

# VICTORIA

# GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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MONDAY, MARCH 15.

[1943

Factories and Shops Acts.

# DETERMINATION OF THE STOREMEN, PACKERS, AND SORTERS BOARD.

NOTE.—This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

I N accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Wages Board which now has the power to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid—

- (a) to any person employed-
  - (i) as a Storeman, Packer, or Sorter;
  - (ii) in assisting a Storeman, Packer or Sorter;
  - (iii) as an assembler, collector, or checker of goods in course of receipt or despatch;
- (b) to any person or persons or classes of persons employed at wiping eggs in any place where eggs are stored, sorted, or packed for trade or sale—

but not including any persons subject to the jurisdiction of any of the following Boards:-

Aerated Water Trade Board Agricultural Implements Board

Bedstead Makers Board

Biscuit Board

Boarding Houses Board

Browers Board

Butter Board Butter Factories Board

Cardboard Box Trade Board

Cigar Trade Board Condenseries Board Confectioners Board Cordage Board Fellmongers Board

Flock Board Flour Board

Flour Board (Country)
Frozen Goods Board
Fruit Packing Board

Furniture Board (Picture Frames)

Furniture Board (Wood Mantelpiece or Overmantel)

Glassworkers Board Grocers Sundries Board

Ham and Bacon Curers Board Hotel and Restaurant Board

Ice Board

Jam Trade Board Leather Goods Board Marine Stores Board

Meat Preservers Board Millet Broom Board Nailmakers Board

Paper Board
Paper Bag Trade Board
Pastrycooks Board

Pastrycooks Board
Plate Glass Board
Pottery Board
Printers Board

Printers Board (Country)

Printers Board (Provincial)

Retail Dairy Board

Rubber Trade Board

Shops Board No. 1 (Boot Dealers)

Shops Board No. 7 (Country Shop Assistants)

Shops Board No. 9 (Drapers and Men's Clothing)

Shops Board No. 12 (Fuel and Fodder)

Shops Board No. 13 (Fuel and Fodder—Country)
Shops Board No. 14 (Furniture Dealers)

Shops Board No. 15 (Grocers)
Shops Board No. 16 (Hardware)

Shaps Board No. 16 (Hardward Slaughtering for Export Board Tea Packing Board

Tinsmiths Board Wholesale Grocers Board Wireworkers Board Woodworkers Board

Woollen and Cotton Trade Board-

has made the following Determination, namely:-

(1) That as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence on or after the 24th February, 1943, the adjusted Determination which came into force as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in February, 1943, shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

No. 52.—2001/43.

(2)

#### APPRENTICES AND IMPROVERS.

		Wages Per	Week of 44 Hours.	Number (in any place).				
	Ма	iles.		Females	l <sub>a</sub>	Apprentices.		
-	Bread- making Establish- ments.	Any Other Place.	Establishments in which are Sorted Waste Pieces or Clippings of Cottons, Silks, Woollens, or Woollen and Cotton Pieces.	Egg Packing Establish- ments.	Any Other Place,	One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers of the same sex receiving not less than the minimum wage.  An indenture of apprenticeship prescribed by the Board was approved on 24th May, 1923.		
Under 16 years of age 16 to 17 years of age 17 to 18 years of age 18 to 19 years of age 19 to 20 years of age 20 to 21 years of age	s. d.  73 0  93 0 112 8	s. d. 24 3 32 6 58 0 74 9 91 3	s. d.  27 3 31 0 36 6 41 0 47 9 54 6	s. d. 26 3 33 6 38 0 45 0 49 3 56 0	e. d.  24 3 31 6 35 0 40 9 46 0 52 0  Provided that any female improver employed packing or sorting laundrywork shall, after completing three years experience, be paid the wage fixed for an adult.	Egg Packing Establishments. One male improver to every two or fraction of two male workers receiving 112s. per week.  Any Other Place. One male improver to every four or fraction of four male workers receiving 111s. per week.  FEMALE IMPROVERS.  Laundries. One female improver to every three or fraction of three female workers receiving 69s. 3d. per week.  Establishments in which are sorted waste pieces or clippings of cottons, silks, woollens, or woollen and cotton pieces. Two female improvers to every three or fraction of three female workers receiving 68s. 6d. per week.  Egg Packing Establishments. One female improver to every three or fraction of three female workers receiving 66s. 6d. per week.  Any Other Place. One female improver to every four or fraction of four female workers receiving 63s. 9d. per week.		

