday based on the actual weekly wage paid to them by the employer.

(e) Any employee absenting himself or horself from work on any portion of the working day preceding or any portion of the

(e) Any employee absenting himself or herself from work on any portion of the working day preceding or any portion of the working day succeeding a holiday provided for herein, other than Boxing Day and New Year's Day, without permission from the employer or without having reasonable cause for having absented himself or herself from work, shall not be entitled for payment to such holiday.

(f) Any weekly employee who is employed on a Sunday or any holiday provided for herein shall be paid for that day at the rate of time and a half in addition to his or her weekly wage.

(g) Any piece-worker employed on a Sunday or any holiday prescribed by this Determination shall be paid, in addition to the rescribed piece-work prices, at the rate of time and a half calculated on the minimum wage prescribed for the class of work performed.

#### TERMS OF ENGAGEMENT.

- (a) The week shall terminate on a day other than Monday or Saturday, and all employees shall be paid all moneys due to them in full during the ordinary working hours not later than two working days following the termination of the week. In order to terminate employment of a weekly employee, two days' notice shall be given on any day, with payment to date of termination, or in lieu thereof two days' pay shall be paid or deducted. When employment is terminated by an employer, the employer shall, upon the date of such termination, pay to the employee (weekly employee or piece-worker) all moneys due to him or her, and, when employment is terminated by an employee in accordance with the terms of this Determination, the employer shall pay to the employee (weekly employee or piece-worker) all moneys due to him or her.
  - (b) All weekly wages shall be paid to the employees in full, with the following exceptions:-
    - (1) Turns to be Observed.—In slack times the employer shall observe turns of employment for weekly workers and piece-workers (including outside workers) not ergaged on making samples in the respective class or classes of work at which they are engaged, provided always that journeymen and journeywomen having apprentices under their control shall be allowed in their turn extra work equivalent to the wages of the apprentice during the time the turn system is in operation. The employer shall keep in the workroom a true record of every turn, which shall be open to the inspection of the employees.

of the employees.

(2) Standing Off Employees in Turn.—Should any employer during slackness of trade desire to stand off his employees in turn, then the employer on any day during any week shall inform every person whom it is proposed to stand off of any day or days in the following week (other than a Saturday or holiday) upon which his or her services will not be required; but an employee shall not, except under the conditions provided in sub-clause (3) of this clause, be stood off for part of a day without being paid for a whole day.

(3) Employees Working Shortened Hours.—If it is desired to work a week of shorter hours in slack times, instead of standing the employees off in turn, the employer may make an arrangement to work his employees for shortened hours, but such arrangement shall be made only where, on the vote of the employees being taken, a majority of the whole of the employees vote in favour of such arrangement.

Where such an arrangement is made, the employees shall be informed on the day ending each week of the shortened hours to be worked in the following week.

Where an arrangement is made in compliance with this provision the employer shall pay each employee for the actual hours worked on each day on the basis of his or her weekly wage.

(4) Vacation Periods.—Nothing contained in this sub-clause shall apply in the case of the usual vacation period at Christmas or Easter.

or Easter.

- (c) Classes of Employees.—For the purpose of this clause (but subject to the provisions of sub-clause (b) hereof), in operating the turn system the various classes of employees shall be taken separately, and "classes of employees" shall mean each class of employee in respect of which a classification of work as been provided under this Determination, but in all cases, male improvers and journeymen, or female improvers and journeywomen do ng the same class of work, shall be deemed to be one class of employee.
- (d) Stoppage of Work re Breakdown of Machinery.—In the event of the work of a factory or workshop being stopped by a breakdown of machinery or a stoppage of supply of power, or for any cause for which the employer cannot reasonably be held responsible, all weekly hands who present themselves for work shall be found work for that day, or paid one day's wages in lieu thereof, but when such breakdown or stoppage occurs the employer may give notice to an employee that his or her services will not be required on the following day or days, and the employee shall not be entitled to any further payment in respect of any further days that be or she is out of employment by reason of such breakdown or stoppage.
- (e) Terminating Employment in Relation to a Holiday.—Where the employer terminates the employment of an employee within one week of a day on which a holiday occurs, the employee shall be paid for such holiday or holidays prescribed by the Determination, provided that such employee has been employed by the employer for a period of at least one week prior to the termination of employment.
- (f) Employees Absenting Themselves.—No employee shall, without just cause, be absent from his or her place of employment during the prescribed hours whilst there is work ready to be done by such employee, and where weekly wages are fixed the employee to be entitled to the sums so fixed must be available and ready and willing to do the work on the days and during the hours fixed by this Determination.



