

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

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No. 7751

THURSDAY. SEPTEMBER 14.

[1950

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE UMBRELLA BOARD.

Note.—This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Wages Board appointed "to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any persons employed in the trade of a maker of Umbrellas" has made the following Determination, namely :-

1. That, as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in May, 1950, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

2.

(a) APPRENTICES AND IMPROVERS. Rates per Week of 40 Hours.

		•				Females.				
	Experience.				Males.	First Commencing at the Trade when Under the Age of 18 Years.	First Commencing at the Trade Between the Ages of 18 Years and 21 Years.			
					£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.			
Ist six months 2nd six months 3rd six months			••		$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 15 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 6 & 6 \end{array}$	2 3 6 2 9 0 2 14 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
4th six months 5th six months 6th six months		••	••	::	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 2 0 3 9 6 3 17 0	4 18 0			
7th six months 8th six months 9th six months		•••	· ·		5 2 0 5 18 6 6 14 0	4 7 6 4 18 0				
10th six months				::	6 18 6	::	::			

and thereafter the minimum wage or piece-work price.

- (i) The term to be served at the industry by male apprentices or improvers shall be not more than four years, (ii) The term to be served at the industry by female apprentices or improvers shall be not more than four years.

(b) PROPORTION (IN ANY FACTORY OR PLACE).

Apprentices or Improvers.

(i) Not more than one male apprentice or improver shall be employed to every two or fraction of two journeymen.

(ii) Not more than three female apprentices or improvers shall be employed to every journeywomen.

(iii) For the purposes of all clauses relating to apprentices and improvers each class of employee as set out in the weekly wage schedules to this Determination shall be taken separately and each such class shall be deemed to be a distinct section.

PROHIBITION OF EMPLOYMENT OF MALES OVER SEVENTEEN YEARS ENTERING ANY SECTION OF THE INDUSTRY.

(c) No male who is over the age of seventeen years shall enter any section of the industry for which provision is made s Determination for compulsory apprenticeship according to the Schedule referred to in the indenture of apprenticeship

FEMALE IMPROVERS OVER EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE MAY BE EMPLOYED.

(d) Any female without previous experience who has attained the age of eighteen years may be employed in any section of the industry as an improver, and shall be paid at least the minimum rate prescribed by this Determination for a female PERSONS ELIGIBLE FOR APPRENTICESHIP.

(e) All apprentices shall be indentured in accordance with the form of indenture prescribed by this Board on the 23rd May, 1950, provided that the said person may serve an employer as a probationer for a period not exceeding three months. During the said three months he or she shall be paid at least the minimum rate prescribed by this Determination for the first six months of apprenticeship. If the probationer becomes indentured, his or her indentures shall be taken to have commenced from the commencement of the period of probation.

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INDENTURE COMPLETED.

(f) It shall be the duty of the employer to see that the form of indenture of any apprentice is duly completed and to deliver to the apprentice a complete original copy thereof.

COMPLETION OF APPRENTICESHIP.

(g) In the event of the employer to whom an apprentice is bound ceasing to carry on business, such apprentice may be bound to another employer for the remainder of the term to be served, provided that if such apprentice be over the age of seventeen years at the time of the original employer ceasing to carry on business, such apprentice may complete the time to be served as an improver.

Apprentices in any Group of the Industry Already Bound.

(h) Within three months of the commencement of this Determination every employer shall, in respect of male or female apprentices already indentured, be bound to observe the full terms of the indentures prescribed by this Determination as to the term of apprenticeship, hours, wages, overtime and all other conditions. Where the existing indentures are inconsistent with indentures herein prescribed the existing indentures shall be deemed to be amended accordingly.

TIME SERVED IN ANY GROUP TO COUNT.

(i) (i) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Determination the time served by an apprentice or improver in any occupation for which a classification is prescribed by this Determination in any group of this Determination shall be counted as experience for the purpose of apprenticeship indentures or the continuance of improvership, both as regards wages and the term to be served in respect of the continuation of the employment of such apprentice or improver in the occupation covered by such classification.

(ii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Determination, any person who at the date of the coming into force of this Determination is employed in the industry and whose engagement or continued employment as an improver is by this Determination forbidden shall be entitled to be employed and shall be paid the scale of wages prescribed for an apprentice or improver of like experience.

or improver of like experience.

