

# VICTORIA

# GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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# THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4.

[1948

Factories and Shops Acts.

# DETERMINATION OF THE SLAUGHTERING FOR EXPORT BOARD.

Note.-This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts the Wages Board which since the 13th October, 1941, has had the power to "determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or classes of persons (other than persons subject to the provisions of any Wages Board heretofore appointed) employed in the meat export trade as—

- (a) slaughterers or dressers of sheep, lambs, cattle, pigs, or calves;
  (b) boners, trimmers. or labourers.
- (c) drovers, stockmen, or penners-up;(d) skin store workers;

has made the following Determination, namely:-

1. That on the 4th October, 1948, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

# SECTION A.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

2. (a) Rates of Pay-

(i) Chain System as hereinafter described-

For the first 21 days of employment-

3la. 8ld. plus 1s. 2ld. war loading (total 32s. 10ld.) per day.

Thereafter until considered competent by the employer—38s. 019/20d. plus 1s. 22d. war loading (total 39s. 37/20d.) per day.

No person under the age of 18 years shall be employed as a learner.

When one team only is employed, the composite rate of 65s.  $^{21}/_{10}$ d. plus 1s. 3d. war loading (total 66s.  $^{51}/_{10}$ d.) per 100 sheep or lambs slaughtered shall be divided equally between the members of Groups A and B.

When two or more teams are employed, men employed in Group A shall divide 5s. 7\frac{3}{2}d. plus 1\frac{1}{2}d. war loading (total 5s. 9\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}d.) per 100 sheep or lambs slaughtered equally between them, and men employed in Group B shall divide 59s. 6\frac{1}{2}d. plus 1s. 1\frac{1}{2}d. war loading (total 60s. 8d.) per 100 sheep or lambs slaughtered equally between them.

The following employees shall not be included as members of the team and shall be paid as hereunder:-To men employed as pointsmen, washers, wipers, and stringers-

Such men shall be paid by the employer at the rate hereinafter prescribed for other labourers, and juvenile wipers, washers, and stringers shall be paid at the rate hereinafter prescribed for juvenile workers.

Employees engaged as trimmers on the chain shall be paid at "Other Labourers" rate for the first 2,000 sheep or lambs handled daily per employee and thereafter an additional daily rate of 6d. per 100 sheep or lambs per employee.

Employees engaged as pushers-in to chain or ring, i.e., feeding from the bleeding rail to the legging table, shall be paid at "Other Labourers" rate for the first 2,000 sheep or lambs handled daily per employee and thereafter an additional daily rate of 9d. per 100 sheep or lambs.

Employees engaged inserting spreader on the chain shall be paid at "Other Labourers" rate for the first 2,000 sheep or lambs handled daily per employee and thereafter an additional daily rate of 6d. per 100 sheep or lambs

Employees engaged inserting spreader on the ring shall be paid at "Other Labourers" rate for the first 2,000 sheep or lambs handled daily per employee and thereafter an additional daily rate of 6d. per 100 sheep or

Employees engaged changing from long hook to gambrel and slide on the chain shall be paid at "Other rers" rate for the first 2,000 sheep or lambs handled daily per employee and thereafter an additional daily rate of 1s. per 100 sheep or lambs.

Employees engaged changing over on the ring shall be paid at "Other Labourers" rate for the first 3,000 sheep or lambs handled daily per employee and thereafter an additional rate of 6d. per 100 sheep or lambs. Employees engaged changing to gambrel and slide on the ring shall be paid at "Other Labourers" rate for the first 2,000 sheep or lambs handled daily per employee, and thereafter an additional 6d. per 100 sheep or

lambs.

Employees engaged as trimmers on the ring shall be paid at "Other Labourers" rate plus an additional daily rate of 1d. per 100 sheep or lambs handled daily per employee.

Employees engaged on the removal of caul fats on either the ring or chain shall be paid at "Other Labourers" rate plus an additional daily rate of 1d. per 100 sheep or lambs handled daily per employee.

In the event of more than one employee being engaged on one of the before-mentioned tasks, the additional daily rate above 2,000 or 4,000 per employee as the case may be shall be divided between those so employed on such task

such task.

For the purpose of calculating payment in each instance 15 or over in each multiple of 25 sheep or lambs to be paid for as at 25 and under 15 to be disregarded.

