

VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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No. 661

THURSDAY, APRIL 20.

[1944

Factories and Shops Acts. DETERMINATION OF THE TINSMITHS BOARD.

Note.—(1) This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

Norman (2) Sheet Metal.—First Class Bench Work was proclaimed on 24th May, 1938, as an Apprenticeship Trade under the Apprenticeship Act 1928, for the Metropolitan District.

Full particulars of the Apprenticeship Regulations for this trade may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Apprenticeship Commission, Geological Museum Buildings, Gisborne-street, Melbourne (price 3d.).

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Wages Board which since the 7th February. 1938. has had the power to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any persons or classes of persons employed in the process trade or business of preparing or manufacturing articles made of tin plate or other metal, 10 gauge or lighter, including the japanning of such articles, but not including persons cutting patterns of boots, shoes, and slippers, or persons employed in the process trade or business of metal polishing, has made the following Determination, namely:

1. That as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence on or after the 31st March, 1944, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

									Per W	Veek of	44 Hours		
			Adults,					Within 20 Miles G.P.O., Melbourn 10 Miles of G.P. Geelong; at Warrnambool, a within Mildura a Gippsland Distri-	ne; O., and	At Yall	lourn.		r Parts ictoria.
-		a) Sheet	Metal S	ection.	_			£ s. d.		£ s.	d.	£	s. d.
Bench hand (1st o		• • •						6 13 0		6 19	6	6 1	0 0
Bench hand (2nd						• •		6 1 0		6 7	6	5 1	8 0
Spinner (1st class)		• •	• •	• •				6 5 0		6 11	6		2 0
Other spinner		• •				• •		5 12 0		5 18	6		9 0
Die setter						• •		5 12 0		5 18	6		90
Press operator (he							• •	5 10 0	- 1	5 16	6		7 0
Press operator (lig						• •		580	1	5 14	6		5 0
Solderer and dipp						••		5 10 0		5 16	6		7 0
Drop hammer star								5 10 0		5 16	6		7 0
Guttering machini		• •	:: .		• •			580		5 14	6		50
Power machinist (not oth	erwise sp	ecified)	• •	• •	• •		5 8 0		5 14	6	5	5 0
		(b) Weld	ina Div	ision.					- 1				
Welder—		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3						1				
1st class, other	r than	when us	ing Cut	ler mach	ine			6 16 0		7 2	6	6 1	3 0
lst class, usin								6 3 0	i	6 9	6		ŏŏ
2nd class								5 14 0		6 0		5 1	
3rd class								5 10 0		5 16	6		7 ŏ
Tack welder		• •						5 12 0		5 18	6		9 ŏ
		(c) Can	ister mo	kina.								1	
Die setter and/or	leading							5 12 0		5 18	6	5	9 0
Canister-maker by				and		::	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5 12 0		5 18			9 0
Solderer and dippe			,					5 8 0		5 14			5 0
Canister vent close		solderer	working	on tins		ng suha						"	- 0
with an artificia								5 12 0		5 18	6	5	9 0
Operator of power						tic macl	nines	5 10 0	- 1	5 16	Ğ		7 0
Operator of other								5 8 0		5 14			5 0
Cap solderer (not					••			580		5 14			5 0
		(d) G	alvaniz	ina							•		
Jalvanizer		(4) 0	accure.					5 19 0		6 5	6	5 1	6 0
Finner and grease	tinner			• • •	• • •	• • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5 19 0		6 5	6	5 1	
Assistant working			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	5 10 0		5 16	6		7 0
Pickler		LUMAN POU		• • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		5 9 0	}	5 15	6		6 0
All others in this	Divisio	n		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		5 5 0	i	5 11	6		20
TE COUCIE IN OHIE	1 + 1010		••	• •	••	••	• •	""		0 11	U	"	2 U

No. 66.-3035/44.

WAGES-continued.

							1	Per Week of 44 Hours-	•
		idults.					Within 20 Miles of G.P.O., Melbourne; 10 Miles of G.P.O., Geelong; at Warnambool, and within Mildura and Gippsland Districts.	At Yallourn.	Other Part of Victoria.
(e)	Painting	and Japa	inning.				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Artistic japanner and gold	lworker					٠.	6 1 0	6 7 6	5 18 0
Spray operator							# 1.0 A	5 18 6	5 9 0
Grainer, liner, and filliter								5 14 6	5 5 0
Painter and lacquerer								5 14 6	5 5 0
Dipper	••	••	• •	••	• •		5 8 0	5 14 6	5 5 0
U) Porcela	in Ename	lling.						
Fus o r	·						5 18 0	6 4 6	5 15 0
Fuser on medallions, bad	ges, or bu	ickles					5 8 0	5 14 6	5 5 0
nspector-lst class (i.e.,	one who	inspects	finished	enamel	work	as to		1	
quality)								5 15 6	5 6 0
inspector (other)								5 12 6	5 3 0
Mill hand and mixer								5 15 6	560
Packer and despatcher			`	′	·	٠.		5 15 6	5 6 U
Pickler			.:					5 15 6	5 6 0
Racksman								5 10 6	5 1 0
Sand and shot blaster	• •	`						6 8 6	5 19 0
Sprayer								5 16 6	5 7 0
Swiller, gripper, and brus						, .		5 14 6	5 5 0
Employee not elsewhere c		n any Di	vision				5 0 0	5 6 6	4 17 0

Leading Hands.

Leading hands in charge of not less than three and not more than ten employees, 6s. per week extra; more than ten and not more than twenty employees, 12s. per week extra; more than twenty employees, 18s. per week extra.

· Ship Repairing.

Employees engaged on ship repairs shall be paid the following additional margins:-

3 0 per week. 2 0 per week. Tradesmen All other labour ..

APPRENTICESHIP.

(Other than those covered by the Apprenticeship Commission.) Apprenticeship Trades.

3. (a) Minors shall not be employed in the following occupation otherwise than under a contract of apprenticeship as hereinafter provided:—Sheet metal work—first-class leach week. bench work.

Period of Apprenticeship.

(b) If the apprentice when indentured is under the age of seventeen years—five years; if over the age of seventeen years—four or five years, at the option of the contracting parties.

Contract of Apprenticeship.

- (c) Every contract of apprenticeship hereinafter made shall contain—

 - (i) the names of the parties;
 (ii) the date of birth of the apprentice;
 (iii) a statement of the trade or trades to which the apprentice is to be bound and which he is to be taught during the course and for the purpose of the apprenticeship;
 (iv) a covenant by the master to teach and instruct or cause the apprentice to be taught or instructed in the trade to which the apprentice is bound;
 (v) the date at which the apprenticeship is to commence or from which it is to be calculated;
 (vi) all other conditions of apprenticeship.

 - (vi) all other conditions of apprenticeship.