3.

OTHER PERSONS (EXCEPT APPRENTICES AND IMPROVERS).

	Wages	per	Week
Journeymen.	£	8.	d.
utters, namely, males employed laying up material and/or marking in and/or cutting out and/or separating and/or matching and/or sorting covers for umbrellas and/or parasols	8 :	18	0
part of an article by hand or by machine	8	10	0
inishers, namely, males employed capping and/or ferruling and/or end finishing umbrellas or parasols rame makers or repairers, namely, males employed making and/or repairing frames for umbrellas and/or parasols; such work to include the work of cutting slotting and springing handles or		3	
sticks and/or assembling ribs and/or drilling notches	8 7	$\frac{5}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$
Journeywomen.			
i.e. journeywomen as defined herein and adult females other than such adult females as are specified etermination.	l in clau	ISO 4	4 of
lead of a table or a bench of machines, namely, females in charge of four or more persons making	£	8.	d.
any part of an article by hand or by machine inpers and/or finishers and/or machinists and/or tablehands namely, females employed sewing by hand or by machine umbrellas or parasols or any part of an umbrella or parasol and/or pressing	6	3	6
and/or ironing and/or branding umbrellas or parasols	5	18	6
ll other adult females not herein classified		6	6

Note.—An amount of 5s. per week for journeymen and 3s. 9d. per week for journeywomen included in the above rates shall not be deemed to be portion of the wage for the purpose of computing piece-work rates or task work or overtime, holiday or other penalty rates.

Females Entering the Industry at 21 Years of Age or over Without Previous Experience.

4. (a) Any adult female entering the industry as from the date of this Determination without previous experience in the industry shall, in addition to the rate prescribed for "All other adult females not herein classified" be paid the percentage herein set out of the appropriate marginal rate prescribed by this Determination for the class of work being

Third three months' experience	First three months' experience	•	 		 	Percentage of Marg	in
Fourth three months' experience			 	• •	 	25 per cent.	
The point contra							
Thereafter	Thereafter					100 per cent.	

- (b) For the purpose of ascertaining the percentage payable to any adult female entering the industry without previous experience any service with one employer or several shall be taken into consideration and accrued to the credit of that employee.
- (c) Any adult female employee who, at the date of this Determination, has had less than twelve months' experience in the industry, shall not, merely as a result of this Determination, suffer any reduction in the rate of wage being paid to her, but such employee shall not receive any increase in her wage, other than cost of living increases in accordance with the adjustment clause herein, until such time as the wage being paid to such employee becomes less than the wage prescribed for the relevant period of experience set out in this clause.
- (d) Before the services of a female employee employed in terms of this clause are terminated such employee shall receive from her employer a certificate in the form set out hereunder:—

"This is to certify that ______ of _____ whose signature ap has been employed by the undermentioned firm as a ______ from ______date." whose signature appears hereon

PAYMENT OF RATES IN EXCESS OF THOSE PRESCRIBED AND ADJUSTMENT OF TASK RATES.

- 5. (a) Where any employee is, at the date upon which this Determination comes into operation receiving a rate of wages in excess of that prescribed by the Determination hereby revoked the employer of that employee shall be under no obligation to maintain that excess over the rate prescribed for that employee by this Determination.
- (b) Where an employer's task system is, at the date on which this Determination comes into operation, based upon a rate or rates of wages in excess of that or those prescribed by the Determination hereby revoked, that employer shall have the right to have his task rates re-determined in accordance with sub-clause (b) of Clause 17 of this Determination to the intent that he shall be under no obligation to maintain such excess over the rate prescribed for the relevant work by this Determination.

EMPLOYEES CLASSIFIED.

- 6. For the purpose of this Determination all employees in the industry shall be classified as belonging to one of the following classes, namely:-
 - (a) Journeyman. (b) Journeywoman.
 - (c) Indentured apprentice.

 - (d) Improver.

 (e) Outdoor worker, namely, any male or female who is engaged as an outdoor worker in accordance with the provisions of this Determination.

DEFINITION OF EMPLOYEES.