#### abOUTSIDE WORKERS.

- (a) No person who is or is deemed to be the occupier of a factory within the meaning of section twenty-three of the Factories and Shops Act 1928 (No. 3677) shall issue or give out or authorize or permit to be issued or given out any material whatsoever for the purpose of being wholly or partly prepared or manufactured outside a factory as articles of clothing or wearing apparel for trade or sale, except to a person who has been licensed by the Chief Inspector of Factories as an outside worker. Provided that no such outside worker shall employ any other person or persons whatsoever in wholly or partly preparing or manufacturing such articles of clothing or wearing apparel save and except members of such worker's own family.
- (b) In factories where a task rate is fixed in respect to the same class of work as that given to outside workers, then, in every such case, the rate so fixed shall be the piece work price to be paid to such outside workers. In factories where no such task rate is fixed for the class of work performed by outside workers, then such outside workers shall be paid such a price as will enable an outside worker to earn at least 1s. 5d. per hour in the case of a female and 2s. 1d. per hour in the case of a male.
- (c) Every outside worker shall be provided, free of charge, with cotton, silk thread and all other sewings and trimmings used in the manufacture of garments.
- (d) In the case of an employer delivering or collecting the work of such outside worker, the same shall be done without charge
- (e) Every employer who has work done elsewhere than in his factory or workshop shall keep a record book, which shall contain a correct account written in ink as follows:—

  - (i) The name and full address of the outside worker.
    (ii) The number of articles and description of work given out.
    (iii) The price paid for such work.
    (iv) The record book shall be signed each week by each outside worker, verifying the accuracy of the amount of wages
- (f) The record book mentioned in the preceding sub-clause shall be open for inspection at any time by any authorized officer of the Department of Labour.

## MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- (a) Record of Time Worked and Wages Paid.—(1) The employer shall provide in each factory, workshop, or place where there are ewer than 30 employees, and where work is carried on for him, a time and wages book. Such time and wages book:—
  - (a) shall be in the English language and shall contain a correct account of the hours worked each day, and the wages received each week, by each employee;
    (b) shall be kept correctly entered up in ink; and
    (c) shall record clearly the actual date of each day, of each week, and also the date of the day on which the week ends.
- (2) The employer shall provide in each factory, workshop, or place where there are not fewer than 30 employees, and where work carried on for him, a time-book, or sheet, or record. Such time-book, or sheet, or record shall be in the English language and shall contain a correct account of the hours worked each day and the wages received each week by each employee. Such time-book, or sheet, or record shall be kept correctly and entered up in ink.
- (b) Chairs to have Backs.—(1) Where it is necessary for employees to sit at their work, seats shall be provided for the employees by the employer. Such seats shall be reasonably comfortable seats.
- (2) A seat provided for any female employee shall have a back to it, unless the work of such employee cannot be conveniently done in such a seat, or unless the employee requests to be allowed to use a seat without a back to it
- (c) Collecting Logs.-Where piece-work is in operation, the employer shall make arrangements for collecting the logs, and the employees need not leave their places.
- (d) Rest Period.—When any spell of duty is for more than four hours, an interval of ten minutes, to be selected by the employer, shall be allowed in the third hour to females and apprentices for refreshment. The interval shall be as part of the time of duty without deduction of time work pay. During such rest period, the employees may leave their seats, but not the premises.