#### JUVENILE WORKERS.

JUVENILE WORKERS, i.e., MALES UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE (OTHER THAN APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS) EMPLOYED IN OIL, GREASE, AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS STORES.

### Wages Per Week of 44 Hours.

						8.	d.
Under 15 years of age			• •	• •		34	Ü
15 to 16 years of age						34	0
16 to 17 years of age		••	••	••		42	6
17 to 18 years of age			••			49	0
18 to 19 years of age			••			59	Ú
19 to 20 years of age		• •				76	в
20 to 21 years of age	-				4-4	91	0

Provided that a juvenile worker called upon to stack full cases more than three high, to stack barrels, or to lift any weight over 1 owt. shall be entitled to receive the wage fixed fer an adult whilst so engaged.

(4) (a)

(3)

#### OTHER EMPLOYEES.

## MALES.

# IN OIL, GREASE, AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS STORES.

	Wages Pe	
•	4.	d.
Head storeman, i.e., an employee in charge of a store or a special department in a store	122	0
Leading hand, i.e., an employee working under the supervision of a Head Storeman as	ıd	
who has men regularly under his supervision	117	0
All others	112	0

#### (4) (b) IN (OR ON) ANY PLACE OTHER THAN OIL, GREASE, AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS STORES.

				Males	employed	in (or on)	or in conn	exion with-	_			
·	Wharfs, Wharf Sheds, Customs Railway Sheds, or Fumigating Sheds.	Potato or Onion Stores.	Bond or Free Stores or Establishments engaged in the General Bulk Storage Business.	Lime, Cement, or Plaster Stores.	Fibrous Plaster Stores, or Wholesale Softgoods Warehouses.	Boot Factories, or Wholesale Chemists' or Manufacturing Chemists' Establishments.	Bread-making Establishments.	Bag (Hestian, Jute or Cotton) Stores, Tobacco, Paint, Painters' Oils, Colour and Varnish Stores.	Machinery Stores.	Dye Stores other than Dye Stores connected with the business of dyeing or the manufacture of piece-goods or apparel.	Seed Stores.	Any Other Piace.
Column No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			W	GES PET	WEEK	or—						
Storeman, Packer, or Sorter who (notwithstanding he may be under the orders of a superior who does not devote the whole of his time to supervising the	Hours.	Hours.	Hours. s. d.	Hours. s. d.	Hours. s. d.	Hours. s. d.	Hours. s. d.	Hours.	44 Hours. s. d.	tiours.	Hours.	44 Rours. s. d.
storing, packing, or sorting)— (a) Works singly (b) Supervises or directs the number of persons 18 years of age or over indicated hereunder, viz.:-	130 0	121 8	115 0	117 0	114 0	116 6	127 0	116 6	118 6	126 0	114 0	118 6
(a) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 such persons	130 0	121 8	115 0	119 6	116 3	118 9	133 3	118 9	125 9	128 3	116 3	120 9
(b) 7 or more such persons Storeman in charge of a bulk store removed from the main	130 0	121 8	115 0	133 6	130 9	133 6	147 9	133 6	134 9	142 3	138 9	134 9
place of business			••		114 0	116 6		116 6	118 6	126 0	114 0	118 6
Packers of crockery, china, or glassware			·	···		::						117 3 114 0
players, or organs Egg packers, sorters, or testers with six months' or more ex- perience		••										114 0
All male adults not otherwise provided for	130 0	121 8	115 0	114 0	111 0	112 0	127 0	112 0	114 0	122 0	112 0	114 0

Storemen or packers called upon to work in cool stores shall be paid 3s. per hour whilst so employed.