- 7. (a) A Journeyman is a male person other than an apprentice or improver:—

 (i) who has served the time prescribed by this Determination as an apprentice or improver; or

 (ii) who has attained the age of twenty-one years; or

 (iii) who, prior to this Determination was in receipt of at least the minimum weekly wage prescribed at the time for the class of work on which such person is engaged, whether on weekly wage or piecework.
- (b) A Journeywoman is a female person other than an apprentice or improver :-

(i) who has served the time prescribed by this Determination as an apprentice or improver;

- (ii) who has attained the age of twenty-one years, other than an adult female covered by clause 4 of this Determination: or
- (iii) who, prior to this Determination, was in receipt of at least the minimum weekly wage prescribed at the time for the class of work on which such person is engaged, whether on weekly wage or piece-work.

HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT.

8. Forty hours shall constitute a week's work within the following hours: Time of beginning, 8 a.m.; time of ending, 6 p.m.—on five days of the week. Time of beginning, 8 a.m.; time of ending, 1 p.m.—on the other day of the week on which the half-holiday is usually observed. Provided that if the majority of employees in a factory or workshop desire to start at 7.30 a.m., the work may begin at 7.30 a.m.

MIDDAY MEAL.

- 9. (a) An interval shall be allowed of not less than three-quarters of an hour between the hours of 12 noon and 2 p.m. unless a majority of the employees in any establishment decide it shall be otherwise. Under no circumstances shall less than 30 minutes be fixed for the midday meal.
 - (b) No work shall be performed during such meal time.

OVERTIME.

10. (a) Any employee who has in any day performed any work outside the working hours ordinarily observed in the factory or workshop in which he or she is employed, shall be paid overtime as follows:—

(i) Weekly workers shall be paid at the rate of time and one half and shall also be paid 2s. 6d. meal money when such overtime exceeds one hour on week days or on Saturdays in those factories or workshops where a five and a half day week is worked.

In those factories or workshops where a five day week is worked all work done on Saturdays shall be paid for at the rate of time and one half and 2s. 6d. meal money shall be paid when such overtime is worked after woon.

worked after noon.

(ii) Piece workers shall be paid (in addition to the ordinary piece-work rates for work done in the excess time) such sum per hour as is equivalent to the weekly wage divided by 80 and shall also be paid 2s. 6d. meal money when such overtime exceeds one hour on week days or on Saturdays in those factories or workshops where a five and a half day week is worked.

In those factories or workshops where a five day week is worked all work done on Saturdays shall be paid for at the rate of time and one half and 2s, 6d, meal money shall be paid when such overtime is worked after noon.

- (b) An employer may require any employee to work reasonable overtime at overtime rates and such employee shall work overtime in accordance with such requirement.
 - (c) No employee under the age of sixteen years shall be employed on overtime.

REST PERIOD.

11. When any spell of duty is for more than four hours an interval of ten minutes, to be selected by the employer, shall be allowed in the second or third hour to females and apprentices for refreshments. The interval shall be as part of the time of duty without deduction of time work pay. During such rest period the employees may leave their seats but

MIXED FUNCTIONS.

- 12. (a) Where an employee is engaged in any week for more than half of such week at work in a higher class than he or she is employed to perform, he or she shall be paid for the full week at the highest rate payable for any such work under this Determination; but if he or she is engaged for less than half of any such week he or she shall only be paid at the rates fixed by this Determination for the work he or she actually performs.
- (b) Where an employee is engaged in a higher class than he or she is normally employed to perform, the employer shall keep a record of the time worked by such employee on each class of work; in the absence of any such record the employer shall be required to pay such employee for the full week at the rate fixed by this Determination for the highest class of work performed during such week.

TERMS OF ENGAGEMENT.