Cancellation or Suspension of Indenture.

- Cancellation or Suspension of Indenture.

 (d) Subject to the approval of the Secretary for Labour, but not otherwise, an indenture of apprenticeship may be suspended or cancelled—

 (i) by mutual consent;

 (ii) if through lack of orders or financial difficulties an employer is unable to find suitable employment for an apprentice and a transfer to another employer cannot be arranged;

 (iii) if, in the opinion of the Secretary for Labour, circumstances exist which render such suspension or cancellation necessary or desirable.

Any covenant in an indenture inconsistent with the provisions of this clause shall be null and void and of no force or effect while this Determination remains in force and applies to the parties to the indenture.

Instruction in Welding,

(c) The training of apprentices to sheet-metal work shall include instruction in electric welding and/or exy-acetylenewelding as far as is practicable with the facilities available in the shop in which they are trained.

Proportion.

(f) The proportion of apprentices who may be taken by an employer shall, except as hereinafter prescribed, he one apprentice to every three or fraction of three tradesmen in the trade concerned. The exception is first-class welding one apprentice for every two or fraction of two tradesmen in the trade concerned. in the trade concerned.

For the purpose of ascertaining the number of apprentices, the number of tradesmen shall be deemed to be the average number working during the immediately preceding six months, and, in ascertaining such proportion, an employer actually working in any workshop shall be deemed to be a tradesman.

A person who is for a term not exceeding two years taking practical training in a workshop in continuance of a course of training for professional work shall not be taken into account in calculating the proportion of apprentices to journeymen.

Adult Apprentices.

(g) Any apprentice who cannot complete his full term of apprenticeship before reaching his twenty-second birthday may, by agreement with his master, serve as an apprentice until he reaches the age of 23 years.

Probationary Period.

(h) Minors may be taken on probation for three months and if apprenticed such three months shall count as part of their period of apprenticeship. An employer shall within fourteen days of employing a probationer notify the apprenticeship authorities of the employment of such probationer to any of the trades mentioned herein.

Wages.

(i) The minimum weekly rates of wages for apprentices shall be the under-mentioned percentages of the contemporaneous needs basic wage prescribed for the area in which they are employed, and in addition thereto the constant and war loadings specified, and in all contracts of apprenticeship hereafter made the employer shall covenant to pay wages of not less than such rates.

The total wage of apprentices shall be calculated to the nearest six pence, any broken part of six pence in the result not exceeding three pence to be disregarded.

(i) WAGES PER WERE OF 44 Hours

		i 1	ļ			То	tal Wage Payable-	-
	 		Percentage of Needs Basic Wage.	Constant Loading.	War Loading.	Within 20 Miles of G.P.O., Melbourne; 10 Miles of G.P.O., Geelong; at Warmambool. and within Mildura and Gippsland Districts.	At Yallourn.	Other Parts of Victoria.
		ı	Per Week.	Four and Fin	e-year Terms. Per Week,	,		
lst year 2nd year 3rd year 4th year 5th year	 		22½ 30 45 75 95	s. d. 1 0 1 6 2 0 2 0	s. d. 0 9 1 0 1 6 2 3 3 0	£ s. d. 1 1 0 1 9 6 2 4 0 3 12 6 4 11 6	£ s. d. 1 2 6 1 11 0 2 7 0 3 17 6 4 17 6	£ s. d. 1 0 6 1 8 6 2 2 6 3 10 0 4 8 6
		Four-	year Terms.—	Apprentices com	mencing after t	he Age of 17 Years		
lst year 2nd year 3rd year 4th year	 •••	::	26 45 75 95	1 0 2 0 2 0	0 9 1 6 2 3 3 0	$\left[\begin{array}{cccc}1&4&6\\2&3&6\\3&12&6\\4&11&6\end{array}\right]$	1 6 0 2 6 6 3 17 6 4 17 6	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

An employee who is under 21 years of age on the expira-tion of his apprenticeship and thereafter works as a minor in the occupation to which he has been apprenticed shall be paid at not less than the adult rate prescribed for that classification.

Hours.

(k) The ordinary hours of employment of apprentices shall not in each workshop exceed those of the journeymen.

Overtime and Shift Work.

(1) An apprentice under the age of eighteen years shall not be required to work overtime or shift work unless he so desires.

Payment by Results.

(m) An apprentice shall not work under any system of payment by results.

Lost Time.

(n) The apprentice at the end of the calendar period of any year in which he has actually given service to the master upon less than the ordinary working days prescribed in this Determination, or in which he has unlawfully absented himself without the master's consent shall, for every day short of the said number of working days, and for every day of such absence, serve one day, and the calendar period of the succeeding year of his service shall not be deemed to begin until the said additional day or days shall have been served.

Provided that in calculating the extra time to be so served the apprentice shall be credited with time which he has worked during the relevant year in excess of his ordinary hours.

Prohibition of Premiums.

(o) An employer shall not, either directly or indirectly, or by any pretence or device receive from any person or require or permit any person to pay or give any consideration in the nature of a premium or bonus for the taking or binding of any probationer or apprentice.

Attendance at Technical Schools.

(p) Apprentices attending technical colleges or schools and presenting reports of satisfactory conduct shall be reimbursed all fees paid by them.

Annual and Sick Leave.

(q) Apprentices shall be entitled to sick and about leave in accordance with the provisions of clauses 15 and 16 hereof

FEMALE AND UNAPPRENTICED JUNIOR LABOUR.

4. Subject to the exception hereinafter provided, the minimum rates of wages for adult and junior females and for unapprenticed male juniors employed in occupations for which apprenticeship is not provided by this Determination shall be as follows:—

WAGES PER WEEK OF 44 Hours.

			Ì	65 75 11.—Juni 40 47½ 55 62½ 111.—Jun 25 35 47½				` T e	tal Wag	e Payable	_		
-					Constant Loading.		Within 20 m of G.P.O., Melbourne 10 miles o G.P.O., Geelo at Warrnamb and withit Mildura an Gippsland Districts.	; f ng; ool,	At Y	illourn,	Other Parts Victoria.		
					s. d.		£ s. d.		£ s.	d.	£	8.	d.
				I.—Adult	Females.								
Under three months' exp All others	erience	••	::		3 0 3 0	Ì	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		3 6 3 16	6	3	9	0
				IIJunio	r Females.								
17 years of age and und 18 years of age 19 years of age 20 years of age	er 			47 <u>1</u> 55	1 0 1 3 1 6 2 0		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2 0 2 7 2 15 3 3	0 6 0 0 .	1 2 2 2	16 3 10 17	0 0 0 0
				III.—Juni	or Males.								
Under 16 years of age 16 years of age 17 years of age 18 years of age 19 years of age 20 years of age				35	0 6 0 9 1 0 1 0 2 0 2 0		1 3 0 1 12 6 2 4 0 2 15 6 3 10 0 4 4 0		1 5 1 15 2 7 2 19 3 15 4 9		1 1 2 2 3 4	2 11 3 14 8 1	6 6 0 0 0

Provided that the rate payable to any employee shall not, excluding the constant loading, be less than 20s.

