

VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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MONDAY, MAY 26.

[1947

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE BREAD TRADE BOARD.

Notes (i).—This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria as follows:-

- res (i).—This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria as follows:—

 (a) Clauses 1 to 16 inclusive apply to the Metropolitan District as defined in the Factories and Shops Acts, and the Orders in Council thereunder, and such portion of the Shires of Doncaster and Templestowe as is not included within the said District; the cities of Ballarat, Bendigo, Chelsea, Geelong, Geelong West, Mordialloc, and Warrnambool; the town of Nowtown and Chilwell; the boroughs of Eaglehawk and Sebastopol; the township of Kangaroo Flat, in the Shires of Marong and of Strathfieldsaye; the township of Spring Gully, in the Shire of Strathfieldsaye: such portion of the Shire of Broadmeadows as is south of Somerton-road; the Shire of Dandenong; the Doutta Galla Riding of the Shire of Koilor, and such portion of the Maribyrnong Riding of the said Shire as is within 3 miles of the St. Albans Post Office; the Shire of Mulgrave; such portions of the Shire of South Barwon and of the Moorpanyal Riding of the Shire of Corio as are within a radius of 5 miles of the Geelong Post Office; and such portions of the Shire of Werribee as are within a radius of 3 miles of the Altona Post Office.
- (b) Clause 1 and clauses 17 to 29 inclusive apply to the whole of the State outside and excepting those parts enumerated
- in the preceding paragraph.

 (ii) On 31st May, 1938, the Bread Board, the Country Bread Board, and the Provincial Bread Board, were deprived of ower to "determine the lowest prices or rates of payment for bread making or baking," and such power was conferred
- the power to "determine the lowest prices of payment for bread making or baking," and such power was conferred exclusively on the Bread Trade Board.

 (iii) The Board has prescribed a form of apprenticeship indenture.

 (iv) Breadmaking and baking were proclaimed on 12th December, 1938, as Apprenticeship Trades under the Apprenticeship Act 1928 for the Metropolitan District.

 Full particulars of the apprenticeship regulations for these trades may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Apprenticeship Commission, 103 Russell-street, Melbourne. (Price 3d.)

N accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts the Wages Board appointed to "determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the trade of bread making or baking" has made the following Determination, namely:—

WITHIN THE AREA SET OUT IN NOTE (i) (a).

1. That on the 26th May, 1947, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination

· Apprentices. · Improvers Other Employees Per Week of 44 Hours. Par Weak Per Hour. 44 Hours e. d. £ s. d. Doughmakere 41 lst Year-1st six months 2nd 1st six months 2nd ,, 2nd Year— 30 7 3rd 8 10 lst six months 32:10 5th ٠. 36 10 Ordinary Days. 2nd Troble Days, 3rd Year-7th lst six months 41 11 .. 49 6 2nd Per Hour. and thereafter the minimum s. d. 57 10 lat six months wage. Foremen OF single 67 5th Year hands 3 7 .. 79 7 .. 92 11 lst six months PROPORTION (within any factory or place). 2nd One improver to every eight workers receiving not less than 148s. 6d. per week of 44 and thereafter the minimum wage. All others engaged in the making and/or baking of bread PROPORTION (within any houre TROPOSTION (WIGHI ANY factory or place). One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than 148s. 6d. per week of 44 hours. 3 41

* Except those subject to the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

2 WAGES .-

Hours of Work. (See Clause 16. Limitation of Hours of Employment.)

3. That the number of hours to be worked on each day (including the time spent at the doughmaking necessary for such day's work) shall be :-

				Apprentices.	Other Employees.
Ordinary days				7 hours	7 hours
Double days		• •		. 9 "	10 "
Treble days	••	••		9 ,,	10 ,,

OVERTIME.

- 4. (a) That any employee (other than an apprentice) who works either-
- (i) for any time in excess of the number of hours fixed in clause 3, or alternatively
 (ii) during any week for any time in excess of 44 hours,
 shall be paid for such extra time at the wages rate of double time.

- (b) That any apprentice who works on any one day for any time in excess of the number of hours fixed in clause 3 shall be paid for such extra time at the rate of 5s. per hour. WEEKLY HOURS.
 - 5. That the number of hours to constitute an ordinary week's work shall be 44.