- 13. (a) The week shall terminate on a day other than Monday or Saturday, and all employees shall be paid all moneys due to them in full during the ordinary working hours not later than two working days following the termination of the week. In order to terminate the employment of an employee (weekly or piece-worker) two days' notice shall be given on any day, with payment to date of termination, or in lieu thereof two days' pay shall be paid or deducted. When employment is terminated by an employer, the employer shall, upon the date of such termination, pay to the employee (weekly or piece worker) all moneys due to him or her, and when employment is terminated by an employee in accordance with the terms of this Determination the employer shall pay to the employee (weekly or piece-worker) all moneys due to him or her.
 - (b) All weekly wages shall be paid to the employees in full, with the following exceptions:-
 - (1) Turns to be observed—Employers shall, in slack time, observe turns of employment for weekly workers and pieceworkers (including outdoor workers) not engaged in making samples in the respective class or classes of work that they are usually engaged in, provided always that journeymen and journeywomen having apprentices shall be allowed in their turn extra work equivalent to the wages of the apprentice during the time the turn system is in operation. The employer shall keep in the workroom a true record of every turn, which shall be open to the inspection of the employees.
 - (2) Standing off employees in turn.—Should any employer during slackness of trade desire to stand off his employees in turn, then the employer on any day during any week shall inform every person whom it is proposed to stand off on any day or days in the following week (other than a Saturday or holiday) that his or her services will not be required; but an employee shall not, except under the conditions provided in paragraph (3) of this sub-clause, be stood off part of a day without being paid for a whole day.

(3) Employees working shortened hours—If it is desired to work a week of shorter hours in slack time, instead of standing the employees off in turn, the employer may make an arrangement to work his employees for shortened hours, but such arrangement shall only be made where, on the vote of the employees being taken a majority of the whole of the employees vote in favour of such arrangement.

Where such an arrangement is made, the employees shall be informed on the day ending each week of the shortened hours to be worked in the following week.

Where an arrangement is made in compliance with this provision the employer shall pay each employee for the actual hours worked on each day on the basis of his or her weekly wage.

Classes of Employees.

(c) For the purpose of this clause (but subject to the provisions of sub-clause (b) hereof in operating the turn system, the various classes of employees shall be taken separately, and "classes of employees" shall mean each class of employee in respect of which a classification of work has been provided under this Determination, but in all cases male improvers and journeymen, or female improvers and journeywomen doing the same class of work shall be deemed to be one class of

Stoppage of Work re Breakdown of Machinery.

(d) In the event of the work of a factory or workshop being stopped by a breakdown of machinery, or for any cause for which the employer cannot reasonably be held responsible, all weekly hands who present themselves for work shall be found work for that day or paid one day's wages in lieu thereof but the employer may when such breakdown occurs, give notice to an employee that his or her services will not be required on the following day or days, and the employee shall not be entitled to any further payment in respect of any further days that he or she is out of employment by reason of such breakdown

Provided that for any day upon which an employee cannot be usefully employed because of any strike or lockout by any persons whatsoever or any failure or lack of power or any restriction or shortage of power for which an employer cannot justly be held responsible all weekly employees who are required to attend for work and do so attend on that day shall be paid a minimum of two hours pay at ordinary rates; if required to perform work or remain at work for longer than two hours, payment shall be made at ordinary rates for all time standing by and time worked.

Terminating Employment in Relation to a Holiday.

Terminating Employment in Relation to a Holiday.

(e) (i) Where the employer terminates the employment of an employee within 14 days of a day on which a holiday occurs and such employee is re-employed within a period of one month after such holiday, the employee shall be paid for such holiday or holidays prescribed by this Determination, provided that such employee has been employed by the employer for a period of at least one week prior to the termination of the employment.

(ii) Should the employment of an employee be terminated, or should an employee be stood off within fourteen days prior to any holiday or to the commencement of any group of holidays prescribed in this Determination, such employee shall be paid for such holiday or group of holidays, provided that such employee has been employed by the employer for a period of at least one week prior to the termination of the employment.

(iii) When any two or more of the holidays prescribed in this Determination occur withing two weeks of one another, such holidays shall for the purposes of paragraph (ii) hereof be deemed to be a group of holidays.

(iv) Where the employer terminates the employment of an employee more than fourteen days, but not exceeding one month prior to a day on which a holiday occurs and such employee is re-engaged within a period of one month, or normal business is resumed within such period of one month after such holiday, the employee shall be paid for such holiday or holidays prescribed by this Determination, provided that such employee has been employed by the employer for a period of at least one week prior to the termination of employment.

at least one week prior to the termination of employment.

(v) An employer shall be deemed to comply with the requirement of this sub-clause if on terminating the employment of any employee he gives that employee annual holidays or payment in lieu thereof in accordance with Clause 14 hereof.

ANNUAL HOLIDAY.

14. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946 No. 5111 and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

SICK PAY.

- 15. (1) Where an employee has been employed by an employer for a period of three months and is subsequently absent from work on account of personal sickness or accident such employer shall not deduct from the pay of such employee on account of such absence the amount which the employee would be entitled to receive if working, but shall pay such employee such amount or amounts as the employee would have been entitled to receive if working, but not exceeding in all in any one year of employment with one employer or several 40 hours' ordinary pay, subject to the following conditions and limitations:—
- (a) Sick leave allowable under this clause to an employee which is not availed of during the year in which it accrues shall, while an employee is employed by the same employer be allowed to accumulate up to a maximum of 120 hours, but, after an employee has so accumulated a credit of 120 hours, the employee shall, in each succeeding year of continuous employment with the same employer, be credited with only so many hours as may be necessary to bring the total credit to a maximum of 120 hours.
- (b) Should an employee be absent from his work on account of sickness or accident it shall be necessary for such employee to notify his employer that such absence is due to sickness or accident. Such notification shall if required by the employer be in the form of a written message which shall be sent by or on behalf of the employee within 48 hours of the commencement of such absence.
- (c) If an employer within seven days after the receipt by him of a written message sent by or on behalf of an absent employee, alleging that his absence is due to sickness or accident, fails to despatch or give to the employee written notice that he does not accopt the message as satisfactory evidence of the facts alleged by it, it shall be deemed to be prima facie evidence that the absence of the employee was due to sickness or accident.
- (d) If an employer within seven days after the receipt by him of such a message despatches or gives to the employee written notice that he does not accept such message as satisfactory evidence of sickness or accident but requires further evidence the employee must within a reasonable time furnish such further evidence. If the employer requires the employee to obtain a medical certificate or other proof of sickness or accident the employer shall pay or refund any fee and incidental expenses necessarily incurred or paid by the employee in complying with such requirement. The employee shall submit to medical examination at the employer's expense if so required and shall not obstruct or interfere with enquiries deemed to be necessary by the employee. deemed to be necessary by the employer.
- (e) In any case where the period of seven days referred to in placita (c) and (d) hereof expires after the finish of the last working day in the calendar week, or on a public holiday, the period shall be deemed to extend to noon of the next ordinary working day and in any case where illness commences after the finish of such last working day the said period of forty-eight hours referred to in placita (b) hereof shall be deemed to commence at the starting hour of the next ordinary
- (2) In the event of the employee having received in respect of any such sickness or accident as is mentioned in subclause (1) hereof any payment or monetary allowance or benefit in pursuance of any Commonwealth or State legislation or regulation or order made thereunder the employer shall be entitled to deduct from the employer's pay during any period of absence in pursuance of the provisions of this clause the equivalent of any such payment or monetary allowance or benefit and shall be liable to the employee for the remainder only.
- (3) (a) Before leaving his place of employment for whatsoever cause an employee shall receive from his employer a certificate in the form set out hereunder showing the length of his service with the employer and the amount of sick leave granted, if any, during such employment :-

"I hereby certify that	was employed by me from	to
and that during such period of employment he/she re	eceived payment for h	ours on account of sickness
The inclusive dates of the last absence as above w	were from to to	***************************************
		Signature "

- (b) If no sick leave has been granted to an employee during his period of service with an employer the certificate herein prescribed shall indicate that fact.
- (4) In the event of any dispute regarding the right of an employee to sick pay under this clause, the employee shall if so required by his employer produce the afore-mentioned certificate to such employer.

DEFINITIONS RELATING TO SICK PAY.

- 16. "Ordinary pay" means in the case of a time worker the ordinary remuneration he receives for the normal weekly number of hours worked by him and in the case of a piece, task or bonus worker the ordinary time rate prescribed by this Determination for his or her classification.
- "Employer" and all variations of such word includes and include respectively all persons, firms and corporations covered by this Determination irrespective of the gender used.
- "Service" means service with any employer covered by this Determination as from not earlier than the 1st day of January, 1946. The masculine includes the feminine.

TASK SYSTEM.