(ii) Solo System as hereinafter described-

To slaughtermen employed on the solo system 65s.  $2^1/_{10}$ d. plus 1s. 3d. war loading (total 66s.  $5^1/_{10}$ d.) per 100 sheep or lambs slaughtered. Rams—double rates.

(b) Duties of Slaughtermen-

Men employed slaughtering sheep or lambs may be employed upon either the chain system or the solo system.

(i) Chain System.—Slaughtermen slaughtering sheep or lambs upon the chain system shall be organized into a team or teams. Each team shall be divided into the following groups:—

Group A.—Men employed in catching, sticking, shackling.

Group B.—Men employed in skinning hind legs and removing hind trotters, placing long hooks and removing shackle, skinning fore legs, removing tongue and sweetbread, tying weasand, punching briskets, removing spreader, splitting skins, removing front trotters, flanking and thumbing up, clearing tail and rectum gut, punching off skins, scalping and removing heads, gutting, removing pluck, splitting down briskets.

- (ii) Solo System.—A slaughterman may be employed in individually performing the complete process of slaughtering, trimming and dressing sheep or lambs. Such slaughterman shall perform, in addition to trimming, such of the duties referred to in the preceding paragraph as are applicable to a solo slaughterman.
- (c) Daggy, Maggotty, Diseased Sheep and Lambs and Full Wool Sheep:

(i) Daggy and/or maggotty sheep and old lambs shall be treated before being stuck.

(ii) Double rates shall be paid for diseased sheep and/or lambs which are condemned by the Veterinary Officer or Chief Meat Inspector for diseases contagious to human beings.

(iii) Full wool sheep shall be paid for at rate and a half after 1st September.

(iv) Slaughtering of heavy sheep, woolly or shorn, over 64 lb. graded weight, shall be paid for at rate and a half. Extra rates prescribed in this Determination shall not be cumulative.

### CATTLE.

3. (a) Rate of Pay to Slaughtermen .-

3s. 5d. plus 1d. war loading (total 3s. 6d.) per head of cattle slaughtered.

Bulls, 300 lb. or over freezer weight—double rates.

Downer cattle, i.e., cattle which are carted to the killing pen—double rates.

Double rates shall be paid for diseased cattle which are condemned by the Veterinary Officer or Chief Meat

Inspector for diseases contagious to human beings.

(b) Duties of Slaughtermen-

Men slaughtering cattle shall be divided into the following classes

Class A.—Men employed grounding, backing off, skinning tail.

Class B.—Men employed knocking down, shackling, hoisting to bleeding rail, sticking, cutting off heads, placing heads on slide or table, sawing horns, lowering, footing off, pritching, cutting brisket and aitch, lowering weasand, freeing heart fat, saving sweetbreads, removing caul fat, sawing brisket and aitch, placing rollers, hoisting, wiping, landing, necking off, dropping hide down chute, fronting out, chopping or machine sawing.

Class C.—Men employed 'spining, wiping hindquarters, washing chine bone, scrubbing ribs and brisket, wiping forequarters.

(c) Organization-

- am System.—An employer may organize a team of employees consisting of not less than seven men in the proportion of 2 Class A, 4 Class B, 1 Class C or any multiple thereof. The total earnings shall be divided among the members of such team as follows:—Class A three ninths, Class B five ninths, Class C one ninth. The amount allotted to each class shall be divided equally among the members of such class.
- (ii) Gang System.—An employer may permit any number of men, not exceeding six, to form themselves into a gang. The total earnings of such gang shall be divided between the members of such gang in such proportion as shall be mutually agreed upon between the employer and all of the members of such gang.

4. Rates of pay to men slaughtering calves on the chain system or by the solo system-

.. 59s.  $11^{11}/_{20}$ d. plus 1s. 3d. war loading (total 61s.  $2^{11}/_{20}$ d.) per 100 Calves 100 lb. and under, skin on

calves.

S5s. 1d. plus 1s. 3d. war loading (total 86s. 4d.) per 100 calves.

76s. 2¾d. plus 1s. 3d. war loading (total 77s. 5¾d.) per 100 calves.

10ss. 1¾d. plus 1s. 3d. war loading (total 77s. 5¾d.) per 100 calves.

10ss. 1¾d. plus 1s. 3d. war loading (total 10s. 4¾d.) per 100 calves.

91s. 4d. plus 1s. 3d. war loading (total 92s. 7d.) per 100 calves.