- Storemen or packers called upon to work in cool stores shall be paid 3s. per hour whilst so employed.

  \* Note.—The rates set out in column No. 12 above apply to males employed—

  (a) (i) As storemen in Figured, Roll, and Sheet Glass Stores; and

  (ii) As storemen in Engineering Establishments, or who are in charge of, or issue stores and tools for use in such establishments.

  (b) In (or on) or in connexion with—

  (i) Bulk paper stores or rubber goods manufacturers' stores.

  (ii) Iron yards in which steel or iron bars, plates, pipes or sheets, black or galvanized, are handled.

  (iii) Hardware stores.

  (iv) Electrical goods manufacturers' stores.

  (v) Electrical goods stores (wholesale or retail establishments) other than electrical goods manufacturers' stores.

  (vii) Wholesale confectionery stores.

  (viii) Wholesale confectionery stores.

  (viii) Bulk salt stores, stores in which stoves are stocked (except stove or oven manufacturers' stores) and stores in which sausage casings are stored, packed, or sorted.

  (ix) Stove, oven, or metal goods manufacturers' stores.

  (x) Dye stores connected with the business of dyeing, or the manufacture of piece-goods or apparel: and (xi) Any place not elsewhere included in clause 4 (b).

(4) (4) FRMAIRS

(4) (c) FEMA	FEMALES.												
		or in Connexion	on with-										
	Manufacturing Chemista' Factories,	Establishments in which are Sorted Waste Pieces or Clippings of Cottons, Silks, Woollens, or Woollen and Cotton Pieces.	Egg Packing Establishments	Any Other Place									
•		Wages per	Week of-										
	44 Hours.	44 Hours.	44 Hours.	44 Hours,									
	8. d.	s. d,	s. d.	s. d.									
Female Packer or Sorter who (notwithstanding she may be under the orders of a superior who does not devote the whole of his time to supervising the storing, packing, or sorting)—													
(a) Works singly (b) Supervises or directs the number of persons 18 years of age or over, indicated herounder, viz.:—	66 6	73 3	78 6	66 6									
(i) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 such persons	70 6	78 6	83 0	70 6									
(ii) 7 or more such persons	79 9	86 0	92 0	79 9									
Females employed packing or sorting laundry work			}	69 3									
Egg Packers, Sorters, or Testers—													
With less than eight weeks' experience		٠	67 6	••									
With eight weeks' or more experience			74 9	• •									
All female adults not otherwise provided for	63 9	68 6	66 6	63 9									

#### PROVISIONS APPLICABLE ONLY TO PERSONS EMPLOYED IN OIL, GREASE, AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS STORES.

- (5) CASUAL WORK.—Casual employees, i.e., persons employed for less than two consecutive weeks shall be paid at the rate of 3s. 6½d. per hour.
- (6) EXTRA RATE.—Whenever not more than two storemen or packers are employed handling or rolling barrels or drums, weighing out, for more than half an hour, they shall be paid 6d. per hour extra, whilst so employed.
- (7) ORDINARY WEER'S WORK.—Forty-four hours shall constitute a week's work and they shall be worked as follows:—Eight hours per day from Monday to Friday, both inclusive, and four hours on Saturday, to be worked between the hours of 7 a.m. and 5.30 p.m. on Monday to Friday, both inclusive, and 7 a.m. and noon on Saturday.

Subject to the above, the hours of starting and finishing may be fixed by each employer, but having been once fixed they shall not be altered without seven days' notice.

Where the industry necessitates a continuous process, three shifts of eight hours each may be worked, and overtime is to be calculated on the basis only of an excess of eight hours.

Employees required for duty in connexion with the delivery of bulk petrol may be employed on shifts, and when so employed shall be paid 6s. per week in addition to the rates prescribed in clause (4) of this Determination, provided that such shift work extends over one calendar month. Five shifts of eight hours including crib time of half an hour, and one of four hours, shall constitute a week's work.

