



VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

[Registered at the General Post Office, Melbourne, for transmission by post as a newspaper.]

No. 171]

THURSDAY, AUGUST 29.

[1946

WORKERS COMPENSATION ACT 1946 (No. 5128).

DATE OF OPERATION.

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor of the State of Victoria and its Dependencies in the Commonwealth of Australia, &c., &c., &c.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament of the State of Victoria passed in the tenth year of the reign of His Majesty King George VI. intituled the *Workers Compensation Act 1946* it is amongst other things enacted by sub-section (2) of section 1 thereof that the said Act shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by Proclamation of the Governor in Council and published in the *Government Gazette*:

Now therefore I, the Lieutenant-Governor of the State of Victoria in the Commonwealth of Australia, by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said State, do by this my Proclamation fix the first day of September, 1946, as the day upon which the *Workers Compensation Act 1946* shall come into operation.

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the State of Victoria aforesaid, at Melbourne, this twenty-ninth day of August, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty-six, and in the tenth year of the reign of His Majesty King George VI.

(L.S.)

E. F. HERRING.

By His Excellency's Command,

W. SLATER.

Chief Secretary.

GOD SAVE THE KING!



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No. 172]

THURSDAY, AUGUST 29

[1946

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE ENGRAVERS BOARD.

NOTE.—(1) This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

(2) The Engravers Board when first constituted had power to fix rates for any person or persons, or classes of persons, employed in the process, trade, or business of a process engraver. This power was taken away by Order in Council dated 26th August, 1913.

(3) On the 2nd October, 1917, the powers of the Engravers Board were extended to enable it to fix the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any persons employed in the process, trade, business, or occupation of making (but not enamelling) metal badges.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Wages Board appointed to "determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of an engraver or die-sinker," has made the following Determination, namely:—

1. That as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1946, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

2.

Apprentices or Improvers.

WAGES PER WEEK OF 44 HOURS.

PROPORTION (IN ANY PLACE).

Apprentices.

One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than 101s. per week.

An indenture of apprenticeship proscribed was approved on 13th March, 1914.

Improvers.

One improver to every four workers receiving not less than 125s. per week.

Apprentices.

Improvers.

	Weekly Rate.	War Loading.	Total Weekly Wage.	Weekly Rate.	War Loading.	Total Weekly Wage.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
1st year's experience	14 3	0 6	14 9	24 9	0 9	25 6
2nd "	20 6	0 9	21 3	31 0	1 0	32 0
3rd "	31 6	1 0	32 6	37 3	1 3	38 6
4th "	40 9	1 3	42 0	43 9	1 6	45 3
5th "	48 0	1 6	49 6	56 3	1 9	58 0
6th "	69 6	2 3	71 9	69 0	2 3	71 3

and thereafter the minimum wage.

Juvenile Workers, i.e., persons under 21 years of age (other than apprentices or improvers) cleaning, cutting out blanks, dipping, numbering, saw piercing, polishing, sand blasting, waxing, pinning up, soldering, or press working.

Other Employees.

WAGES PER WEEK OF 44 HOURS.

WAGES PER WEEK OF 44 HOURS.

	Weekly Rate.	War Loading.	Total Weekly Wage.		Weekly Rate.	War Loading.	Total Weekly Wage.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.		£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.
1st year	21 6	0 9	22 3	Die-sinkers by hand	6 12 0	6 0	6 18 0
2nd	25 9	0 9	26 6	Engravers by hand	6 1 0	4 0	6 5 0
3rd	31 6	1 0	32 6	Engravers, copper plate	6 1 0	4 0	6 5 0
4th	42 3	1 6	43 9	Steel stamp cutters	6 5 6	4 0	6 9 6
5th	52 6	1 9	54 3	Pantagraph operators	5 12 0	3 0	5 15 0
6th	63 9	2 0	65 9	Badge tool-makers	5 8 0	3 0	5 11 0
				Stencil plate cutters	5 2 0	3 0	5 5 0
				All others	4 19 0	2 0	5 1 0

TIME OF BEGINNING AND ENDING WORK.

	Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.
3. On the day on which the half-holiday is usually observed	7.45 a.m.	12.30 p.m.
On the other working days of the week	7.45 a.m.	6 p.m.

OVERTIME.