The total wage shall be calculated to the nearest sixpence, any broken part of sixpence in the result not exceeding threepence to be disregarded.

The minimum rate payable to a junior female of any age or a junior male of eighteen years or more each with less than six months' experience under this Determination shall, until he or she has had six months' experience, be 10 per cent. less than the amount represented by the percentage of the needs basic wage hereby prescribed for a junior employee of his or her age and in addition thereto the constant loading prescribed for such an employee.

Provided that this sub-clause shall not operate to reduce the rates paid to any female employee as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1942.

SPECIAL RATES.

5. In addition to the wages prescribed in clauses 2, 3, and 4 hereof, the following special rates and allowances shall be paid to employees including apprentices and unapprenticed iuniors:-

Wet Places.

(a) An employee working in any place where his clothing or boots become saturated, whether by water, oil, or otherwise, shall be paid 2d. per hour extra: Provided that this extra rate shall not be payable to an employee who is provided by the employer with suitable protective clothing and/or footwear: And provided further that any employee who becomes entitled to this extra rate shall be paid such extra rate shall be paid such extra rate of the day or whit as he is required to rate for such part of the day or shift as he is required to work in wet clothing or boots.

Confined Spaces.

(b) Working in confined space (as defined), 3d. per hour

Ships, Bilges, &c.

(c) Working in ships bilges or in boiling-down works, lead works, sanitary works, or slaughtering yards, 1d. per hour

Hot Places.

(d) Working for more than one hour in the shade in places where the temperature is raised by artificial means to between 115 and 130 degrees Pahrenheit, 14d. per hour extra; in places where the temperature exceeds 130 degrees Fahrenheit, 3d. per hour extra. Where work continues for more than two hours in temperature exceeding 130 degrees Fahrenheit, employees shall also be entitled to twenty minutes' rest after every two hours' work without deduction of pay. The temperature shall be decided by the foreman of the work after consultation with the employees who claim the extra rate.

Cold Places.

(e) Working for more than one hour in places where the temperature is reduced by artificial means below 32 degrees Fahrenheit, 1½d, per hour extra. Where the work continues for more than two hours employees shall be entitled to a rest period of twenty minutes every two hours without loss

Oil Tanks and Digestors.

(f) Working on repairs in oil tanks or meat digestors. 1½d. per hour extra. Provided that if any employee is so engaged for more than halt of one day or shift he shall be paid the prescribed allowance for the whole day or shift.

Dirty Work.

(g) Work which a foreman and workman shall agree is of an unusually dirty or offensive nature, 11d. per hour extra.

an unusually dirty or offensive nature, 1\frac{1}{2}d. per hour extra.

In case of disagreement between the foreman and workman, the workman or a shop steward on his behalf shall be entitled, within 24 hours, to ask for a decision on the workman's claim by the employer's industrial officer (if there be one), or otherwise by the employer or the executive officer responsible for the management or superintendence of the plant concerned. In such case a decision shall be given on the workman's claim within 48 hours of its being asked for (unless that time expires on a non-working day in which case it shall be given during the next working day), or else the said allowance shall be paid. be paid.

In any case where an organization alleges that an employer or his representative is persistently unreasonable or capricious in relation to such claims, it shall have the right to bring such case before the Secretary for Labour.

- (yy) All employees engaged in the cutting and removal of torm, twisted, and displaced structural materials from vessels which have been damaged by bomb, mine, shell, or torpedo shall be paid extra rates as follows:—
 - (i) where such damaged structural materials are covered in oil residue and/or other unusually obnoxious substances, and there is a risk of such materials falling, or there are difficulties in the way of securing a safe foothold for working—2d. per hour extra;

- (ii) where the work is carried out in the presence of explosives or combustible materials under con-ditions under which there is a risk of fire or explosion—4d, per hour extra;
- (iii) where as well as working under the conditions specified in paragraph (i) hereof an employee works under those specified in paragraph (ii) hereof—6d. per hour extra.

The question of whether the conditions specified in paragraphs (i) or (ii) hereof or both of them exist in any partigraphs (1) or (11) hereof or both of them exist in any particular case shall be settled by agreement between the foreman and the workman concerned provided that in cases of disagreement the matter shall be settled as provided in sub-clause (y) hereof in the case of dirty work, and the provisions of that shape shall early to the provisions of that clause shall apply to claims under this sub-clause. In any case in which it is agreed or decided that the specified conditions exist the extra rate prescribed shall be paid for the whole of the time the employees are engaged cutting and removing the materials mentioned.

Special Rates not Cumulative.

(h) Where more than one of the disabilities entitling a workman to extra rates exist on the same job, the employer shall be bound to pay only one rate, namely, the highest for the disabilities so prevailing.

Rates not Subject to Penalty Additions.

(i) The special rates herein prescribed shall be paid irrespective of the times at which the work is performed, and shall not be subject to any premium or penalty additions.

TRAVELLING TIME, ALLOWANCE, AND BOARD,

- TRAVELLING TIME, ALLOWANCE, AND BOARD.

 6. (a) An employee required to work at a job away from his workshop or depot shall, at the direction of his employer, present himself for work at such job at the usual time of starting work. When an employee is required to work away from his workshop or depot, all time reasonably spent in excess of time usually spent in travelling to or from his home to the workshop or depot shall be paid for at ordinary rates (except on Sunday or a holiday, when payment shall be at the rate of time and a half), up to a maximum of 12 hours out of every 24 or, where a sleeping berth is provided, a maximum of 8 hours out of every 24.
- (b) An employee engaged in a capital city to work in the country, or sent from one country centre to work in another country centre, shall be entitled to travelling time, and for a period not exceeding three months to expenses.
- All excess fares and reasonable travelling expenses, including 2s. 6d. for each meal, together with the cost of board and lodging if the employee has to remain away from his home for a night, shall be paid by the employers.

The fares allowed shall be first class on coastal boats or on The fares allowed shall be first class on coastal boats or on interstate boats where there is no second class as distinct from steerage, and on trains second class, except where all-night travelling is involved, when they shall be first class, and sleeping berths shall be provided where available.

- and sleeping berths shall be provided where avainance.