#### PIECE-WORK.

- (a) Subject to the conditions hereinafter set out, the employer, in conjunction with his employees, may fix his own piece-work prices, provided such prices enable a journeyman or journeywoman of average capacity working under like conditions to earn at least 10 per centum more than the minimum weekly wage in their respective classes. The same piece-work prices shall be paid to all piece-workers doing the same operation in the factory or workshop whether they be improvers, apprentices, or juveniles on piece-work
- (b) All piece workers who are available and ready and willing to work during the ordinary working hours, shall be paid in each week:—In the case of journeymen and journeywomen, who at the piece-work prices so fixed are unable to earn the rate fixed for all others not less than the all others rate; and in the case of apprentices or improvers, not less than the amount prescribed by this determination for an apprentice of interpretation for all others are apprenticed by this determination for an apprentice or improver of like experience.
- (c) The piece-work price in respect of all garments or parts of garments or other articles or parts of articles shall be determined in the following manner:

  - (i) Where there are fewer than twenty employees involved in the work to be performed the employer, or his representative, in conference with one employee chosen by and from such employees, shall fix the prices.
    (ii) Where there are twenty or more employees involved in the work to be performed the employer, or his representative, in conference with two employees so chosen, shall fix the prices.
- (d) A copy of all piece work schedules shall, within 24 hours of their being fixed, be displayed by the employer in a conspicuous place in each and every room of the workshop or factory where such piece work is being performed:

### ADJUSTMENT OF RATES.

The Board determines, under Section 21 of the Factories and Shops Act No. 4275, that the rates fixed in this Determination shall be adjusted half-yearly in accordance with the following schedule:

(a) For work done during each future half-year, beginning with the first pay period to commence in a June or a December, the amounts of the said rates shall be adjusted by the following method according to the position and fluctuations (if any) of the Commonwealth Statistician's "All Items" retail price index numbers:—

For the purpose of this award the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting and not proved to be wrongly so purporting to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.

- (1) Adjustment is to be based upon the equating of index number 1000 with a basic wage of 81s., the amount assessed upon that number of the Court's declared ordinary basic wage per week for an adult male.
- (2) The index number for the six capitals (weighted average) is to be applied.
- (3) The index number for the six months ending March or September next preceding the half-year for which the adjustment is made is to be ascertained.
- (4) The amount of addition or deduction assigned in the following table (or in any extension thereof) to the index number division comprising such number is to be ascertained.

index number division comprising such number is to be ascertained.

(5) That assigned amount shall for work done during such half-year be added to or deducted from the originally prescribed amounts of the rates in accordance with that table, and in respect of all wages prescribed at a rate of £4 9s. or more per week-the sum of 2s. shall be added to the result.

Provided, however, that as to every adjustment to be made after the month of June, 1934, if when added or deducted it would make a change of less than 2s. in the last current amounts of the rates prescribed at £4 9s. or more, then the last current amounts of all rates shall continue unchanged for work done during such period.

(6) The division called original in the following table is that for the amount of the basic wage upon which the rates are to be deemed to have been originally prescribed.

Original Index Number Division, 1081-1092 (88s.).

					Amour	its o	f Addit per V	ions or l Week.	Dedi	etions	Index Number
Index Number Division for Deduction		Deductions	•	Rates of £4 9s. Rates less than f4 9s. of Adult Females.					Division for Additions		
					£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.	
1081-1092						Nil		1	Nil		1081-1092
1068-1080					0	1	0	0	0	6	1093~1104
1056-1067	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••		0	2	Ô	0	1	0	1105-1117
994-1006					0	7	0	0	3	6	
846-858					0	19	0	0	9	6	
834-845					i	0	0	0	10	0	
821-833					1 1	1	0	0	10	6	1
809-820			• •		1	2	0	1 0	11	0	1
797-808					l i	3	0	0	11	6	1
784-796			• • •		l	4	0	0	12	0	1
772-783					i	5	Ō	0	12	6	·
760-771					1	6	0	0	13	0	

The index number divisions in this table are based upon the equating of index number 1000 with 81s., and any extension of the table must be similarly constituted. Any necessary extension may be made by reference to the table of wages with 1s. divisions authorized by the Court and by use of the appropriate formula accompanying that table.

- (b) The amounts of the weekly rates for apprentices, improvers, and juveniles shall be adjusted proportionately to the rate of £4 9s., calculated to the nearest 6d., any broken part of 6d. in the result not exceeding 3d. to be disregarded.
- (c) In all cases where for the same class of work the same rates have been prescribed for journeywomen or adult females as is prescribed in this award to be paid to journeymen or adult males, the rates for such journeywomen or adult females shall be increased or decreased in the same manner as the rates for journeymen or adult males.
- (d) The rates for piece-workers shall be increased or decreased in the same proportion as the rate for the journeymen or journeywomen in the respective classes.