4. (a) Outside the hours fixed in clause 3—
- (i) Between 10 p.m. and midnight Time and three-quarters.
 - (ii) Between midnight and 6.30 a.m. Double time.
 - (iii) Any other time outside the times of beginning and ending work .. Time and a half.
 - (b) Within the hours fixed in clause 3 in excess of 44 hours in any week .. Time and a half.

HOLIDAYS AND SUNDAY WORK.

5. Employees shall be entitled to the following public holidays without deduction of pay :—New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Saturday, Easter Monday, King's Birthday, Labour Day, Anzac Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day, or such other day as is generally observed in the locality as a substitute for any of the said days respectively.

In any year prior to King's Birthday where a majority of the employees in any establishment so decides, Melbourne Cup Day may be substituted for King's Birthday.

Work done on Sunday or on any of the above-mentioned holidays shall be paid for at the rate of double time.

EMPLOYMENT FOR LESS THAN FULL WEEK.

6. Subject to clause 5 persons who are employed for less than 44 hours during any week shall be paid not less than the ordinary wages rate calculated *pro rata* according to the number of hours worked.

SICK LEAVE.

7. (a) An employee on weekly hiring who is absent from his work on account of personal illness, or on account of injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment, shall be entitled to leave of absence without deduction of pay, subject to the following conditions and limitations :—

- (i) He shall not be entitled to paid leave of absence for any period in respect of which he is entitled to workers' compensation.
- (ii) He shall, within 24 hours of the commencement of such absence, inform the employer of his inability to attend for duty and, as far as practicable, state the nature of the injury or illness and the estimated duration of the absence.
- (iii) He shall prove to the satisfaction of his employer (or in the event of dispute the Wages Board) that he was unable on account of such illness or injury to attend for duty on the day or days for which sick leave is claimed.
- (iv) He shall not be entitled in any year (whether in the employ of one employer or of several) to leave in excess of 44 hours of working time.

For the purpose of administering paragraph (iv) of this sub-clause an employer may, within one month of this Determination coming into operation or within two weeks of the employee entering his employment, require an employee to make a sworn declaration or other written statement as to what paid leave of absence he has had from any employer during the then current year: and upon such statement the employer shall be entitled to rely and act.

Single Day Absences.

(b) In the case of an employee who claims to be allowed paid sick leave in accordance with this clause for an absence of one day only such employee if in the year he has already been allowed paid sick leave on more than one occasion for one day only, shall not be entitled to payment for the day claimed unless he produces to the employer a certificate of a duly-qualified medical practitioner that in his, the medical practitioner's, opinion, the employee was unable to attend for duty on account of personal illness or on account of injury by accident. Nothing in this sub-clause shall limit the employer's rights under sub-clause (a) (iii) hereof.

Cumulative Sick Leave.

(c) Sick leave shall accumulate from year to year so that any balance of the period specified in sub-clause (a) (iv) of this clause which has in any year not been allowed to an employee by an employer as paid sick leave may be claimed by the employee and subject to the conditions hereinbefore prescribed shall be allowed by that employer in a subsequent year without diminution of the sick leave prescribed in respect of that year. Provided that sick leave which accumulates pursuant to this sub-clause shall be available to the employee for a period of two years, but for no longer from the end of the year in which it accrues.

Attendance at Hospital, &c.

(d) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (a) hereof an employee suffering injury through an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment (not being an injury in respect of which he is entitled to workers' compensation) necessitating his attendance during working hours on a doctor, chemist or trained nurse, or at a hospital, shall not suffer any deduction from his pay for the time (not exceeding four hours) so occupied on the day of the accident, and shall be reimbursed by the employer all expenses reasonably incurred in connexion with such attendance.

ANNUAL HOLIDAY.

8. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the *Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946* and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

DEFINITION.

9. "Year" means the period between the 1st day of June in each year and the next 31st day of May.

PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

10. The wages rates set out in clause 2 are based upon the following basic wage, and pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of section 21 of the *Factories and Shops Act 1934*, this Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically increased or decreased by the same amount, and at the same time as such basic wage. Provided that the wages of apprentices, improvers, and juveniles shall be adjusted proportionately to adjustments of the basic wage, such adjustments to be to the nearest 3d., half or less than half of 3d. to be disregarded.

The basic wage shown hereunder shall be adjusted as prescribed in clause 11.

Basic Wage.

Place.	Needs Basic Wage (Adjustable).	Loading (Constant).	Total Basic Wage.	Index Number Set Assigned.
	£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	
Throughout the State	4 13 0	6 0	4 19 0	Melbourne

ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

11. (a) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November, 1946, the amount of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 10.

