



VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949

Prices Regulation Acts.

PRICES REGULATION ORDER No. 104.

BRAN AND POLLARD—SALES BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the Prices Regulation Acts, I, John Francis Waldron, Prices Decontrol Commissioner, hereby make the following Order:—

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as Prices Regulation Order No. 104.

Revocation.

2. Prices Regulation Order No. 14, made under the Prices Regulation Acts, is hereby revoked.

Definitions.

3. In this Order, unless the contrary intention appears—

“By Wholesale” means in relation to any sale of Bran or Pollard, a sale or supply to a person for the purpose of resale.

“By Retail” means in relation to any sale of Bran or Pollard, a sale to a person for the purpose of consumption or use.

“Metropolitan area” means all that area within a radius of 20 miles from the General Post Office, Melbourne.

“Mill Town Area” means any area in which deliveries of Bran or Pollard were customarily made from a local mill to the purchaser's premises by the miller prior to the 17th September, 1948.

“Bushel” means in relation to any sale of Bran or Pollard, 20 lb. in weight.

“Station” means a railway station of the Victorian Railways Commissioners.

Maximum Prices—Sales by Wholesale—Metropolitan Area.

4. I fix and declare the maximum price at which Bran or Pollard may be sold by wholesale in the metropolitan area to be—

- (a) Where delivered free to purchaser's premises—the price specified in the second column of the First Schedule to this Order opposite to such area in the first column thereof;
- (b) where delivered *ex* mill or free to the railway station or siding most accessible to the purchaser's premises—the price specified in paragraph (a) of this clause, less 2s. 6d. per ton; or

- (c) for other deliveries—the price specified in paragraph (a) of this clause, less the cost which would be incurred in transporting such Bran or Pollard to the purchaser's premises.

Maximum Prices—Sales by Wholesale—Outside Metropolitan Area—Other than Mill Town Areas.

5. I fix and declare the maximum price at which Bran or Pollard may be sold by wholesale for delivery outside the metropolitan area, except where the purchaser's premises are within a mill town area, to be—

- (a) Where delivered to the railway station or siding most accessible to the purchaser's premises—the price specified in the second column of the Second Schedule to this Order, according to the railway station or siding to which such Bran or Pollard is so delivered; or
- (b) where delivered on rail, but not free on rail, to railway station or siding most accessible to the purchaser's premises—the price specified in paragraph (a) of this clause, less the freight which would be incurred in transporting such Bran or Pollard to such most accessible railway station or siding, provided that—
- (i) where such most accessible railway station or siding is on the Tatong line beyond Benalla, or on the Whitfield line beyond Wangaratta, then in such case Benalla and Wangaratta respectively shall be deemed to be the most accessible railway station, as aforesaid;
- (ii) in the case of Portarlington, Dromana, Sorrento, and Flinders—free on board Geelong or Melbourne shall be substituted for most accessible railway station or siding and railway station or siding, as aforesaid.

Maximum Prices—Sales by Wholesale—Outside Metropolitan Area—Mill Town Areas.

6. I fix and declare the maximum price at which Bran or Pollard may be sold by wholesale for delivery outside the metropolitan area in all cases where the purchaser's premises are within a mill town area to be—

- (a) Where delivered free to the purchaser's premises—the price specified in the second column of the Second Schedule to this Order according to the railway station or siding to which those premises are most accessible;
- (b) where delivered *ex* mill or free to the railway station or siding most accessible to the purchaser's premises—the price specified in paragraph (a) of this clause, less 2s. 6d. per ton; or
- (c) for other deliveries—the price specified in paragraph (a) of this clause less the cost which would be incurred in transporting such Bran or Pollard to the purchaser's premises.

Maximum Prices—Deliveries under Three Tons.

7. (1) The maximum prices fixed by the foregoing provisions of this Order are for deliveries of 3 long tons (6,720 lb.) or more.

(2) Where deliveries are made of less than 3 long tons (6,720 lb.) and the seller has incurred freight costs which have not been charged to the purchaser, then the maximum prices fixed by the foregoing provisions of this Order shall in each case be increased by an amount by which the freight incurred is greater than the proportional amount of freight on a 3 long ton truck lot basis.

Maximum Prices—Sales by Retail.

8. (1) I fix and declare the maximum price at which Bran or Pollard may be sold by retail by millers to be—

- (a) For deliveries *ex* mill in lots of 1 bushel or more—2s. 2½d. per bushel; or
- (b) for deliveries *ex* mill in lots of less than 1 bushel—2s. 3½d. per bushel.

(2) I fix and declare the maximum price at which Bran or Pollard may be sold by retail by persons other than millers to be—

(a) In respect of sales in the metropolitan area or in the area comprised within a radius of 2 miles of any station or place specified in the First or Second Schedules to this Order—

(i) for deliveries to the purchaser's premises—

(aa) in bushel lots—2s. 8½d. per bushel; and
(bb) in bag lots—2s. 6½d. per bushel.

(ii) for deliveries *ex store*—

(aa) in bushel lots—2s. 6½d. per bushel;
(bb) in bag lots—2s. 5½d. per bushel; and

(b) in respect of sales at any place outside the areas referred to in paragraph (a) of this sub-clause—the prices fixed by sub-paragraphs (i) and (ii) of the immediately preceding paragraph of this sub-clause, and, where the cost of transport of the Bran or Pollard in question from the nearest railway station or siding to the retailer's premises is shown separately on an invoice delivered to the retailer, plus such cost of transport.

Fixation of Maximum Prices by Notice.

9. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, I declare the maximum price at which Bran or Pollard specified in a notice given in pursuance of this paragraph may be sold in Victoria by any person to whom such notice is given to be such price as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

Melbourne and Suburbs.

First Column.

Second Column.

Maximum Price
—Sales by
Wholesale per
Ton of
2,000 lb.
£ s. d.

Melbourne and suburbs area—

All that area comprised within a radius of 20 miles from the General Post Office, Melbourne, and including all stations on the respective lines beyond that radius, up to and including Port Melbourne, St. Kilda, Sandringham, Chelsea, Dandenong, Glen Waverley, Boronia, Croydon, Hurstbridge, Whittlesea, Craigieburn, Sydenham, Rockbank, Werribee, and Altona Beach

11 1 6

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

Healesville, Warburton, Gembrook, Mornington, Stony Point, Eastern and South-Eastern Lines and Branches (Gippsland).

First Column.

Second Column.

Maximum Price
—Sales by
Wholesale per
Ton of
2,000 lb.
£ s. d.

1. All stations beyond the Melbourne and suburbs area on the respective lines, and including Clarkefield, Wallan, Healesville, Warburton, Gembrook, Warragul, Nyora (and branch line to Yannathan and Strezlecki), Stony Point, Red Hill, and Mornington

11 1 6

2. All stations on the respective lines—beyond Warragul to and including Buln Buln and Nilma; beyond Nyora, to and including Wonthaggi; beyond Nyora, to and including Woodside (and branch lines to Outtrim and Port Albert)

11 1 6

3. All stations on the respective lines—beyond Buln Buln, to and including Noojee; beyond Nilma, to and including Morwell (and branch lines to Walhalla, Thorpdale, Yallourn, and Mirboo North)

11 1 6

4. Traralgon

11 4 0

5. All stations beyond Traralgon, to and including Bairnsdale and branch line to Briagolong

11 6 3

6. All stations beyond Bairnsdale to Orbost

11 9 0

THE SECOND SCHEDULE—continued.
Western and North-Western Section.
First Column.

Second Column.

	Maximum Price —Sales by Wholesale per Ton of 2,000 lb. £ s. d.
1. All stations on the respective lines—beyond Werribee, to and including Geelong; beyond Rockbank, to and including Bacchus Marsh	11 1 6
2. All stations on the respective lines—beyond Geelong to Queenscliff; beyond Bacchus Marsh to Ballarat; beyond Geelong to Ballarat; Ballarat to Buninyong; Ballarat to Newlyn; Ballarat to Clunes; Ballarat to Waubra; Ballarat to Dobie; Ballarat to Skipton; Ballarat to Cressy; Cressy to Maroona; Maroona to Langi Logan; and Maroona to Glen Thompson	11 4 0
3. All stations on the respective lines—beyond Geelong to Wensleydale; Moriac to Birregurra; Birregurra to Forrest; Birregurra to Irrewarra; Irrewarra to Bapinba; Irrewarra to Colac; Colac to Crowes; Colac to Alvie; Colac to Camperdown; Camperdown to Timboon; Camperdown to Mortlake; Terang to Warrnambool; Warrnambool to Port Fairy; Koroit to Hamilton; Hamilton to Dunkeld; Hamilton to Cavendish; Hamilton to Coleraine; Hamilton to Casterton; Branhholme to Portland; and Heywood to Dartmoor	11 4 0
4. All stations beyond Dartmoor to the border of South Australia	11 4 0
5. All stations on the respective lines—beyond Clunes to Daisy Hill; beyond Dobie to Ararat; Ararat to Ben Nevis; Ben Nevis to Adelaide Lead; Ben Nevis to Navarre; beyond Ararat to Stawell; Stawell to the Grampians; Stawell to Lubeck; Lubeck to Marnoo; Lubeck to Murtoa; Murtoa to Hopetoun; Murtoa to Horsham; Horsham to Dimboola; Dimboola to Jeparit; Jeparit to Yapeet; Jeparit to Yanac; Dimboola to Serviceton; Horsham to Goroce; and Horsham to Balmoral	11 4 0
<i>F.O.B., Melbourne or Geelong.</i>	
1. Portarlington; Dromana; Sorrento; and Flinders	11 1 6
<i>Central Section.</i>	
1. All stations on the respective lines—beyond Clarkefield to Lancefield; beyond Clarkefield to Carlsruhe; Carlsruhe to Daylesford and Rocklyn; Carlsruhe to Redesdale Junction; and Redesdale Junction to Redesdale	11 4 0
2. All stations beyond Kilmore to Tooborac	11 4 0
3. All stations on the respective lines—beyond Redesdale Junction to Castlemaine; Castlemaine to Maryborough; Maryborough to Dunolly; Ouyen to Murrayville; Ouyen to Mildura and Merbein; Red Cliffs to Werrimull; Castlemaine to Shelbourne; Inglewood to Bendigo; Inglewood to Wedderburn and Korong Vale; Korong Vale to Kulwin; Korong Vale to Manangatang and Annuello; beyond Kerang to Koondrook; beyond Kerang to Swan Hill and Kooloonong; beyond Bendigo to Elmore; Elmore to Cohuna; Elmore to Echuca; and Bendigo to Heathcote	11 4 0
<i>Other Lines.</i>	
1. All stations on the respective lines—Heathcote Junction to Kilmore; Heathcote Junction to Kilmore East	11 4 0
2. Broadford; Tallarook; Seymour; Mangalore; Avenel; Longwood; Euroa; Violet Town; Baddaginnie	11 6 6
3. All stations on the respective lines—beyond Mangalore to Murchison East; Murchison East to Rushworth; Rushworth to Colbinabbin; Rushworth to Girgarre; Murchison East to Arcadia	11 4 0
4. All stations beyond Tallarook to Mansfield (including branch line to Alexandra)	11 6 6
5. All stations on the respective lines—beyond Arcadia to Toolamba; Toolamba to Koyuga; Toolamba to Numurkah; Numurkah to Picola; Numurkah to Strathmerton; Strathmerton to Mywee; Strathmerton to Cobram; Toolamba to Katamatite	11 4 0
6. Yarrawonga; Benalla; Wangaratta; Chiltern; Rutherglen; Wahgunyah	11 4 0
7. Barnawartha	11 6 6
8. Springhurst	11 6 6
9. Glenrowan	11 6 6
10. Devenish; Goorambat; St. James; Tungamah; Telford	11 6 6
11. All stations beyond Benalla to Tatong (customer paying freight from Benalla)	11 4 0
12. All stations beyond Wangaratta to Whitfield (customer paying freight from Wangaratta)	11 4 0
13. Myrtleford; Bright; Yackandandah	11 9 0
14. Tarrawingee; Beechworth	11 6 6

Dated this 7th day of September, 1949.

J. F. WALDRON,
Prices Decontrol Commissioner.

Prices Regulation Acts.

PRICES REGULATION ORDER No. 105.

SECOND-HAND BAGS AND SACKS.

I N pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the Prices Regulation Acts, I, John Francis Waldron, Prices Decontrol Commissioner, hereby make the following Order:—

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as Prices Regulation Order No. 105.

Revocation.

2. Prices Regulation Order No. 2967, as amended by Prices Regulation Orders Nos. 3009, 3248, and 3323, made under Commonwealth National Security (Prices) Regulations, is hereby revoked.

Definitions and Interpretations.

3. (1) In this Order, unless the contrary intention appears—

“Cost of Transport” means, in relation to any sale of second-hand bags or sacks, the cost of transport (if any) incurred by the seller in transporting the goods from the point of delivery to his place of business and recorded on an invoice or docket delivered in relation thereto.

“Once Used” means, in relation to any sugar sack, wheat sack, barley sack, or rice sack, a sack which has been only once previously used as a container for sugar, wheat, barley, or rice, as the case may be, and has not been used for any other purpose.

“Point of Delivery” means, in relation to the sale of any second-hand bag or sack by any person, the place at which liability for payment of transport charges in conveying such bag or sack to his place of business passed to the seller from the person from whom he purchased it.

“Second-hand Bag or Sack” means a bag or sack which has been used at least once for the purpose of containing goods.

“‘A’ Licensee” means a person who was, prior to the seventh day of February, 1946, the holder of an “A” licence issued pursuant to the Control of Second-hand Jute Goods Order dated 26th September, 1942, and published in the *Commonwealth of Australia Gazette* dated 9th October, 1942.

“‘B’ Licensee” means a person who was, prior to the seventh day of February, 1946, the holder of a “B” licence issued pursuant to the Control of Second-hand Jute Goods Order dated 26th September, 1942, and published in the *Commonwealth of Australia Gazette* dated 9th October, 1942.

- (2) Any bag or sack sold by any person other than an “A” licensee, which when reconditioned would conform to any of the descriptions of bags or sacks specified in the Schedule to this Order, shall for the purpose of this Order be deemed to be of that description at the time of such sale.

4. (1) I fix and declare the maximum price at which any second-hand bag or sack of a description set out in the Schedule to this Order may be sold by any person to be the price specified in the second, third, or fourth columns of the said Schedule (as the case requires) according as the seller is an “A” licensee or a “B” licensee or is a person not being either of such licensees.

- (2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the last preceding sub-clause, I fix and declare the maximum price at which any second-hand bag or sack of a description set out in the said Schedule and which has been purchased by the seller from a person who is an “A” licensee to be the sum of—

- (i) the price paid or payable by the seller for that bag or sack or the maximum price specified in the fourth column of the said Schedule for the sale of that description of bag or sack by a person who is an “A” licensee, whichever is the lesser;

- (ii) cost of transport; and

- (iii) a margin at the rate of six pence per dozen bags or sacks (as the case requires).

Fixation of Maximum Prices by Notice.

5. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, I declare the maximum price at which any second-hand bags or sacks specified in a notice given in pursuance of this paragraph may be sold by any person to whom such notice is given to be such price as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

Delivery of Invoices.

6. Every person who sells second-hand bags or sacks shall deliver with those goods an invoice or docket specifying the following particulars:—

- (a) date of sale,
- (b) name of purchaser,
- (c) address of purchaser,
- (d) quantity of bags or sacks sold,
- (e) full description of bags or sacks sold,
- (f) price at which those goods are sold.

THE SCHEDULE.

COLUMN 1.	COLUMN 2.	COLUMN 3.	COLUMN 4.
Description.	Sales by any Person other than an "A" or "B" Licensee.	Sales by "B" Licensee.	Sales by "A" Licensee.
	per doz. s. d.	per doz. s. d.	per doz. s. d.
1. Once used sugar sacks free from holes and repairs and not being brushed, washed, or mill marked sugar sacks . . .	26 3	27 0	29 6
2. Once used wheat, barley, and rice sacks free from holes and patches . . .	25 0	25 9	28 0
3. Potato sacks free from holes and patches . . .	22 3	23 3	26 0
4. No. 1 flour sacks free from holes and patches . . .	22 3	23 3	26 0
5. Sugar sacks, mill marked, washed, or brushed free from holes and patches, not being sugar sacks of the kind referred to in item (1) of this Schedule . . .	22 3	23 3	26 0
6. Offal and oat sacks . . .	15 3	16 9	20 6
7. No. 1 four-bushel sacks free from holes and patches . . .	19 0	20 0	22 0
8. No. 2 four-bushel sacks . . .	14 9	16 0	19 0
9. Ash, coke, charcoal, or lime sacks, or sacks other than sacks of the kind referred to elsewhere in this Schedule . . .	8 9	10 0	13 6
10. No. 1 quality chaff or bran bags in sound order and condition . . .	18 9	20 0	22 6
11. No. 2 quality chaff or bran bags . . .	15 3	16 6	19 0
12. 70-lb. sugar bags . . .	6 6	7 6	8 6

Dated this 7th day of September, 1949.

J. F. WALDRON,
Prices Decontrol Commissioner.



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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE FIBROUS PLASTERERS BOARD.

NOTE.—(i.) This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

(ii.) Fibrous Plastering was proclaimed on 17th February, 1937, as an Apprenticeship Trade under the *Apprenticeship Act 1928* for the Metropolitan District.

Full particulars of the *Apprenticeship Regulations* for this trade may be obtained on application to the Secretary, *Apprenticeship Commission, Melbourne.* (Price 3d.)

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts the Wages Board which since the 14th April, 1937, has had the power to "determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade or business of—

- (a) manufacturing fibrous plaster, or making architectural ornaments of fibrous plaster, plaster, or cement;
- (b) fixing fibrous plaster on walls or ceilings of buildings;
- (c) architectural modelling;
- (d) preparing material for or making or fixing acoustic tiles moulded into slab form, and having an earth base;
- (e) manufacturing gypsum plaster board;
- (f) fixing gypsum plaster board on walls or ceilings of buildings."

has made the following Determination, namely:—

A. That as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August 1949, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

PART I.

B. This Part applies to persons employed wholly inside the employer's factory or workroom:—

- (a) manufacturing fibrous plaster, or making architectural ornaments of fibrous plaster, plaster, or cement;
- (b) architectural modelling;
- (c) preparing material for or making acoustic tiles moulded into slab form, and having an earth base; or
- (d) assisting at any of the operations mentioned in (a), (b), or (c), hereof.

1.

WAGES.

* Apprentices.					Improvers.				
WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.					WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.				
—	Adjustable Rate. A.	Holiday Allowance. B.	Emergency Loading (Non-adjustable).	Total Weekly Wage.	—	Adjustable Rate. A.	Holiday Allowance. B.	Emergency Loading (Non-adjustable).	Total Weekly Wage.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
1st year's experience	35 6	0 11	0 9	37 2	Under 17 years of age	35 6	0 11	0 9	37 2
2nd year's experience	53 6	1 5	1 3	56 2	17 years of age ..	53 6	1 5	1 3	56 2
3rd year's experience	70 3	1 10	1 6	73 7	18 years of age ..	70 3	1 10	1 6	73 7
4th year's experience	89 9	2 4	1 9	93 10	19 years of age ..	89 9	2 4	1 9	93 10
5th year's experience	106 9	2 9	2 3	111 9	20 years of age ..	106 9	2 9	2 3	111 9

and thereafter the minimum wage.

PROPORTION (by any employer).

One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than 152s. 11d. per week.

PROPORTION (by any employer).

- (i) Preparing material for or making or fixing acoustic tiles moulded into slab form and having an earth base—
One improver to every three workers receiving not less than 187s. 5d.
- (ii) Any other class of work—
One improver to every six workers receiving not less than 187s. 5d. per week.

* Except those covered by the Apprenticeship Commission.

No person under the age of 18 years shall be employed on a single bench in the manufacture of plain fibrous plaster sheeting unless in association with a person over 18 years of age.

No person under the age of eighteen years shall be employed operating a hemp teasing machine in a fibrous plaster mill.

No. 815.—8008/49.—PRICE 6D.

No person under the age of 18 years shall be employed with only one adult worker in the process of lifting or fixing panelling or sheeting having an area of 4 square yards or more.

The Board has determined that no person shall be taken as an apprentice in connexion with preparing material for or making or fixing acoustic tiles moulded into slab form and having an earth base.

OTHER EMPLOYEES.	WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.			
	Adjustable Rate.	Holiday Allowance.	Emergency Loading (Non-adjustable).	Total Weekly Wage.
	A.	B.		
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Persons engaged in architectural modelling or manufacturing architectural ornaments of fibrous plaster, plaster or cement, or manufacturing fibrous plaster ..	176 8	4 9	6 0	187 5
Persons engaged in preparing material for or making acoustic tiles moulded into slab form and having an earth base	145 11	4 0	3 0	152 11
All others				

EXTRA RATES.

2. (a) Foremen, i.e., employees in charge of work and who issue instructions to four or more men under them shall be paid as above with 9s. per week additional.

- (b) Employees {
- (i) Demolishing old ceilings, or
 - (ii) Erecting new ceilings on sites of old ceilings that have been demolished, or partly demolished or that have collapsed
 - (iii) Employees demolishing or partly demolishing old walls shall have 1½d. per square yard distributed equally between them in addition to the ordinary rates.
- shall, whilst employed at either class of work have 6d. per square yard distributed equally between them, in addition to the ordinary rates.

PRO RATA PAYMENT.

3. Any person who works less than 40 hours in any week shall be paid not less than the ordinary wages rate calculated pro rata according to the number of hours worked.

TIMES OF BEGINNING AND ENDING WORK.

4. The ordinary hours shall be 40 per week to be worked in five days of eight hours each, Monday to Friday inclusive, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. The lunch hour shall be not less than one hour.

OVERTIME.

5. The following rate shall be paid for all work done—
- (a) Outside the hours fixed in clause 4 of this Part
 - (b) Within the hours fixed in clause 4 of this Part
- Time and a half for the first two hours and thereafter double time.

SPECIAL RATES.

6. (a) Allowances, as per columns B of clause 1 of this Part, shall be made in addition to the wages set out in columns A of clause 1 of this Part as compensation for time lost on prescribed holidays. Such allowances shall be paid proportionately to the number of hours worked per week.

(b) For all work done on Sundays and prescribed holidays employees shall be paid at the rate of double time; and all work done on a Saturday shall be paid for at time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter.

The following are the prescribed holidays, viz.:—New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, Labour Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day; but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named holidays double time shall be payable only for work done on the day so substituted.

REST PAUSE.

7. (a) There shall be a rest period of ten minutes from the time of ceasing to the time of resuming work between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and 11 a.m. without deduction of pay.

(b) The employer shall provide facilities to enable the employees to obtain an adequate supply of boiling water at meal times and rest periods.

ANNUAL LEAVE.

8. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the *Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946—No. 5111*, and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

PAYMENT OF WAGES.

9. (a) Except in the case of persons employed outside a radius of 20 miles from the Flinders-street Railway Station, all payments of wages shall be made not later than five minutes after the time of ceasing work on Thursday. In the event of payment being made more than five minutes later than the time fixed above, the employee shall be paid all reasonable travelling expenses incurred and shall also receive payment at the prescribed rate for the time lost as a result of such delay in payment.

(b) Any employee whose service ends before pay time shall be paid at or before the time of its ending or by post or otherwise within 24 hours thereafter, provided that an employee who is entitled to a half-hour at ordinary rates in accordance with clause 14 of this Part shall be paid at the commencement of such half-hour. If wages are not paid in accordance with this provision an employee shall be paid as for ordinary working hours at the ordinary rate fixed in this Determination from the expiration of the said 24 hours until the wages are paid to the employee or his order or posted to his last known address.

PAYMENT WHEN REQUESTED TO ATTEND FOR ENGAGEMENT.

10. Any employee who has presented himself for work, as requested by the employer or his responsible representative, shall—

- (a) If not engaged, be paid a sum equal to the rate for two hours' work in addition to any expense necessarily incurred in travelling to and from the job; or,
- (b) If engaged, be deemed to have commenced work at the hour he presented himself for engagement.

TRANSPORT AT NIGHT.

11. Any employee who completes his work during the night after trams and other public conveyances have ceased to run shall, unless provided with means of transport by the employer, be reimbursed for any expense necessarily incurred in reaching his home.

MEAL MONEY.

12. Any employee who is required to work overtime for more than two hours on any day and who has not been notified on the previous day that he would be required to work such overtime shall, unless provided with a reasonable meal by the employer, be paid an allowance of 3s. 6d.

HOT WATER IN FACTORIES.

13. During the months of May to September, inclusive, provision shall be made by employers in every factory for the provision and maintenance of an adequate supply of running hot water piped to the tubs for the benefit of employees engaged in hand-mixing plaster in cold water.

GRINDING AND CLEANING TOOLS.

14. When an employee is discharged he shall be allowed a half-hour at ordinary rates for the purpose of grinding, cleaning, and transporting his tools. This clause shall apply only to employees whose tools are in good order when commencing work for any employer.

TRANSMISSION OF SHEETS.

15. In any establishment in which fibrous plaster sheets are manufactured, suitable mechanical means for the transmission of such sheets from casting tables to racks must be provided by the employer.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

16. Except where the conduct of an employee justifies instant dismissal, one hour's notice of termination of employment shall be given by either employer or employee, or one hour's pay shall be paid or forfeited in lieu thereof.

DRESSING AND DINING ROOM.

17. A room for employees to use as a dressing and dining room, which shall include warming facilities and heating appliances for pre-cooked food shall be provided at all fibrous plaster establishments.

PART II.

C. This Part applies to persons employed wholly inside the employer's factory or workroom manufacturing gypsum plaster board or assisting at any of the operations associated therewith.

1. WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.

Plaster feed attendant	}	£9 7s. (including 6s. shift allowance).
Former attendant							
Former assistant							
Cut off attendant							
All others	£8 12s. (including 6s. shift allowance).

The shift allowance in respect of this classification shall be paid to an employee who has contracted or contracts to perform shift work if and when called upon to do so notwithstanding the fact that during any week he may be required to perform day work only.

All others whose contract of employment covers day work only .. £8 6s.

2. HOURS OF WORK.

(a) Day Workers.

The ordinary hours of work shall be 40 per week to be worked in five days of 8 hours each, Monday to Friday inclusive, between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. It is a condition of the allowing of a five day week that if required employees shall comply with the reasonable and lawful orders of the employer as to working overtime including the working of overtime on Saturday.

(b) Shift Workers on a two shift system.

The ordinary hours of such shift workers shall not exceed—

- (i) 40 in any week to be worked in five shifts of 8 hours on Monday to Friday inclusive, or five shifts of not more than 8 hours and one shift (Saturday) of not more than 4 hours; or
- (ii) 80 in fourteen consecutive days, in which case an employee shall not, without payment for overtime, be required to work more than 8 consecutive hours on any shift or more than six shifts in any week; or
- (iii) 120 in 21 consecutive days, in which case an employee shall not, without payment for overtime, be required to work more than 8 consecutive hours on any shift or more than six shifts in any week.

Such ordinary hours shall be worked continuously, except for meal breaks, at the discretion of the employer. An employee shall not be required to work for more than six hours without a break for a meal.

Except at regular change-over of shifts an employee shall not be required to work more than one shift in each 24 hours.

(c) Shift Workers on a three shift system.

The ordinary hours of employees on a three shift system shall not exceed 8 hours per day, or 40 per week, or where the shifts are rostered over two weeks 80 hours in two consecutive weeks, or where the shifts are rostered over three weeks 120 hours in three consecutive weeks, without payment for overtime. Where the roster provides for three shifts of 8 hours being worked in five days a week the commencing time of the first shift shall be 10.30 p.m. Sunday, or at some other hour as may be agreed upon between the employer and the Union.

(d) Shifts to be worked in weekly rotation.

All shifts shall be worked by employees in weekly rotation, otherwise time worked by an employee on afternoon and/or night shift shall be paid for at overtime rates. Provided that by agreement between the employer and the Union the weekly rotation may be dispensed with, or overtime rates need not be paid if the ordinary working hours of an employee do not exceed the hours prescribed in sub-clause (a) of this clause.

(e) Roster to be exhibited.

A roster showing the starting and finishing times of the employees shall be exhibited in a prominent place, accessible to the employees.

OVERTIME.

3. (a) All time worked before the usual starting time or after the usual finishing time, or in excess of the hours prescribed in clause 2 of this Part shall be paid for at the rate of time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter. For the purpose of computing overtime each day's work shall stand alone, and all overtime shall be paid for not later than the next following pay day.

(b) Any employee recalled to work after having left the premises shall be paid a minimum as for four hours' work at the appropriate rate.

HOLIDAYS.

4. An employee shall be entitled to be absent without deduction of pay on the days observed as New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Labour Day, Anzac Day, King's Birthday, Melbourne Cup Day (Metropolitan District only), Christmas Day, and Boxing Day; but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named holidays, the special rates shall be payable only for work done on the day so substituted.

SUNDAY AND HOLIDAY WORK.

5. All time worked on a Sunday or holiday shall be paid for at double ordinary rates of pay, provided that time worked by a shift worker between the usual starting time of the shift and midnight on any Sunday or holiday shall not be deemed to be time worked on the Sunday or holiday: Provided further that where the major portion of a shift is worked on a Sunday or holiday the whole of that shift shall be regarded as having been worked on the Sunday or holiday and paid for as such.

SICK LEAVE.

6. (a) An employee, provided that he produces satisfactory evidence to the employer, shall be entitled to be absent without deduction of pay on account of personal ill health or accident, as follows:—

(i) during the first year of service with an employer—

for three or more, but less than six months' service	eight hours
for six or more, but less than nine months' service	sixteen hours
for nine or more, but less than twelve months' service	twenty-four hours

(ii) during the second and each subsequent year of service forty hours.