The adjustment shall be made on the rates provided in the original Federal Award, which are as follow, viz.:-

	•	APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS	3.		
Experience,	Males employed at Women's Order Dress- making, Women's Order Tailoring, and Women's Ready-made Dressmaking, and Women's Ready- made Tailoring.	Males employed at Underclothing and White- work, Collars, Shirts, and Pyjamas.	Females.	Females commencing at the Trade between the ages of 18 and 21 years.	Male Juveniles employed at seam pressing. Definition Clause (4).
1st six months 2nd ,, 3rd ,, 4th ,, 5th ,, 7th ,, 8th ,, 9th ,, 10th ,,	1 1 3 1 4 9 1 8 3 1 15 3 2 5 9 2 16 6 3 3 6	Weekly Wages. £ s. d. 0 14 0 0 17 6 1 1 3 1 4 9 1 8 3 1 15 3 2 5 9 2 16 6	Weekly Wages. £ s. d. 0 10 0 0 13 3 0 16 6 1 0 0 1 6 6 1 13 3 2 0 0 2 6 3	Weekly Wages. £ s. d. 1 6 6 1 13 3 2 0 0 2 6 3	Weekly Wages. £ s. d. 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 8 3 1 8 3 2 2 3 2 2 3 3 3 6 3 3 6 3 17 9 3 17 9

OTHER PERSONS (EXCEPT APPRENTICES, IMPROVERS, AND JUVENILE WORKERS).

\*Women's order dressmaking and women's order tailoring, including making and/or altering all order outer garments for women:—

·	Weekly	Wages.
	. Males.	Females
Journeymen.		
Nation and and are like a resulting and the	£ s. d.	£ 8. 6
Cutters employed marking or cutting out garments	5 17 0	1
deads of tables in charge of four or more persons employed as table hands	5 9 6	l
Cailors employed making, and/or machining, and/or altering any part of a garment	5 7 0	
Machinists employed machining any part of a garment	5 7 0	
Pressers-off employed pressing off any part of a garment	5 7 0	
All others	4 9 0	
utters employed marking or cutting out costume costs overcosts tancents clocks as are made of twee	.,	
Sutters employed marking or cutting out costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of twee twill, worsted, or similar materials  All other cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costuments.	. 1	5 10
twill, worsted, or similar materials  ill other cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costure coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials.	. 1	5 10 3 10
twill, worsted, or similar materials  the cutter cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costur coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials  itters on employed trying on to a customer unfinished or finished garments	ne	
twill, worsted, or similar materials  the cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costuments, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials.  Titters on employed trying on to a customer unfinished or finished garments.  Tressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8 lb.	ne	3 10 3 7
twill, worsted, or similar materials  ill other cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costur  coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials  citters on employed trying on to a customer unfinished or finished garments  ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8 lb.  ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, other than the garment the worker is making as		3 10 3 7
twill, worsted, or similar materials  ill other cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costur coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials itters on employed trying on to a customer unfinished or finished garments ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8 lb. ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, other than the garment the worker is making as		3 10 3 7 5 7
twill, worsted, or similar materials  Il other cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costur coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials.  itters on employed trying on to a customer unfinished or finished garments ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8 lb. ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment other than the garment the worker is making as using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less able hands, finishers, or machinings, namely, journeywomen employed making and/or machining and/		3 10 3 7 5 7
twill, worsted, or similar materials  It other cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costur coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials.  itters on employed trying on to a customer unfinished or finished garments ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8 lb. ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment other than the garment the worker is making as using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less  able hands, finishers, or machinists, namely, journeywomen employed making and/or machining and/altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuffs		3 10 3 7 5 7 2 17
