

VICTORIA

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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No. 1641

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18.

[1945

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE TANNERS BOARD.

Notes.—(a) This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

(b) On 21st April, 1925, the Board was deprived of the power to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any persons employed in the trade of a tanner of all kinds of furred skins, or a dresser or a dyer of such skins, and such power was conferred on the Tanners (Furred Skins) Board.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Wages Board appointed to "determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the trade of a tanner, currier, leather dresser or dyer of all kinds of skins other than a tanner of sheep skins," has made the following Determination, namely:—

1. That, on the 8th November, 1945, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

JUNIOR LABOUR.

2. All employees under the age of 21 years, except as hereinafter provided, shall be paid the following rates:-

,	<u>-</u>				Wages cr Week of 44 Hours.	
			•		s. d.	
	14 to 15 years of age				25 3	
	15 to 16 years of age				33 9	
	16 to 17 years of age				43 6	
	17 to 18 years of age				52 6	
•	18 to 19 years of age				62 0	
	19 to 20 years of age				72 6	
	20 to 21 years of age				80 9	

The aggregate proportion of juniors (other than those employed as strainers) to adults shall not exceed one junior to three adults or any fraction of three.

In any "department" as hereinafter defined the proportion of juniors shall not exceed two to five adults or a fraction of five. There shall be no limitation of the number of juniors who may be employed as strainers.

No juniors under 19 years of age shall be employed rolling, striking, or setting out crop leather and/or on hide leathers in tan pits or lime jobbing on hide leathers.

Other Employees.

												Per Wee	k of	44 Hot
												£	ē.	d.
1) Currier		_										6	11	0
2) Person cl	assing or sorting	green	hides	or sides		after being		ed				6	6	0
	her											6	3	0
	shing after mach											6	1	0
5) Machine					• •							6	1	0
6) Unhairer.	scudder, stoner	. punc	her. p	erson t	imming	green hide	es on t	ables afte	er being	fleshed,	person			
workir	g unhairing and	scude	ling n	nachines					`			5	16	0
	ber								, .			. 5	14	. 0
3) Drumban	d, paddle and/o	r vat	hand.	tanpitm	an, hvd	raulic press	er					5	13	0
	ger											5	13	0
	vorker in tanner											5	9	0
1) Barkerine	ler in tannery, p	erson	boilin	g down	fleshing	or renderi	ng dowi	tallow,	handling	hides,	bark or			
	g extract						٠					5	9	U
	machinist—													
Op Op	erator of big ma	chine										6		
	erator of other I				٠							6		
	nd splitting mad											5	13	0
Machine	shaver—													
Ne	w machine-dou	ble wie	lth									6		0
Ole	machine—singl	e widt	h								!	6	2	0

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		Other En	rployees-	-continue	d				
									Per Week of 44 Hours
(15) Jigger and grainer of bookbinding or fu	rnil	laathan	on inno	mad on a	namallad	on mon	naa lest	han or	£ s. d.
person engaged at japanning or ename	allina la	other or	ot overs	ned of c	ionannir	or or one	malling l	eather	
and operator of spraying machine	cinng ic	aunci oi			Japamin	ig or cire	incume i		5 17 6
(16) Roller, striker and setter out of sole lea		••	• •	••	• •	• • •	• •	• •	5 16 6
(17) Shedman who applies dressing to sole le		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		• •	5 12 0
(17) Shedhian who applies dressing to sole le (18) Whitening machinist and buffing machin		• •	• •	• •	••	• •	• •	• • •	6 1 6
		• •	••	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• •	5 16 0
(19) Fluffing machinist (20) Fluffing machinist on suede wheel		• •	• •		• • •	• •	• • •	• •	6 0 0
12=(=		• •		• •	• • •	• •	• • •	• •	5 16 0
(21) Leather dresser (table hand)			· · · ·					• •	5 15 0
(22) Person (not otherwise provided for) finis	ning en	iamois oi	iancy i	eather in	cluding 1	roning o	y nanci	41	5 14 0
23) Machinist (not otherwise provided for) w				•		-	r other R	athers	5 19 0
24) Table hand setting out harness leathers		• •	• •		• •	• •	• • •	• •	5 16 0
(25) Table hand and knee staker			1			1.12.		- 41	5 10 0
(26) Shedman (other than those who apply materials used in tanneries	aressing	а то ноте), man u	nioacung	nides, u	ark, and	otner	590
	• •		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	
(27) Strainer (over the age of 18 years)			• •	• •	• •	• •	• • •	• •	
(28) Employee unhairing either on beam or				• • •	. ::	• •	• •	• •	5 16 0
(29) Person classing or sorting hides, sides o		•	or lead	ier after	tanning	• •	• •	• •	6 5 0
(30) Employee operating measuring machine			• •	• •			• •	• •	5 12 0
(31) Employee operating setting out machine	e		• •					• •	5 16 0
(32) Employee operating graining machine	• •								5 14 0
(33) Employee operating froning machine		• •							5 14 0
(34) Employee operating embossing machine									5 14 0
(35) Employee operating squeezing machine									5 14 0
(36) Employee operating bark grinding mach	ine								5 13 0
(37) Assistant on any of the machines 30 to	35								5 12 0
(38) Operator or assistant on any machine v	ised in	the indu	stry not	otherwis	e provid	ed for			5 12 0
(39) Glazer									5 16 0
(40) Staker									5 16 0
(41) Person lime jobbing on mechanical reels	š								5 14 0
(42) Hair washer									5 10 0