(b) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (a) hereof, if the full period of sick leave as prescribed above is not taken in any year such portion as is not taken shall be cumulative from year to year up to a period not exceeding 120 hours of working time which shall be the maximum amount of leave to which an employee may be entitled in any year of service without deduction of pay.

MEALS.

7. (a) A day worker shall be allowed a break of not less than half an hour or more than one hour for a meal on each day of the week, Monday to Friday inclusive. The period during which such meal shall be taken when once fixed shall not be altered without seven days' notice being given by the employer to his employees.

(b) Any employee called upon to work during the ordinary meal break shall be paid overtime rates for all such time worked, provided that in the case of emergency, where it is necessary to work up to fifteen minutes after the usual ceasing time for lunch, this provision shall not apply.

(c) In the event of any employee being allowed a period of less than thirty minutes for the purpose of having a meal, no deduction shall be made for time so spent by the employee in having a meal.

(d) A shift worker shall be allowed 20 minutes each shift for crib which shall be counted as time worked: Provided that if requested by the employer the employees shall take their crib in relays so as to avoid stoppage of work.

(e) An employer shall provide the employees with a suitable place, protected from the weather, in which to take their meals.

(f) Employees shall be provided with boiling water or facilities for same.

MEAL ALLOWANCE.

8. Where an employee is required to work overtime in excess of one hour on any day, he shall be paid 3s. 6d. for a meal unless notice to work has been given to such employee on or before the termination of the previous day's work. If notified the previous day that he will be required to work, and he is subsequently informed that he is not required, he shall be paid the sum of 3s. 6d.

PROTECTIVE AIDS.

9. Where necessary employees shall be supplied by the employer with respirators and hand pads.

ANNUAL LEAVE.

10. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the *Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946*—No. 5111, and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

MIXED FUNCTIONS.

11. An employee engaged for more than two hours on any day or shift on duties carrying a higher rate than his ordinary classification shall be paid the higher rate for such day or shift.

Any employee may be called upon to relieve for periods which do not exceed two hours in any one day or shift and be paid at the rate prescribed for his ordinary classification.

An employee who is required temporarily to perform work for which a lower rate is fixed than that for his ordinary classification shall not suffer any reduction whilst so employed. Provided that any work of less than one week's duration shall be deemed to be temporary.

TIME AND PAYMENT OF WAGES.

12. (a) All wages and overtime shall be paid not later than Thursday in each week. The employer may hold not more than one day's pay in hand.

(b) Where the employment is terminated by the employer, or by the employee after giving one week's notice, before the regular pay time the employee shall be paid all moneys due to him not later than five minutes after the termination of the work.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

13. The employment of an employee may be terminated only by one week's notice or the payment or forfeiture of one week's wages in lieu thereof, provided that the employer may dismiss an employee at any time for misconduct or wilful disobedience and shall be liable for payment only up to the time of dismissal.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

14. (a) Suitable lavatory accommodation, dressing rooms, and lockers to ensure protection for clothes left therein, shall be provided by the employer for the employees.

(b) Hot and cold showers shall be provided by the employer.

DEFINITION.

15. "Union" means "The Victorian Fibrous Plasterers and Plaster Workers' Union."

STANDING DOWN EMPLOYEES.

16. Notwithstanding any provision elsewhere herein contained any employer may deduct payment for any day an employee cannot usefully be employed because of any strike or any stoppage of work by any cause for which the employer cannot be held responsible.

PART III.

D. This Part applies to persons employed :—

- (a) wholly outside the employer's factory or workroom at any work covered by this Determination ; or,
 (b) partly outside, and partly inside the employer's factory or workroom at any work covered by this Determination.

This Part shall continue in force whilst the Building Trades of Victoria Award of the Commonwealth Court of Conciliation and Arbitration remains in force.

If and when the provisions of this Part cease to apply by virtue of the limitation prescribed in the previous paragraph, all employees covered by the said provisions will automatically be subject to the provisions of Part I. hereof.

Provided that in such case the provisions of clause 6, Allowances, of this Part shall be deemed to be included in Part I. hereof and shall remain in force.

1.

WAGES.

* Apprentices.					Improvers.				
WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.					WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.				
—	Adjustable Rate. A.	Holiday Allowance. B.	Emergency Loading (Non-adjustable).	Total Weekly Wage.	—	Adjustable Rate. A.	Holiday Allowance. B.	Emergency Loading (Non-adjustable).	Total Weekly Wage.
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
1st year's experience	35 6	0 11	0 9	37 2	Under 17 years of age	35 6	0 11	0 9	37 2
2nd year's experience	53 6	1 5	1 3	56 2	17 years of age ..	53 6	1 5	1 3	56 2
3rd year's experience	70 3	1 10	1 6	73 7	18 years of age ..	70 3	1 10	1 6	73 7
4th year's experience	89 9	2 4	1 9	93 10	19 years of age ..	89 9	2 4	1 9	93 10
5th year's experience	106 9	2 9	2 3	111 9	20 years of age ..	106 9	2 9	2 3	111 9

and thereafter the minimum wage.

PROPORTION (by any employer).

One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than 197s. 9d. per week.

PROPORTION (by any employer).

(i) Preparing material for or making or fixing acoustic tiles moulded into slab form and having an earth base—
 One improver to every three workers receiving not less than 197s. 9d. per week.

(ii) Any other class of work—
 One improver to every six workers receiving not less than 197s. 9d. per week.

* Except those covered by the Apprenticeship Commission.

No person under the age of 18 years shall be employed on a single bench in the manufacture of plain fibrous plaster sheeting unless in association with a person over 18 years of age.

No person under the age of eighteen years shall be employed operating a hemp teasing machine in a fibrous plaster mill.

No person under the age of eighteen years shall be employed with only one adult worker in the process of lifting or fixing panelling or sheeting having an area of 4 square yards or more.

The Board has determined that no person shall be taken as an apprentice in connexion with preparing material for or making or fixing acoustic tiles moulded into slab form and having an earth base.

OTHER EMPLOYEES.	WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.			
	Adjustable Rate.	Holiday Allowance.	Emergency Loading (Non-adjustable).	Total Weekly Wage.
	A.	B.	(Non-adjustable).	
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Persons engaged in architectural modelling or manufacturing architectural ornaments of fibrous plaster, plaster or cement, or manufacturing fibrous plaster or gypsum plaster board	184 3	7 6	6 0	197 9
Persons engaged fixing or stopping fibrous plaster or gypsum plaster board on walls or ceilings of buildings	..	..	..	..
Persons engaged in preparing material for or making or fixing acoustic tiles moulded into slab form and having an earth base	..	..	..	..

EXTRA RATES.

2. (a) Foremen, i.e., employees in charge of work and who issue instructions to four or more men under them shall be paid as above with 9s. per week additional.

- (b) Employees {
- (i) Demolishing old ceilings, or
 - (ii) Erecting new ceilings on sites of old ceilings that have been demolished, or partly demolished or that have collapsed
 - (iii) Employees demolishing or partly demolishing old walls shall have 1½d. per square yard distributed equally between them in addition to the ordinary rates.
- shall, whilst employed at either class of work have 6d. per square yard distributed equally between them, in addition to the ordinary rates.

PRO RATA PAYMENT.

3. Any person who works less than 40 hours in any week shall be paid not less than the ordinary wages rate calculated pro rata according to the number of hours worked.

HOURS.

4. The ordinary hours shall be 40 per week to be worked in five days of eight hours each on Monday to Friday inclusive between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. The lunch break shall be not less than one hour.

OVERTIME.

5. The following rate shall be paid for all work done—

- (a) Outside the hours fixed in clause 4 of this Part }
 (b) Within the hours fixed in clause 4 of this Part } Time and a half for the first two hours and thereafter double time.
 in excess of 40 in any week

An employer may require any employee to work reasonable overtime at overtime rates and such employee shall work overtime in accordance with such requirement.

ALLOWANCES.

6. The following allowances shall be paid to persons employed outside the employer's usual place of business in connexion with fixing of fibrous plaster or acoustic tiles :—

(a) For work at a distance of over 30 miles from the "Centre" or for work done at such distance as prevents the employee from returning to his home the same night—

(i) 10s. per day extra, with a maximum of 42s. per week.

(ii) all fares necessarily incurred in travelling by the most economical means of transport by train or other public conveyance.

(b) For any other work an allowance in lieu of fares and travelling time from and to the "Centre" to and from the place of employment shall be paid as follows :—

	s.	d.
Up to and including 12 miles	2	0 per day
Over 12 miles and including 20 miles	2	6 per day
Over 20 miles and including 30 miles	3	0 per day

These allowances shall not be payable if the employer provides or offers to provide transport free of charge, in which case 1s. 4d. per day travelling allowance shall be paid.

"Centre" shall mean the Flinders-street Railway Station if the employer's usual place of business is within a radius of 10 miles therefrom, and shall, in all other cases, mean the employer's usual place of business.

MEAL MONEY.

7. Any employee who is required to work overtime for more than two hours on any day and who has not been notified on the previous day that he would be required to work such overtime shall, unless provided with a reasonable meal by the employer, be paid an allowance of 3s. 6d.

SPECIAL RATES.

8. (a) Allowances, as per columns B of clause 1 of this Part, shall be made in addition to the wages set out in columns A of clause 1 of this Part as compensation for time lost on prescribed holidays. Such allowances shall be paid proportionately to the number of hours worked per week.

(b) For all work done on Sundays and prescribed holidays employees shall be paid at the rate of double time, and all work done on a Saturday shall be paid for at the rate of time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter.

The following are the prescribed holidays, viz. :—New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, King's Birthday, Labour Day, Melbourne Cup Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day; but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named holidays double time shall be payable only for work done on the day so substituted.

PAYMENT WHEN REQUESTED TO ATTEND FOR ENGAGEMENT.

9. Any employee who has presented himself for work, as requested by the employer or his responsible representative, shall—

(a) If not engaged, be paid a sum equal to the rate for two hours' work in addition to any expense necessarily incurred in travelling to and from the job; or,

(b) If engaged, be deemed to have commenced work at the hour he presented himself for engagement.

TRANSPORT AT NIGHT.

10. Any employee who completes his work during the night after trams and other public conveyances have ceased to run shall, unless provided with means of transport by the employer, be reimbursed for any expense necessarily incurred in reaching his home.

REST PAUSE.

11. (a) There shall be a rest period of ten minutes from the time of ceasing to the time of resuming work between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and 11 a.m. without deduction of pay.

(b) The employer shall provide facilities to enable the employees to obtain an adequate supply of boiling water at meal times and rest periods.

ANNUAL HOLIDAY.

12. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the *Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1948—No. 5111*, and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

HOT WATER IN FACTORIES.

13. During the months of May to September, inclusive, provision shall be made by employers in every factory for the provision and maintenance of an adequate supply of running hot water piped to the tubs for the benefit of employees engaged in hand-mixing plaster in cold water.

GRINDING AND CLEANING TOOLS.

14. When an employee is discharged he shall be allowed a half-hour at ordinary rates for the purpose of grinding, cleaning, and transporting his tools. This clause shall apply only to employees whose tools are in good order when commencing work for any employer.

TRANSMISSION OF SHEETS.

15. In any establishment in which fibrous plaster sheets are manufactured, suitable mechanical means for the transmission of such sheets from casting tables to racks must be provided by each employer.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

16. Except where the conduct of an employee justifies instant dismissal, one hour's notice of termination of employment shall be given by either employer or employee, or one hour's pay shall be paid or forfeited in lieu thereof.

DRESSING AND DINING ROOM.

17. A room for employees to use as a dressing and dining room, which shall include warming facilities and heating appliances for pre-cooked foods, shall be provided at all fibrous plaster establishments.

PAYMENT OF WAGES.

18. (a) Except in the case of persons employed outside a radius of 20 miles from the Flinders-street Railway Station, all payments of wages shall be made not later than five minutes after the time of ceasing work on Thursday. In the event of payment being made more than five minutes later than the time fixed above, the employee shall be paid all reasonable travelling expenses incurred and shall also receive payment at the prescribed rate for the time lost as a result of such delay in payment.

(b) Any employee whose service ends before pay time shall be paid at or before the time of its ending or by post or otherwise within 24 hours thereafter, provided that an employee who is entitled to a half-hour at ordinary rates in accordance with clause 14 of this Part shall be paid at the commencement of such half-hour. If wages are not paid in accordance with this provision an employee shall be paid as for ordinary working hours at the ordinary rate fixed in this Determination from the expiration of the said 24 hours until the wages are paid to the employee or his order or posted to his last known address.

PART IV.

E. This Part applies to all persons covered by this Determination.

PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

1. The wages rates set out in clause 1 of Part I., clause 1 of Part II., and clause 1 of Part III., are based upon the following basic wage and, pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of section 21 of the *Factories and Shops Act 1934*, the Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically adjusted by the same amount and at the same time as such Basic Wage, as prescribed in clause 2 of this Part. Provided that the wages of apprentices and improvers shall be adjusted proportionately to adjustments of the Basic Wage, such adjustments to be to a 3d., 6d., 9d., or a 1s., any fraction of 3d. to be taken to the next higher 3d.

Basic Wage.

Place.	Needs Basic Wage (Adjustable).	Loading Constant.	Total Basic Wage.	Index Number Set Assigned.
	£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	
Throughout the State	6 2 0	6 0	6 8 0	Melbourne

ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

2. (a) For the purposes of this Determination, the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's 'all items' retail price index numbers," or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.

(b) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November, 1949, the amounts of the Basic Wage shall be as prescribed in clause 1 of this Part.

(c) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November, a February, a May, or an August, the amount of the needs basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method, namely, by multiplying the last published Commonwealth Statistician's "all items" retail price index number by the factor .087 taken to one place of decimals, the resultant whole number being the amount of the basic wage expressed in shillings, but should the decimal number reach .5 or more the basic wage shall be taken to the next higher shilling.

A. V. BARNS, J.P., Chairman.

J. W. RYAN, Secretary.

Melbourne, 25th July, 1949.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes the need for transparency and accountability in financial reporting.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods and techniques used to collect and analyze data. It includes a detailed description of the experimental procedures and the statistical analysis performed.

3. The third part of the document presents the results of the study. It includes a series of tables and graphs that illustrate the findings of the research. The data shows a clear trend of increasing activity over time, which is consistent with the hypothesis.

4. The fourth part of the document discusses the implications of the findings. It suggests that the results have significant implications for the field of research and may lead to further developments in the future.

5. The fifth part of the document concludes the study. It summarizes the main findings and provides a final statement on the importance of the research.



VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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No. 816]

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE PROCESS ENGRAVERS BOARD.

NOTE.—This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Special Board, which now has power to “determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed—

(a) in the process, trade, or business of a process engraver;

(b) in the process, trade, or business of making blocks or plates for photogravure or rotogravure work—

has made the following Determination, namely:—

1. That, as from the beginning of the second pay period to commence in July, 1949, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

2.

WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.

NOTE.—The wages rates prescribed in columns lettered “A” are payable until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949, when they shall be replaced by the rates prescribed in columns lettered “B”.