(8) OVERTIME.—(a) The following rates shall be paid for all work done:-

On Saturday, after 1 p.m. Any other time . . . . .. Double time.
.. Time and a half. .. - -- -

- (b) Provided that all meal hours, if worked, shall be paid for at double time, and such double time shall continue until a meal time is allowed, except that, should work cease before 6.30 p.m., ordinary overtime rates only will apply, and employees shall not then be paid 2s. for meals as provided in the next succeeding paragraph.
- (c) Except as provided in the last preceding paragraph, weekly and casual employees when called upon to work overtime shall be allowed 2s. for each meal, unless they have been notified before ceasing work on the previous day of the intention to work overtime.
- (9) MEAL HOURS.—One hour on Monday to Friday, both inclusive, shall be allowed for each meal. Provided that, should any employer and the Federated Storemen and Packers' Union of Australia, Victorian Branch, agree, the meal hour in an establishment may be shortened to meet the exigencies of transport.

The hours for breakfast and dinner shall be fixed in each case by mutual arrangement, but having been once fixed, they shall not be altered without seven days' notice.

The interval for tea shall be within the hour succeeding the usual finishing time.

The interval for supper shall be between 12 midnight and 1 a.m.

- (10) SPECIAL RATES.—Double time shall be paid for all work done on Sundays, gazetted public holidays, and the day observed as Union Pienic Day in the Metropolitan District and Geelong respectively, provided that no day except Union Pienic Day shall be observed as a holiday if the Railways Goods Yards are open for receipt of ordinary goods on those days, and provided also that any employer requiring to deliver goods on Union Pienic Day shall have the right to employ without extra payment up to 10.30 a.m. on that day as many men as he deems necessary for that purpose.
- (11) Holidays .-- Weekly employees shall, subject to the provisions of the preceding clause, be entitled to the holidays mentioned in clause (10) without deduction of pay.

(12) Teems of Engagement is less than two weeks.

In the case of casual employees the engagement shall be terminable at any time by either employer or employee.

In the case of weekly employees the engagement shall be terminable by a week's notice by either employer or employee.

In the case of weekly employees the engagement shall be terminable by a week's notice by either employer or employee:

Provided that any employee, being incompetent or disobedient, or misconducting himself, may be dismissed without notice.

Where an employer is not satisfied as to the reason of an employee absenting himself from work he may deduct from the wages of such employee the time he has been so absent, unless the employee produces a medical certificate of sickness, if required by the employer, in which case the employer shall make no deduction for such sickness. Provided that should an employee remain absent for wages its all during any calcular ways the employer may thereafter make such deduction.

more than six days in all during any calendar year the employer may thereafter make such deduction.

If an employee who has been continuously employed for not less than six months is dismissed through slackness of work such employee shall so far as practicable, be given first preference of employment when men are being re-engaged.

Men engaged for stacking ex ship, shall be deemed to be casual employees during the whole time they are engaged on such

work.
Casual employees who are instructed to report for work at a stipulated time and who report for work at such time, but for whom work is not available within 30 minutes of the said stipulated time; shall be paid ordinary casual rates from the said stipulated starting time.

In the event of a casual employee being instructed to report for work and his services are not required, he shall be paid for two hours at temporary rates

(13) PAYMENT OF WAGES.—Time shall be made up weekly to suit the convenience of employers and employees, and the payment of wages shall begin within tive minutes after work ceases on pay day. Provided that, in the case of weekly hands, two days' wages may be kept in hand.

Casual employees shall be paid at the time of their services being dispensed with, and at the place where the work has

- (14) Fares.—Transport from store to store in the employers' time shall be arranged by the employers at their own expense, or the actual expense incurred shall be paid by the employers.
- (15) FOOTWEAR.—Suitable and approved footwear shall be provided for employees whilst engaged in places where employers require special footwear to be used.

#### PROVISIONS APPLICABLE ONLY TO PERSONS EMPLOYED IN BOND OR FREE STORES OR ESTABLISHMENTS ENGAGED IN THE GENERAL BULK STORAGE BUSINESS.

- (16) Terms of Engagement.—(a) Employees are to be engaged as weekly or casual employees. A weekly employee is one engaged by the wook, and paid by the wook, and whose engagement shall be terminable by one week's notice on either side, notice not to be continued from week to week.