Casual employees may be engaged by the day at rates 10 per cent. higher than those prescribed for weekly work. WET WORK

In addition to the wages hereinbefore p, escribed adult employees of the classifications set out herein shall receive a special

In addition to the wages hereinbefore prescribed adult employees of the classifications set out herein shall receive a special allowance of 5/- per week:—

Persons classing or sorting green hides or skins being unhaired, hand flesher, hand fleshing after machining, machine flesher, unhairer, scudder, persons trimming green hides on tables after being fleshed, persons working unhairing and scudding machine, lime jobber, drum hand, paddle or vat hand, tan pit-man, hydraulic presser, green splitting machinist and man behind, extract worker in tannery, employee unhairing on beam or sweeping, employee operating squeezing machine, person lime jobbing on mechanical reels, hair washers, shed men in hide houses of beam shod department sorting out and hooking hides together, employees setting out from wet drums (excluding sole leather) and shedman who applies dressing to sole leather.

PAYMENT BY RESULTS.

- 3. Subject to the following provisions piecework or any other system of payment by results may be adopted by an employer so long as such rates permit employees of average capacity to carn at least 10 per cent. in addition to the total wages to which they are entitled under clause 2 hereof.

 (a) The piecework rates now operating shall not be varied except in manner hereinafter provided.

 (b) Piecework rates may be fixed or varied by factory boards consisting of two representatives of any employer, one of his employees and one representative of the Federation. If any such board is unable to agree on any rate or rates proposed by the employer the matter in dispute shall be referred to the Chairman of the Wages Board whose decision shall be final.

 (c) If the employees of any factory or the Federation fail to appoint representation to any such board or fail to attend a meeting of such board called by the employer on a date not less than seven days after the service of notice on the State Secretary of the Federation, the employer may adopt such piecework rates which he deems reasonable without the authority of a board.

CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT.

4. (a) Except as to piece-workers and casual workers and climate and subject to the undermentioned provisos employment shall be by the week. Each employee shall be entitled to a week's notice of dismissal given on any day, or a week's pay in lieu of notice unless such dismissal is for wifful failure to attend for duty, malingering, misconduct or neglect of duty.

(b) An employee absent through illness or accident shall not be entitled in any year (whether in the employ of one employer or several, except as hercinafter provided) to leave in excess of 44 hours of working time. For this purpose a year shall commence on the first day of March.

An employee before becoming antitled to sink any shall for the purpose and the provided of the purpose and the provided of the purpose and the provided of the purpose and the purpos

or several, except as hereinatter provided to leave in excess of 44 hours of working time. For this purpose a year shall commence on the first day of March.

An employee before becoming entitled to sick pay shall if required to do so by the employer produce a doctor's certificate or other sufficient evidence of sickness.

An employee shall not be entitled to sick leave unless he has been in the service of the employer concerned for at least two months (8 weeks) immediately prior to such absence.

(c) If the full period of leave as prescribed above is not taken in any year such portion as is not taken shall be cumulative from year to year up to a period not exceeding 88 hours working time which shall be the maximum amount of leave to which an employee may be entitled in any year without deduction of pay.

(d) An employee leaving his employment without giving a week's notice (unless his employer dispenses with such notice) shall forfieit a week's pay.

(e) Provided however that in the event of a stoppage through breakdown of machinery or any other cause for which the employer cannot be held responsible, the employer may on any day notify any employee that his services shall not be required on the following day or days and the employer's employment shall be temporarily terminated accordingly, and he shall not be entitled to be paid for the time not worked.

(f) Employees shall be paid for the holidays set out in clause (8) hereof as if worked.

(g) If the engagement of any employee is terminated by his employer within fourteen days preceding any of the prescribed holidays the holidays or holidays occurring during such period shall be paid for unless the employee has started work with another employer with the right of payment for the holiday or holidays.

(h) An employer shall be entitled to close his tannery on Easter Saturday morning and in such case his employees shall not be entitled to payment for such half-day.

Hours.

HOURS.