TIME RATE.

6. (a) That any person employed on time wages for less than the number of hours fixed for an ordinary week's work shall be paid, for time worked up to 22 hours, at the ordinary wages rate with an addition of 33 per centum.

For time worked beyond the 22 hours aforesaid, he shall be paid the ordinary wages rate up to but not exceeding the rate prescribed by this Determination for an ordinary week's work, together with any overtime rate which is applicable.

(b) In addition to any other rate to which he is entitled, any person employed for not more than 22 hours in any one week shall be paid, in respect of each night he is employed, fares from the Trades Hall, Melbourne, to his place of employment and return to the Trades Hall, Melbourne, by the cheapest means of regular rail, tram, or bus service available to him at the times of beginning or ending work as the case may be.

This shall include the fare charged by any available all-night service to employees travelling outside the times of ordinary

Provided that this sub-clause shall apply only to work done within the Metropolitan District as defined in the Factories and Shops Acts and the Orders in Council therounder.

SPECIAL RATES FOR PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.

- 7. (4) That payment for all work done on New Year's Day, Australia Day, Anzac Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Labour Day, King's Birthday, Christmas Day, or Boxing Day, shall be at the rate of double time; but if by Act of Parliament or Proclamation any other day be substituted for any of the abovenamed holidays, the special rate shall be payable only for work done on the day so substituted.
- (b) When two or more holidays as provided for in sub-clause (a) hereof occur in any one week, an employee shall be paid a full week's wages in addition to any penalty rates to which he may be entitled in such week; provided that any employee covered by this sub-clause who loses time during such week without the approval of his employer, shall be paid pro-rata for the work performed by him in such week.

Union Representative.

8. That the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary of the Operative Bakers' Union of Victoria shall have the right of entry to any bakehouse during the hours when such bakehouse is in use, shall be permitted to inspect the time-book and conditions relating to the persons employed therein, and interview employees where breaches or suspected breaches of this Determination are occurring or suspected of occurring.

DEFINITIONS.

DEFINITIONS.

9. (a) "Foreman" snall mean a person in charge of a bakehouse. No person shall be classed as a foreman unless he is a tradesman, and is present substantially during the whole of the working hours.

(b) "Double day" shall mean a day on which bread is baked to supply all the employer's customers for two days so as to obviate the necessity for any work being done on the following day.

(c) "Treble day" shall mean a day on which bread is baked to supply all the employer's customers for three or more days so as to obviate the necessity for any work being done on the following two days.

(d) The making of bread shall be deemed to mean each of the following acts:—

(i) the dividing of bread dough;

(ii) the weighing of bread dough in boxes or tims or on trays.

(a) The baking of bread shall be deemed to mean:—

(i) the setting of dough in the oven;

(ii) the withdrawal of bread from the oven.

Annual Holdday.

ANNUAL HOLIDAY.

10. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946 and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

SICK LEAVE.

- 11. (a) Any employee not attending for duty, who has had not less than twelve months' service with the same employer shall not lose his pay for the actual time lost if such employee produces or forwards within 24 hours of the commencement of such absence evidence satisfactory to the employer that his non-attendance was due to personal ill-health or accident necessitating such absence, but such employee shall not be entitled to payment for non-attendance on the grounds of personal ill-health or accident for more than
- six days in each year.

 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-clause (a) hereof, if the full period of sick leave as prescribed above is not taken in any year, such portion as is not taken shall be cumulative from year to year up to a period not exceeding twelve days, which shall be the maximum amount of leave to which an employee shall be entitled in any year without deduction of pay.

 For the purposes of this sub-clause, service prior to the 28th December, 1944, shall be disregarded.

REST PERIODS.

12. That on double and treble days, employees shall be allowed two rest periods of ten minutes each which shall be counted a part of time worked. One of such rest periods shall be taken before the meal interval, and the other rest period shall be taken after the meal interval.

MEAL INTHEVAL

13. That a meal interval of not more than thirty minutes shall be allowed after the completion of not less than 2½ hours' work and not more than 5 hours' work.