		Male Juniors, not being Apprentices, and Female Juniors.					
		Male.					
		Percentage of Needs Basic Wage.	Constant Loading.	Additional Amounts.	Total Wage Payable.		
					A.	B.	
		%	s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
The wages and conditions of apprentices shall be those prescribed from time to time by the Apprenticeship Commission of Victoria.	Under 15 years of age ..	22	0 6	3 9	1 10 3	1 11 3	
	Between 15 and 16 years of age ..	28	0 6	4 3	1 18 3	1 18 9	
	Between 16 and 17 years of age ..	35	1 0	6 6	2 9 0	2 10 0	
	Between 17 and 18 years of age ..	48	1 0	7 6	3 5 6	3 7 0	
	Between 18 and 19 years of age ..	60	1 6	10 0	4 3 0	4 4 6	
	Between 19 and 20 years of age ..	72	2 0	12 9	5 0 3	5 2 9	
	Between 20 and 21 years of age ..	85	2 0	15 6	5 18 6	6 1 0	
A junior working on a night shift for a week shall be paid 12s. extra for such night shift work; if he works less than a week, he shall be paid <i>pro rata</i> for the hours worked by him. Provided that until the beginning of the pay period on or about the 10th October, 1949, the rate for a night shift when working because of daytime light and power restrictions shall be 9s.							
		Female.					
		Percentage of Needs Basic Wage.	Constant Loading.	Additional Amounts.	Total Wage Payable.		
					A.	B.	
		%	s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
	First year's experience ..	22	0 6	3 6	1 10 0	1 11 0	
	Second year's experience ..	26	0 6	5 6	1 17 0	1 17 6	
	Third year's experience ..	32	1 0	7 9	2 6 9	2 7 9	
	Fourth year's experience ..	38	1 0	10 0	2 16 0	2 17 6	
	Fifth year's experience ..	50	1 6	12 6	3 13 6	3 15 0	
And thereafter the minimum wage prescribed for females for the class of work which she is doing. A female junior entering the industry in her eighteenth year or later shall receive the foregoing rate appropriate to her experience and not less than 10s. per week extra until she reaches the age of 21 years, when she shall be paid the minimum wage prescribed for females for the class of work which she is doing. In the above provisions as to work performed by females, “experience” means experience in a branch of the industry, including experience in the employ of more than one employer, and any female employee mentioned in such provisions on leaving or being discharged from her employment shall be entitled to a certificate from her employer stating the date when such employment began and the date of its termination duly signed or otherwise authenticated by the employer. Such certificate shall be the property of the employee and shall be returned to her by any subsequent employer within seven days of her engagement.							

(b)		Other Employees.									
Male.		A.		B.		Female.		A.		B.	
		£ s. d.		£ s. d.				£ s. d.		£ s. d.	
(i) Photo Engraving—						A female employee in charge of or who supervises, directs or is responsible for the work of—					
(a) Artist and/or designer		9	9 6	9	12 6	(a) from 3 to 8 employees (both inclusive) ..		4	15 6	4	17 0
(b) Camera operator		9	9 6	9	12 6	(b) from 9 to 15 employees (both inclusive) ..		5	7 0	5	8 6
(c) Half-tone etcher		9	9 6	9	12 6	(c) over 15 employees ..		5	14 6	5	16 0
(d) Line etcher		9	5 0	9	8 0	Female employee not otherwise specified ..		4	0 0	4	1 6
(e) Photo imposer		9	5 0	9	8 0						
(f) Engraver		9	5 0	9	8 0						
(g) Router and/or mounter and/or proofer ..		9	3 0	9	6 0						
(ii) Photo Lithography—						Female to be Paid Male Rate.					
(a) Artist and/or designer		9	9 6	9	12 6	Where a female is employed to do any work specifically named or described or of the class mentioned in the classification for a male, she shall be paid the rate which is prescribed for the male ; provided that this clause shall not apply to any individual female employee in respect of work (other than the work of items (ii) (a), (ii) (b), (iii) (a), (iii) (b), and (iii) (c),) which, at 31st December, 1936, was being done by her and for which no marginal rate for females is herein specifically prescribed ; provided further that this clause shall not apply to any individual employee in respect of the work of items (ii) (a), (ii) (b), (iii) (a), (iii) (b), and (iii) (c), which, at 22nd February, 1942, was being done by her.					
(b) Camera operator		9	9 6	9	12 6						
(c) Photo lithographic metal plate coater and/or photo lithographic photo composer and/or contact printer-down on lithographic metal plate		9	5 0	9	8 0						
(d) Lithographic plate grainer and/or photo lithographic glass plate cleaner, but not including an employee processing photo lithographic glass plates		7	13 0	7	16 0						
(Where the plate grainer cronaxes or brunaxes zinc or aluminium plates he shall be paid the margin shown herein and 5s. in addition.)											
(iii) Photogravure—											
(a) Artist and/or designer		9	9 6	9	12 6						
(b) Camera operator		9	9 6	9	12 6						
(c) Plate and/or cylinder maker ; that is, negative and/or positive retoucher and/or sensitizer and/or planner and/or printer-down and/or transferer and/or etcher		9	9 6	9	12 6						
(iv) Any other adult male		7	1 0	7	4 0						

Any female working on a night shift for a week shall be paid 16s. extra for such night shift work ; if he works less than a week he shall be paid *pro rata* for the hours worked by him.

Provided that until the beginning of the pay period on or about the 10th October, 1949, the rate for a night shift when working because of daytime light and power restrictions shall be 12s.

An employee working on a night shift for a week shall be paid 16s. extra for such night shift work; if he works less than a week he shall be paid *pro rata* for the hours worked by him.
Provided that until the beginning of the pay period on or about the 10th October, 1949, the rate for a night shift when working because of daytime light and power restrictions shall be 12s.

Female to be Paid Male Rate.
Where a female is employed to do any work specifically named or described or of the class mentioned in the classification for a male, she shall be paid the rate which is prescribed for the male; provided that this clause shall not apply to any individual female employee in respect of work (other than the work of items (ii) (a), (ii) (b), (iii) (a), (iii) (b), and (iii) (c),) which, at 31st December, 1936, was being done by her and for which no marginal rate for females is herein specifically prescribed; provided further that this clause shall not apply to any individual employee in respect of the work of items (ii) (a), (ii) (b), (iii) (a), (iii) (b), and (iii) (c), which, at 22nd February, 1942, was being done by her.

LIMITATION OF EMPLOYMENT OF JUNIORS.

3. (a) No department shall be manned exclusively by juniors.
- (b) Not more than two male juniors shall be employed to each male adult employed as a weekly employee in each department. For the purposes of this provision an apprentice shall be deemed to be a junior.
- (c) The conditions of employment of juniors in any branch of the industry in respect of which provision is made for apprenticeship shall be as prescribed from time to time by the Apprenticeship Commission of Victoria for the industry.

WEIGHTS.

4. No female shall be required to lift or carry by hand a greater weight than :—
Females under 18 years of age—25 lb.
Females of 18 years and over—30 lb.

LITHOGRAPHIC PRINTING CONDITIONS.

5. (a) No unskilled worker shall mix solutions for washing-out, sensitizing, desensitizing, or etching, when such solutions are made on the employer's premises.
- (b) Plate graining shall be done only by apprentices or adults.

HOLIDAYS.

6. (a) An employee shall be entitled to be absent from his employment without deduction of pay on any holiday. In this Determination "holiday" means the day observed as any of the following days or any day substituted therefor: New Year's Day, Good Friday, Easter Saturday, Easter Monday, Labour Day, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, Australia Day, King's Birthday, and Anzac Day.

Provided—

- (i) that, within fifteen miles of the General Post Office at Melbourne, Cup Day shall be substituted for Anzac Day;
- (ii) that, where a holiday may fall on a non-working day and the State may with regard to its own employees prescribe in the following week a certain working day as an additional holiday, such working day shall be a holiday within the meaning of this clause.
- (b) An employer shall not terminate the employment of a weekly employee for the purpose of evading payment for the holidays prescribed by this Determination.
- (c) Where an employee is dismissed within one week before any holiday (or within one week before the first day of several holidays), his re-engagement by the same employer within one week after such holiday (or, as the case may be, within one week after the last day of such several holidays), shall be *prima facie* evidence that his employment was terminated in breach of sub-clause (b) hereof.
- (d) Where the employer terminates the employment within one week of a day on which a holiday occurs, the employee shall be paid for such holiday or holidays prescribed by this Determination, provided that such employee had been employed by the employer for a period of at least one week prior to the termination of the employment.
- (e) Where an employee is absent from his or her employment on the working day before or the working day after a public holiday without reasonable excuse or without the consent of the employer, the employee shall not be entitled to payment for such holiday.
- (f) When an employee is absent from his or her employment for a period exceeding three consecutive working weeks through illness, or with the consent of the employer, the employee shall not be entitled to payment for any public holidays occurring during any period of absence which exceeds three consecutive working weeks.
- (g) A working week shall consist of the number of days or nights customarily worked by the employee concerned.
- (h) The provisions of this clause shall apply only to weekly employees.

ANNUAL HOLIDAY.

7. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the *Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946*, No. 5111, and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

REST INTERVAL FOR FEMALES.

8. There shall be an interval of ten minutes at a time fixed by the employer between 10 a.m. and 11 a.m. for rest on each day, Monday to Friday inclusive, in each week for each female employee, such time to count as time worked. Reasonable facilities shall be provided by the employer for the employee to have refreshments during such interval if the employee so desires.

FIVE-SHIFT WEEK.

9. (a) The weekly hours of duty for day workers shall be worked in not more than five shifts on Monday to Friday inclusive of each week.

(b) The weekly hours of duty for night workers shall be worked in not more than five shifts on Monday to Friday inclusive. Work on a shift commencing before midnight on a Friday may continue on Saturday for the remaining hours of the shift.

HOURS—DAY WORK.

10. (a) The day work hours of duty of employees shall not exceed eight hours on Monday to Friday inclusive, and shall not exceed 40 hours in any week, to be worked between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m. on Monday to Friday inclusive, provided that the time of starting work of any person employed to clean the premises, or who attends to arrange the heating of machines or buildings, may be 7.30 a.m.

(b) The daily working hours of each office shall be conspicuously displayed in each workroom, and shall continue unchanged until altered by agreement between the employer and the Union or (if members of such union are not employed) his employees.

NIGHT WORK.

11. (a) Night-shift work is work other than overtime work done between the hours of 6 p.m. and 8 a.m.

(b) The hours of duty for night-shift workers shall not exceed 40 hours in any week, to be worked in five shifts within eight hours a shift on Monday to Friday inclusive. Work on a shift commencing before midnight on a Friday may continue on Saturday for the remaining hours of the shift.

(c) The hours of commencing and finishing duty on each shift, of all employees on night shift or unusual shift, shall be arranged between each particular employer and the union, or (if members of such union are not employed) his employees.

(d) A female employee or an employee under seventeen years of age shall not perform night-shift work.

(e) On any day when the hours of any night shift overlap the day-shift hours, the night-shift hours shall be observed, and the night-shift wage shall be paid for such day.

OVERTIME.

12. (a) All overtime rates earned by an employee shall be paid in full, and no deduction shall be made from such overtime rates by reason of any time not worked by such employee.

(b) All duty performed by employees in excess of or outside the hours mentioned in clauses 10 or 11 hereof, or in excess of the hours of a shift, shall be overtime, and shall be paid for at the rate of time and a half for the first three hours and double time thereafter.

(c) (i) Where an employee works on any public holiday mentioned in clause 6 hereof when he is entitled to be away from his employment, he shall be paid therefor at not less per hour than the hourly rate of his weekly wage, in addition to the weekly wage, and shall be given not less than four hours' work, or pay equivalent thereto.

(ii) Should an employee who has worked on a holiday within the hours of his ordinary working day, work on such holiday before the ordinary hour of commencing work or after the ordinary hour of finishing work, he shall be paid double the ordinary rate for the hours worked before the ordinary hour of commencing work or after the ordinary hour of finishing work.

(iii) This sub-clause (c) shall, with the necessary changes, be read to apply equally to a night worker as to a day worker.

(d) (i) Double time shall be paid for all work done on Saturday afternoon, and (with a minimum of four hours' work or pay equivalent thereto) on Sunday.

(ii) Where the hours of the ordinary working week are worked within five days any work done on the sixth day shall be paid for at time and a half for the first four hours worked before noon and at double time thereafter.

(iii) Where the hours of the ordinary working week are worked within five night shifts, any work done on the sixth night shift shall be paid for at double time.

(e) (i) An employee, if called upon to work overtime in excess of one hour after the usual finishing time of any shift shall be paid for two hours' work at overtime rates at the least.

(ii) Where notice of overtime in excess of one hour has not been given to an employee during the previous shift, or where notice of overtime has been given but overtime has not been worked, 3s. shall be paid as an allowance for tea money. The same allowance shall be made for each meal reasonably occurring during such overtime work.

(iii) Subject to the foregoing paragraph, where any junior, apprentice, or female has been given notice of overtime on the previous shift and is required to work overtime, 1s. shall be paid as an allowance for tea money. The same allowance shall be made for each meal reasonably occurring during such overtime work.

(f) (i) Any employee required to work more than five consecutive shifts without a clear interval from work of 36 hours after the fifth shift shall be paid double rates for all work performed by him after the fifth shift until he shall have had such clear interval of 36 hours between shifts. If an employee is stood off for any period during the ordinary working week in order to allow a 36-hour break, there shall be no reduction in his weekly wage.

(ii) An employee who, during the course of a week's work, is transferred from day shift to night shift, or from night shift to day shift, shall be allowed at least a ten-hours' break between the time of finishing his day shift and the time of commencing his night shift or from the time of finishing his night shift and the time of commencing his day shift, as the case may be. If such ten-hours' break is not allowed, the employee shall be paid overtime rates for the shift immediately following the change.

(g) No employee under sixteen years of age shall be employed on overtime. No employee under seventeen years of age nor any female, shall be on duty in any event before 8 a.m. or later than 9 p.m. on any working day, subject to clause 10 hereof. No employer shall require or permit an apprentice to work overtime unless at least one skilled worker in his calling is employed at the same time as the apprentice.

(h) An employer shall not require or permit any female employee to work overtime unless at least one other female person is working in close association with her.

(i) An employer shall not require or permit an employee to work overtime or on night shift in connexion with power-driven machinery unless he works in close association with at least one other person.

(j) One hour's time at the least, in addition to the actual time worked and/or the time the employee is required to stand by for work, with a minimum of four hours, shall be paid for as a "call" to any employee brought in to do any work not in his ordinary working hours, such to be paid for at the rate of time and a half, except on Saturday afternoon and on Sunday, when double time shall be paid.

(k) When an employee is required to work overtime exceeding 30 minutes but less than one hour, he shall be paid as though he had worked one hour's overtime.

(l) An employer may require any employee to work reasonable overtime at overtime rates and such employee shall work overtime in accordance with such requirements.