5. The ordinary hours of employment shall be 44 per week, such hours to be worked between 7.30 a.m. and 5.15 p.m. on Monday to Friday inclusive (with 45 minutes' break for meals between the hours of noon and 1 p.m.) and between 7 a.m. and noon on Saturday: Provided that the 44-hour week may, by agreement between the employer and his employees, be worked in five days of 8 hours 48 minutes per day.

REST PERIOD.

6. A rest period of five minutes both morning and afternoon shall be given to all employees between the hours of 9.30 s.m. and 11 s.m. and 2.30 p.m. and 4 p.m. respectively. During such periods employees may not leave their department. Such time to be fixed by the employer concerned.

OVERTIME.

- 7. (a) All time worked on any day before or after the regular working hours or in excess of 8 hours 48 minutes on any one day, or in excess of 44 hours in any one week, shall be paid for at the rate of time and a half for the first four hours and double time thereafter.
- double time thereafter.

 (b) In computing overtime each day's work shall stand alone.

 (c) Any employees required to work overtime for more that two hours in any one day without being notified the day before that they will be so required to work, shall either be supplied with a meal by the employer or paid 2s., but such payment need not be made to employees living in the same locality as their workshop who can reasonably return home for meals.

 (d) If any employee pursuant to notice under sub-clause (c) hereof has provided a meal and is not required to work overtime he or she shall be paid 2s. for the meal so provided.

 (e) For work done outside ordinary hours piecework rates shall be increased by 50 per cent. for the first four hours of each period worked and 100 per cent. thereafter.

 (f) In cases where a fresh shift of men is brought on to work outside ordinary hours the following rates shall be paid:—

 (i) For work performed before 5.30 p.m.—Ordinary rates.

 (ii) For the first six hours after 5.30 p.m. in the case of a shift commenced before 5.30 p.m.—Time and a quarter.

 (iii) For the first six hours in the case of a shift which commences at 5.30 p.m. or thereafter.—Time and a quarter.

 (iv) After six hours in the case of employees under sub-paragraphs (ii) or (iii) hereof.—Double time.

 (g) Any employee called upon to work during a meal hour shall be paid time and a half, and such time and a half shall continue until he has had a meal break.

HOLIDAYS.

- 8. (a) All employees shall be entitled to the holidays hercinafter mentioned or any day observed in licu thereof without deduction of pay:—New Year's Day, Australia Day, Labour Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, King's Birthday, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, and Picnic Day if held on a Saturday not preceding a Monday prescribed as a holiday.
 - (b) In Melbourne, Melbourne Cup Day shall be observed as a holiday in lieu of King's Birthday.
- (c) Piece-workers shall be paid for such holidays even though not worked at the ordinary rates payable to employees not on piece-work doing the same class of work. The rate shall be one-sixth of the appropriate weekly wage in factories working six days per week and one-fifth in factories working five days per week.
- (d) Where an employee is absent from his or her employment on the working day or part of the working day before or after a holiday without reasonable excuse or without the employer's consent such employee shall not be entitled to payment for such holiday. The amount to be deducted shall be one-sixth or one-fifth as the case may be of the appropriate weekly wage.

ANNUAL LEAVE.