 (c) A camping allowance of 3s, per day for every day, including Sunday, shall be paid to employees engaged on country jobs at places where ordinary board and residence is not obtainable and camping in tents, cubicles, or other temporary shelter is necessary: Provided that where cooked meals are procurable by the employee at a mess established by the employer, the amount of such country allowance shall be 9d, per day for every day, including Sundays.
- (d) Until further order an employer shall be free to engage labour on the site of a job carried on away from the workshop, without payment of any travelling time or fares, unless such employee is sent from the workshop:

Provided that if any employee engaged for the crection of a job had previously been engaged by the same employer in the tabrication of the job in a workshop, he shall be paid fares in excess of those incurred in travelling to and from the workshop. workshop.

HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT.

Day Workers.

- To any Workers.

 7. (a) Subject to the exceptions herein set out, the ordinary hours of employment shall be 44 per week, to be worked in five days of eight hours (Monday to Friday inclusive), and one day (Saturday) of four hours; or five days (Monday to Friday inclusive) of 8 hours 48 minutes each continuously, except for meal breaks at the discretion of the employer, between 7 a.m. and 5.30 p.m. on Monday to Friday inclusive, and 7 a.m. and noon on Saturday Provided that the spread of hours herein prescribed may be altered as to all or a section of the employees by mutual agreement between an employer and the representative of the union in that shop.

 (h) In localities where the recognized half-holiday is on a
- (b) In localities where the recognized half-holiday is on a day other than Saturday, the day so recognized may be substituted for Saturday for all purposes of this Determination.

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SHIFT WORK

- 8. (1) In this clause:-
 - "Afternoon shift" means any shift finishing after 6 p.m. and at or before midnight.
 "Continuous work" means work carried on with
- and at or before midnight.

 "Continuous work" means work carried on with consecutive shifts of men throughout the 24 hours of each of at least six consecutive days without interruption except during breakdowns or meal breaks or due to unavoidable causes beyond the control of the employer.

 "Night shift" means any shift finishing subsequent to midnight and at or before 8 a.m.

 "Rostered shift" means a shift of which the employee concerned has had at least 48 hours' notice.

Continuous Work Shifts.

- (2) (a) This sub-clause shall apply to shift workers on continuous work as hereinbefore defined.
 - (b) The ordinary hours of shift workers shall not exceed-
 - (i) 8 in any one day; or
 - (ii) 48 in any one week; or
 - (iii) 88 in 14 consecutive days; or
 - (iv) 176 in 28 consecutive days.
- (c) Subject to the following conditions, shift workers shall work at such times as the employer may require:—
 - (i) a shift shall consist of eight hours, inclusive of crib
 - (ii) except at the regular change-over of shifts, an employee shall not be required to work more than one shift in each 24 hours;
 - (iii) twenty minutes shall be allowed to shift workers each shift for crib, which shall be counted as time worked.
- (d) Shift workers on continuous work whilst on afternoon or night shifts shall be paid $7\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. more than ordinary rates for such shifts.
- (e) Shift workers for work done on a rostered shift the major portion of which is performed on a Sunday or a holiday shall be paid at the rate of time and a half.

Shift Work in other than Continuous Work.

- (3) (a) This sub-clause shall apply to shift workers not upon continuous work as hereinbefore defined. The ordinary hours of such shift workers shall not exceed—
 - (i) 44 in any week to be worked in five shifts of 8 hours 48 minutes, on Monday to Friday inclusive, or five shifts of 8 hours and one shift (Saturday) of
 - 4 hours, or
 (ii) 88 in fourteen consecutive days in which case an employee shall not, without payment for overtime, be required to work more than eight consecutive hours on any shift or more than six shifts in any
 - week, or

 (iii) 132 in 21 consecutive days in which case an employee shall not, without payment of overtime, he required to work more than eight consecutive hours on any shift or more than six shifts in any week.
- (b) Such ordinary hours shall be worked continuously except for meal breaks at the discretion of the employer. An employee shall not be required to work for more than six hours without a break for a meal.
- (c) Except at regular change over of shifts an employee shall not be required to work more than one shift in each 24 hours.
- (d) Shift workers whilst on afternoon or night shifts shall be paid 10 per cent. more than the ordinary rates for such shifts.
- (e) Subject to this sub-clause shift workers for all time worked on a Sunday or holiday shall be paid at the rates prescribed by clause 11 of this Determination. Where shifts commence between 11 p.m. and midnight on Sundays and/or holidays, the time so worked before midnight shall not entitle the employee to the Sunday or holiday rate: Provided that the time worked by an employee on a shift commencing before midnight on the day preceding a Sunday or holiday and extending into a Sunday or holiday shall be regarded as time worked on such Sunday or holiday.

Shift Work Generally.

- (4) (a) Shift workers for all time worked in excess of or outside the ordinary working hours prescribed by this Determination or on a shift other than a rostered shift shall—

 - (i) if employed on continuous work be paid at the rate of double time; or
 (ii) if employed on other shift work at the rate of time and a half for the first four hours and double time thereafter—
- except in each case when the time is worked-
 - (iii) by arrangement between the employees themselves;

- (iv) for the purpose of effecting the customary rotation of shifts; or
- (v) is due to the fact that the relief man does not come on duty at the proper time.

Provided that when not less than eight hours' notice has been given to the employer by the relief man that he will be absent from work and the employee whom he should relieve is not relieved the unrelieved employee shall be paid at the rate of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the base given by the continuous product of the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the base given by the continuous product of the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the base given by the continuous product of the state of the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after the state of time and a half for the first four hours on the state of time and he has finished his ordinary shift, and at the rate of double time thereafter except where the employee is required to continue to work on his rostered day off when he shall be paid

- (b) Shift workers who work on any afternoon or night shift which does not continue for at least five successive afternoons or nights in a five-day workshop or for at least six successive afternoons or nights in a six-day workshop shall be paid at the rate of time and a half.
- (c) A shift worker who, during a period of engagement on shift, works only on night shift and without some regular rotation with some other shift or with day work, shall be paid at the rate of time and a quarter for all time worked during ordinary working hours.
- (cc) Female shift workers whilst on afternoon and night shifts shall be paid not less than the rates hereinbefore prescribed or 1s. per shift, whichever is the higher.
- (d) The method of working shifts may in any case be varied by agreement between the employer and the accredited representative of the union to suit the circumstances of the estab-

MIXED FUNCTIONS.

9. An employee engaged for more than half of one day or shift on duties carrying a higher rate than his ordinary classification shall be paid the higher rate for such day or shift. If for less than half of one day or shift he shall be paid the higher rate for the time so worked.

OVERTIME.