17. No employer shall make a bonus or merit payment which fluctuates from period to period according to the amount of work performed by the employee concerned, and which is based upon a secret or task rate for measuring the output of such employee. No increase in wages granted to any employee, after the date of operation of this Determination, above the rates herein prescribed shall be deemed to be in contravention of this clause if the same be paid for a period of three months, or for the term of employment, whichever period is the shorter; provided, however, that such increased wages may, at the discretion of the employer, be adjusted according to the wages rates prescribed from time to time by this Determination.

In all factories where a minimum task is set for a minimum wage the following shall be observed:-

- (a) Until after the termination of six months from the coming into operation of this Determination the minimum task in operation in any workshop or factory on the date of this Determination, shall be the minimum task for the minimum wage after the date of this Determination, and shall not during the said period of six months be increased or decreased because of any increase or decrease in wages, and shall not during the said period of six months be increased unless an altered or improved method is introduced.
- (b) The task rate in respect to all garments or parts of garments or other articles or parts of articles shall be determined in the manner following:—
 - (i) Where there are less than twenty employees involved in the work to be performed, the employer or his representative in conference with one employee chosen by and from such employees, shall fix
 - (ii) Where there are less than twenty employees involved in the work to be performed the employer or his representative in conference with two employees so chosen, shall fix the rates.
 (iii) Provided that artificial aids such as stop-watches, shall not be used in the fixation of tasks.
- (c) The task rates shall be fixed so as to enable the average worker to earn the minimum wage prescribed by this Determination for the class of work to be performed; and any number of garments or parts of garments or other articles or parts of articles made in excess of the minimum weekly task fixed by the task rates for the minimum weekly wage shall be paid for at pro rata plus ten per cent.
- (d) When an employee is employed for less than a week on the task rates, then the task of the said employee shall be fixed at per day the weekly rate provided for.
- (c) Any excess number of garments or parts of garments or other articles or parts of articles made on any day by the employee shall be subject to the same pro rata payment as would apply if the employee were engaged for the whole week.
- (f) A copy of all task rate schedules shall, within twenty-four hours of their being fixed, be displayed by the employer in a conspicuous place in each and every room of the workshop or factory where such tasks respectively are being performed and shall be kept displayed.
- (g) A combination or team shall mean two or more persons working together on the same class of work, employed on weekly wages where a task has been imposed. Where employees work in a combination or team the additional amount of wages shall be distributed amongst the employees on a percentage basis, according to the amount of their ordinary weekly wages.

Piecework.

- · 18. (a) Subject to payment of the minimum weekly wages prescribed by this Determination for employees in their respective classes and to the conditions hereinafter set out, an employer may fix his own piecework rates provided such rates enable a journeyman or journeywoman of average capacity working under like conditions to earn at least ten per cent. more than the minimum weekly wage in their respective classes. The same piecework rate shall be paid to all pieceworkers doing the same operation in the factory or workshop whether they be journeymen, journeywomen, improvers, apprentices, or
- (b) All pieceworkers who are available and ready and willing to work during the ordinary working hours but for whom work is not provided by the employer shall be paid the appropriate weekly rate for the class of work being performed. In the case of apprentices or improvers not less than the amount prescribed by this Determination for an apprentice or improver of like experience.

- (c) The piecework rate in respect of all garments or parts of garments or other articles or parts of articles shall be determined in the following manner:—
 - (i) Where there are less than twenty employees involved in the work to be performed the employer or his representative, in conference with one employee chosen by and from such employees, shall fix the rates.

 (ii) Where there are twenty or more employees involved in the work to be performed the employer or his representative, in conference with two employees so chosen, shall fix the rates.

 - (d) Provided that artificial aids such as stop watches shall not be used in the fixation of piecework rates.
- (c) A copy of all piecework schedules shall, within 24 hours of their being fixed, be displayed by the employer in a conspicuous place in each and every room of the workshop or factory where such piecework is being performed and shall be kept displayed.
- (f) In all factories and workshops where piecework conditions are now in operation, the same shall not be altered except in the manner prescribed in this clause for the determination of piecework rates.
- (g) Where piecework is in operation, the employer shall make arrangements for collecting the logs, and the employees need not leave their places.

CASUAL WORKERS.

- 19. Pressers may be employed in any week as casual employees for less than thirty hours (exclusive of overtime) but shall be paid as follows:-
 - (a) If on weekly wages—the ordinary time rate plus 331 per cent.
 - (b) If on piecework—the ordinary piecework rate plus 33} per cent.