- 9. (a) A period of seven consecutive days' leave shall be allowed annually to all employees after twelve months' continuous service (less the period of annual leave).
- (b) Annual leave shall be given at a time fixed by the employer within a period not exceeding six months from the date when the right to annual leave accrued and after not less than one week's notice to the employee provided that the giving of annual leave may with the consent of the Secretary for Labour be postponed for a period to be specified in cases where the exigencies of the war render it impracticable to give it within the said period of six months.
- (c) An employer may allow annual leave to an employee before the right thereto has accrued due but where leave is taken in such a case a further period of annual leave shall not commence to accrue until after the expiration of the twelve months in respect of which annual leave had been taken before it accrued.
- (d) If after six months' continuous service in any qualifying twelve-monthly period an employee leaves his employment or his employment is terminated by the employer through no fault of the employee, the employee shall be paid one-sixth of a week's wages at ordinary rates for the occupation in which the employee was ordinarily employed immediately prior to the end of the engagement in respect of each completed two months of continuous service in respect of which leave has not been granted
- (e) Each employee before going on leave shall be paid a week's wages at the ordinary rates for the occupation in which the employee was ordinarily employed immediately prior to the commencement of his leave. Payment in the case of employees employed on piecework or bonus work or any other system of payment by results shall be at time rates.
- (f) The annual leave provided for by this clause shall be allowed and shall be taken and except as provided by sub-clause (d) hereof payment shall not be made or accepted in lieu of annual leave.
- (g) Where leave has been granted to an employer pursuant to sub-clause (c) hereof before the right thereto has accrued due and the employee subsequently leaves or is discharged from the service of the employer before completing the twelve months' continuous service in respect of which the leave was granted the employer may for each two complete months of the qualifying period of twelve months not served by the employee deduct from whatever remuneration is payable upon the termination of the employment one-sixth of the amount of wage paid on account of the annual leave, which amount shall not include any sums paid for any of the prescribed public holidays.
 - (h) For the purposes of this clause service shall be deemed to be continuous notwithstanding—
 - (i) any interruption or determination of the employment by the employer of such interruption or determination has been made merely with the intention of avoiding obligations hereunder in respect of leave of absence;
 - (ii) any absence from work on account of sickness or accident and in calculating the period of twelve months' continuous service absence on account of sickness or accident to the extent of fourteen days in any twelve months shall be deemed to be part of the period of continuous service; and
 - (iii) breaks arising from slackness of work.
- (i) The annual leave prescribed by this clause shall be exclusive of any of the public holidays prescribed by this Determination and if any such holiday falls within an employee's period of annual leave there shall be added to that period one day for each such holiday falling as aforesaid.
- (j) For the purpose of this clause a month shall be reckoned as commencing with the beginning of the first day of employment or period of employment in question and as ending at the beginning of the day which in the latest month in question has the same date number as that which the commencing day had in its month and if there be no such day in such subsequent month shall be reckoned as ending at the end of such subsequent month.
- (k) Any employee who leaves his employment without giving the notice prescribed by this Determination shall forfeit his right to annual leave or payment under sub-clause (d) hereof.
- (1) Notwithstanding anything elsewhere contained in this Determination, an employer who closes down his plant for the purpose of allowing the annual leave to which employees are entitled under this clause may at his option, either:—
 - (i) stand off without pay during such close down any employee who has not then qualified for such leave;
 - (ii) stand off during such close-down any employee who has not then qualified for a week's leave and pay him pro-rata for the leave for which he has then qualified on the basis of one-sixth of a week's wages in respect of each completed two months of continuous service during his current qualifying twelve-monthly period; or
 - (iii) allow such employee annual leave in advance under the provisions of sub-clause (c) of this clause
 - (m) Service after the 1st January, 1943, only shall be taken into consideration for the purpose of calculating annual leave.

PAYMENT FOR WORK ON SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS.

10. (a) All work performed on Sundays and holidays shall be paid for at the rate of not less than double time.

(b) An employee called upon to work on a Sunday shall be entitled to a minimum of two hours' pay and on public holidays to a minimum of four hours' pay unless work is prevented by rain, in which event he shall receive a payment of 4s.

MIXED FUNCTIONS.

11. Where an employee is engaged on any day on mixed functions or on work carrying a higher rate of pay than his ordinary classification he shall be paid at the higher rate for the time so worked on such higher classification. If the aggregate hours worked by an employee on such higher classification exceed sixteen in the week he shall be paid at the higher rate for the

Provided further that an employee employed at any two or more of the operations of buffing, fuffing, or fluffing on the sucde wheel not entitled to the higher rate for any week shall for each day on which he is called on to do any two or more of such operations be paid the higher rate of pay.

PAYMENT OF WAGES.

- 12. (a) Wages shall be paid not later than Thursday of each week in the employer's time or within five minutes of knock off time. Time waiting for payment after such five minutes shall be paid for at overtime rates.
- (b) Any employee who has worked only a portion of a week and who is dismissed by his employer shall be paid on ceasing work for all time worked during that week, less any deductions that the employer may be lawfully entitled to make.
 - (c) Each employer shall be entitled to retain in hand from each employee an amount equal to one day's wages of such employee.

TOOLS OF TRADE.

- 13. (a) The employer shall provide all tools, leggings, gloves (rubber and other), aprons, respirators and other tools and implements of trade necessarily required by an employee in the performance of his duties.
- (b) Employees working outdoor in wet weather shall be provided by the employer with waterproof capes for use whilst so working.
 - (c) Rubber knee boots shall be provided by the employer on all work where necessarily required on Wet Drum work.

PUTTING ON AND TAKING OFF COVERINGS.

14. Each employer shall allow his employees a reasonable period in the employer's time not exceeding five minutes either at the commencement or termination of work each day for putting on or removing (as the case may be) leggings, gloves, and aprons. In the event of any disagreement between an employer and his employees as to whether the period shall be at the commencement or termination of work or as to whether the time allowed is reasonable the dispute shall be referred to the Secretary for Labour.

TIME AND WAGES BOOKS, CARDS, ETC.