CONTINUITY OF WORK.

14. The work of each employee (except a doughmaker) on each day or shift, shall be continuous with the customary break for

CLOTHING ALLOWANCE.

15. An employee who works for more than 22 hours in any week for the same employer shall be paid an allowance of three shillings per week towards the cost of laundering and/or maintenance of working clothes; provided an employee who works for less than 22 hours in any week shall be paid sixpence for each night he is employed, with a maximum of 3s. per week.

LIMITATION OF HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT.

16. No person shall be employed at bread making or baking, as defined in clause 9 hereof outside the hours specified hereunder, viz.:—

Type of Week,	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
Ordinary week, i.e., a week in which no holiday occurs during that week or on the following Monday		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Midnight Thursday to 2 p.m. Friday	••			
2. The week previous to a week in which Monday is a holiday		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m., 10 p.m. to midnight	Midnight Friday to noon Saturday			
3. Week in which Monday is a holiday			4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Midnight Thursday to 2 p.m. Friday	
4. Week in which Tuesday is a single holiday	.,	Midnight Sunday to noon Monday		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Midnight Thursday to 2 p.m. Friday	
5. Week in which Wednesday is a single holiday		4 a.m to 4 . p.m.	Midnight Monday to noon Tuesday		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Midnight Thursday to 2 p.m. Friday	
6. Week in which Thursday is a single holiday		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Midnight Tuesday to noon Wednesday		Midnight Thursday to 2 p.m. Friday	
7. Week in which Friday is a single holiday and is not followed by a Monday holiday		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Midnight Wednesday to noon Thursday		Midnight Friday to noon Saturday
8. Week in which Good Friday occurs		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Midnight Wednesday to noon Thursday	10 p.m. to midnight	Midnight Friday to noon Saturday
9. Week which follows Easter weekend			4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Midnight Thursday to 2 p.m. Friday	
10. Week in which Saturday is a public holiday		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Midnight Thursday to 2 p.m. Friday				
11. The week provious to a week in which Monday and Tuesday are holidays		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 s.m. to 4 p.m., 10 p.m. to midnight	Midnight Friday to noon Saturday			
12. Week in which Monday and Tuesday are holidays				4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Midnight Thursday to 2 p.m. Friday	
13. Week in which Tuesday and Wednesday are holidays	10 p.m. to midnight	Midnight Sunday to noon Monday			4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	Midnight Thursday to 2 p.m. Friday	.,
14. Week in which Wednesday and Thursday are holidays		4 a.m. to 4 p.m., 10 p.m. to midnight	Midnight Monday to noon Tuesday			Midnight Thursday to 2 p.m. Friday	
 Week in which Thursday and Friday are holidays 		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m., 10 p.m. to midnight	Midnight Tuesday to noon Wednesday		,.	Midnight Friday to noon Saturday
 Week in which Friday and Saturday are holidays 		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m., 10 p.m. to midnight	Midnight Wednesday to noon Thursday		
17. Week in which Saturday and the Monday in the following week are holidays		4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m.	4 a.m. to 4 p.m., 10 p.m. to Midnight	Midnight Thursday to noon Friday	

WITHIN THE AREA SET OUT IN NOTE (I) (b).

Apprentices.			Improvers.	Other Employees.			
lst Year— lst six months	. 44		44 Hours. 2 a. d. 2nd ,	Foremen or single hands 3s. 5 ¹ / ₁ d. per hour, or 152s. 2d. pe week of 44 hours.			
2nd "2nd Year— lat six months 2nd "3rd Year— lat six months 2nd "4th Year— lat six months 2nd "5th Year— lat six months 2nd "5th Year— lat six months 2nd "6th Year— lot six months 2nd "7th Year— lot six months 2nd "7th Year— lot six months 2nd "7th Year— lat six months 2nd "7	32 36 46 56 91 e minim	3 2 3 4 3 5 3 3 3 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	3rd ,, 4th ,, Proportion (within any factory or place). One improver to every eight workers receiving not less than 143s. 0d. per week of 44 hours.	Makers or bakers of rye bread, Vienna bread, or rolls Doughmakers			

OVERTIME.