(m) An employer shall not insist upon an employee working overtime where the employee declares he is not free to work and discloses a good reason to the employer to support his declaration. No employee shall be dismissed or in any way whatsoever prejudiced in his employment by reason of his refusal to work overtime where he has satisfactorily disclosed he is not free to work.

(n) An employee who has worked overtime shall be granted at least a break of ten hours between the time of finishing work and the time of commencing work on the next shift, and no deductions shall be made from his pay because of any time lost by reason of such break.

EMPLOYEE MISSING USUAL CONVEYANCE.

13. Whenever the finishing time of any employee working overtime or working on any temporary night shift is such as to cause him to miss the usual means of conveyance home, he shall be conveyed home in a suitable manner, without delay, at the expense of the employer.

MEAL PERIOD.

14. (a) The minimum time allowance for meals shall be three-quarters of an hour, and the maximum allowance one hour. Provided that by agreement with the Union the period may be reduced to not less than half an hour.

(b) No employee shall be compelled to break shift except for meals, and no shift shall exceed five hours without a break for meals.

(c) Where an employee is required to work during his usual meal period he shall be paid one-half extra on the hourly rate of his weekly wage for the time so worked, and he shall be allowed his usual meal period as soon as it can be arranged.

(d) The lunch period of any employee shall be between the hours of noon and 2 p.m.

TERMS OF EMPLOYMENT.

15. (a) No person shall be employed except as a weekly employee, or a casual employee.

(b) A weekly employee, to become entitled to payment of a weekly wage, shall perform such work as the employer shall from time to time require on the days and during the hours usually worked by such employee.

(c) (i) The employment of an employee may be terminated by a week's notice on either side or by the employer at his option by payment of a week's wages in lieu of notice and such notice may be given on any day of the week to take effect one week after the day on which it is given. This shall not affect the right of the employer to dismiss any employee without notice for malinger, inefficiency, neglect of duty, or misconduct, and, in such case, wages shall be paid up to the time of dismissal only, or to deduct payment for any day the employee cannot usefully be employed because of any strike of the Union, or any other Union, or through any breakdown of machinery or any stoppage of work for any cause for which the employer cannot be held responsible.

Provided always that the notice referred to in this paragraph shall not be given so as to take effect concurrently with any annual holiday to which the employee may be entitled and such notice or payment in lieu of notice shall be additional to any money payable to the employee under clause 7 of this Determination.

(ii) In the event of work being temporarily stopped by a breakdown of machinery, or by any cause for which the employer cannot be held responsible, and the employee has lost at least two days' pay, the employee may inform the employer of his intention to terminate his employment, whereupon the employment shall be terminated without the employee being required to give the week's notice mentioned in paragraph (i) hereof, and he shall be paid such moneys as are due to him under this Determination.

(d) If an employee's service be terminated during the course of the week, he shall be paid all money due to him at the termination of his service, or all money due to such employee shall be forwarded to him by post within 24 hours thereafter. Without prejudice to his liability to legal proceedings in respect of such non-observance, an employer not observing this provision shall pay such employee an extra full day's pay for each day after the employer's usual pay day upon which he applies at the employer's place of business for payment of the amount due to him, and does not receive it.

SICK LEAVE.

16. The following provisions shall apply to sick leave and sick pay :—

(a) A weekly employee not attending for duty shall lose his pay for the actual time lost unless he produces or forwards within 28 hours of the commencement of such absence evidence or a message satisfactory to the employer that his non-attendance was due to personal ill-health necessitating such absence.

(b) An employer who deems the evidence or message referred to in paragraph (a) hereof to be unsatisfactory may (within 48 hours from the receipt thereof) forward to the employee by registered post or by telegram or deliver to him a request for further evidence of the personal ill-health necessitating his absence. The employee shall reply within 48 hours from the receipt of the request. He may deliver his reply to the employer or send it by registered post or by telegram.

(c) If an employer within 48 hours after the receipt by him of the reply referred to in paragraph (b) hereof fails to despatch, in the manner provided in paragraph (b) hereof, a written notice to the employee that he does not accept the reply as satisfactory evidence of the facts alleged by it, it shall be deemed to be prima facie evidence that the absence of the employee was due to personal ill-health.

(d) If an employer within 48 hours after receipt by him of the written reply referred to in paragraph (b) hereof does not accept such as satisfactory evidence of personal ill-health, he may require further evidence and the employee must within a reasonable time furnish such further evidence. If the employer requires the employee to obtain a medical certificate or other proof of personal ill-health, he shall pay or refund any fee and incidental expenses necessarily paid or incurred by the employee. The employee shall submit to medical examination at the employer's expense if so required, and shall not obstruct or interfere with inquiries deemed to be necessary by the employer.

(e) In any case where the period of 48 hours referred to in paragraph (c) and (d) hereof expires after the finish of the last working day in the calendar week, or on a public holiday, the period shall be deemed to extend to noon of the next ordinary working day, and in any case where illness commences after the finish of such last working day the said period of 48 hours shall be deemed to commence at the starting hour of the next ordinary working day.

(f) A weekly employee shall not be entitled to the sick pay benefits of this clause until he has worked in the employment of his employer for a period of three working weeks.

(g) Notwithstanding that he may be employed by different employers he shall not be entitled to payment for non-attendance on the ground of personal ill-health for more than 40 hours in each year. Such year shall begin on the first day of January of each year.

(h) Any requirement in "writing" shall be deemed to be complied with where a telegram is received or dispatched.

CUMULATIVE SICK LEAVE.

17. (a) Sick leave shall accumulate from year to year so that the period of 40 hours in each year (or any balance of the period) specified in clause 16 hereof which has in any year not been allowed to an employee by an employer as paid sick leave, may be claimed by the employee and subject to the conditions prescribed in clause 16, shall be allowed by that employer in a subsequent year without diminution of the sick leave prescribed in respect of that year. Provided that sick leave which accumulates pursuant hereto shall be available to the employee for a period of two years but for no longer from the end of the year in which it accrues.

(b) An employee's rights under this clause shall begin to accrue from the first day of January, 1949.

(c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, any employee who at the commencement date of this Determination has acquired rights under the Determination hereby revoked shall have such rights preserved to him as though they were prescribed in this Determination and his employer shall grant them to the employee on application. The provisions of this sub-section shall lapse on the 31st day of December, 1950; any employee affected will then be deemed to be subject to this clause.

CASUAL EMPLOYEES.

18. (a) An employer when engaging a person for casual employment shall inform him then and there that he is to be employed as a casual. Except where this is done the employee shall be a weekly employee. A casual employee, after two weeks' of continuous employment as a casual employee, shall become a weekly employee.

(b) A casual employee has been continuously employed when he or she has worked the same days and hours as a weekly employee.

(c) If a casual employee commences duty on any day, or is directed to attend for duty and actually attends on any day, such employee shall in respect of such day be paid at the rate herein provided and for six hours (either day or night) at the least.

(d) A casual employee, whether working on day or night shift, shall be paid for such work the hourly rate prescribed for such work, with the addition of 15 per cent.

(e) A casual employee, when working on a holiday or on overtime or at a time for which a weekly employee is paid above his ordinary rate of pay shall have his rate of pay as a casual employee increased by the same proportion (e.g., one-half or double, as the case may be) as the weekly worker's rate applicable to the class of work done by the casual employee is directed to be increased under this Determination for work done on such holiday, overtime, or other time, with the addition of 15 per cent.

OVERALLS, UNIFORMS, ETC.

19. (a) An employer who requires any employee to wear at his or her work a uniform or overall shall provide same and keep it clean and in repair without expense to the employee.

(b) Where a change of dress of employees is rendered necessary by the work to be done, the employer shall provide suitable dressing rooms, and allow each employee dressing time each day.

MIXED FUNCTIONS.

20. Where, during any day, an employee is employed on work requiring the performance of functions involving different rates of wages prescribed by this Determination, the minimum rate of wage to be paid to the employee for that day shall be calculated as if the employee performed such only of the said functions as involved the highest rate of wage.

WAGES AND PAY DAY.

21. (a) Subject to clause 15 (c) hereof, an employee shall be paid his wages on Wednesday, Thursday, or Friday in each week, and not more than two days' pay shall be kept in hand by the employer.

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, an employer shall not be required to pay to an employee any amount which is in dispute as sick pay (should the employee become entitled to the sick pay claimed) until the pay day of the pay week following the pay week in which the claim for sick pay was made to the employer.

RESTRICTIONS ON TAKING WORK OFF AN EMPLOYER'S PREMISES.

22. (a) No work covered by this Determination shall be taken off an employer's premises to be executed by any employee of that employer.

(b) No such work shall be taken off an employer's premises to be executed by any other person, except the employer himself; provided that this sub-clause shall not affect the right of an employer to have work done in a trade supply house.

TIME BOOK.

23. (a) Each employer shall keep a time and wages book, correctly and fully written in ink, showing the name of each employee, and his occupation, the hours worked (including overtime) each day or night, and the wages, overtime, and allowance paid each week; provided that the employer may at his option use a mechanical clock in lieu of a time book for the purpose of recording the time of each employee. The book, or, when a clock is installed, the time cards, shall be open for inspection by a duly accredited official of the Union, or of employees not members of any Union, during the usual office hours at the office or other convenient place. The inspecting official shall be entitled to take and carry away a copy of any entry in such book or time card, and may in any relevant proceeding tender such copies in evidence. Every book or time card kept or made under this clause shall for at least twelve months after the making of any record thereon be kept by the employer at his place of business and shall be there open for inspection under this clause.

(b) The employer shall also keep for inspection a record of the age of each male junior and the age and experience of each female junior.

(c) Twenty-four hours' notice of the intention to inspect the time book shall be given to the employer whose book is to be inspected.

(d) An employer, in showing the hours worked on each day shift or night shift, shall set out the commencing and finishing time of each such shift, together with the commencing and finishing time of the meal period in each such shift. When the hours of overtime are shown the commencing and finishing time of such overtime shall be set out.

AUTHORIZED PERSONS MAY ENTER FACTORY.

24. (a)—

(i) The secretary-treasurer or assistant secretary of the Union;

(ii) The secretary of the appropriate branch or sub-branch thereof of the Union; or

(iii) An officer of the appropriate branch or sub-branch thereof of the Union accredited in writing by the secretary of the branch—

shall have power to enter and inspect during working hours any part of a factory or workshop where work covered by this Determination is done and to interview the employees in regard to their wages, rates, and conditions of employment.

(b) At least three hours' notice shall be given to the employer or his representative by any such person or persons prior to his or their actual going on the premises, and the employer shall be notified of his or their arrival, and he or his representative shall be entitled to accompany any such person or persons, and shall provide access to the wages book and time sheet and records of any employee. Upon request of the said person or persons the employer or his representative shall produce or shall permit to be seen any work or part of any work done or in the course of being done by an employee. The work and duties of the employee shall be interfered with as little as possible by any such person or persons.

UNION OFFICIAL VISITING FACTORY.

25. (a) An employer shall permit any authorized person referred to in clause 24 sub-clause (a) hereof, to enter his factory for the purpose of—

(i) Collecting members' contributions;

(ii) Posting Union notices and/or interviewing employees on matters relating to this industry and/or this Determination.

(b) Such authorized person shall inform the person in charge of his arrival before entering the factory. Such person shall have reasonable ingress into the factory and access to employees. The employer or his representative shall be entitled to accompany such person or persons while they are in the factory.

(c) Not more than two authorized persons shall at any one time visit or be in any one working establishment, and not more than two visits shall be made in any week to any employer's factory by authorized persons.

(d) If any employer alleges that an authorized person is unduly interfering with his working establishment, or is creating disaffection amongst his employees, or is offensive in his methods, or is committing a breach of any of the previous conditions, such employer may refuse the right of entry.

UNION DELEGATE.

26. Not more than two delegates, chosen by and from the employees of an employer, shall be allowed the necessary time in working hours to interview the employer or his representative for the purpose of submitting grievances.

SEATING PROVISION.

27. (a) Any male employee whose work requires him to be seated shall be provided with a reasonably comfortable seat.
 (b) Any female employee whose work permits of her being seated or requires her to be seated shall be provided with a reasonably comfortable seat.
 (c) The use of metal seating accommodation shall not be permitted unless effectively covered with felt or similar material.

HEALTH NOTICES.

28. Notices containing advice for the preservation of the health and protection of workmen, if provided by the Union, shall be kept prominently posted and displayed in all workrooms by the employer.

HEALTH PROVISIONS.

29. (a) Dry sweeping shall not be permitted or carried out in any factory, workshop, or place. All establishments and workshops shall be efficiently ventilated.
 (b) The employer shall provide a suitable place for male employees and a separate suitable place for female employees to wash their hands, and a sufficient number of wash basins for their use. As early as possible, but within a period of two years from the operative date of this Determination, each employer shall provide an adequate supply of hot water for the use of his employees.
 (c) Proper facilities shall be provided by the employer so that the clothing of employees taken off during working hours may be protected from the dust of the work-room.
 (d) Each workroom, lavatory, and convenience of any factory or workshop shall be thoroughly swept and cleaned at least once each day, and at least once each week each lavatory or convenience shall be thoroughly scrubbed out with phenyle or other disinfectant.
 (e) In each factory or workshop where the floors are composed of materials known as granolithic, or concrete, or combinations of cement, stone, or asphalt, employers shall provide some suitable covering material, to eliminate cold and damp, upon which the worker may stand whilst at work.
 (f) All saws shall, so far as possible, be so enclosed as to minimize noise and prevent the spraying of particles of meta and wood.
 (g) An employee whose work entails the use of solutions or acids which injure his hands or any part of his body shall be provided with gloves in good condition by his employer.

LIGHTING OF WORKROOMS.

30. (a) Each employer shall make provision in his factory or workshop for adequate light for employees to perform their work, and as far as possible artificial light shall be avoided.
 (b) Where artificial light is in use, effective shades shall be provided by the employer to prevent eye strain. Artificial light shall be so situated as to enable the employee to work without unnecessary strain to the eyes.
 (c) Light shades shall be kept clean.
 (d) All external windows of each workroom shall be kept clean on both the inner and outer surfaces.

FIRST-AID CHEST.

31. The employer shall provide a first-aid chest, which shall be a suitable dust-proof receptacle, made of either metal or wood, for the use of the employees, in some accessible place in the factory. Such chest shall be equipped and supplied with the following articles, namely:—

Article.	Quantities to be Kept in Ambulance Chest In—	
	Factories and Workshops in which not more than 30 Persons are Employed.	Factories or Workshops in which more than 30 Persons are Employed.
Olive oil	2 oz.	4 oz.
Proflavine or Dettol	2 oz.	4 oz.
Sal Volatile	4 oz.	8 oz.
Cotton wool	4 oz.	8 oz.
Burn dressings	1 packet	2 packets
Gauze	1 packet	1 packet
Lint	1 packet	1 packet
Sterilized dressings	1 packet	2 packets
Bandages, including four triangular bandages	Assorted sizes	Assorted sizes
Adhesive plaster	Assorted sizes	Assorted sizes
Safety pins	Assorted sizes	Assorted sizes
Scissors	1 pair	1 pair
Forceps, removing	1 pair	1 pair
Eye dropper	1	1
Eye bath	1	1
Kidney bowl	1	1
Magnifying glass	1	1
Basin	1	1
Medicine measure, graduated to 2 tablespoons	1	1
Torniquet	1	1
First-aid Manual	1	1

An employer shall endeavour to have at least one employee on day staff or night shift trained to render first aid.

DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS.

32. (a) The hourly rate for any work for which a weekly rate is prescribed by this Determination shall be ascertained by dividing the weekly rate by the number of hours which constitute the employee's ordinary working week.
 (b) The word "factory" or the words "factory or workshop" shall include every room or place where work in respect of which a wage is prescribed by this Determination is carried out by employees.
 (c) A day's work shall mean work done between the usual hours of commencing and finishing work on any day or night shift, or any mixed day and night shift.
 (d) A duly accredited or authorized official or person, member of the Union shall mean any officer or member of such a Union or of the appropriate branch or sub-branch thereof who may be accredited in writing by its secretary-treasurer, assistant secretary, or appropriate branch secretary, and shall include its secretary-treasurer, assistant secretary, and branch secretary.
 (e) Photo-lithographic camera operating shall mean and refer to the work of an employee in or in connexion with lithography when done with the use of a camera.
 (f) Photo-lithographic art work shall mean and refer to the work of an employee in or in connexion with lithography when engaged in designing, sketching, or drawing, or in such other operations as may be determined by the Apprenticeship Commission.

(g) "Photo-gravure art work" shall mean and refer to the work of an employee in or in connexion with gravure processes, when engaged in designing, sketching, or drawing, or in such other operations as may be determined by the Apprenticeship Commission.

(h) "Photo-gravure retouching work" shall mean and refer to the work of an employee in or in connexion with gravure processes, when engaged in retouching or in such other operations as may be determined by the Apprenticeship Commission.

(i) "Photo-gravure planning" shall mean and refer to the work of an employee in or in connexion with making-up or laying-out negatives or positives or in the processes of registering, making margins, and positioning, and all things incidental thereto.

(j) "Photo-gravure plate or cylinder making" shall mean and refer to that group of operations or any of them applied in the processing, preparation, and production of gravure metal printing plates and/or cylinders (other than the operations of gravure art work, gravure camera operating, and gravure printing or machining), and shall include sensitizing carbon tissue, printing down carbon tissue on plates and/or cylinders, developing, painting out, mixing and preparing etching solutions, etching, finishing-off (i.e., hand engraving faults), charcoaling tones and re-polishing and proofing or in such other operations as may be determined by the Apprenticeship Commission.

(k) "Photo-Engraving" shall mean and refer, without limiting the meaning of such words, to that group of operations or any of them for printing or other purposes applied in the processing, preparation, and production of photo-engraved plates of metal or other material, including the operations of photo-engraving art work, photo-engraving camera work, the preparation and coating of metal plates and other materials, stripping, imposing, opaquing, retouching, photo imposing, developing, dyeing, burning-in, staging, line and/or half-tone etching, engraving, proofing, routing, mounting and finishing, or in such other operations as may be determined by the Apprenticeship Commission.

(l) "Union" shall mean the Federated Process Engravers, Photo-Lithographers, and Photo-Gravure Employees' Association of Australia.

PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

33. The wages rates for adults set out in clause 2, are based upon the following basic wage rates, and, pursuant to the provisions of section 21 of the *Factories and Shops Act 1934*, the Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically adjusted by the same amount and at the same time as such basic wage as prescribed by clause 34.

The basic wage for adult females shall approximate from time to time to 54 per cent. of the total basic wage assigned to males, calculated to the nearest 6d.

The wage rates for juniors (other than apprentices) shall be adjusted at the same time as the said basic wage in accordance with the schedule of percentages prescribed in clause 2, such adjustments shall be to the nearest 6d.

Basic Wage.

Place.	Needs Basic Wage (Adjustable).	Loading (Constant).	Total Basic Wage.	Index Number Set Assigned.
	£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	
Victoria	6 2 0	6 0	6 8 0	Melbourne

ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

34. (a) For the purposes of this Determination, the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's 'all items' retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.

(b) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November, 1949, the amounts of the Basic Wage shall be as prescribed in clause 33.

(c) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November, a February, a May, or an August, the amount of the needs basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method, namely, by multiplying the last published Commonwealth Statistician's "all items" retail price index number by the factor .087 taken to one place of decimals, the resultant whole number being the amount of the basic wage expressed in shillings, but, should the decimal number reach .5 or more, the basic wage shall be taken to the next higher shilling.

A. V. BARNES, J.P., Chairman.

J. W. RYAN, Secretary.

Melbourne, 4th August, 1949.

[5369]



VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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No. 817]

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF A WAGES BOARD ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1934 (No. 4275).

I, Raymond Henry Beers, Secretary for Labour, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the Factories and Shops Acts, hereby make and issue the following adjusted Determination of the Wages Board referred to hereunder showing adjusted rates and prices to operate from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949.

Dated at Melbourne, this
16th day of August, 1949.

RAY. H. BEERS,
Secretary for Labour.

BOARDING HOUSES BOARD.

Clause 2 of the Determination published in *Government Gazette* No. 925 of the 16th September, 1948, shall be replaced by the following clause:—

2.

APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS.

Wages per Week of 40 Hours.							PROPORTION (IN ANY PLACE).	
	Males.			Females.			MALES OR FEMALES.	
	Ordinary Wage.	War Loading.	Total Wage.	Ordinary Wage.	War Loading.	Total Wage.		
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.		
Under 16 years of age ..	39 0	1 0	40 0	39 0	1 0	40 0	Apprentices. One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.	
16 years of age ..	52 9	1 6	54 3	41 6	1 0	42 6		
17 ..	61 0	1 6	62 6	48 3	1 3	49 6		
18 ..	68 9	1 9	70 6	51 0	1 6	52 6		
19 ..	84 0	2 3	86 3	55 6	1 6	57 0		
20 ..	108 9	3 0	111 9	62 9	1 9	64 6	Improvers. One improver to every four or fraction of four workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.	

2.—continued.

OTHER EMPLOYEES.	WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.†	
	*Minimum Wage, without Board and Lodging.	
	Metropolitan District; the Cities of Ballarat, Bendigo, Geelong, Geelong West, Sandringham, and Warrnambool, the Town of Newtown and Chilwell, and the Boroughs of Eaglehawk and Sebastopol.	All other Parts of Victoria.
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
<i>Males.</i>		
Porter	141 0	138 0
Head Waiter	151 0	148 0
Other Waiters	141 0	138 0
First Cook, where the number of persons employed in the kitchen is eight or more	191 0	188 0
Five, six or seven	181 0	178 0
Three or four	163 0	160 0
Two or less	157 0	154 0
Second Cook, where the number of persons employed in the kitchen is eight or more	173 6	170 6
Five, six, or seven	163 6	160 6
Other Second Cooks	151 0	148 0
Sweets Cook	153 0	150 0
Grill, Relieving, or Assistant Cook	151 0	148 0
Pantryman or Kitchenman	141 0	138 0
Persons not otherwise provided for	141 0	138 0
<i>Females.</i>		
Housekeeper	98 6	95 6
Laundress	88 6	85 6
Housemaid, Parlourmaid, or General	84 6	81 6
Head Waitress	88 6	85 6
Other Waitresses	84 6	81 6
First Cook	109 6	106 6
Second Cooks	103 6	100 6
Sweets Cook	104 6	101 6
Grills, Relieving, or Assistant Cook	103 6	100 6
Pantrymaid or Kitchenmaid	84 6	81 6
Persons not otherwise provided for	84 6	81 6

* Except in the case of an apprentice or an improver, the minimum wage shall be, where the employer—

(a) boards the employee with three meals per day, 16s. per week less, or

(b) boards and lodges the employee, 21s. per week less.

†NOTE.—War Loadings: For convenience War Loadings as follows:—

Males	4s. 0d. per week
Females	2s. 6d. per week

have been included in wages for employees classified under heading of other employees.

NOTE.—A copy of this Determination shall be displayed at or near the entrance of every establishment where the Determination of this Wages Board applies.

Under the provisions of Section 7 of the Factories and Shops Act 1936 (No. 4461) every employer of any employee in any Boarding House is required to keep a time-book or other record in the prescribed form wherein each employee shall enter daily a record of the hours worked.

Clauses, other than clause 2, of the said Determination shall remain in force.



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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF A WAGES BOARD ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1934 (No. 4275).

I, Raymond Henry Beers, Secretary for Labour, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the Factories and Shops Acts, hereby make and issue the following adjusted Determination of the Wages Board referred to hereunder showing adjusted rates and prices to operate from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949.

Dated at Melbourne, this
24th day of August, 1949.

RAY H. BEERS,
Secretary for Labour.

SHOPS BOARD No. 1 (BOOT DEALERS).

Clause 2 of the Determination published in *Government Gazette* No. 632 of the 5th August, 1949, shall be replaced by the following clause:—

2.

Apprentices or Improvers.				Other Employees.		
Wages per Week of 40 Hours.				Wages per Week of 40 Hours.		
					Within the Metro- politan District; the Cities of Geelong and Geelong West; and the Town of Newtown and Chilwell.	All other parts of Victoria where this Determination applies.
				Males.		
				s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Under 16 years .. .. .	..	..	..	38 0	32 0	
16 years .. .. .	..	..	..	59 0	43 0	
17 " .. .. .	..	..	..	80 0	52 6	
18 " .. .. .	..	..	..	101 6	61 6	
19 " .. .. .	..	..	..	122 6	71 6	
20 " .. .. .	..	..	..	141 0	81 0	

Provided that any apprentice or improver without previous experience entering the trade at 17, 18, 19, or 20 years of age may be paid for his or her first year's service 12½ per cent. and for his or her second year's service 10 per cent. less than the rates fixed above.

PROPORTION (IN ANY SHOP OR PLACE).						
APPRENTICES.						
Males.						
One male apprentice to every three or fraction of three male persons receiving not less than 162s. per week of 40 hours.						
Females.						
One female apprentice to every three or fraction of three female persons receiving not less than 104s. 6d. per week of 40 hours.						
An indenture of apprenticeship prescribed by the Board was approved on 28th March, 1923.						
IMPROVERS.						
Males.						
Two male improvers to one						
Four " " " two						
Five " " " three						
Six " " " four						
Seven " " " five						
Eight " " " six						
Nine " " " seven						
Ten " " " eight						
and thereafter one additional male improver to every two or fraction of two additional.						

MALES.				s. d.	s. d.
Manager of a shop or head salesman, i.e., the principal employee in any shop, branch shop, or boot and/or shoe department in any establishment in which are sold goods other than those sold by boot dealers, notwithstanding he may be under the orders of another person who does not devote his whole time to the supervision of such shop, branch shop, or department—					
(a) Working singly	..	..	169 0	166 0	
(b) In charge of 1, 2, 3, or 4 persons	..	..	174 6	171 6	
(c) In charge of 5 or more persons	..	..	185 6	182 6	
Salemen	..	..	165 0	162 0	
Persons employed in the parcels or country order office, or as packers, porters, or storemen			165 0	162 0	

Improvers.	Other Employees.		
	Wages per Week of 40 Hours.		
		Within the Metro- politan District the Cities of Geelong and Geelong West; and the Town of Newtown and Chilwell.	All other parts of Victoria where this Determination applies.
PROPORTION (IN ANY SHOP OR PLACE). IMPROVERS	FEMALES.	s. d.	s. d.
<p><i>Females.</i></p> <p>Two female improvers to one Four " " " two Five " " " three Six " " " four Seven " " " five Eight " " " six Nine " " " seven Ten " " " eight</p> <p>female persons receiving not less than 104s. 6d. per week of 40 hours,</p>	<p>Manageress of a shop or head sales- woman, i.e., the principal em- ployee in any shop, branch shop, or boot and/or shoe department in any establishment in which are sold goods other than those sold by bootdealers, notwithstanding she may be under the orders of another person who does not devote his whole time to the supervision of such shop, branch shop, or department—</p> <p>(a) Working singly (b) In charge of 1, 2, 3, or 4 persons (c) In charge of 5 or more persons</p>		
<p>and thereafter one additional female improver to every two or fraction of two additional.</p>	<p>Saleswomen</p>	<p>169 0 174 6 185 6 109 0</p>	<p>166 0 171 6 182 6 104 6</p>
<p>Provided that one female improver in lieu of one male improver, or one male improver in lieu of one female improver, may be employed.</p>			

Clauses, other than clause 2, of the said Determination shall remain in force.



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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949]

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF A WAGES BOARD ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1934 (No. 4275).

I, Raymond Henry Beers, Secretary for Labour, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the Factories and Shops Acts, hereby make and issue the following adjusted Determination of the Wages Board referred to hereunder showing adjusted rates and prices to operate from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949.

Dated at Melbourne, this
12th day of September, 1949.

RAY H. BEERS,
Secretary for Labour.

SHOPS BOARD No. 16 (HARDWARE).

Clause 2 of the Determination published in *Government Gazette* No. 759 of the 30th August, 1949, shall be replaced by the following clause:—

2.

Apprentices or Improvers. (The Masculine to include the Feminine.)				Other Employees. (The Masculine to include the Feminine.)				Metropolitan District.	Outside Metropolitan District where Determination Applies.
WAGES.				WAGES.				Per week of 40 hours.	Per week of 40 hours.
								£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Under 16 years of age	..	..	..	31	9	Departmental managers, or branch managers, having under their control—			
16 years of age	..	..	..	42	3	3 or more salesmen, 21 years of age or			
17 ..	..	..	..	53	9	over			
18 ..	..	..	..	71	6	Other Branch Managers	..	9 5 0	9 2 0
19 ..	..	..	..	91	6	Outside salesmen	..	8 8 6	8 5 6
20 ..	..	..	..	120	0	Salesmen or Buyers	..	8 5 0	8 2 0
								7 18 0	7 18 0
Proportion (in any shop or place).									
One apprentice to every three workers or fraction of three workers employed, and receiving not less than the minimum wage.									
One improver to one worker									
Two improvers to two, three or four workers									
Three improvers to five, six or seven workers									
Four improvers to eight workers									
Five improvers to nine or ten workers and thereafter one improver to every two or fraction of two workers.									

NOTE.—See Clause 20 re Definitions.

Clauses, other than clause 2, of the said Determination shall remain in force.

By Authority: J. J. GOURLEY, Government Printer, Melbourne.

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF A WAGES BOARD ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1934 (No. 4275).

I, Raymond Henry Beers, Secretary for Labour, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the Factories and Shops Acts, hereby make and issue the following adjusted Determination of the Wages Board referred to hereunder showing adjusted rates and prices to operate from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949.

Dated at Melbourne, this
19th day of August, 1949.

RAY. H. BEERS,
Secretary for Labour.

SHOPS BOARD No. 21 (BOOKSELLERS AND NEWSAGENTS).