133s. 11¾d. plus 1s. 3d: war loading (total 135s. 2¾d.) per 100 calves. Calves 100 lb. and under, skin off Calves, 101 lb. to 150 lb., skin on Calves, 101 lb. to 150 lb., skin of Calves, 151 lb. to 200 lb., skin on Calves, 151 lb. to 200 lb., skin off

Calf skinners engaged skinning cold calves—
37s. 0\frac{1}{2}d. plus 1s. 2\frac{2}{3}d war loading (total 38s. 3\frac{1}{2}d.) per day.

The weights referred to above are as stated, either including the weight of skin where the rate is quoted with skin on or excluding the weight of skin where the rate is quoted with skin off.

Total.

Pigs.

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5. (a) Rates of pay to men slaughtering pigs-
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Machine dehaired-

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7·16d, per head
9·47d, per head
15·6d, per head
    Up to 100 lb.
101 lb. to 200 lb.
Over 200 lb.
                                                                                                   10 38d. per head.
                                                                                                   13 73d. per head
                                                                                                   22 62d. per head.
Hand scudded
                                                                           plus 45 per cent. which
17.8d. per head.
22.62d. per head.
                                                                         includes 4 per cent.
                                                                           war loading.
                                                                                                   35.97d, per head.
                                                                                                   8 · 7d.
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(b) Duties of slaughtermen slaughtering pigs.—Knocking down or stunning, shackling and hoisting to bleeding rail, sticking, handling into and in scald tank, handling out of scald tank into machine, handling out of machine, scraping, shaving and thoroughly cleaning, opaning up and removing viscera, washing and hanging off, chopping or sawing down, washing and tucking up.

### RATES OF PAY TO BONERS.

- 6. Boners may be employed at the daily rates as prescribed in clause 8 hereof or at the following piece-work prices, which in respect of beef, mutton, pork, or veal shall not apply until the following daily quota has been completed:—
  - (a) (i) Beef, 9½ bodies.
    - (ii) Mutton, 65 carcasses.
    - (iii) Veal---

Up to 60 lb., 57 carcasses
61 lb. to 120 lb., 38 carcasses
121 lb. to 200 lb., 19 carcasses
Over 200 lb. to be paid for at beef prices. ... Veal to be ribbed out, or birdcaged.

- (iv) Pork-
  - (I) When boned out and rinded and defatted to the satisfaction of the employer-1,900 lb. per day.
  - (2) When previously derinded and only requires boning and defatting to the satisfaction of the employer—2,490 lb.
- (b) Piece-work prices referred to above are-
  - (i) Mutton, 6.46d. for each additional carcass in excess of the daily quota.

Rams shall be paid for at double rates whenever done, and in addition an employee shall be paid 11d. for each carcass ribbed out and birdcaged.

Sheep over 64 lb. to be paid for at rate and a half.

For the purposes of this sub-clause-

Two flying foxes shall equal one careass.

Three trunks shall equal two careasses.

Three pairs of legs shall equal one careass.

Three pairs of loins shall equal one careass.

Three pairs of hindquarters shall equal two careasses.

Five pairs of fore-quarters shall equal two careasses.

(ii) Beef, 3s. 8:2d. and 11:05d. respectively for each additional body or quarter of beef (all-in-weight) in excess of the daily quota.

Bulls shall be paid for at double rates whenever done.

For the purposes of this sub-clause-

Five briskets shall equal one-quarter of beef.
Two rumps and loins shall equal one-quarter of beef.
Four clods and stickings shall equal one-quarter of beef.
Fifteen shins shall equal one-quarter of beef.
Two necks and blades shall equal one-quarter of beef.
Two ribs and two briskets shall equal one-quarter of beef.

Three crops shall equal two quarters of beef.

Three crops shall equal two quarters of beef.

Three chucks and blades shall equal two quarters of beef.

Three horses' heads under three ribs, shall equal two quarters of beef.

Five butts shall equal two quarters of beef.

Seven briskets with shin attached shall equal two quarters of beef.