twill, worsted, or similar materials  It other cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costur coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials  itters-on employed trying on to a customer unfinished or finished garments  ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8 lb.  ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment other than the garment the worker is making as using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less  able hands, finishers, or machinists, namely, journeywomen employed making and/or machining and/altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuffe able hands, finishers, or machinists, namely, journeywomen employed making and/or machining		3 10 3 7 5 7 2 17 2 19
twill, worsted, or similar materials  Il other cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costur coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials  itters on employed trying on to a customer unfinished or finished garments  ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8 lb.  ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment other than the garment the worker is making as using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less  able hands, finishers, or machinists, namely, journeywomen employed making and/or machining and/altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuffs able hands, finishers, or machinists, namely, journeywomen employed making and/or machining and/altering any part of blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuffs altering any part of blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuffs		3 10 3 7 5 7 2 17 2 19
twill, worsted, or similar materials  It other cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costured coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials.  itters-on employed trying on to a customer unfinished or finished garments ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8 lb. ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment other than the garment the worker is making as using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less  able hands, finishers, or machinists, namely, journeywomen employed making and/or machining and/altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuffs altering any part of blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collarcttes, or cuffs  altering any part of blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collarcttes, or cuffs  ornelli workers, machine embossers, or machine embossers embowed on cornelli work or machine		3 10 3 7 5 7 2 17 2 19 2 15
twill, worsted, or similar materials  ill other cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costur coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials itters on employed trying on to a customer unfinished or finished garments ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8 lb. ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment other than the garment the worker is making as using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less  able hands, finishers, or machinists, namely, journeywomen employed making and/or machining and/ altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuffs able hands, finishers, or machinists, namely, journeywomen employed making and/or machining and/ altering any part of blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuffs ornelli workers, machine embossers, or machine embroiderers employed on cornelli work or machin embossing, or machine embroidery on all kinds of female wearing apparel.		3 10 3 7 5 7 2 17 2 19 2 15 3 0
twill, worsted, or similar materials that other cutters employed marking or cutting out any material of wearing apparel other than costur coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks, as are made of tweed, twill, worsted, or similar materials itters-on employed trying on to a customer unfinished or finished garments.  Pressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8 lb.  Pressers employed pressing off any part of a garment other than the garment the worker is making an using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less  able hands, finishers, or machinists, namely, journeywomen employed making and/or machining and/ altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuff able hands, finishers, or machinists, namely, journeywomen employed making and/or machining and/ altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collars, collarettes, or cuffs cornelli workers, machine embossers, or machine embroiderers employed on cornelli work or machine embossing, or machine embossers, or machine of female wearing apparel.		3 10 3 7 5 7 2 17 2 19 2 15