Clause 2 of the Determination published in *Government Gazette* No. 628 of the 5th August, 1949, shall be replaced by the following clause:—

2.

Apprentices or Improvers.			Other Employees.				
WAGES.	Per week of 40 hours.		WAGES.	Per week of 40 hours.			
	Males.	Females.		Within the Metropolitan District.		All other parts of Victoria where this Determination applies.	
				Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
15 years of age or under	40 0	35 0	DEPARTMENTAL MANAGER, i.e., a person in control of two or more persons (not including bookstall employees) receiving not less than the minimum wage—				
16 years of age ..	48 0	43 6					
17 years of age ..	61 6	53 6					
18 years of age ..	78 6	62 0					
19 years of age ..	97 0	72 0					
20 years of age ..	116 6	80 6					
PROPORTIONS (by any employer).							
<i>Apprentices.</i>							
One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.							
An indenture of apprenticeship has been prescribed by the Board.							
<i>Improvers.</i>							
Two improvers to each adult worker receiving not less than 152s. 6d. per week of 40 hours in the case of a male adult and 90s. 6d. per week of 40 hours in the case of a female adult.							

Clause, other than clause 2, of the said Determination shall remain in force.

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[1949

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF A WAGES BOARD ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1934 (No. 4275).

I, Raymond Henry Beers, Secretary for Labour, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the Factories and Shops Acts, hereby make and issue the following adjusted Determination of the Wages Board referred to hereunder showing adjusted rates and prices to operate from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949.

Dated at Melbourne, this
19th day of August, 1949.

RAY H. BEERS,
Secretary for Labour.

SHOPS BOARD No. 12 (FUEL AND FODDER).

Clauses 2 and 3 of the Determination published in *Government Gazette* No. 601 of the 21st July, 1949, shall be replaced by the following clauses:—

2 (i)

Improvers.		Other Employees.			
WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.		WAGES.		Within the cities of Ballarat and Bendigo, and the boroughs of Eaglehawk and Sebastopol.	
		(a) In Hay, Corn, or Chaff Stores. (b) Employed handling or distributing brewers' or distillers' grains		All other parts of Victoria where this Determination applies.	
		Foreman, i.e., the man who gives instructions to and is responsible for the work done by not fewer than three adults employed in the store			
		s. d.		s. d.	
Under 17 years of age	62 3	153 0 per week of 40 hours		156 0 per week of 40 hrs.	
17 years of age ..	72 3	148 0 .. 40 "		151 0 .. 40 "	
18	89 6	154 0 .. 40 "		157 0 .. 40 "	
19	99 0	160 0 .. 40 "		163 0 .. 40 "	
20	109 0	144 0 .. 40 "		147 0 .. 40 "	
		149 0 .. 40 "		152 0 .. 40 "	
		0 6 extra per day ..		0 6 extra per day ..	
		146 0 per week of 40 hours		149 0 per week of 40 hrs.	

Improvers.	Other Employees.		
PROPORTION. One improver to the first four or fraction of four workers receiving not less than 144s. per week of 40 hours, and thereafter one improver to each additional four such workers.	WAGES—continued.	Within the cities of Ballarat and Bendigo, and the boroughs of Eaglehawk and Sebastopol.	All other parts of Victoria where this Determination applies.
	Wood Yards, or Wood, Coal, and Coke (Combined) Yards.		
	Yardman in charge, i.e., the person for the time being entrusted with the control or superintendence of a wood yard or a wood and coal yard (combined), notwithstanding he may be under the orders of a superior who does not devote his whole time to the management of the same yard ..	s. d. 146 0 per week of 40 hours	s. d. 149 0 per week of 40 hours
	Drivers of motor wagons—		
	(a) having a capacity of 2 tons or less ..	148 0 " 40 "	151 0 " 40 "
	(b) having a capacity exceeding 2 tons, but not exceeding 4 tons ..	154 0 " 40 "	157 0 " 40 "
	(c) having a capacity exceeding 4 tons, with 1s. per day extra for each trailer ..	160 0 " 40 "	163 0 " 40 "
	Carters driving one horse ..	144 0 " 40 "	147 0 " 40 "
	Carters driving two horses ..	149 0 " 40 "	152 0 " 40 "
	And for every additional horse ..	0 6 extra per day	0 6 extra per day
	All others ..	144 0 per week of 40 hours	147 0 per week of 40 hours
	Coal Yards (i.e., Places where at least 80 per cent. of the Business is done in Coal) or Coke Yards.		
	Drivers of motor wagons—		
	(a) having a capacity of 2 tons or less ..	148 0 per week of 40 hours	151 0 per week of 40 hours
	(b) having a capacity exceeding 2 tons, but not exceeding 4 tons ..	154 0 " 40 "	157 0 " 40 "
	(c) having a capacity exceeding 4 tons, with 1s. per day extra for each trailer ..	160 0 " 40 "	163 0 " 40 "
	Carters driving one horse ..	144 0 " 40 "	147 0 " 40 "
	Carters driving two horses ..	149 0 " 40 "	152 0 " 40 "
	And for every additional horse ..	0 6 extra per day	0 6 extra per day
	All others ..	157 0 per week of 40 hours	160 0 per week of 40 hours
	Firewood Saw Mills (i.e., Places where Mechanical Power is used to saw Firewood).		
	Benchmen ..	150 0 per week of 40 hours	153 0 per week of 40 hours
	Drivers of motor wagons—		
	(a) having a capacity of 2 tons or less ..	148 0 " 40 "	151 0 " 40 "
	(b) having a capacity exceeding 2 tons, but not exceeding 4 tons ..	154 0 " 40 "	157 0 " 40 "
	(c) having a capacity exceeding 4 tons, with 1s. per day extra for each trailer ..	160 0 " 40 "	163 0 " 40 "
	Carters driving one horse ..	144 0 " 40 "	147 0 " 40 "
	Carters driving two horses ..	149 0 " 40 "	152 0 " 40 "
	And for every additional horse ..	0 6 extra per day	0 6 extra per day
	All others ..	146 0 per week of 40 hours	149 0 per week of 40 hours

See also Clauses 2 (ii) and 3.

(ii) EXTRA RATES.		per week.
	s. d.	
Further additional amount for a person employed handling or distributing brewers' or distillers' grains ..	3 0	
Further additional amount for a person employed handling or distributing brewers' or distillers' grains in lieu of employer providing working trousers and footwear ..	3 0	
Further additional amount for an employee driver who is required in any week to collect moneys and account for them as part of his duties ..	2 0	

3. ALLOWANCES.

(i) To the amounts otherwise prescribed in this Determination shall be added the following :—

- (a) Driver of a motor vehicle fitted with a charcoal gas producer unit—for each day or portion thereof upon which he is called upon to drive such vehicle .. 1s. per day
- (b) Cleaner of gas producer unit (who is not a driver) for each day or part thereof upon which he is called upon to clean such unit .. An extra 1s.

(ii) Suitable overalls and gloves shall be provided by the employer for any employee mentioned in sub-clause (i) hereof.

(iii) The employer shall provide suitable washing conveniences for any employee mentioned in sub-clause (i) hereof, together with hot water or some other efficient cleansing material.

NOTE.—To the weekly earnings of each pieceworker the sum of 20s. shall be added, provided that where less than 40 hours are worked in any week, a proportionate amount shall be added in lieu of such sum.

Clauses, other than clauses 2 and 3, of the said Determination shall remain in force.



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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF A WAGES BOARD ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1934 (No. 4275).

I, Raymond Henry Beers, Secretary for Labour, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the Factories and Shops Acts, hereby make and issue the following adjusted Determination of the Wages Board referred to hereunder showing adjusted rates and prices to operate from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949.

Dated at Melbourne, this
12th day of September, 1949.

RAY. H. BEERS,
Secretary for Labour.

SHOPS BOARD No. 8 (DAIRY PRODUCE AND COOKED MEAT).

Clause 2 of the Determination published in *Government Gazette* No. 760 of the 30th August, 1949, shall be replaced by the following clause:—

2.

WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.

Apprentices or Improvers.		Other Employees.		
Males.	Females.	WAGES.	Within the Metropolitan District as defined in the <i>Factories and Shops Act 1928</i> (No. 3677).	All other parts of Victoria where this Determination applies.
WAGES.	WAGES.	Males.	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>			
Under 15 years of age .. 32 3	15 years of age or under 39 3	Manager (i.e., the principal employee in any shop except a shop in which an owner or partner is working manager)	172 6	168 0
15 years of age .. 44 3	16 years of age .. 46 9	* Travelling salesman ..	156 6	152 6
16 years of age .. 60 9	17 years of age .. 57 3	All others	156 6	152 6
17 years of age .. 80 0	18 years of age .. 74 0			
18 years of age .. 100 6	19 years of age .. 81 9	<i>Females.</i>		
19 years of age .. 114 9	20 years of age .. 90 0	Managers (i.e., principal employee in any shop where females only are employed, except a shop in which an owner or partner is working manager)—		
20 years of age .. 132 3		In charge of three or more assistants	136 6	132 9
PROPORTION (in any shop or place).	PROPORTION (in any shop or place).	In charge of less than three assistants	125 3	121 9
<i>Apprentices.</i>	<i>Apprentices.</i>	All others	107 9	105 3
One apprentice to every three or fraction of three male workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.	One apprentice to every three or fraction of three female workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.			
<i>Improvers.</i>	<i>Improvers.</i>			
One improver to first two or fraction of two, two to three; and thereafter one improver to every additional two male workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.	One improver to first three or fraction of three, two to four; and thereafter one to every additional three female workers receiving not less than the minimum wage.			

* The hours of a Travelling salesman include time occupied in attending to horses or motor vehicles.

NOTE.—Section 109 of the "Factories and Shops Act 1928" (No. 3677) provides that a shopkeeper shall not charge any manager or assistant who is required to reside on the premises in connexion with the shop in which the business of such shopkeeper is carried on a greater sum as rent for such premises than ten shillings per week.

Section 176 of the Factories and Shops Act 1928 (No. 3677) provides that, where the provisions of a Determination of a Wages Board apply, a true copy of such Determination shall be posted in some conspicuous place in such a position as to be easily read by the persons employed therein. Penalty not exceeding £10.

Section 174 of the Factories and Shops Act 1928 (No. 3677) provides that where any person is employed to perform two or more classes of work to which a rate fixed by a wages board is applicable then such person shall be paid in respect of the time occupied in each class of work at the rate fixed by the Board for such work.

Clauses, other than clause 2, of the said Determination shall remain in force.

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[1949

RAY. H. BEERS,
Secretary for Labour.

2.

No. 623.—8040/49.—PRICE 3d.



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Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF A WAGES BOARD ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1934 (No. 4275).

I, Raymond Henry Beers, Secretary for Labour, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the Factories and Shops Acts, hereby make and issue the following adjusted Determination of the Wages Board referred to hereunder showing adjusted rates and prices to operate from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949.

Dated at Melbourne, this
9th day of September, 1949

RAY H. BEERS,
Secretary for Labour.

WICKER AND BABY CARRIAGE BOARD.

Clauses 2 and 3 of the Determination published in *Government Gazette* No. 3 of the 7th January, 1949, shall be replaced by the following clauses:—

2.

WAGES.

Adults, Journeymen or Journeywomen.	Weekly Wages.	
	Within 20 Miles of G.P.O., Melbourne, 10 Miles of G.P.O., Geelong, at Warrnambool, and in the Mildura and Gippsland Districts.	Elsewhere in Victoria.
WICKER AND BASKET WORK.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Basket maker or repairer	8 15 6	8 12 6
Employee fitting lining or lettering baskets	8 15 6	8 12 6
Wicker frame maker	8 15 6	8 12 6
Wicker furniture maker	8 8 0	8 5 0
Employee making reed tex, hy-tex, or similar materials	8 8 0	8 5 0

WAGES—continued.

Adults, Journeymen or Journeywomen.	Weekly Wages.	
	Within 20 Miles of G.P.O., Melbourne, 10 Miles of G.F.O., Geelong, at Warrnambool, and in the Mildura and Gippsland Districts.	Elsewhere in Victoria.
BABY CARRIAGES, DOLLS' CARRIAGES, OR PARTS THEREOF.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<i>Males.</i>		
Upholsterers	8 8 0	8 5 0
Body-makers	8 8 0	8 5 0
Hood makers	8 8 0	8 5 0
Assembler of baby carriages, dolls' carriages and mobile chairs	8 8 0	8 5 0
Painters	8 8 0	8 5 0
Sprayers	8 8 0	8 5 0
Ironworkers	8 8 0	8 5 0
Wicker workers	8 8 0	8 5 0
Employee making reed tex, hy-tex, or similar materials	8 8 0	8 5 0
Wheel maker	8 8 0	8 5 0
Assembler of parts of dolls' carriages, baby carriages or mobile chairs	6 14 0	6 11 0
<i>Females.</i>		
Machinists, sewers, or cutters	5 16 0	5 13 9
Folding hood makers	5 16 0	5 13 9

APPRENTICES AND IMPROVERS—RATES OF PAY.

3. The following shall be the rates of pay for apprentices and improvers :—

	Within 20 miles of G.P.O., Melbourne, 10 Miles of G.F.O., Geelong, at Warrnambool, and in the Mildura and Gippsland Districts.	Elsewhere in Victoria.
<i>Male Apprentices.</i>		
5-year Term—	s. d.	s. d.
1st year's experience	31 6	30 6
2nd year's experience	43 6	42 6
3rd year's experience	62 6	61 0
4th year's experience	94 0	91 6
5th year's experience	119 0	116 0
4-year Term—		
1st year's experience	37 6	36 6
2nd year's experience	62 6	61 0
3rd year's experience	94 0	91 6
4th year's experience	119 0	116 0
<i>Male Improvers.</i>		
Under 16 years of age	28 0	27 6
16 and under 17	31 6	30 6
17 and under 18	43 6	42 6
18 and under 19	62 6	61 0
19 and under 20	94 0	91 6
20 and under 21	119 0	116 0
<i>Female Apprentices.</i>		
1st year's experience	43 6	42 6
2nd year's experience	62 6	61 0
3rd year's experience	83 0	81 0
4th year's experience	94 6	92 0
(A female shall not be apprenticed until she is 16 years of age)		
<i>Female Improvers.</i>		
16 years and under	31 6	30 6
17 years	43 6	42 6
18 years	62 6	61 0
19 years	83 0	81 0
20 years	94 6	92 0

Clauses, other than clauses 2 and 3, of the said Determination shall remain in force, provided that the weekly earnings of each piece-worker shall be increased by the sum of 44s.



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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF A WAGES BOARD ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1934 (No. 4275).

I, Raymond Henry Beers, Secretary for Labour, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the Factories and Shops Acts, hereby make and issue the following adjusted Determination of the Wages Board referred to hereunder showing adjusted rates and prices to operate from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949.

Dated at Melbourne, this
2nd day of September, 1949.

RAY. H. BEERS,
Secretary for Labour.

IRON AND STEEL ROLLING BOARD.