(b) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November, a February, a May, or an August, the amount of the basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method according to the position and fluctuations (if any) of the Commonwealth Statistician's "All Items" retail price index numbers.

For the purposes of this Determination the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician:—

- (1) The index number set to be applied is that assigned to Melbourne.
- (2) The index number for the calendar quarter next preceding the period of or near a quarter for which the adjustment is made is to be ascertained.
- (3) The amount assigned in the following table (or in any extension thereof) to the index number division comprising that number is to be ascertained.
- (4) The basic wage shall be of that assigned amount during such successive period.

Table.

Index Number Divisions.					Basic Wage.	Index Number Divisions.					Basic Wage.
					£ s. d.						£ s. d.
994-1006	..	..	..	..	4 1 0	1118-1129	..	..	..	..	4 11 0
1007-1018	..	..	..	..	4 2 0	1130-1141	..	..	..	..	4 12 0
1019-1030	..	..	..	..	4 3 0	1142-1154	..	..	..	..	4 13 0
1031-1043	..	..	..	..	4 4 0	1155-1166	..	..	..	..	4 14 0
1044-1055	..	..	..	..	4 5 0	1167-1179	..	..	..	..	4 15 0
1056-1067	..	..	..	..	4 6 0	1180-1191	..	..	..	..	4 16 0
1068-1080	..	..	..	..	4 7 0	1192-1203	..	..	..	..	4 17 0
1081-1092	..	..	..	..	4 8 0	1204-1216	..	..	..	..	4 18 0
1093-1104	..	..	..	..	4 9 0	1217-1228	..	..	..	..	4 19 0
1105-1117	..	..	..	..	4 10 0	1229-1240	..	..	..	..	5 0 0

Any extension of this table must be of the same construction as the table.

A. V. BARNS, J.P., Chairman.

J. V. WILLOX, Acting Secretary.

Melbourne, 24th July, 1946.

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Page 101

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for the integrity of the financial system and for the ability to detect and prevent fraud. The document also outlines the responsibilities of individuals involved in the process, including the need for transparency and accountability.

In the second part, the document provides a detailed overview of the various methods used to collect and analyze data. It describes the different types of data sources, such as surveys, interviews, and focus groups, and explains how this information is used to identify trends and patterns. The document also discusses the challenges associated with data collection and analysis, such as ensuring the reliability and validity of the data.

The third part of the document focuses on the development of effective communication strategies. It discusses the importance of clear and concise communication and provides guidelines for writing reports and presentations. The document also outlines the different channels through which information can be disseminated, such as newsletters, websites, and social media.

In the final part, the document discusses the importance of ongoing evaluation and improvement. It emphasizes that the effectiveness of any program or initiative can only be determined through regular assessment and feedback. The document also provides guidelines for conducting evaluations and for using the results to make improvements.



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THURSDAY, AUGUST 29.

[1946

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE SLATERS AND TILERS BOARD.

NOTE.—This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Wages Board appointed to "determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons wheresoever employed in the process, trade, or business of a slater, roof-tiler, ridger, shingler, or cement tiler (other than a tiler laying verandah or flooring tiles)" has made the following Determination, namely:—

1. That as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1946, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

2.

WAGES.

Apprentices.			Improvers.			Other Employees.		
	Percentage of Adult Wage.	Per Week of 44 Hours.		Percentage of Adult Wage.	Per Week of 44 Hours.		Per Hour.	Per Week of 44 Hours.
		s. d.			s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
1st year ..	33½	51 9	1st year ..	33½	51 9	Slaters or Tilers ..	3 6 ¹⁴ / ₃₂	156 6
2nd „ ..	40	62 3	2nd „ ..	40	62 3			
3rd „ ..	60	93 3	3rd „ ..	60	93 3			
4th „ ..	80	124 6	4th „ ..	80	124 6			
PROPORTION (by any employer).			PROPORTION (by any employer).					
Two apprentices to every five or fraction of five workers receiving at wages rates or piecework prices not less than 15s. 6d. per week of 44 hours.			One improver to the first twenty workers and thereafter one improver to every six or fraction of twenty workers receiving not less than the minimum wage of 15s. 6d. per week of 44 hours			Persons employed stripping or repairing roofs or recovering with second-hand materials shall be paid 1s. per day or portion of a day in addition to the rates set out above.		
An amended indenture of apprenticeship has been proscribed by the Board.								