Surplus fore-quarters being additional fore-quarters to the full bodies treated, horses' heads over three ribs and quarters of ox-beef when being boned out for export cuts (not canning) shall be paid for at the following

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.. 11·05d, per quarter
.. 1s. 1·53d, per quarter
.. 1s. 2·73d, per quarter
Bone-in-weight.
Under 100 lb.
101 lb. to 150 lb. ..
                                       . .
                                  ..
Over 150 lb.
                          . .
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(c) Calves-for each additional carcass in excess of the daily quota-

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Up to 60 lb., 7 36d. per carcass ... ... 61 lb. to 120 lb., 11 05d. per carcass ... 121 lb. to 200 lb., 1s. 10 ld. per carcass ...
                                                                                                                                       .. \Veal to be ribbed out, or birdcaged.
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Over 200 lb. to be paid for at beef prices.

For the purposes of this sub-clause-

Two flying fores of veal shall equal one carcass.
Three trunks of veal shall equal two carcasses.
Three pairs of legs of veal shall equal one carcass.
Three pairs of loins of veal shall equal one carcass.
Three pairs of hind-quarters of veal shall equal two carcasses.
Five pairs of fore-quarters shall equal two carcasses.

- (d) Pork-for each additional amount in excess of the daily quota-
  - (1) When boned out and rinded and defatted to the satisfaction of the employer—1s. 10.1d, per 100 lb.
  - (2) When previously derinded and only requires boning and defatting to the satisfaction of the employer—1s. 4 86d.

Boners on piece-work shall work 40 hours per week and the standard of boning shall be carried out to the entire satisfaction of the employer.

### RATES OF PAY TO SLICERS AND TRIMMERS.

7. Slicers and trimmers may be employed at the daily rates as prescribed in clause 8 hereof or at the following piece-work prices which shall not apply until the following daily quota has been completed:—

(a) (i) Beef-fourteen bodies, provided that when work is done on surplus fore-quarters as defined in clause 6 (b) (ii) the quota shall be :-Under 100 lb. 56 quarters.

101 lb, to 150 lb, ... Over 150 lb, ... 52 quarters. .. 48 quarters. . .

(ii) Mutton-130 carcasses.

(b) Piece-work prices referred to above are-

 (i) Mutton—2.95d. for each additional carcass in excess of the daily quota.
 (ii) Beef—2s. 3.4d. for each additional body in excess of the daily quota provided that when surplus fore-quarters as defined in clause 6 (b) (ii) are done the following prices shall be paid for each additional fore-quarter in excess of the daily quota-

Under 100 lb. 101 lb. to 150 lb. Over 150 lb. ... .. 6.8d. per quarter. .. 7.37d. per quarter. .. 8d. per quarter. ٠. ••• •• .. .. . . . .

(c) Bull beef (excluding surplus fore-quarters) shall be paid for at 50 per cent. above ordinary rates.

Slicers and Trimmers on piece-work shall work 40 hours per week and the standard of slicing and trimming shall be carried out to the entire satisfaction of the employer.

WAGES.

						rices an olo Syste	D IMPROV m only.)	ERS.				Weekly Wage, £ s. d.
lst y	ear's e	xperience										2 18 6
2nd	,,	"		• •				• •			• •	3 11 0
3rd	**	**				• •		• •				4 1 0
4th 5th	**	**	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	5 7 6
5th	"	"	• •	• • •	٠	• •	• • •	• •	• •	• •		Minimum wage

### PROPORTION (BY ANY EMPLOYER).

### Apprentices.

One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than the minimum wage prescribed by this Determination.

Improvers.

Such number of improvers as shall not, together with apprentices, exceed, in the aggregate, one to every three or fraction of three adult weekly workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.

Juvenile Work For Definition, see (		Other Employees.				
				Wages per Day	7.	
<del></del>	Wages per Day.	<del></del>	Ordinary Daily Wage.	War Loading Daily.	Total Daity Wages,	
16 years and under 17 years 17 years and under 18 years 18 years and under 19 years	s. d. 10 11 11 6 13 10	Boners (Beef and Mutton)  Head and Feet Boners—  (i) Sheep and Lambs—skinning, checking, splitting heads and removing brains  (ii) Cattle—removing face pieces and checks, chopping heads, removing brains, skinning feet, removing	8. d. 34 9 <sup>11</sup> / <sub>20</sub>	s. d. 1 2 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>5</sub>	s. d. 35 11 <sup>19</sup> / <sub>20</sub>	
19 years and under 20 years 20 years and under 21 years	16 1 20 8	sinews and hoofs	$ \begin{vmatrix} 32 & 8^4/_5 \\ 32 & 0^3/_{10} \\ 32 & 7^1/_5 \\ 31 & 1^{17}/_{20} \\ 30 & 11^2/_5 \\ 32 & 2^3/_5 \end{vmatrix} $	0 9 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>5</sub> 0 9 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>5</sub> 0 9 <sup>2</sup> / <sub>5</sub> 0 7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>5</sub> 0 7 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>5</sub> 0 9 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>5</sub>	33 6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>5</sub> 32 9 <sup>9</sup> / <sub>10</sub> 33 4 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>6</sub> 31 9 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>20</sub> 31 6 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>6</sub> 33 0 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>5</sub>	