Clauses 2 and 18 of the Determination published in *Government Gazette* No. 31 of the 11th January, 1949, shall be replaced by the following clauses:—

2.				WAGES.			
Improvers.				Other Employees.			
Wages per week of 40 hours—				Day shift wages per week of 40 hours—			
17 to 19 years of age	..	..	..	£	s.	d.	
19 to 21 years of age	..	..	..	5	8	3	
				6	9	9	
PROPORTION (in any place).							
One improver to every six adults receiving not less than 134s. per week of 40 hours.				Roller	..	..	11 9 3
				Furnaceman	..	..	10 17 6
				Rougher	..	..	10 10 0
				Catcher (three high roughing Rolls)	..	..	10 10 0
				Catcher who is responsible for adjusting guards	..	..	8 2 0
				Other Catchers	..	..	7 19 0
				Annealer or Heat Treatment Hand	..	..	8 12 6
				Roller's Assistant	..	..	8 9 6
				Charger	..	..	8 0 0
				Shearsman of scrap (Crocodile Shears)	..	..	8 0 0
				Yard Shearsman	..	..	8 0 0
				Billet Shearsman	..	..	8 0 0
				Scrap Bar and/or Scrap Shearsman	..	..	7 16 6
				Shearsman (small mill Brooklyn)	..	..	7 16 6
				Other Shearsmen	..	..	7 11 6
				Setter Up	..	..	7 16 11
				Carrier Up (large mill)	..	..	7 14 0
				Carrier Up (small mill)	..	..	7 8 8
				Underhand, second, handling up to 300-lb. blooms	..	..	8 0 10
				Underhand who also assists to feed furnace	..	..	7 14 0
				Underhand	..	..	7 11 6
				Hookman	..	..	7 14 0
				Middleman	..	..	7 14 0
				Straightener	..	..	7 14 0
				Straightener's Assistant	..	..	7 11 6
				Chipper	..	..	7 14 0
				Heater	..	..	7 19 6
				Assistant Furnaceman	..	..	7 14 0
				Plate Hand	..	..	7 11 6
				Furnaceman at electric furnace	..	..	8 15 6
				Pitman at electric furnace	..	..	8 3 0
				Ladleman at electric furnace	..	..	8 3 0
				Assistant at electric furnace	..	..	7 12 0
				Assistant to Shearsman	..	..	7 11 6
				Other employees with not less than three months' experience in this industry	..	..	7 0 0
				All others	..	..	6 14 0

NOTE.—The Board has determined in accordance with section 25 (1) of the amended *Factories and Shops Act* 1934 that the process, trade, business or occupation is so unskilled that no person shall be taken as an apprentice.

No. 825.—8054/49.—PRICE 3d.

PIECEWORK.

18.—The lowest piecework price payable to any person employed shall be the price mentioned in the following Schedule, which Schedule shall form part of this Determination:—

Such piecework prices shall be adjusted from time to time to conform as far as practicable, and to the nearest farthing, with the wage rate adjustments as set out in clauses 16 and 17, and the following method shall be used for the purpose of such adjustments:—

The piecework prices for the respective classifications shall each be multiplied by the number of shillings (and fraction of a shilling, if any) in the appropriate weekly wage rate as adjusted, and the resultant amount divided by the number of shillings (and fraction of a shilling, if any) in the appropriate weekly wage rate shown in the Determination of the Board which came into operation as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence after the 1st December, 1947.

The Board has also determined that where any person employed on tonnage rates set out in such Schedule fails to earn during any day on which he is so employed an amount equal to one-fifth of the prescribed weekly rate he shall be paid for such day not less than one-fifth of the prescribed weekly rate. Provided that if such employee elects to work for a shorter period than the number of hours fixed for an ordinary day's work he shall be paid a sum proportionate to the time worked.

				<i>s. d.</i>	<i>Large Mill.</i>
Roller	..	..	..	5 6½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
				5 2½	per ton of scrap iron bars.
Rougher	..	..	..	4 0	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
				7 2½	per ton of scrap iron bars.
Catcher	..	..	..	2 9½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
				4 2	per ton of scrap iron bars.
Middleman	..	..	..	2 8	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
Large Hook	..	..	..	2 7	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
				3 8½	per ton of scrap iron bars.
Small Hook	..	..	..	2 7	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
Platehand	..	..	..	2 7½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
Leading Platehand	..	..	..	2 8	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
				3 11½	per ton of scrap iron bars.
Furnaceman	..	..	..	8 8½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
				12 7	per ton of scrap iron bars.
Underhand	..	..	..	5 4½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
				7 8½	per ton of scrap iron bars.
Carrier Up	..	..	..	2 8	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
Carrier Up (Assistant)	..	..	..	2 7½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel.
<i>Small Mill.</i>					
Roller	..	..	..	8 8½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 30 lb. each
				6 10½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 40 lb. each.
				5 9½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles over 40 lb. each.
Rougher	..	..	..	7 5½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 30 lb. each.
				5 9½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 40 lb. each.
				5 1½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 60 lb. each.
				4 11½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles over 60 lb. each.
Catcher	..	..	..	4 7	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 30 lb. each.
				3 7½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 40 lb. each.
				3 4	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 60 lb. each.
				3 1½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles over 60 lb. each.
Middleman	..	..	..	4 1½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 30 lb. each.
				3 4½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 40 lb. each.
				3 2½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 60 lb. each.
				3 0½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles over 60 lb. each.
Furnaceman	..	..	..	13 10½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 30 lb. each.
				12 0½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 40 lb. each.
				10 10	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 60 lb. each.
				8 8½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles over 60 lb. each.
Underhand	..	..	..	8 2½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 30 lb. each.
				7 0½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 40 lb. each.
				6 4½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 60 lb. each.
				6 1½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles over 60 lb. each.
Plateman	..	..	..	4 7½	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles under 30 lb. each.
				3 0	per ton of finished bars of iron and steel billets and iron piles over 30 lb. each.

NOTE.—The furnaceman and underhand are paid for the output of one furnace.

Clauses, other than clauses 2 and 18, of the said Determination shall remain in force.



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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949.

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF A WAGES BOARD ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1934 (No. 4275).

I, Raymond Henry Beers, Secretary for Labour, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the Factories and Shops Acts, hereby make and issue the following adjusted Determination of the Wages Board referred to hereunder showing adjusted rates and prices to operate from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949.

Dated at Melbourne, this
2nd day of September, 1949.

RAY. H. BEERS,
Secretary for Labour.

SHOPS BOARD No. 18 (MISCELLANEOUS SHOPS).

Clause 2 of the Determination published in *Government Gazette* No. 633 of the 9th August, 1949, shall be replaced by the following clause:—

2.

APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS.

Wages per week of 40 Hours.									
Males—					Females—				
	s.	d.				s.	d.		
15 years of age or under	39 6	15 years of age or under	..	..	..	35 6
16 years of age	56 0	16 years of age	..	..	..	41 6
17 years of age	76 6	17 years of age	..	..	..	54 0
18 years of age	99 0	18 years of age	..	..	..	67 0
19 years of age	123 6	19 years of age	..	..	..	79 6
20 years of age	143 0	20 years of age	..	..	..	93 0

OTHER EMPLOYEES.

					Wages per week of 40 hours.			
					Males.		Females.	
					s.	d.	s.	d.
<i>Employed in the business of a curio dealer, a feather dealer, a furrier, a jeweller, a pawnbroker, a seller of clocks, watches, perfumery and toilet requisites, optical goods, photographic materials, sports materials, typewriters, business systems, surgical instruments, pianos, organs, piano-players, push cycles, motor cycles and motor cars, and accessories for push cycles, a bird or dog dealer, a stamp dealer, a herbalist, a saddler, a ship chandler, a seller of cork goods, crockery, fancy goods, toys, grindery, leather goods, music, musical instruments (other than pianos, organs, or piano-players), pictures, picture frames, perambulators, paper patterns, rubber goods which are not motor cycle or motor car accessories, florists' goods, seeds, seedlings, tents, flags, umbrellas, or wicker goods, paints, colours, wall-papers, or employed in any business, other than those specially mentioned, to which this Determination applies:—</i>								
Branch manager (i.e., a person entrusted with the control or superintendence of a branch shop, notwithstanding he or she may be under the orders of a superior who does not devote his or her whole time to the management of the said branch shop)					180	0	180	0
Departmental manager or manageress (i.e., a person in control of three or more persons 21 years of age or over, notwithstanding he or she may be under the orders of a superior who does not devote his or her whole time to the management of such department)—								
Male					171	0		
Female—								
Where one or more adult males are under her control							171	0
In other cases							120	0
Other employees					165	0	109	0

Clauses, other than clause 2, of the said Determination shall remain in force.

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF A WAGES BOARD ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1934 (No. 4275).

I, Raymond Henry Beers, Secretary for Labour, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the Factories and Shops Acts, hereby make and issue the following adjusted Determination of the Wages Board referred to hereunder showing adjusted rates and prices to operate from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949.

Dated at Melbourne, this
9th day of September, 1949

RAY. H. BEERS.
Secretary for Labour.

WIREWORKERS BOARD.

Clause 2 of the Determination published in *Government Gazette* No. 74 of the 7th February, 1949, shall be replaced by the following clause:—

2.

Wages per week of 40 hours.

Apprentices or Improvers.	Juvenile Workers, i.e., persons under 21 years of age (other than apprentices or improvers).	Other Employees.																																																																																							
<p>Wages Per Week, Apprentices and Improvers.</p> <table> <tr> <th></th><th>s.</th><th>d.</th></tr> <tr> <td>Under 16 years ..</td><td>35</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>16 to 17 years ..</td><td>48</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr> <td>17 to 18 years ..</td><td>59</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>18 to 19 years ..</td><td>75</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>19 to 20 years ..</td><td>92</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>20 to 21 years ..</td><td>116</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>Thereafter, Minimum Wage</td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table> <p>PROPORTION. (In any factory or place.)</p> <p><i>Apprentices.</i> One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than 157s. per week. An indenture of apprenticeship prescribed has been approved.</p> <p><i>Improvers.</i> One improver to every two workers receiving not less than 157s. per week.</p>		s.	d.	Under 16 years ..	35	6	16 to 17 years ..	48	0	17 to 18 years ..	59	6	18 to 19 years ..	75	6	19 to 20 years ..	92	6	20 to 21 years ..	116	6	Thereafter, Minimum Wage			<p>(a) Engaged in the manufacture of fly wire or mosquito gauze, or employed minding swifts, blacking, painting, or oiling, carrying or moving material, packing, cleaning up factory or going messages—</p> <table> <tr> <th></th><th>s.</th><th>d.</th></tr> <tr> <td>Under 16 years ..</td><td>35</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>16 to 17 years ..</td><td>48</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr> <td>17 to 18 years ..</td><td>59</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>18 to 19 years ..</td><td>75</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>19 to 20 years ..</td><td>92</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>20 to 21 years ..</td><td>116</td><td>6</td></tr> </table> <p>PROPORTION. One juvenile worker to every six workers receiving not less than 157s. per week.</p> <p>(b) Engaged in power loom weaving, in winding bobbins, operating looms, packing, wrapping, or assisting in any work in connexion with the production of commercial power woven wire—</p> <table> <tr> <th></th><th>s.</th><th>d.</th></tr> <tr> <td>Under 16 years ..</td><td>35</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>16 to 17 years ..</td><td>48</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr> <td>17 to 18 years ..</td><td>59</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>18 to 19 years ..</td><td>75</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>19 to 20 years ..</td><td>92</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>20 to 21 years ..</td><td>116</td><td>6</td></tr> </table> <p>PROPORTION. One juvenile worker to every adult weaver receiving not less than 157s. per week.</p>		s.	d.	Under 16 years ..	35	6	16 to 17 years ..	48	0	17 to 18 years ..	59	6	18 to 19 years ..	75	6	19 to 20 years ..	92	6	20 to 21 years ..	116	6		s.	d.	Under 16 years ..	35	6	16 to 17 years ..	48	0	17 to 18 years ..	59	6	18 to 19 years ..	75	6	19 to 20 years ..	92	6	20 to 21 years ..	116	6	<p>WAGES.</p> <table> <tr> <th></th><th>Per Hour.</th><th>Per Week</th></tr> <tr> <td>—</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>Wire-workers or Weavers ..</td><td>3 11¹/₁₀</td><td>157 0</td></tr> <tr> <td>Tinners ..</td><td>4 0⁸/₁₀</td><td>161 6</td></tr> <tr> <td>Oxy-welders ..</td><td>3 11¹/₁₀</td><td>157 0</td></tr> <tr> <td>Storemen ..</td><td>3 11¹/₁₀</td><td>157 0</td></tr> <tr> <td>Paint spraying operators ..</td><td>3 11¹/₁₀</td><td>157 0</td></tr> </table>		Per Hour.	Per Week	—			Wire-workers or Weavers ..	3 11 ¹ / ₁₀	157 0	Tinners ..	4 0 ⁸ / ₁₀	161 6	Oxy-welders ..	3 11 ¹ / ₁₀	157 0	Storemen ..	3 11 ¹ / ₁₀	157 0	Paint spraying operators ..	3 11 ¹ / ₁₀	157 0
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Clauses, other than clause 2, of the said Determination shall remain in force.

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THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

[1949

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF A WAGES BOARD ADJUSTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 21 OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1934 (No. 4275).

I, Raymond Henry Beers, Secretary for Labour, in pursuance of the powers conferred by the Factories and Shops Acts, hereby make and issue the following adjusted Determination of the Wages Board referred to hereunder showing adjusted rates and prices to operate from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1949.

Dated at Melbourne, this
9th day of September, 1949

RAY. H. BEERS,
Secretary for Labour.

PLASTER OF PARIS BOARD.

Clause 2 of the Determination published in *Government Gazette* No. 640 of the 11th August, 1949, shall be replaced by the following clause:—

2.

<i>Improvers.</i>				<i>Other Employees.</i>			
WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.				WAGES PER WEEK OF 40 HOURS.			
—	Adjustable Rate.	Emergency Loading (Non- adjustable).	Total Weekly Wage.	—	Adjustable Rate.	Emergency Loading (Non- adjustable)	Total Weekly Wage.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Under 17 years of age ..	61 6	2 9	64 3	(a) MILL EMPLOYEES.			
17 years of age ..	80 6	3 9	84 3	Calciner	175 6	6 0	181 6
18 " " ..	99 6	4 6	104 0	Mechanical shovel attendant ..	165 6	6 0	171 6
19 " " ..	118 6	5 6	124 0	Washers, driers, firemen,			
20 " " ..	131 3	6 0	137 3	wheelers and stackers ..	151 6	6 0	157 6
				Bagger	161 0	6 0	167 0
				(b) GYPSUM WORKERS.			
				Manager in charge of gypsum pit	195 6	..	195 6
				Gypsum raisers	141 6	..	141 6

PROPORTION (IN ANY PLACE).

One improver to every five or fraction of five workers receiving not less than 157s. 6d. per week.

Clauses, other than clause 2, of the said Determination shall remain in force.

By Authority: J. J. GOURLEY, Government Printer, Melbourne.