- 10. (a) For all work done outside ordinary hours the rates of pay shall be time and a half for the first four hours and double time thereafter, such double time to continue until the completion of the overtime work. Provided that in the case of an apprentice or a junior the rate for overtime shall be not less than the rate herein prescribed or 1s. 6d. per hour, whichever is the higher.
- (b) An employee, other than a casual employee, after the completion of overtime work performed after his usual ceasing time shall be entitled to be absent until he has had eight consecutive hours off duty, without deduction of pay for ordinary time of duty occurring during such absence.
- If, on the instructions of his employer, any employee resumes work without having had such eight hours off duty he shall be paid at double rates until he is relieved from duty to take such rest period and he shall then be entitled to be absent until he has had eight consecutive hours off duty without deduction of pay for ordinary time of duty occurring during such absents. during such absence.
- (o) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) hereof in computing overtime each day's work shall stand alone.
- (d) An employee recalled to work overtime after leaving his employer's business premises shall be paid for a minimum of three hours' work at the appropriate rate for each time he is so recalled: Provided that, except in the case of unforeseen circumstances arising, the employee shall not be required to work the full three hours if the job he was recalled to perform is completed within a shorter period.
- (e) Subject to any custom now prevailing under which an employee is required regularly to hold himself in readiness for a call back, an employee required to hold himself in readiness to work after ordinary hours shall, until released, be paid standing by time at ordinary rates from the time from which he is so to hold himself in readiness.
- (f) For work done during meal hours and thereafter until a meal hour break is allowed, time and a half rates shall be paid. An employee shall not be compelled to work for more than six hours without a break for a meal.
- (g) An employee working overtime shall be allowed a crib-time of twenty minutes without deduction of pay after each four hours of overtime work, if the employee continues work after such crib-time.
- (h) Unless the period of overtime is less than one and a half hours an employee before starting overtime after working ordinary hours shall be allowed a meal break of twenty minutes which shall be paid for at ordinary rates. An employer and employee may agree to any variation of this provision to meet the circumstances of the work in hand provided that the employer shall not be required to make any payment in respect of any time allowed in excess of twenty minutes.

(i) An employee required to work overtime for more than two hours without being notified the day before that he will be so required to work shall either be supplied with a meal by the employer or paid 2s. and 1s. 3d. for each subsequent meal, but such payment need not be made to employees living in the same locality as their workshop who can reasonably return home for meals.

If an employee, pursuant to notice, has provided a meal or meals and is not required to work overtime, he shall be paid as above prescribed for meals so provided.

- (j) Subject to the provisions of the second part of sub-(1) Sudject to the provisions of the second part of succlause (f) of this clause, an employee employed as a regular maintenance man shall work during meal breaks at the ordinary rates herein prescribed whenever instructed to do so for the purpose of making good breakdowns of plant or upon routine maintenance of plant which can only be done while such plant is idle.
- (k) When an employee works overtime, or a shift for which he has not been regularly rostered finishes work at a time when reasonable means of transport is not available, the employer shall provide him with a conveyance or pay him his current wage for the time occupied in reaching his

HOLIDAYS AND SUNDAY WORK.

11. (a) Employees shall be entitled to the following public holidays without loss of pay as regards employees on weekly hiring:—New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Saturday, Easter Monday, King's Birthday, Labour Day, Anzac Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day, or such other day as is generally observed in the locality as a substitute for any of the said days respectively.

By agreement between any employer and his employees, other days may be substituted for the said days or any of them as to such employer's undertaking.

Exceptions.

(b) An employee not engaged on continuous work shall be paid at the rate of double time for work done on Sundays and public holidays, such double time to continue until he is added to the continue of the co relieved from duty:

Provided that where employees are necessarily engaged in repairs to or renewals of their employer's plant and machinery necessary for resumption of work the next following working day, work done on Sundays and holidays shall be paid for at the rate of time and a half for the first eight hours and double time thereafter.

- (c) An employee, other than a casual employee, not engaged in continuous work who works on a Sunday or a public holiday and (except for meal breaks) immediately thereafter continues such work shall, on being relieved from duty, be entitled to be absent until he has had eight consecutive hours off duty, without deduction of pay for ordinary time of duty occurring during such absence.
- (d) Employees, other than on shift, required to work on Sundays or public holidays shall be paid for a minimum of three hours' work.

EXTRA RATES NOT CUMULATIVE,

12. Extra rates in this Determination, except rates prescribed in clause 5, are not cumulative so as to exceed the maximum of double the ordinary rates.

PAYMENT OF WAGES

- 13. (a) Wages shall be paid weekly or fortnightly.
- (b) On the first pay day occurring during his employment, an employee shall be paid whatever wages are due to him up to the completion of his work on the previous day: Provided that this sub-clause shall not apply to employers who make a practice of allowing advances to employees approximating wages due.
- (c) Upon determination of the employment wages due to an employee shall be paid to him on the day of such determination, or forwarded to him by post on the next working day.
- (d) An employee kept waiting for his wages on pay day for more than a quarter of an hour after the usual time for ceasing work shall be paid at overtime rates after that quarter hour, with a minimum of a quarter of an hour.
- (e) On or prior to pay day, the employer shall state to each employee, in writing, the amount of wages to which lie is entitled, the amount of deductions made therefrom, and the net amount being paid to him.

CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT.

Weekly Employment.

- 14. (a) Except as hereinafter provided, employment shall be by the week. Any employee not specifically engaged as a casual employee shall be deemed to be employed by the week.
- (b) Employment shall be terminated by a week's notice on either side given at any time during the week or by the payment or forfeiture of a week's wages as the case may

be. This shall not affect the right of the employer to dismiss any employees without notice for malingering, inefficiency, neglect of duty or misconduct, and in such cases the wages neglect of duty of misconduct, and in such cases the wages shall be paid up to the time of dismissal only or to deduct payment for any day the employee cannot be usefully employed because of any strike or through any break down in machinery or any stoppage of work by any cause for which the employer cannot reasonably be held responsible.

(c) An employee not attending for duty shall except as provided by clause 15 hereof lose his pay for the actual time for such non-attendance.

Casual Employment.

A casual employee is one engaged and paid as such. A casual employee for working ordinary time shall be paid per hour one-tortieth of the weekly rate prescribed by this Determination for the work which he or she performs.

SICK LEAVE.

- 15. (a) An employee on weekly hiring who is absent from his work on account of personal illness, or on account of injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment, shall be entitled to leave of absence, without deduction of pay, subject to the following conditions and limitations: limitations:
 - (i) He shall not be entitled to paid leave of absence for any period in respect of which he is entitled to Workers' Compensation.
 - (i) (a) He shall, within 24 hours of the commencement of such absence, inform the employer of his inability to attend for duty and, as far as practicable, state the nature of the injury or illness and the estimated duration of the absence.
 - (ii) He shall prove to the satisfaction of his employer (or in the event of dispute the Secretary for Labour) that he was unable on account of such illness or injury to attend for duty on the day or days for which sick leave is claimed.
 - (iii) He shall not be entitled in any year (whether in the employ of one employer or of several) to leave in excess of 44 hours of working time.