- 15. (a) Each employer shall keep in each factory, workshop or place where work is carried on by him, some card or check used in connexion with a mechanical clock or a time and wages book showing the name of each employee and his or her occupation, the hours worked each day and the wages and allowances paid each week.
- (b) The time occupied by an employee in filling in any time books or cards or in the making of records shall be treated as time of duty, but this does not apply to checking in or out at the beginning or end of duty.
- (c) The time and wages book shall be open for inspection to an officer of the Federation duly accredited in writing by the Federation bound by this Determination during the midday meal hour at the employer's office or other convenient place: Provided that an inspection shall not be demanded unless the Secretary of the Federation or the district secretary or organizer of any division suspects that a breach of this Determination has been or is being committed: Provided also that only one demand for such inspection shall be made in any one fortnight at the same establishment: And provided further that if the meal hour shall not be a convenient time for any employer he may fix some other time of at least one hour for any such inspection.
- (d) The official making such inspection shall be entitled to take a copy of entries in a time and wages book relating to the suspected breach of this Determination.

RIGHT OF ENTRY OF UNION OFFICIAL.

- 16. A duly accredited representative of the Federation bound by this Determination shall have the right to enter employers' workshops during the midday meal hour for the purpose of interviewing employees on legitimate Federation business on the following conditions:-
 - (i) that he produces his authority to the gatckeeper or such other person as may be appointed by the employer;
 - (ii) that he interviews employees only at the place where they are taking their meal;
 - (iii) that not more than one representative in all be in any workshop at any one time;
 - (iv) that no one representative visit a workshop more than once in each week; and
 - (v) that if any employer alleges that a representative is unduly interfering with his workshop or is creating disaffection amongst his employees or is offensive in his methods or is committing a breach of any of the previous conditions, such employer may refuse the right of entry, but the representative shall have the right to bring such refusal before the Secretary for Labour.

Union Business.

17. Officers or members of the Federation or any branch thereof may leave their work to attend to the business of the Federation after at least three days' notice has been given to the employer but without being paid while absent.

SHOP STEWARD.

- 18. (a) Shop stewards or Federation representatives shall be granted every facility in carrying out their duties.
- (b) Shop stewards appointed by employees in each workshop shall be allowed the necessary time during working hours to interview the employer or his representative on matters affecting employees whom they represent.

POSTING NOTICES.

- 19. (a) An employer shall permit notice boards to be erected in his establishment for the purpose of posting any notices thereon in connexion with meetings or other business of the Federation.
- (b) Such notice boards shall be in a prominent position, and notices exhibited thereon shall be signed by the branch secretary, president or shop steward of the Federation.
 - (c) Every employer shall post and keep posted a copy of the Determination in a place accessible to all employees.

ACCIDENT PAY.

20. When an employee meets with an accident whilst at work which accident necessitates his absence from work he shall, for the period not exceeding one week for which he does not receive any payment under the provisions of the appropriate State laws, be paid at the rate of half the payment prescribed by this Determination for the class of work on which he was engaged prior to being so absent.

ACCOMMODATION.

- 21. (a) Boiling water shall be supplied by the employer for tea for the employees at lunch time.
- (b) Dining Room and Dressing accommodation and facilities for drying clothes shall be provided for by the employer, who shall be held responsible for the place being kept clean. Dressing rooms shall contain suitable provisions (hanging facilities) for the clothes for each employee.
- (c) Suitable showers shall be available for all employees, and both hot and cold water shall be laid on and shall be readily
 - (d) The employer shall provide a suitable covered bicycle-stand.

FIRST-AID OUTFIT.

- 22. (a) The employer shall provide and continuously maintain an efficient first-aid outfit in each factory controlled by him.
- (b) An efficient first-aid outfit shall be that prescribed by the laws and regulations of the State in which the factory is situated, but, where there is no legislation on the subject, the first-aid outfit shall contain the following equipment:—