  (b) Such notice shall be given on and take effect from pay day, or, in lieu of such notice, a week's pay shall be given.

  (c) Where a weekly employee is engaged on any day other than the day immediately following pay day, he shall be entitled to casual rates for the broken portion of the week worked by him.

  (d) A casual employee is one whose period of engagement is for loss than four weeks, and whose engagement may be

(d) A casual employee is one whose period of engagement is for loss than four weeks, and whose engagement may be terminated at any time.

(e) Casual employees shall be guaranteed not less than two hours every start.

(f) Weekly employees may be summarily dismissed by the employer for dishonesty, misconduct, or for absence from work without reasonable cause, without liability to pay for more than actual time worked.

(g) Where an employer is not satisfied as to the reason of an employee absenting himself from work, he may deduct from the wages of such employee the time he has been so absent, unless the employee produces a medical certificate of sickness if required by the employer; in which case the employer shall make no deduction for such sickness. Provided that should an employee remain absent for more than six days in all during any calendar year the employer may thereafter make such deduction

- (17) CASUAL WORK.—Casual employees, i.e., persons employed in Bond or Free Stores or Establishments engaged in the general bulk storage business for less than four weeks, shall be paid at the rate of 3s. 3½d. per hour, and such employees shall be guaranteed not less than two hours' work at every start.
  - (18) Times of Beginning and Ending Work:

Times of Beginning, Not earlier than— Times of Ending. Not later than— On Monday to Friday inclusive On Saturday . . . . . 7.30 a.m. •• 5.30 p.m. .. 7.30 a.m. 12 noon

(19) OVERTIME.—The following rates shall be paid for all work done :--

Outside the times of beginning and ending work as fixed in clause (18) ... Time and a half for first three hours Within the times of beginning and ending work, in excess of 44 hours in any week and double time thereafter

Provided that after 12 noon on Saturdays casual employees shall be paid double rates, and after 12.30 p.m. on Saturdays weekly employees shall be paid double rates.

- (20) SPECIAL RATES FOR SUNDAYS AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.—(i) 6e. per hour shall be paid for all work done on Sunday, Christmas Day, or Good Friday, and (ii) for all work done on all other statutory or gazetted public holidays observed by the Customs Authority, weekly employees shall be paid at the rate of double time in addition to their weekly wage and casual employees shall be paid at the rate of double time.
- (21) HOLIDAYS.—All statutory and gazetted public holidays observed by the Customs Authority shall be recognized holidays without any deductions from the weekly wages to be paid under this Determination.
  - (22) MEAL HOURS.-Meal hours shall be as follows :-Dinner: One hour between 12 noon and 2 p.m. Tea: 5 p.m. to 6 p.m.

Each employer shall fix the meal hour, which shall not be altered without seven days' notice to the employees.

- (23) MEAL HOUR RATES .- All meal hours if worked shall, except as otherwise provided, be paid for at double rates, such rates to be continued until such time as the meal hour has been allowed, provided that should work not continue after 6 p.m. meal hour
- (24) Meal Allowance.—Employees called upon to work overtime after 6 p.m. on Monday to Friday or 1 p.m. on Saturday shall receive a meal allowance of 2s.
- (25) ANNUAL LEAVE.—(a) Employees shall be entitled to one week's leave exclusive of any public holidays as provided in clause (21) on full pay at the expiration of each twelve months' service. The annual leave provided by this clause shall be allowed and shall be taken within three months of such leave falling due and payment shall not be made or accepted in lieu of annual leave; provided that when an employee leaves or is dismissed before the expiration of twelve months' service but on or after completing six months' service he shall be paid one sixth of a week's wages for each completed two months' service.

  (b) Each employee before going on leave shall be paid a week's wage. For the purpose of this sub-clause the week's wage shall be at the rate at which the employee was ordinarily employed immediately prior to the commencement of this leave or the termination of his employment as the case may be.

  (c) When the right to annual leave has accrued the employer shall give not less than one week's notice to the employee concerned of his intention to grant such leave.