For the purpose of administering paragraph (iii) of this sub-clause an employer may, within two weeks of the employee entering his employment, require an employee to make a sworn declaration or other written statement as to what paid leave of absence he has had from any employer during the then current year; and upon such statement the employer shall be entitled to rely and act.

(b) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (a) hereof an employee suffering injury through an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment (not being an injury in respect of which he is entitled to Workers' Compensation) necessitating his attendance during working hours on a doctor, chemist or trained nurse, or at a hospital, shall not suffer any deduction from his pay for the time (not exceeding four hours) so occupied on the day of the accident, and shall be reimbursed by the employer all expenses reasonably incurred in connexion with attendance.

ANNUAL LEAVE.

- 16. (a) A period of seven consecutive days' leave shall be allowed annually to all employees after twelve months' continuous service (less the period of annual leave) in any one or more of the occupations to which this Determination
- (b) In addition to the leave hereinbefore prescribed sevenday shift workers, that is shift workers who are rostered to work regularly on Sundays and holidays, shall be allowed seven consecutive days' leave including non-working days: Provided that in the case of shift workers whose hours have been reduced or whose wages have been increased in accordance with clause 8 of the Determination, service before the 1st January, 1942, shall not be taken into consideration for the purpose of calculating annual leave.
- (c) Where an employee with twelve months' continuous (c) where an employee with twelve months continuous service is engaged for part of the twelve monthly period as a seven-day shift worker, he shall be entitled to have the period of seven consecutive days' annual leave prescribed in sub-clause (a) of this clause increased by half a day for each month he is continuously engaged as aforesaid.
- (d) Annual leave shall be given at a time fixed by the employer within a period not exceeding six months from the date when the right to annual leave accrued and after not less than one week's notice to the employee provided that the giving of annual leave may with the consent of the Secretary for Labour be postponed for a period to be specified in cases where the exigencies of the war render it impracticable to give it within the said period of six months.

- (e) An employer may allow annual leave to an employee before the right thereto has accrued due but where leave is taken in such a case a further period of annual leave shall not commence to accrue until after the expiration of the twelve months in respect of which annual leave had been taken before it accrued.
- (f) If after six months' continuous service in any qualifying twelve-monthly period an employee leaves his employment or his employment is terminated by the employee through no fault of the employee the employee shall be paid one-sixth of a week's wage in respect of each completed two months of continuous service in respect of which leave has not been granted hercunder.
- not been granted hercunder.

 (g) Each employee before going on leave shall be paid a week's wage except a seven day shift worker who shall he paid the amount of wages he would have received in respect of the ordinary time which he would have worked had he not been on leave during the relevant period. For the purposes of this sub-clause and sub-clause (f) hereof wages shall be at the rate prescribed by clauses 2, 3, and 4 of this Determination for the occupation in which the employee was ordinarily employed immediately prior to the commencement of his leave or the termination of his employment, as the case may be. Payment in the case of employees employed on piece or bonus work or any other system of payment by results shall be at time rates.

 (h) The annual leave provided for by this clause shall be
- (h) The annual leave provided for by this clause shall be allowed and shall be taken and except as provided by sub-clause (f) hereof payment shall not be made or accepted in lieu of annual leave.
- (i) Where leave has been granted to an employee pursuant to sub-clause (e) hereof before the right thereto has accrued due and the employee subsequently leaves or is discharged from the service of the employer before completing the twelve months' continuous service in respect of which the leave was granted the employer may for each two complete months of the qualifying period of twelve months not served by the employee deduct from whatever remuneration is payable upon the termination of the employment one-sixth of the amount of wage paid on account of the annual leave, which amount shall not include any sums paid for any of the holidays prescribed by clause 11 of this Determination.

 (i) Service before the date of this Determination shall be
- (i) Service before the date of this Determination shall be taken into consideration for the purpose of calculating annual leave: Provided that an employee shall not be entitled to cleave or to payment in lieu thereof for any period in respect of which leave or a payment in lieu thereof has been allowed or made under the Determination hereby rescinded.
- (k) For the purposes of this clause service shall be deemed to be continuous notwithstanding—
 - (i) any interruption or determination of the employment by the employer if such interruption or determina-tion has been made merely with the intention of avoiding obligations hereunder in respect of leave of absence:
 - (ii) any absence from work on account of sickness or accident or on account of leave lawfully granted by the employer. In calculating the period of twelve months' consecutive service any such alsence as aforesaid shall not, except to the extent of not more than fourteen days in a twelve monthly period in the case of sickness or accident, be taken into account in calculating the period of twelve months' continuous service.
- (1) The annual leave prescribed by this clause shall be exclusive of any of the holidays prescribed by clause 11 of this Determination and if any such holiday falls within an employee's period of annual leave there shall be added to that period one day for each such holiday falling as aforesaid.
- (m) For the purpose of this clause a month shall be reckoned as commencing with the beginning of the first day of the employment or period of employment in question and as ending at the beginning of the day which in the latest month in question has the same date number as that which the commencing day had in its month, and if there be no such day in such subsequent month shall be reckoned as ending at the end of such subsequent month.
- (n) Where the employer is a successor or assignee or trans-(n) Where the employer is a successor or assignee or trans-mittee of a business if an employee was in the employment of the employer's predecessor at the time when he became such successor or assignee or transmittee the employee in respect of the period during which he was in the service of the pre-decessor shall for the purpose of this clause be deemed to be in the service of the employer.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

GENERAL.

Tools.

17. (a) Until further order the employer shall provide for each employee such tools as were customarily provided at the time of the making of this Determination, and for sheet

metal workers, snips used in the cutting of stainless steel, monel metal, and similar hard metals. The employee shall replace or pay for any tools so provided if lost through his negligence.

Washing and Sanitary Conveniences.

(b) Employers shall provide proper and sufficient washing and sanitary conveniences.

Lockers.

(c) An employer shall provide a suitable locker or suitable hanging facilities for each employee in a workshop: Provided that this sub-clause shall not for such period or periods as the Wages Board may fix apply to any employer who proves the satisfaction of the Secretary for Labour that he is unable by reason of lack of space, shortage of material or labour, or any other difficulties to provide lockers or hanging facilities as a foregaid as aforesaid.

Boiling Water.

(d) Employers shall provide boiling water for employees in workshops at meal times.

Asbestos Sheets, Glasses, and Screens.

- (c) (i) Suitable asbestos sheet and coloured glasses and where necessary aprons of suitable length, gauntlet gloves, leather sleeves, and leggings shall be provided by the employers for the protection of electric are and oxy-acetylene operators and their assistants.
- (ii) Where electric are operators are working screens which shall be suitable and sufficient for the purpose shall be provided by the employer for the protection of employees from

Goggles.

(f) Employers shall provide suitable mica or other goggles for emery-wheel operators.

Gloves.