NOTE.—(a) No person under the age of 16 years shall be employed as an apprentice or improver.

(b) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Determination, any person who on the 1st August, 1946, has been employed for not less than three months in the industry, and whose engagement or continued employment as an improver is by this Determination forbidden, shall be entitled to be employed, and shall be paid under the scale of wages prescribed for an improver of like experience.

HOURS.

3. The ordinary hours shall be 44 per week to be worked in five or five and a half days, the daily hours being respectively 8 hours 48 minutes Monday to Friday inclusive or 8 hours Monday to Friday inclusive and 4 hours on Saturday between the hours of 7.30 a.m. and 5.30 p.m. Monday to Friday inclusive and 7.30 a.m. to 12 noon on Saturday. The lunch break shall be not less than 42 minutes.

OVERTIME.

4. All work done outside the hours specified as the times of beginning and ending work, or any work done within such hours in excess of 44 hours in any week, shall be paid for:—

(a) Within a radius of 20 miles of the G.P.O., Melbourne, and within the Cities of Ballarat, Bendigo, and Geelong, at the rate of time and a half.

(b) In all other places. At ordinary rates.

INCLEMENT WEATHER.

5. Each employee shall be paid an allowance at ordinary rates for time lost through inclement weather, subject to the following conditions:—

- (i) That such allowance shall not exceed the equivalent of eight hours' pay in any one week.
- (ii) That weather shall not be regarded as inclement for the purposes of this clause, unless the employer or his representative on the job, and a representative of the men on such job, agree that it shall be so regarded. Failing such agreement weather shall not be regarded as inclement and work shall continue.
- (iii) Any intermission of work owing to inclement weather so regarded as aforesaid shall immediately cease and work shall be immediately resumed on the employer or his representative calling for a resumption of work.
- (iv) An employee shall not be entitled to payment as provided for in this clause, unless he remains on the job until a decision to cease work for the day has been made by agreement between the employer or his representative and a representative of the men.
- (v) The intermission of work by employees who would be exposed to or working in inclement weather so regarded in accordance with this clause shall not be a ground for intermission of work in places where employees are not so exposed to or are not called upon to work in such inclement weather.

ALLOWANCE IN RESPECT OF EXCESS FARES AND TRAVELLING TIME.

6. (a) The following payments shall be made in lieu of fares and travelling time within the radii named using G.P.O., Melbourne (cr. Bourke and Elizabeth streets) or the principal post offices at Ballarat, Bendigo, and Geelong as centres:—

	s.	d.
Up to and including 12 miles	2	0 per day
Over 12 miles and including 20 miles	2	6 per day
Over 20 miles and including 30 miles	3	0 per day

These allowances shall not be payable if the employer provides or offers to provide transport free of charge, in which case 1s. 4d. per day travelling allowance shall be paid.

(b) Where fares are necessarily incurred on distant jobs, as defined in clause 7, or on work performed outside the radii named in sub-clause (a) hereof, the provisions of that sub-clause shall apply except that the local Post Office shall be the centre.

ALLOWANCES IN RESPECT OF DISTANT JOBS.

7. (a) When distance and/or travelling facilities reasonably prevent an employee going from and returning each day to his usual place of residence suitable board and sleeping accommodation including stretcher and mattress for each employee shall be provided. When work is situated away from suitable accommodation, the employer shall supply tents or huts with sleeping accommodation therein including stretcher and mattress for each employee in addition to any allowance provided in this clause; the allowance to be made shall be—

	s.	d.
For less than a full week	10	0 per day
For a full working week at the rate of	42	0 per week

(b) In lieu of the payments prescribed in clause 6 (a) an employee to whom sub-clause (a) applies shall be paid travelling time (not exceeding ordinary working hours per day) at ordinary rates of pay, and, where incurred, second-class return fare, and 5s. to cover expense of reaching his home railway station and transport of tools if any cost necessary. Provided that the return fare shall not be payable if the employee is dismissed for misconduct or is held incompetent within one week of starting work or leaves within one month of engagement. Travelling time shall be calculated as from Spencer-street and Flinders-street Railway Stations or the home Central Railway Station (if residing in the country) to destination by rail or usual travelling facilities.

(c) If an employee elects to return to his home at the week-end after three months of continuous service and thereafter at three-monthly periods he shall be paid a second-class return fare (Victorian Railways only) on the pay day which immediately follows the date on which he returns to the job.