								Quant	ities to be	kept	in Ambulance Chest.
		A	Articie.	Factories and which not more are em	than 30 pe	Factories and Workshope in which more than 30 persons are employed.					
							-				1 1
nticeptic solution	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		• •	l bottle	. * : .	• •	l bottle
Sandages, cotton and	gauzo	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		🛔 doz. assor	ted sizes	• •	doz. assorted sizes
odine, tincture of	• •			• •				l oz.			2 oz.
Castor oil								l oz.			2 oz.
fanual first aid.											
	•										
etrolatum, carbolizeo	1							l jar			l jar
Petrolatum, carbolized Piorio acid solution, r		cording t	to the fo		ecipe or u	 orescripti		l jar	••	••	l jar
Picric acid solution, r	nade acc	cording to	to the fo		ecipe or p	orescripti		l jar	••	••	l jar
Pierie acid solution, r	nade acc f powde	cording to red pier	to the foric acid;		ecipe or p	orescriptì		l jar	••	••	l jar
Picric acid solution, r 11 teaspoonsful o 3 oz. absolute alc	nade acc f powde cohol;	cording to red pier	to the fo		ecipe or p	 orescripti		l jar	••	••	1 jar
Picric acid solution, r 11 teaspoonsful o 3 oz. absolute al 2 pints distilled	nade aco f powde cohol; water.	ered pier	ric acid;	llowing r			on.;—				
Picric acid solution, r 11 teaspoonsful o 3 oz. absolute ald 2 pints distilled v Pins, safety	nade acc of powde cohol; water.	red pier	ric acid;	llowing r	:.		on.;—	l packet			l packet
Picric acid solution, r 1 teaspoonsful o 3 oz. absolute alc 2 pints distilled v Pins, safety al volatile	nade acc f powde cohol; water.	ered pier	ic acid;	llowing r	:. 	•••	on.;—	l packet l oz.			I packet 6 oz.
Picrio acid solution, r 1 teaspoonsful o 3 oz. absolute ale 2 pints distilled v lins, cafety al volatile cissors	nade ace if powde cohol; water	ered pier	ric acid;	llowing r	:. 		on.;—	l packet l oz. l pair			l packet
Picrio acid solution, r 1 teaspoonsful o 3 oz. absolute alc 2 pints distilled o Pins, cafety al volatile cissors Courniquet	nade acc f powde cohol; water.	ered pier	ic acid;	llowing r	:. 	•••	on.;—	l packet l oz.			I packet 6 oz.
Pierio acid solution, r 1½ teaspoonsful o 3 oz. absolute ale 2 pints distilled v hins, safety ial volatile ioissors courniquet botton, absorbent	nade aod f powde cohol; water.	ered pier	ric acid;	llowing r	:. 		on.;—	l packet l oz. l pair l	 		l packet 6 oz. 1 pair 1
Pierio acid solution, r 1½ teaspoonsful o 3 oz. absolute alc 2 pints distilled of hins, cafety icitisors Courniquet Cotton, absorbent lauze, sterilized and	nade aod f powde cohol; water.	ered pier	ric acid;	llowing r	:. 		on.;—	l packet l oz. l pair	 		I packet 6 oz.
Pierio acid solution, r 1½ teaspoonsful o 3 oz. absolute ale 2 pints distilled v hins, safety ial volatile ioissors courniquet botton, absorbent	nade aod f powde cohol; water.	red pior	ic acid;	llowing r		••	on.;—	l packet l oz. l pair l	 		l packet 6 oz. l pair l
Pierio acid solution, r 1½ teaspoonsful o 3 oz. absolute alc 2 pints distilled of hins, cafety icitisors Courniquet Cotton, absorbent lauze, sterilized and	nade acc f powde cohol; water plain	red pier	ic acid;	llowing r			on.;—	l packet l oz. l pair l	 		l packet 6 oz. 1 pair 1

MEMBERS SHALL NOT BE COMPELLED TO RESIGN MEMBERSHIP.

23. An employer shall not compel an employee to resign his membership of the Federation through the fact of such member being ande a foreman or being placed on the staff.

FORMALDERYDE.

- 24. (a) Where formaldehyde is used so as to create obnoxious or injurious fumes there shall be sufficient ventilation to take the fumes away.
- (b) Suitable goggle protectors shall be provided by the employer, if requested, for employees using formaklebyde or breaking down sulphide.

DEFINITIONS.

- 25. (a) "Currier" is a person who in his work uses a whitening knife, skiver, slicker, whitening slicker, or shaving knife, or buffing knife, or buffing slicker.
- (b) "Handflesher" is a person who uses in his work a knife for the purpose of fleshing green hides or cutting down hides or skins or pieces before or after being fleshed by a machine.
 - (c) "Table hand" is a person engaged on any class of work done on tables, except in sole leather or as otherwise provided.
- (d) "Slab work" shall mean the pasting of pieces of split leather together for sale or use as soles, insoles, heel or toe pieces, or stiffeners, or any purpose whatsoever.
- (c) "Strainer" shall mean a person engaged at straining or tacking out or stripping or toggling or carrying boards or frames used for straining or tacking out or toggling.
- (f) "Shedman" used in relation to tanneries shall include persons employed in hide houses of beamshed departments, spreading out and hooking hides together to make packs ready for reeling into pits, trucking hides and taking them out of bundles, lumping hides from the lorries, and cleaning up.
- (g) "Federation" shall mean the Australian Saddlery Leather Sail Canvas Tanning Leather Dressing and Allied Workers Employees Federation.

DEPARTMENTS.

26. "Departments" of a tannery or leather dressing establishment refer only to each of the following departments:-Beamshed department;

Tanning department (including all wet work);

Curriers' department (including rolling);

Finishing department (other than rolling).

"Japan shop."-Japan shop means places where persons japanning or enamelling leather are engaged.

PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

27. The wages rates set out for adults in clause 2 are based upon the following basic wage, and, pursuant to the provisions of section 21 of the Factories and Shops Act 1934, shall be automatically increased or decreased by the same amount and at the same time as such basic wage. The basic wage shall be adjusted as prescribed in clause 28:—

BASIC WAGE.