### TIMES OF BEGINNING AND ENDING WORK.

Time of Beginning. Time of Ending. .. From Monday to Friday inclusive .. 7.30 а.т. .. .. 5 p.m.

Boners, slicers, and trimmers, boners' labourers and other labourers may, by mutual arrangement with the employer, commence not earlier than 7 a.m. and not later than 7.30 a.m.

### Hours.

10. The number of hours to constitute an ordinary week's work shall be 40 to be worked in five days (Monday to Friday inclusive), provided that employees if required shall work reasonable overtime on such days and on Saturdays for which overtime rates shall be paid and provided further that any employee who fails to work such overtime shall only be paid for the time actually worked.

### OVERTIME.

11. All time worked in excess of eight hours on Monday to Friday inclusive and all time worked on Saturday shall be paid time and a half or rate and a half provided that employees required to work on Saturday shall be guaranteed a minimum of two and a half hours work or pay for same at penalty rates.

NOTE.—Overtime and penalty rates shall be calculated on ordinary rates of pay, excluding war loadings.

### DEFINITION.

12. A juvenile worker shall mean a person under 21 years of age employed only in performing one or more of the following tasks, viz. ;—Washing, wiping, stringing, picking sweetbreads and crown fat, packing kidneys and livers, tying on tags and strings, pinning tails, picking up wool pieces, veining, sweeping, carrying gambrels, slides and spreaders, washing and packing hearts, stamp-marking carcasses, feeding grade elevator, working in the beef house for the purpose of learning the trade.

### WAITING TIME.

- 13. (a) If any employee covered by the team slaughtering clause comes to work at an hour specified by the employer, or if he comes to work at the usual hour without being notified previously that he shall not be required, he shall (except in the case hereinafter mentioned) be paid as from that hour at the rate of 4s. per hour until he be started work on that day, or until now hour after notice that he shall not be required on that day. The excepted case is that of his being started at work within five minutes after the hour specified or usual time, as the case may be.
- (b) When slaughtermen, at the request of employers, have to wait the arrival of stock, or have interrupted killings during the day for causes other than a break down of machinery, they shall be entitled to payment after the first fifteen minutes at the rate of 4s. per hour for such delay.
- (c) When the minimum period in either section of this clause is exceeded, the payment for waiting time shall commence from the beginning of the period.

### MEAL TIME.

- 14. (a) Stickers shall be allowed one hour for a meal between 11.45 a.m. and 12.45 p.m.
- (b) Team slaughtermen shall be allowed one hour for a meal between 12 noon and 1.15 p.m.
- (c) All other employees shall be allowed one hour for a meal between 12 noon and 1.30 p.m.

### SMOKOS.

15. All employees shall be allowed fifteen minutes smoke between 9 a.m. and 10 a.m., and fifteen minutes smoke between 3 p.m. and 4 p.m.; provided that stickers shall commence their smokes fifteen minutes earlier than the team slaughtermen.

### GRINDSTONES.

16. An employer shall provide grindstones in the proportion of one grindstone to every twenty slaughtermen employed WATERPROOF CLOTHING.

17. Waterproof boots and waterproof aprons shall be provided by the employer free of charge to employees engaged as washers and scrubbers, and to employees engaged cleaning, scalding, and picking tripe. Canvas aprons shall be provided to employees treating offal. Such boots and aprons shall remain the property of the employer.

### SPECIAL RATES.

18. Slaughtermen shall be paid double rate and all other employees shall be paid double time for all work done on Sundays, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Day, Australia Day, Labour Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Cup Day, and Butchers' Picnic Day; but, if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named holidays, the special rate shall only be payable for work done on the day so substituted.