  (d) Service for qualification for annual leave shall date from 1st day of January, 1941.

- (26) Cabrying Heavy Goods.—Casual employees when receiving and carrying continuously for one hour or more bagged stuff, case goods, or other packages exceeding 180 lb. in weight shall be paid 6d. per hour above the ordinary rates, provided that when carrying 10-bushel bags of bran, both temporary employees and weekly employees shall be paid 9td. per hour above the

#### PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO PERSONS OTHER THAN THOSE EMPLOYED IN OIL, GREASE, AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS STORES, OR IN BOND OR FREE STORES OR ESTABLISHMENTS ENGAGED IN THE GENERAL BULK STORAGE BUSINESS.

- (27) Terms of Engagement.—(a) Employees are to be engaged as weekly or casual employees. A weekly employee is one engaged by the week and paid by the week, and whose engagement shall be terminable by one week's notice on either side, such notice not to be continued from week to week.
- (b) After one full week's work, such notice may be given to a weekly employee at any time, but an employer may pay one wages in lieu of notice.
  - (c) Casual employees shall be guaranteed not less than two hours' engagement every start.
- (d) A weekly employee to be entitled to the weekly wage shall be available, ready, and willing to perform his or her usual work during the days and hours usually worked by such class of employee, and may be summarily dismissed for dishonesty, misconduct, neglect of duty, or for absence from work without reasonable cause, and in the event of such dismissal the employee shall be paid only for the time actually worked.
- (c) Where an employer is not satisfied as to the reason of an employee absenting himself or herself from work, the employer may deduct from the wages of such employee the time he or she has been so absent unless the absence of an employee who has had at least three months' service with such employer was due to sickness, in which case the employer shall make no deduction for such sickness, provided that an employee shall not be entitled to payment for non-attendance on the ground of sickness for more than four days in each year.
- (28) CASUAL WORK .- Casual work, i.e., work for less than two full weeks, other than in potato or onion stores, shall be paid for at the following rates :--

On wharfs or in wharf sheds, customs railway sheds, or fumigating sheds .. Ordinary wages rate with an addition of twenty per cent calculated to the nearest ½d., half or less than half of ½d. to be disregarded.

.. Ordinary wages rate with an addition of thirty-three and one-third per centum. Elsewhere, except in potato or onion stores

- (29) Times of Beginning and Ending work for all Persons other than those Employed in Bread-making Establishments—

  On the ordinary working days of the week ... 7 a.m.
  On Saturday, or the day on which the weekly half-holiday is observed ... 7 a.m.

  12 noon in bulk paper, bulk lime, or cement stores. ... \{ 12.30 p.m. in any other place.}
- .. 6 p.m.

  [12 noon in bulk paper, bulk lime, or cement stores.
  .. {12.30 p.m. in any other place.
- (30) Hours of Work in Bread-making Establishments.—The number of hours to be worked in Bread-making Establishments on each night between 9 p.m. and 7.30 a.m. shall not exceed— On ordinary nights
  - On double nights (i.e., nights on which bread for more than one day's consumption is produced) .. 10 hours.
  - (31) OVERTIME.—The following rates shall be paid for all work done (a) by persons employed in Bread-making Establishments-

In excess of the number of hours fixed in clause (30), or Time and a half. In excess of 44 hours in any week

(b) by all other persons-

Outside the times of beginning and ending work as fixed in clause (29)

Within the times of beginning and ending work, in excess of the maximum number of hours fixed as a week's work in any week

Time and a half for the first three hours and double time thereafter.

- (32) Special Rates for Sundays and Public Holidays.—Double time shall be the rate for all work done on Sunday, New Year's Day, Australia Day (26th January), Good Friday, Easter Monday, Labour Day, Anzac Day (in industries named in the Second Schedule to the Anzac Day Act 1928), King's Birthday, Christmas Day, or Boxing Day; provided that Melbourne Cup Day shall be substituted for King's Birthday for persons employed in laundries within the areas to which the Determination of the Laundry Workers Board applies; but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named holidays the special rate shall only be payable for work done on the days so substituted.
- (33) HOLIDAYS.—Weekly employees, other than persons employed in potato or onion stores, shall be granted the following helidays without deduction of pay:—The days observed as New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Labour Day, Anzac Day, King's Birthday, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, Easter Saturday (except those employed in establishments in which perishable goods are handled), and the Pienic Day or Trade Holiday fixed for the majority of the employees in any establishment.