\*Women's ready-made dressmaking and ready-made tailoring, including making, and/or altering any part of a costume, dress, skirt, teagown, wrapper, blouse, jacket, mantle, cape, front, collar, collarette, cuff, opera cloak, and cloaks of all descriptions:—

<u>_</u>	Weeki	Wages.
	Males.	Females
Journeymen.		
	£ s. d.	£ s.
Sutters employed marking in or cutting out garments	5 10 0	1
'ailors employed making any part of a garment	5 7 0	1
achinist employed machining any part of a garment	5 7 0	1
ressers-off employed pressing off any part of a garment	570	
nder-pressers of coats of all descriptions employed under-pressing coats other than coats which the worker		
is making	4 12 0	
d other under-pressers or seam pressers employed under-pressing or seam-pressing, on all garments other		i
than coats, and other than garments which the worker is making	4 10 6	i
ushers and folders employed matching garments, and/or sorting garments, and/or measuring garments,		
and/or despatching garments, and/or brushing garments, and/or folding garments	4 10 6	
ll others	490	
Journeywomen.		
atters employed marking or cutting out such costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of	-	1
twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials		5 10
		3 3
ll other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials		
Il other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials cessers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 81b	• •	
Il other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8lb ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment (other than the garment the worker is making), and		5 7
Il other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume costs, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials resears employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 81b. ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment (other than the garment the worker is making), and using an iron weighing 81b. or less	•••	5 7
Il other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 81b.  ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment (other than the garment the worker is making), and using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less  ble hands, finishers, or machinists employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of a		5 7 2 17
I other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8lb ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment (other than the garment the worker is making), and using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less remains a machinists employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarctics, or cuffs		5 7 2 17
l other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials essers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 8lb		5 7 2 17 2 19
Il other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 81b ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment (other than the garment the worker is making), and using an iron weighing 81b. or less ble hands, finishers, or machinists employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuffs blouses, skirts, wrappers, collars, collarettes, or cuffs		5 7 2 17 2 19
Il other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 81b ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment (other than the garment the worker is making), and using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less able hands, finishers, or machinists employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarcttes, or cuffs able hands, finishers, or machinists employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of blouses, skirts, wrappers, collars, collarcttes, or cuffs able hands, finishers, or machinests employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of blouses, skirts, wrappers, collars, collarcttes, or cuffs or machine embossers, or machine embossers or machinests employed on cornelli work or machine		5 7 2 17 2 19 2 15
Il other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume coats, overcoats, clooaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials resears employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 81b.  ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment (other than the garment the worker is making), and using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less  able hands, finishers, or machinists employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarcttes, or cuffs able hands, finishers, or machinists employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of blouses, skirts, wrappers, collars, collarettes, or cuffs  blouses, skirts, wrappers, collars, collarettes, or cuffs  reall workers, machine embossers, or machine embosiderers employed on cornelli work or machine embossing, or machine embosing, or machine embosing		5 7 2 17 2 19 2 15 3 0
Il other cutters employed marking or cutting out any articles of wearing apparel other than such costume coats, overcoats, topcoats, cloaks as are made of twill, tweed, worsted, and similar materials ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment, and using an iron weighing more than 81b.  ressers employed pressing off any part of a garment (other than the garment the worker is making), and using an iron weighing 8 lb. or less able hands, finishers, or machinists employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of a garment other than blouses, skirts, wrappers, fronts, collars, collarettes, or cuffs able hands, finishers, or machinists employed making and/or machining and/or altering any part of blouses, skirts, wrappers, collars, collarettes, or cuffs ornelli workers, machine embossers, or machine embroiderers employed on cornelli work or machine		5 7 2 17 2 19 2 15

\* Underclothing and whitework, including the making of all articles of women's and girls' underclothing, nightgowns, pinafores, aprons, infants' dresses and gowns, and underclothing, and dresses for children not exceeding eight yeras of age, pillow-slips, pillow-shams:—

						1		Weekly	Wages	١.	
					•		Ma	les.	Fe	male	9.
-									ì		
	Journe	FMEN.					£ .	s. d.	. £	8.	d.
Cutters employed marking All others	in or cutting out any article	of any descript	ion		• • •		5 4	7 0 9 0			
									1		
•	. Journeys	WOMEN		••				• •			
Cuttors amployed marking	in or cutting out any article	of any descript	n						3	3	0
Table bands or finishers						. • •			2	12	6
Machinists employed mach	hining any part of articles of	of underclothin	g of all desc	riptions,	er any pa				9	14	a
dresses of all descripti	ons for children not exceeding ining any part of articles of v	g eight years of	rage rather under	elothing	• •	• • •		:	2	12	6
Machinists employed mach	ed on any class of pressing or	ironing with a	n iron not ex	ceeding 8	lb. in weis		ľ		2	12	6
Pressers or ironers employe	ed on any class of pressing or i	roning with a h	and iron exc	eeding 8 lb	. in weigh	t			4	12	0
Hand sewers of buttons, or	r hooks and eyes, or press stu	ds, or tickets,	and thread c	utters					2	9	ti
All others	probe bro	-,,							2	9	6

\*Collars, shirts, and pyjamas, including the making of collars, cuffs, shirts, shirt fronts, pyjamas, and underpants (except knitted goods):—

				,		j	Weekl	Wages.			
					,,		Males.	Females.			
JOURNEYMEN.  Cutters employed marking in or cutting out garments All others					::		£ s. d. 5 5 0 4 9 0	£ s. d.			
JOURNEYWOMEN Cutters employed marking in or cutting out garments Machinists, turners, finishers, or table hands, folders, pressers, Hand sowers of buttons, or hooks and eyes, or press studs, or All others	ironer	s, starch	ers, or v	vashers ters			:: ·	3 5 0 2 12 6 2 9 6 2 9 6			

<sup>\*</sup>The rates payable from 21st June, 1935, shall be as shown in Clause 3.

A. S. HAUSER, P.M., Chairman.

A. G. ALLEN, Secretary.

Melbourne, 6th June, 1935.