(g) Suitable canvas or leather gloves shall be provided by employers for the operators of pneumatic tools and/or punch and shearing machines.

Gas Masks.

- (h) (i) The employer shall ensure that sufficient gas masks are available to enable each employee, when engaged on repairs to refrigeration plants outside the employer's premises, to take one with him.
- (ii) Employers shall provide respirators or gas masks for electric arc or oxy-acetylene operators working in places where fresh air cannot freely circulate.

Protective Clothing.

(i) Employers shall provide suitable protective aprons, rubber gloves, and rubber boots or clogs to employees engaged in the manual handling of materials over hot galvanizing or tinning pots or pickling or plating baths.

First Aid Outfit.

(j) In each workshop, and at other places where employees are regularly employed, the employer shall provide and continuously maintain at a place or places reasonably accessible to all employees an efficient First Aid Outfit.

Clause 8 of Chapter 9 of the Regulations under the Factories and Shops Act 1928 requires that a first-aid ambulance chest shall be kept in some accessible place upon the premises, and that such chest shall be equipped and supplied with the following articles:—

Art	icles.			Quantities to be kept in Ambulance Chest
Antiseptic solution				i bottle
Bandages, cotton and g	auze	••		l dozen assorted
Castor oil				2 oz.
Iodine, tincture of				2 oz.
Manual, first-aid				1
Petrolatum, carbolized				l jar
Pierie acid solution, n	nade acc	ording t	o the	•
following recipe or pr	escription	n :		
11 teaspoonfuls of				
3 oz. of absolut	e alcoho	ol, and 2	pints	
of distilled water			٠,	1 pint
Pins, safety				1 packet
Sal volatile				6 oz.
Scissors				1 pair
Tourniquet				i ·
Tweezers				l pair
Cotton, absorbent				ון י
Gauze, sterilized, plain				An adequat
Lint, absorbent				assortment"
Plaster, adhesive				11 ""

Damage to Clothing and Tools.

(k) Compensation to the extent of the damage sustained shall be made where, in the course of the work, clothing or tools are damaged or destroyed by fire or through the use of corrosive substances: Provided that the employer's liability in respect of tools shall be limited to such tools of trade as are ordinarily required for the performance of the employee's

Females-Rest Period.

(1) Female employees shall be allowed a rest period of not less than ten minutes during each day or shift, to be taken during the first or second half of the day or shift as may be decided by a majority of the female employees in a shop.

SHOP STEWARDS.

18. An employee appointed shop steward in the shop or department in which he is employed shall, upon notification thereof to his employer, be recognized as the accredited representative of the union to which he belongs, and he shall be allowed the necessary time during working hours to interview the employer or his representative on matters affecting employees whom he represents.

RIGHT OF ENTRY OF UNION OFFICIALS.

- 19. (a) For the purpose of interviewing employees on legitimate union business, a duly accredited union representative shall have the right to enter employers' premises during the midday meal break on the following conditions:—
 - (i) That he produces his authority to the gatekeeper or such other person as may be appointed by the employer.
 - (ii) That he interviews employees only at places where they are taking their meal.
 - (iii) That not more than one representative of each of not more than three unions be on the premises at any one time.
 - (iv) That no one representative visit the premises more than once in each week.
 - (v) That if any employer alleges that a representative is unduly interfering with his work or is creating dissatisfaction amongst his employees, or is offensive in his methods, or is committing a breach of any of the previous conditions, such employer may refuse the right of entry, but the representative shall have the right to bring such refusal before the Secretary for Labour:

Provided that where certain employees are working under a system of shift work which precludes a representative from interviewing them during the midday meal break the representative shall have the right to enter the employer's premises for the purpose of interviewing such employees at such time and under such conditions as to notice as may be mutually arranged by the representative and the employer or, failing agreement, at such times and under such conditions as the Secretary for Labour may decide.

(h) For the nurses of investigating composities concerning

- (b) For the purpose of investigating complaints concerning the application of this Determination, or the employment of females upon work which is alleged to be unsuitable for females, a duly accredited union representative shall be afforded reasonable facilities for entering an employer's workshop or plant during working hours, subject to the following conditions:—
 - (i) That he discloses to the employer or his representative the complaint which he desires to investigate.
 (ii) That he makes his investigations in the presence of
 - the employer or his representative (if the employer so desires).

 (iii) That he does not interfere with work proceeding in

 - the workshop or plant.

 (iv) That he conducts himself properly.
- (c) A union representative shall be a duly accredited representative of an organization concerned if he be the holder for the time being of a certificate, signed by the general secretary of that organization and bearing the seal of that organization, in the following form, or in a form not materially differing therefrom:—

(Name of organization.)

This is to certify that is a duly accredited representative of the above-named organization.

General Secretary.

(SEAL)

Specimen signature of holder-

Strictly not transferable.

TIME AND WAGES BOOK.

20. (a) Each employer shall keep a record from which can be readily ascertained the name of each employee and his occupation, the hours worked each day, and the wages and allowances paid each week.

- (b) The time occupied by an employee in filling in any time record or cards or in the making of records shall be treated as time of duty, but this does not apply to checking in or out when entering or leaving the employer's premises.
- (c) The time and wages record shall be open for inspection to a duly accredited union official during the usual office hours at the employer's office or other convenient place: Provided that an inspection shall not be demanded unless the secretary of the union or the district secretary or organizer of any division suspects that a breach of the Determination has been committed: Provided also that only one demand for each increasing shall home design one of creatishts the for such inspection shall be made in one fortnight at the same establishment.
- (d) The official making such inspection shall be entitled to take a copy of entries in a time and wages record relating to the suspected breach of the Determination.

NOTICE BOARD.

21. The employer shall permit a notice board of reasonable dimensions to be erected in a prominent position in his establishment, upon which accredited Union representatives shall be permitted to post formal Union notices, signed or countersigned by the representative posting same.

DEFINITIONS.

- 22. (1) "Confined space" means a compartment or space access to which is through a man-hole or similar opening, or a place the dimensions of which necessitate an employee working in a stooped or otherwise cramped position, or without proper ventilation, and includes such a space—
 - (i) in the case of a ship, inside complete tanks, chain lockers, and peaks; in bilges, under engine beds, under engine room and stokehold floors, or under or inside boilers.
 - (ii) in other cases, inside boilers, steam drums, muddrums, fire boxes of vertical or road vehicle boilers, furnaces, flues, combustion chambers, receivers, buoys, tanks, superheaters, or commizers.
 - (2) "Ship repairs" means :-
 - (i) All repair work done on ships.
 - (ii) All work other than the making of spare parts and stores done in a workshop used for ship repairs only.
 - (iii) Work done in a workshop used for both ship repair-ing and other heavy metal fabrication on which employees are engaged both on the ship and in employees are the workshop.
- (3) "Sunday" means all time between midnight Saturday and midnight Sunday.
- (4) "Year" means the period between the 1st day of June in each year and the next 31st day of May.