Place.	Needs Basic Wage (Adjustable).	Constant Loading.	Total Basic Wage for Males.	Index Number Set Assigned.
Within the area to which this Determination applies	£ s. d.	s. d. 5_0	£ s. d.	Six capital cities (weighted average)

ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

28. (a) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in February, 1946, the amount of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 27.

(b) During each future period of or near a quarter beginning with the first pay period to commence in a February, a May, an August, or a November, the amount of the needs basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method according to the position and fluctuations (if any) of the Commonwealth Statistician's "All Items" retail price index numbers.

For the purposes of this Determination the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's 'All Items' retail price index numbers or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.

- (1) The index number set to be applied is that for the six capital cities (weighted average).
- (2) The index number for the calendar quarter next preceding the period of or near a quarter for which the adjustment is made is to be ascertained.
- (3) The amounts assigned in the following table (or in any extension thereof) to the index number division comprising that number are to be ascertained.
- (4) The basic wage shall be of those assigned amounts during such period of or near a quarter.

TABLE.

		Ind	ex Numbe	r Divisions.				Needs Basic Wage (adjustable).	Constant Loading.	Total Basic Wage
								Per Week.	Per Week.	Per Week.
								\pounds s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
97- 808			• •				'	3 5 0	0 5 0	3 10 0
09- 820							• • •	3 6 0	0 5 0	3 11 0
21- 833								3 7 0	0 5 0	3 12 0
34-845								380	0 5 0	3 13 0
46- 858								3 9 0	0 5 0	3 14 0
59- 870								3 10 0	0 5 0	3 15 0
71-882								3 11 0	0 5 0	3 16 0
895								3 12 0	0 5 0	3 17 0
96- 907								3 13 0	0 5 0	3 18 0
08- 919								3 14 0	0 5 0	3 19 0
20- 932								3 15 0	0 5 0	4 0 0
33- 944								3 16 0	0 5 0	4 1 0
45- 956								3 17 0	0 5 0	4 2 0
57- 969								3 18 0	0 5 0	4 3 0
70- 981	• • •							3 19 0	050	4 4 0
82- 993	• •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		::		4 0 0	0 5 0	4 5 0
94-1006								4 1 0	0 5 0	4 6 0
07-1018		••	• • •	• • •				4 2 0	0 5 0	4 7 0
19-1030	• •	• •	• •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4 3 0	0 5 0	4 8 0
31-1043	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• • •		4 4 0	0 5 0	4 9 0
44-1055	• •	• •	• •	•••	• •	• •		4 5 0	0 5 0	4 10 0
56-1067	• •	• •	• •	••	• • •	• •	• •	4 6 0	0 5 0	4 11 0
	• •	••	• •	• •	• • •	• •	••	4 7 0	0 5 0	4 12 0
68-1080 81-1092		• •	••	• •	• •	• • •	• •	4 8 0	0 5 0	4 13 0
	• •	••	• •	• •	• • •	••	• •	4 9 0	0 5 0	4 14 0
93-1104	• •	• •	• •	• • •	• •	• •	• •	4 10 0	0 5 0	4 15 0
05-1117	• •	• •	••	• • •	• • •	• •	• •	4 10 0	0 5 0	4 16 0
18-1129	• •	• •	• •	• • •	• •	• •		4 11 0	0 5 0	4 17 0
30-1141	• •		• •		• • •	• • •				
12-1154			• •	• •	• •	• •	• • •	4 13 0		4 18 0
55-1166		• •			• •	• •	• • •	4 14 0	0 5 0	4 19 0
67-1179				• •			• • •	4 15 0	0 5 0	5 0 0
80-1191		• •		• •				4 16 0	0 5 0	5 1 0
92-1203								4 17 0	0 5 0	5 2 0

Any extension of this table must be of the same construction as the table.

(c) The rates for junior labour are fixed on a needs basic wage of £3 15s. and shall be adjusted in proportion to the adjustment of the needs basic wage, such adjustment to be to the nearest threepence, half or less than half of threepence to be disregarded.

Such adjustments are to be made upon the following rates:-

	Age.			Adjustable Wage.	Loading Constant	War-time Loading Constant,	Special Allowance
		- "		£ s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
to 15 years of age		• •	 	0 15 0	0 6	0 6	6 0
to 16 years of age			 	1 2 0	0 6	0 6	6 0
to 17 years of age			 	1 9 3	1 0	1 0	6 0
to 18 years of age			 	1 16 9	1 0	1 0	6 0
to 19 years of age			 	2 3 9	1 6	1 6	6 0
to 20 years of age			 	2 11 6	2 0	2 0	6 0
to 21 years of age			 	2 18 3	2 0	2 0	6 0

MARGINS.