- 19. (a) All employees (other than slaughtermen) shall be entitled to the ten holidays hereinafter mentioned at ordinary daily rates of pay, provided that such employee has been employed during any portion of the working week in which any one or more of such holidays is observed, viz. —Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Day, Australia Day, Labour Day, Anzac Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Cup Day, and Butchers' Picnic Day; but, if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-mentioned holidays in any place, all employees in that place shall be entitled to such day in lieu of the holiday for which it was substituted.
- (b) Slaughtermen shall be entitled to the ten holidays mentioned in sub-clause (a) hereof and shall be paid for same at the average of their daily earnings for the week immediately preceding such holiday.
- (c) An employee to become entitled to payment for the holidays prescribed in sub-clause (a) hereof must have been in the employ of his present employer within one month immediately preceding such holiday.

# ANNUAL HOLIDAY AND SICK LEAVE.

20. (a) The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946, No. 5111, and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

(In his or her own interests each employer of labour should obtain a copy of the above Act, which may be purchased from the Government Printer, Melbourne, at a cost of 9d., plus postage.)

(b) For the purpose of this clause 40 hours' sick leave is progressively paid for by the addition of an added rate to the hourly, daily, and/or piecework rates of pay as the case may be.

### WORK TO BE PERFORMED.

21. An employee shall perform such work as the employer or his representative shall from time to time require on the days and during the hours usually worked by the class of employee affected.

22. All weights referred to shall mean the frozen weights of animals slaughtered.

23. Skins and hides shall be taken off free from cuts and tears.

### TALLY BOARD.

24. Each employer using the team system of slaughtering shall cause to be hung in a conspicuous place a blackboard, on which shall be recorded the daily tally and the number of men on each chain.

25. Wages shall be paid weekly and not later than Friday, provided that where killing has ceased for the working week wages shall be paid on the day in which such cessation occurs.

26. Employees required to work overtime for more than one and a half hours on any day without having been notified on the preceding day that they would be required so to work shall be paid the amount of 2s. in addition to any overtime payment to which they may be entitled.

### KNIVES TO BE SUPPLIED.

- 27. Knives which shall remain the property of the employer shall be supplied under the following conditions to labourers when necessary for the performance of their duties:—

  (i) They shall be returned to the employer on termination of the employment or at the end of the season.

  - (ii) If such knives are not returned the employer shall be entitled to deduct their cost from any money owing to the RIGHT OF ENTRY.

# 28. A duly accredited representative of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union shall have the right to enter employers' premises during the meal hour for the purpose of interviewing employees on legitimate Union business on the following

(a) That he produces his authority to the manager or such other person as may be appointed by the employer.
(b) That he interviews employees only at the place where they are taking their meal.
(c) That not more than one representative visits the premises at any one time.
(d) That not more than one representative visits the same premises more than once in a week; and
(e) That, if any employer allege that a representative is unduly interfering with his business or is creating disaffection amongst his employees or is offensive in his methods or is committing a breach of any of the previous conditions, such employer may refuse the right of entry.

### SECTION B.

# DROVERS, STOCKMEN, OR PENNERS-UP.

ADULT WORKERS.

Men picking up stock at Newmarket Sale Yards-30s. 8d. plus 6d. war loading (total, 31s. 2d.), per day.

Men droving stock from Newmarket Sale Yards to Imperial Freezing Works, Lynch-street, Footscray-10s. 5<sup>†</sup>d. plus 2d. war loading (total, 10s. 7<sup>†</sup>d.), per trip and if from Newmarket Rail Siding an extra 2s. 6d.

Men droving stock from Newmarket Rail Siding to the abattoirs-12s. 5 d. plus 2d. war loading (total 12s. 7 d.), per trip. Men droving stock from Newmarket Sale Yards to the abattoirs—9s. 11 d. plus 2d. war loading (total 10s. 1 d.), per trip. Men droving stock from Newmarket Sale Yards to-

32s. 5\frac{1}{2}d., plus 6d. war loading (total, 32s. 11\frac{1}{2}d.), per trip.
39s. 6d. plus 6d. war loading (total 40s.) per trip.

(total 40s.) per trip. (a) Western and Murray, Geelong-road, Brooklyn
(b) Thos. Borthwick and Sons (A'sia.) Ltd., Brooklyn
(c) Sims Cooper Freezing Works, Newport

Men on trips to the country for the purpose of lifting stock and delivering same to Freezing Works—33s. 04d., plus 6d. war loading (total, 33s. 113d.), per day, including Saturdays and Sundays.