If any of the above holidays occurs on a Sunday or Saturday, and is not observed on any other day, then employees shall not be paid for such Sunday and shall be paid for such Saturday as for a half-day, but not otherwise.

All employees working on piecework shall be granted the same holidays as are provided for weekly wage workers, and they shall be paid for such holidays the amount for each holiday based on the minimum weekly wage as set out in this Determination for the class of work performed.

- (34) Persons Employed in Potato or Onion Stores for Less than Full Week.—Persons employed in potato or onion stores, who work less than the number of hours fixed for an ordinary week's work, shall be paid not less than the ordinary wages rate calculated pro rata, according to the number of hours worked.
- (35) Annual Holidays.—Any employee who has been in the service of an employer for a period of not less than twelve months shall be granted one week's holiday exclusive of the holidays mentioned in clause (32) in each year on full pay.

Provided that if an employee is given as holidays on full pay all working days between Boxing Day and New Year's Day such ordinary working days may be regarded as part of the week's holiday to which the employee is entitled under this clause, and such other working days as will make up the balance of a week shall be granted at some other time as holidays on full pay.

Any such holiday shall be given within six months of the completion of twelve months' service.

Provided, further, that any employee, who, after completing six months' service, leaves or is dismissed before the expiration of any period of twelve months' service with the same employer, shall be entitled to pro rate holidays on full pay, i.e., one day for each completed two months of service.

- (36) Meal Allowance.—Employees (other than those employed in egg packing establishments) required to work overtime for any period in excess of one hour after the usual hour of ceasing duty shall be paid as follows for a meal:—
  - (a) Males sixteen years and over, when no notice of intention to work overtime was given the previous day... (b) Males under sixteen years and all females ......

1 0 Provided that when any employee is notified the previous day of the intention to work overtime and overtime is not worked he or she shall be entitled to the appropriate meal allowance as herein provided.

- (37) REST PERIOD.—A rest period of ten minutes, at a time fixed by the employer, between 10 a.m. and 11.30 a.m. each day shall be allowed to female employees (other than those employed in egg packing establishments), such time not to count as time worked.
- (38) Right of Entry of Union Official.—A duly accredited representative of the Federated Storemen and Packers' Union of Australia shall have the right to enter employers' establishments during the midday meal hour for the purpose of interviewing employees on legitimate Union business on the following conditions:—
  - (a) That he produces his authority to the employer or his representative.
  - (b) That he interviews employees only at the place where they are taking their meal.
  - (c) That not more than one representative in all be in any establishment at any one time.
  - (d) That no one representative visit an establishment more than once a fortnight.
  - (e) That if an employer alleges that a representative is unduly interfering with his establishment or is creating disaffection amongst his employees or is offensive in his methods or is committing a breach of any of the previous conditions, such employer may refuse the right of entry, but the representative shall have the right to bring such refusal before this Wages Board.
- (39) EMPLOYER TO PROVIDE TOOLS.—All tools which employees (other than those employed in, or on, or in connexion with Wharfs, Wharf Sheds, Customs Railway Sheds, or Fumigating Sheds) are required to use in the course of their work shall be provided by the employer.
- (40) PIECEWORK.—The Board determines, under the provisions of sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 150 of the Factories and Shops Act 1928 (No. 3677), that any employer may fix and pay piecework prices for wholly or partly packing or sorting any articles for which wages rates are fixed, provided that such employer shall base such piecework prices on the carnings of an average worker working under like conditions, and such piecework prices shall be fixed so that an average worker can earn not less than the wages rate fixed by the Board for such work.

# ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE ONLY TO PERSONS EMPLOYED IN EGG PACKING ESTABLISHMENTS.

- (41) MELBOURNE CUP DAY HOLIDAY.—Employees shall be either permitted to be absent from duty without deduction of pay from 12 noon on Melbourne Cup Day, or paid at the rate of double time for all work done after 12 noon on that day.
- (42) RESTRICTION AS TO FEMALES LIFTING HEAVY WEIGHTS.—The maximum weight to be lifted by any female over eighteen years of age shall be thirty pounds.
- (43) REST PERIODS.—A rest period of ten minutes in the forencon and ten minutes in the afternoon shall be given all female workers without any deduction from wages.
- (44) MEAL MONEY, ETC.—(a) Persons required to work on Sunday shall be given not less than two hours' work, or pay equivalent thereto, and in addition shall be paid—
  - (i) 2s. 6d. for dinner money if work continues after 12 noon; and
    (ii) 2s. 6d. for tea money if work continues after 6 p.m.
- (b) Persons required to work overtime for any period in excess of one hour after the usual hour of ceasing duty on any day other than Sunday shall be paid as follows for a meal—

Provided that when any employee is notified the provious day of the intention to work overtime and overtime is not worked be or she shall be entitled to the appropriate meal allowance as herein provided.

#### WAGE ADJUSTMENT PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL SECTIONS.

(45) PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.—The wages rates set out in clauses (4) (a) and (4) (b) are based upon the following basic wage, and pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of section 21 of the Factories and Shops Act 1934, this Board hereby determines that the rates for males in the said clauses (4) (a) and (4) (b), shall be automatically increased or decreased by the same amount, and at the same time as such basic wage, provided that the wages for females in clause (4) (c), and for apprentices, improvers and juvenile workers in clauses (2) and (3), shall be adjusted proportionately to adjustments of the basic wage — such adjustments to be in the case of juveniles in clause (3) to the nearest 6d. and in other cases to the nearest 3d.

The basic wage shown hereunder shall be adjusted as prescribed in clause (46).

Place.	Place.							Index Number Set Assigned.	
Within the area to which this Determination applies						s. d. 12 0		Melbourne	

<sup>(46)</sup> Adjustment of Basic Wage.—(a) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in May, 1943, the amount of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause (45).

For the purpose of this Determination the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician:—

- (1) The index number set to be applied is that assigned to Melbourne.
  (2) The index number for the calendar quarter next preceding the period of or near a quarter for which the adjustment is made is to be ascertained.
  (3) The amount assigned in the following table (or in any extension thereof) to the index number division comprising that number is to be ascertained.
- (4) The basic wage shall be of that assigned amount during such successive period of or near a quarter.

Index Number Divisions.						ic W	age.	In	Basic Wage.		
994-1006 007-1018 019-1030 031-1043 044-1055 056-1067 068-1080					£ 4 4 4 4 4	8. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	d. 0 0 0 0 0 0	1118-1129 1130-1141 1142-1154 1155-1166 1167-1179 1180-1191 1192-1203	 	 	£ s. d. 4 11 0 4 12 0 4 13 0 4 14 0 4 15 0 4 16 0 4 17 0
081-1092	••		• •		4	8	0	1204-1216	 	 	4 18 0
93-1104					4	9	0	1217-1228	 	 	4 19 0
05-1117				••	4	10	0	1229-1240	 • •	 	500

Any extension of this table must be of the same construction as the table.

(47) The wages rates set out in clauses (5) and (17), shall be increased or decreased by the same amount and at the same time as the rates prescribed in the appropriate Award of the Commonwealth Court of Conciliation and Arbitration for the classes of persons specified in such clauses (5) and (17) of this Determination, and such adjusted rates shall be included in any adjusted Determination issued by the Secretary for Labour.

A. V. BARNS, J.P., Chairman,

J. W. RYAN, Secretary,

Melbourne, 10th March, 1943.

<sup>(</sup>b) During each future period of or near a quarter beginning with the first pay period to commence in a May, an August, a November, or a February, the amount of the basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method according to the position and fluctuations (if any) of the Commonwealth Statistician's "All Items" retail price index numbers.

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