- arc and/or oxy-acetylene blowpipe and/or coal gas cutting plant who is required to apply general trade experience as a welder.
- (6) "Welder-2nd class" means an adult employee using an electric arc or oxy-acetylene blowpipe who is not a welder—1st class or welder—3rd class.
- (7) "Welder-3rd class" means an adult employee using an electric spot or butt welding machine or cutting scrap with an oxy-acetylene blowpipe.

Sheet Metal.

- (8) "Bench hand—1st class" means a tradesman working to scaled prints or drawings or applying general trade experience or knowledge to the making of sheet metal products and/or the crection or installation thereof.
- (9) "Bench hand—2nd class" means an adult employee working at the bench in the making and/or repairing of sheet metal products not calling for the use of prints or drawings or measurements.
- (10) "Canister making" means the making of canisters and other tin containers in quantities by specialized processes.
- (11) "Sheet metal" means sheets of metal ten gauge or
- (12) "Spinner-1st class" means an adult employee required to make his own chucks, spin up the job to drawings, measurement, or blue prints, and/or who applies general trade knowledge and experience to the making of spun articles by jobbing methods.

PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

23. The wages rates set out in clause 2 are based upon the following basic wage rates, and, pursuant to the provisions of section 21 of the Factories and Shops Act 1934, the Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically increased or decreased by the same amount and at the same time as such basic wage rates.

The basic wage rates shown hereunder shall be adjusted as prescribed in clause 24.

Basic Wage.

Place.		ic Wage able).		ding stant.	al H Wage	asic	Index Number Set Assigned.
Victoria— Within 20 miles of G.P.O., Melbourne; 10 miles of G.P.O., Geelong; at Warmambool, and within Mildura and Gippsland Districts Yallourn—6s. 6d. in excess of basic wage for Melbourne. Elsewhere—3s. less than the contemporaneous basic wage for Melbourne.	<i>s</i> .		<i>s</i> .	d. 0	s. 17		Melbourne

ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

- 24. (a) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in May, 1944, the amounts of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 23.
- (b) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a May, an August, a November, or a February, the amounts of the basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method according to the position and fluctuations (if any) of the Commonwealth Statistician's "All Items" retail price index numbers.
- · For the purposes of this Determination the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved

to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician:—

- (1) The index number set to be applied to a place is that assigned thereto in clause 23.
- (2) The index number for the calendar quarter next preceding the period of or near a quarter for which the adjustment is made is to be ascertained.
- (3) The amount assigned in the following table (or in any extension thereof) to the index number division comprising that number is to be ascertained.
- (4) The basic wage shall be of that assigned amount during such successive period.

Table.

:	Index Num	ber Divisio	ons.		Basi	c W	age.	In	dex Num	ber Divisio	D.S.		Basic Wage
					£	8.	d.						£ s. d.
994-1006					4	ı	0	1118-1129					4 11 0
007-1018					4	2	0	1130-1141					4 12 0
019-1030				l	4	3	0	1142-1154			• •		4 13 0
031-1043					4	4	0	1155-1166					4 14 0
044-1055					4	5	0	1167-1179					4 15 0
056-1067					4	6	Ó	1180-1191					4 16 0
068-1080					4	7	0	1192-1203		′			4 17 0
081-1092					4	8	Ó	1204-1216				1	4 18 0
093-1104					4	9	Ō	1217-1228					4 19 0
105-1117					4	10	Õ	1229-1240					5 0 0

Any extension of this table must be of the same construction as the table.

In addition to the basic wage prescribed by clause 23, any adult employee of a classification specified hereunder shall be paid the margin and loading hereinafter assigned to that classification, and such loading shall be deemed to be part of his ordinary rate of wage for all purposes of this Determination:—

		Class	ification	1.		 		Margin.	Loading.
Bench hand (1st class) Bench hand (2nd class) Spinner—1st class Other spinner Die setter Press operator (heavy) Press operator (light) Solderer and dipper Drop hammer stamper Guttering machinist (not ot	 	(a) Sheet	Metal	Section.		 		s. d. 30 0 20 0 24 0 12 0 10 0 8 0 10 0 8 0 8 0	s. d. 6 0 4 0 4 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0
Welder— 1st class, other that let class, using Cut 2nd class 3rd class Tack welder	n when ler mack 	using Cut	•	Division. chine		 		33 0 22 0 14 0 10 0 12 0	6 0 4 0 3 0 3 0 3 0
Die setter and/or leadir Canister-maker by hand Solderer and dipper Canister vent closer an temperature of 150° F Operator of power capp Operator of other power Cap solderer (not other	and rived solder and of the solder in and of the solder in a control of the	hand veter by h rer working ever chines or n	and g on t	oots on aut	omatic	 	tificial	12 0 12 0 8 0 12 0 10 0 8 0 8 0	3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0

			Classification	n.					Ma	rgin.	Loa	ding.
						•			8.	d.	8.	đ.
		(d)	Galvanizi	ng.								
lalvanizer								[19	0	3	0
inners and grease tinner				• • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			19	ŏ	3	ŏ
ssistant working over m							• • •	- ::	10	ŏ	3	ŏ
ickler									9	0	3	Ó
all others in this Division	n.		• • •	••		• •	• •	••	5	0	. 3	0
	(e)	Paint	ing and J	apannin	g.							
rtistic japanner and gol	lworker						••		20	0	4	0
pray operator									12	0	3	0
rainer, liner, and filliter									8	0	3	0
ainter and lacquerer									8	0	3	0
Dipper	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		• • •	8	0	3	0
_	(f) Por	celain End	melling.								
user	٠٠.	٠:.	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	••	18	0	3	0
user on medallions, bad	ges, or t	uckles		٠٠,				• •	8	0	3	0
nspector—1st class (i.e.,		mspec	ts unished	enamei	work as	to quality)	••	9	0	3	0
nspector (other)	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	6	0	3	0
fill hand and mixer	• •	• •		. • •	• • •	• •	• •	• •	9	0	. 3	0
acker and despatcher	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		9	0	3	0
		• •	• •	• •	• •	••	• •	•••	9	0	3 3	
lacksman and and shot blaster	• •	• •	• •	• •	• • •	• • •	••	• •	4 19	0	6	0
	••	• •	• •	• •	• • •	••	••		19	0	3	0
prayer	 ha-	• •	••	• •	٠	• •	• •	••	8	Ŏ	3	Ö
willer, gripper, and brus	пет.		A	• •	• •	• •	• •	• • •		Jil J	3	0

A. V. BARNS, J.P., Chairman.

Melbourne, 14th April, 1944.

J. W. RYAN, Secretary.