If the work upon which the employee is engaged will terminate in the ordinary course within a further 28 days after the expiration of three months this sub-clause shall not apply.

ALLOWANCE IN RESPECT OF MEALS.

8. Where an employee is required to work overtime in excess of one hour and has not been given notice of same on the previous working day, he shall be allowed an amount of 2s. 6d. for a meal. When working overtime for two hours or more, employees shall be allowed to take, without deduction of pay, 20 minutes for crib immediately after the ordinary ceasing time, and thereafter 30 minutes for crib shall be allowed after each four hours of continuous work. Provided that where an employee works overtime for two hours without taking the prescribed interval of 20 minutes, he shall be deemed to have worked two and one-third hours.

SPECIAL RATES.

9. Double time shall be the rate for all work done on Sunday, New Year's Day, Australia Day, Labour Day, Anzac Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, King's Birthday, Melbourne Cup Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day.

EXCESS OF HOURS.

10. An employee who has worked continuously (except for meal intervals) for 20 hours, shall have a break of at least twelve hours before again starting work.

REST PAUSE.

11. (a) There shall be a rest period of ten minutes from the time of ceasing to the time of resuming work between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and 11 a.m. without deduction of pay.

(b) The employer shall provide facilities to enable the employees to obtain an adequate supply of boiling water at meal times and rest periods.

ANNUAL LEAVE.

12. (a) Subject to the provisions of sub-clauses (c) and (d) hereof, a period of fourteen consecutive days inclusive of public holidays occurring during the period shall be allowed as leave annually to all employees after twelve months' continuous service (less the period of annual leave) with an employer. Unless otherwise mutually agreed upon between an employer and the employee concerned, in which case the leave shall be given and taken within three months of becoming due, such leave shall be given and taken in conjunction with the Christmas and New Year holidays.

(b) If after 88 hours' continuous service, excluding overtime, in any qualifying twelve-monthly period an employee leaves his employment or his employment is terminated by the employer, the employee shall be paid 1/13th of a week's wage in respect of each completed 88 hours of continuous service in respect of which leave has not been granted hereunder.

(c) Where an employee absents himself from work during any qualifying period of service for any reason other than a reason set out in sub-clause (d) hereof, the amount of leave or payment in lieu to which he would otherwise be entitled under sub-clauses (a) and (b) hereof, shall be reduced by 1/50th for each week or part thereof during which any such absence occurs.

(d) For the purpose of administering the provisions of this clause, service shall be deemed to be continuous notwithstanding an employee's absence from work for the following reasons:—

- (i) Injury received during the course of employment and for which an employee received Worker's Compensation—up to a maximum period of two months.
- (ii) Any reason satisfactory to the employer or, in event of dispute, the Secretary for Labour.
- (iii) Where called up for military service up to three months in any qualifying period.

(e) Each employee before going on leave shall be paid in advance the wage which would ordinarily accrue to him during the currency of the leave.

(f) Service before the 1st day of October, 1945, shall be disregarded for the purpose of calculating annual leave.

(g) Notwithstanding anything elsewhere contained in this Determination, an employer giving leave at the Christmas-New Year period may, at his option either:—

- (i) Stand off without pay during the period of leave any employee who has not then qualified for the full period; or
- (ii) Stand off for the period of leave any employee who has not then qualified for fourteen consecutive days' leave and pay him pro rata for the leave for which he has then qualified on the basis of one-thirteenth of a week's wages in respect of each 88 hours' consecutive service (exclusive of overtime) during his current qualifying twelve-monthly period.

PAYMENT OF WAGES.

13. Wages, allowances, and other moneys due shall be paid not later than the time of ceasing work on Thursday of each working week, or otherwise by mutual arrangement. On termination of employment by the employer all wages, allowances, and other moneys shall be paid at the time of dismissal.

BOOK OR RECORD.

14. Each employer shall keep a book or record showing the name and occupation of each employee, the place of working, the hours worked, the wages rate or piecework price paid and, in respect of piecework, the number of squares and the number of feet of ridging in the roof.

Such book or record shall be filled in and signed by the employee each week and shall be kept by the employer for a period of twelve months at his place of business. During such period the Secretary for Labour may authorize at any time (except pay day) or place, the inspection of all wages sheets, time sheets or other wages records by any official of the Slaters, Tilers and Shinglers' Union of Australia duly authorized in writing by the Secretary of such Union, provided that three days' notice of intention to make such inspection has been given to the employer.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

15. One hour's notice of termination of employment shall be given by either employer or employee or one hour's pay shall be paid or forfeited in lieu thereof.