- 18. (a) That any employee (other than an apprentice) who works in any week for any time in excess of 44 hours shall be paid for such extra time at the rate of time and a half.
- (b) That any apprentice who works in any week for any time in excess of 44 hours shall be paid for such extra time at the rate of time and a half for the first four hours, and thereafter at the rate of double time.

WEEKLY HOURS.

19. That the number of hours to constitute an ordinary week's work shall be 44.

TIME RATE.

20. That any person employed on time wages for less than the number of hours fixed for an ordinary week's work shall be paid, for time worked up to 22 hours, at the ordinary wages rate with an addition of 33 per centum.

For time worked beyond the 22 hours aforesaid, he shall be paid the ordinary wages rate up to but not exceeding the rate prescribed by this Determination for an ordinary week's work.

Union REPRESENTATIVE.

21. That the Secretary or the Assistant Secretary of the Operative Bakers' Union of Victoria shall have the right of entry to any bakehouse during the hours when such bakehouse is in use, shall be permitted to inspect the time-book and conditions relating to the persons employed therein, and interview employees where breaches or suspected breaches of this Determination are occurring or suspected of occurring.

SUNDAY WORK.

22. The Board determines, pursuant to the provisions of section 9, Act 4461, that, where a public holiday occurs upon a Tuesday, bread may be made or baked on the preceding Sunday after the hour of 8 p.m.

SPECIAL RATES FOR PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.

- 23. (a) That double time shall be the rate payable for all work done on New Year's Day, Australia Day, Anzao Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Labour Day, King's Birthday, Christmas Day, or Boxing Day; but if by Act of Parliament or Proclamation any other day be substituted for any of the abovenamed holidays, the special rate shall be payable only for work done on the day so substituted.
- (b) When two or more holidays as provided for in sub-clause (a) hereof occur in any one week, an employee shall be paid a full week's wages in addition to any penalty rates to which he may be entitled in such week; provided that any employee covered by this sub-clause who loses time during such week without the approval of his employer, shall be paid pro rata for the work performed by him in such week.

ANNUAL HOLIDAY.

24. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946, and any amendment which may be made thereto from time to time.

SICK LEAVE.

- 25. (a) Any employee not attending for duty, who has had not less than twelve months' service with the same employer shall not lose his pay for the actual time lost if such employee produces or forwards within 24 hours of the commencement of such absence evidence satisfactory to the employer that his non-attendance was due to personal ill-health or accident necessitating such absence, but such employee shall not be entitled to payment for non-attendance on the grounds of personal ill-health or accident for more than six days in each year.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-clause (a) hereof, if the full period of sick leave as prescribed above is not taken in any year, such portion as is not taken shall be cumulative from year to year up to a period not exceeding twelve days, which shall be the maximum amount of leave to which an employee shall be entitled in any year without deduction of pay.

For the purposes of this sub-clause service prior to the 28th December, 1944, shall be disregarded.

LIMITATION OF HOURS.

26. No bread of any kind shall be made or baked for trade or sale, whether in the form of loaves, rolls or any other form in any area to which Parts 2 and 3 of the Determination of the Bread Carters Board apply between the hour of twelve noon on the day immediately preceding any holiday prescribed by the said Determination in the said areas and the hour of six o'clock in the evening on such holiday.

MRAL INTERVAL.

27. That a meal interval of not more than thirty minutes shall be allowed after the completion of not less than 2½ hours' work, and not more than 5 hours' work.

CONTINUITY OF WORK.

28. The work of each employee (except a doughmaker) on each day or shift, shall be continuous with the customary break for a meal.

CLOTHING ALLOWANCE.

29. An employee who works for more than 22 hours in any week for the same employer, shall be paid an allowance of three shillings per week towards the cost of laundering and /or maintenance of working clothes, provided an employee who works for less than 22 hours in any week shall be paid sixpence for each night he is employed, with a maximum of 3s. per week.

DEFINITION.

30. "Foreman" shall mean a person in charge of a bakehouse. No person shall be classed as a foreman unless he is a tradesman, and is present substantially during the whole of the working hours.

P. A. RANDLES, J.P., Chairman.

J. V. WILLOX, Secretary.

Melbourne, 14th May, 1947

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