Penners-Up, Checkers, or Counters of live stock-

31s.  $4\frac{1}{2}$ d. plus  $9^3/_5$ d. war loading (total 32s.  $1^{17}/_{20}$ d.), per day.

All others

30s. 0d. plus 71/6d. war loading (total, 30s. 71/6d.), per day.

								Wages per Day
					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 		s. d.
6 years of age and under 17 years of						 		10 11
7 years of age and under 18 years of	age					 		11 6
8 years of age and under 19 years of	age					 		13 10
9 years of age and under 20 years of						 		16 1
20 years of age and under 21 years of						 	1	20 8
PROPORTION:—One juvenile worker to	•	a or fro	ation of	three ad				-0 0

### TIME OF BEGINNING AND ENDING WORK.

Time of Beginning. Time of Ending. 31. Monday to Friday .. ба.т. .. .. 6 р.т.

### OVERTIME.

in any one

### NOTE .- Overtime and penalty rates shall be calculated on ordinary rates of pay, excluding war loadings.

### SPECIAL RATES.

33. Employees shall be paid double time for all work done on Sundays, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Day, Australia Day, Labour Day, Anzac Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Cup Day, and Butchers' Pienic Day; provided that employees called upon to work on any of the aforementioned days shall be paid for a minimum of four hours' work; provided further that men on trips to the country for the purpose of lifting stock and delivering same to Freezing Works shall not be entitled to double time for work done on Sundays.

# ANNUAL LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

34. (a) The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946, No. 5111, and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

(In his or her own interests each employer of labour should obtain a copy of the above Act, which may be purchased from the Government Printer, Melbourne, at a cost of 9d., plus postage.)

(b) For the purpose of this clause, 40 hours' sick leave is progressively paid for by the addition of an added rate to the hourly, daily, and/or piece-work rates of pay as the case may be.

## PAYMENT OF WAGES.

35. Wages shall be paid weekly and not later than Friday.

### EXPENSES.

36. The employer shall pay all out-of-pocket expenses reasonably and necessarily incurred by the employee whilst on trips to the country for the purpose of lifting stock. RIGHT OF ENTRY.

37. A duly accredited representative of the Australasian Meat Industry Employees Union shall have the right to enter employers' premises during the meal hour for the purpose of interviewing employees on legitimate Union business on the following conditions

(a) That he produces his authority to the manager or such other person as may be appointed by the employer.
(b) That he interviews employees only at the place where they are taking their meal.
(c) That not more than one representative visits the premises at any one time.
(d) That not more than one representative visits the same premises more than once in a week; and
(e) That, if any employer allege that a representative is unduly interfering with his business or is creating disaffection amongst his employees or is offensive in his methods or is committing a breach of any of the previous conditions, such employer may refuse right of entry.

### ALLOWANCE FOR DOGS.

38. An amount of one shilling per day shall be paid by the employer to each drover, stockman, or penner-up towards the maintenance of the dog or dogs (irrespective of the number) used by each such drover, stockman, or penner-up in the course of his carrying out the job or service required by that employer.

### PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

39. The wages rates for males set out in clauses 2 to 8, 29, and 30, are based upon the following basic wage rates, and pursuant to the provisions of Section 21 of the Factories and Shops Act 1934, the Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically adjusted as prescribed by clause 40.

### Basic Wage.

Place.	Needs Basic Wage (Adjustable).	Loading (Constant).	Total Basic Wage,	Index Number Set Assigned.	
Throughout the State	£ s. d. 5 11 0	s. d. 6 0	£ s. d. 5 17 O	Melbourne	

### ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

- 40. (a) For the purposes of this Determination, the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's 'all items' retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.
- (b) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November, 1948, the amounts of the Basic Wage shall be as prescribed in clause 39.
- (c) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November, a February, a May, or an August, the amount of the needs basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method, namely, by multiplying the last published Commonwealth Statistician's "all items" retail price index number by the factor '087 taken to one place of the decimals, the resultant whole number being the amount of the basic wage expressed in shillings, but should the decimal number reach '5 or more the basic wage shall be taken to the next higher shilling.

P. A. RANDLES, J.P., Chairman.

J. V. WILLOX, Secretary.

Melbourne, 11th October, 1948.

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