Such hour shall be allowed the employee to gather, clean, pack, and transport his tools.

APPRENTICES AND IMPROVERS.

16. The provisions of clause 15 shall not apply to the employment of apprentices.

PIECEWORK PRICES.

17. The lowest piecework prices payable to any person engaged in the following kinds of work shall be:—

Slatting, 20" x 10", and larger	.. ..	17s. per 100 square feet, slater's measurement..
" " "	.. ..	6d. per 100 square feet more for every size smaller.
		Ridging extra.
Terra Cotta Tiling	.. ..	11s. per 100 square feet, tiler's measurement.
		Ridging extra.
Cement Tiling	.. ..	12s. 6d. per 100 square feet, tiler's measurement.
		Ridging extra.
For buildings of more than one story	.. ..	6d. per 100 square feet extra for each story after the first.
Fixing Tile or Cement Ridging	.. ..	On slate roofs, hiping, 5d. per foot.
" " "	.. ..	crest, 5d. per foot.
" " "	.. ..	On tile roofs, hiping, 5d. per foot.
" " "	.. ..	crest, 5d. per foot.
" " "	.. ..	On iron roofs, hiping, 5d. per foot.
" " "	.. ..	crest, 5d. per foot.
For buildings of more than one story	.. ..	1d. per foot extra for each story after the first.
Mitring on slate roofs	.. ..	Nailed, 1s. per foot.
" " "	.. ..	Screwed, 1s. 3d. per foot.

Fifty per cent. extra on all above prices shall be paid for all work done on roofs of a pitch of 45° or over; 6d. per square foot extra shall be paid for work done on roofs where double batten is used.

DEFINITION.

18. Slater's or tiler's measurement is the net square measurement of the roof with 1 square foot extra for every lineal foot of eaves, hips, valleys, gutters, and gables.

PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

19. The wages set out in clause 2 are based upon the following basic wage and, pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of section 21 of the *Factories and Shops Act 1934*, the Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically increased or decreased by the same amount, and at the same time as such basic wage. Provided that the wages of apprentices and improvers shall be the percentages, as set out in clause 2, of the total weekly wage payable to "other employees" such adjustments to be to the nearest 3d., half or less than half of 3d. to be disregarded.

The basic wage shown hereunder shall be adjusted as prescribed in clause 20.

Basic Wage.

Place.	Basic Wage.	Index Number Set Assigned.
	£ s. d.	
Throughout the State	4 13 0	Melbourne

ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

20. (a) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November, 1946, the amount of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 10.

(b) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November, a February, a May, or an August, the amount of the basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method according to the position and fluctuations (if any) of the Commonwealth Statistician's "All Items" Retail Price Index Numbers.

For the purposes of this Determination the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's Retail Price Index Numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such Index Numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.

- (1) The Index Number set to be applied is that assigned to Melbourne.
- (2) The index number for the calendar quarter next preceding the period of or near a quarter for which the adjustment is made is to be ascertained.
- (3) The amount assigned in the following Table (or in any extension thereof) to the Index Number Division comprising that Number is to be ascertained.
- (4) The basic wage shall be of that assigned amount during such successive period.

TABLE.

Index Number Divisions.				Basic Wage.	Index Number Divisions.				Basic Wage.
				£ s. d.					£ s. d.
994-1006	..	..	..	4 1 0	1118-1129	..	..	..	4 11 0
1007-1018	..	..	..	4 2 0	1130-1141	..	..	..	4 12 0
1019-1030	..	..	..	4 3 0	1142-1154	..	..	..	4 13 0
1031-1043	..	..	..	4 4 0	1155-1166	..	..	..	4 14 0
1044-1055	..	..	..	4 5 0	1167-1179	..	..	..	4 15 0
1056-1067	..	..	..	4 6 0	1180-1191	..	..	..	4 16 0
1068-1080	..	..	..	4 7 0	1192-1203	..	..	..	4 17 0
1081-1092	..	..	..	4 8 0	1204-1216	..	..	..	4 18 0
1093-1104	..	..	..	4 9 0	1217-1228	..	..	..	4 19 0
1105-1117	..	..	..	4 10 0	1229-1240	..	..	..	5 0 0

Any extension of this table must be of the same construction as the table.

A. V. BARNES, J.P., Chairman.

J. V. WILLOX, Acting Secretary.

Melbourne, 25th July, 1946.