(d) In addition to the total basic wage provided for in clause 27 the following margins, loadings, and special allowances shall be payable to employees mentioned hereunder:—

	Classification.						Margins.	War-time Loading.	Special Allowance
							s. d.	s. d.	
(1)	Currier						24 0	5 0	8. d. 6 0
	Person classing or sorting green hides or sides	or ski	ns after	being un	haired		19 0	1. 5 0	6 0
31	Hand flesher	Or and	no arcer	ienig un			16 0	5 0	6 6
41	Hand fleshing after machining	• •	• • •	• • •	• •	::	14 0	5 0	6 6
5)	Machine flesher		• •			::	14 0	5 0	6 0
ß۱	Unhairer, scudder, stoner, puncher, person trim		green hid	ne on inl	Jos ofter	haina	14 0	, , ,	1 00
٠,	fleshed, person working unhairing and seude	ding r	green ma	us on tan	nes arter	richig	9 0	5 0	6 0
71						::	7 0	5 0	6 0
ຄ່	Lime jobber Drumhand, paddle and/or vat hand, tanpitma	n had	lraulia pr			1	6 0	5 0	8 0
۵ì	Bark bagger	п, пус	naune pr	coocs			6 0	5 0	6 0
'n	Extract worker in tannery	• •					2 0	5 0	6 0
					3		2 0	9 0	0 0
٠,	Barkgrinder in tannery, person boiling down	n nesn	ing or r	endering	down u	inow,	2 0	5 0	6.0
o١	handling hides, bark or tanning extract	• •		• •		• • •	2 0	9 0	1 00
ر.	Splitting machinist—					-	22 0		
	Operator of big machine	• •	• •	• •	• • •	• • •	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 0 \\ 20 & 0 \end{array}$	5 0 5 0	6 0
٥.	Operator of other machines Man behind splitting machine			• •	• •	• •			6 0
	men beling spitcing blacking	• •	• •	• •	• •		6 0	5 0	60
*)	Machine shaver—						14.0	- 0	
	New machine—double width	• •	,	• •	• •		14 0	5 0	6 0
٠.				••.	٠		15 O	5 0	6 0
D)	Jigger and grainer of bookbinding or furniture								
	morocco leather or person engaged at japan								
۸.	used for japanning or enamelling leather a				g machin	e	10 6	5 0	6 0
o)	Roller, striker and setter out of sole leather					• • •	9 6	5 0	. 6 0
7)	Shedman who applies dressing to sole leather Whitening machinist and buffing machinist						5 0	5 0	6 0
8)	Whitening machinist and buffing machinist						14 6	5 0	6 0
9)	Fluffing machinist						9 0	5 0	6 0
0)	Fluffing machinist						13 0	5 0	6 0
I)	Leather dresser (table hand)						9 0	5 0	60
2)	Person (not otherwise provided for) finishing	cham	tois or ta						1
	ironing by hand						8 0	5 0	6 0
3)	Machinist (not otherwise provided for) working	ig at a	any mach	ine used	l for prep	paring			I
	fancy or other leathers Table hand setting out harness leathers Table hand and knee staker						70	5 0	6 0
4)	Table hand setting out harness leathers						12 0	5 0	6 0
٠,	rable made and knee blager						9 0	5 0	6 0
B)	Shedman (other than those who apply dres	sing to	o sole le	ather), 1	nan unlo	ading			1
	hides, bark, and other materials used in ta-	nneries	·				2 0	5 0	6 0
7)	Strainer (over the age of 18 years) Employee unhairing either on beam or by swe						5 0	. 5 0	6 0
3)	Employee unhairing either on beam or by swe	eping					9 0	5 0	6 0
Đ)	Person classing or sorting hides, sides or skins	or sp	lits of lea	ther aft	er tannin	g	18 0	5 0	. 6 0
D)	Employee operating measuring machine						5 0	5 0	6 0
I)	Employee operating setting out machine						9 0	5 0	6 0
2)	Employee operating graining machine						7 0	5 0	6 0
3)	Employee operating graining machine . Employee operating ironing machine . Employee operating embossing machine . Employee operating embossing machine .						7 0	5 0	6 0
ı)	Employee operating embossing machine						7 0	5 0	6 0
5)	Employee operating squeezing machine						7 0	5 0	6 0
3)	Employee operating bark grinding machine						6 0	5 0	6 0
7)					• • •		5 0	5 0	6 0
	Operator or assistant on any machine used in						5 0	5 0	6 0
	Glazer				F		9 0	5 0	6 0
	Staker		• •	••		::	9 0	5 0	6 0
	Person lime jobbing on mechanical reels		••		• • •	:: 1	7 0	5 0	6 0
2	Hair washer				• • •	::	3 0	5 0	6 0
	All others	• •	• • •				Nil	5 0	6 0
۲١									

P. A. RANDLES, J.P., Chairman.

Melbourne, 12th December, 1945.

J. V. WILLOX, Secretary.

 $\phi_{ij} = \phi_{ij} + \phi_{ij}$