PART-TIME EMPLOYEES.

- 20. Where an employer is willing to employ female employees full time, but such employees only accept work for a limited number of hours each week, then such females may be employed as part time employees subject to the following terms and conditions :-
 - (a). They shall be journeywoman within the meaning of this Determination.
 - (b) They shall be employed for not less than twenty hours in any week.
 - (c) They shall not be employed both on time work and piecework or both on time work and task work in any
 - (d) If time workers, they shall be paid for each hour worked at the rate at least of 1/40th of the minimum weekly wage prescribed by this Determination for the class of work performed by them and if piece or task workers they shall be paid at the appropriate piecework rate or task rate payable under this Determination, but in no case shall any of such employees be paid less than so much of the minimum weekly wage prescribed by this Determination as is proportionate to the time worked by them.
 - (e) The payment or deduction of payment in lieu of notice of termination of employment shall be 2/5ths of the pay of the preceding week of the employee concerned.
 - (f) No employee shall be employed or work as a part-time employee unless a permit in writing is obtained from the Secretary for Labour permitting such employee to be employed or to work as a part-time employee. Provided that the Secretary for Labour shall not issue a permit unless he is satisfied such female employee is unwilling to accept employment as a weekly employee.
 - (y) The provisions of this Determination as regards annual leave, sick pay, and holidays shall apply to such part-time employee but they shall be paid in respect of the period of such annual leave and in respect of holidays or sick pay only at the rate actually being received by them at such time.
 - (h) Save as aforesaid all the provisions of this Determination shall apply to such part-time employees.

EMPLOYEES ABSENTING THEMSELVES.

21. No employee shall, without just cause, be absent from his or her place of employment during the prescribed hours whilst there is work ready to be done by such employee and where the wages are fixed at per week the employee to be entitled to the sums so fixed must be available and ready and willing to do the work on the days and during the hours fixed by this Determination.

HOLIDAYS.

- 22. (a) All weekly wage employees, whether in a city or elsewhere, shall be granted the following holidays without deduction of pay:—The days observed as New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Labour Day, Anzac Day, King's Birthday, Christmas Day and Boxing Day and any other day proclaimed by the Governor-General of the Commonwealth, as a public holiday. Provided that in the Metropolitan District of Melbourne, Cup Day shall be substituted for King's Birthday.
- (b) All employees working on piecework or task work shall be granted the same holidays as are granted to weekly wage workers, and they shall, subject as hereinafter provided, be paid for such holidays the amount for each holiday based on the minimum weekly wages set out in this Determination for the class of work performed.
- (c) If Christmas Day, Boxing Day or New Year's Day fall on a Saturday or Sunday and is not observed on any other day then an employee shall, notwithstanding that it is a non-working day, be paid for each such day on the following basis :--
 - (i) If a weekly wage employee, an amount equivalent to one-fifth of the ordinary weekly wage paid to such
 - employee;
 (ii) If a piece or task worker, one-fifth of the minimum weekly wage as set out in this Determination for the class of work performed.

Provided that an employee whose ordinary week includes Saturday and who in accordance with the provisions of the annual leave clause has added to his or her annual leave an additional day or days shall not be entitled to receive the extra payment prescribed by placita (i) and/or (ii) of this sub-clause.

- (d) All other weekly employees, whether in a city or elsewhere, shall be paid for the above holidays an amount for each holidays based on the actual weekly wage paid to them by the employer.
- (e) Any employee absenting himself or herself from work on any portion of the working day preceding or any portion of the working day succeeding a holiday provided for herein other than Boxing Day and New Year's Day without permission from the employer or without having reasonable cause for having absented himself or herself from work shall not be entitled to payment for such holiday.

PAYMENT FOR WORK DONE ON HOLIDAYS.

- 23. (a) Any weekly employee who is employed on any holiday provided for herein shall for that day be paid at the rate of time and one half of the ordinary time in addition to his or her weekly wage.
- (b) Any pieceworker who is employed on any holiday provided for herein shall be paid at ordinary piecework rates, and, in addition, the holiday rates hereinbefore provided for weekly workers for the time so worked.

PAYMENT FOR WORK DONE ON SUNDAYS.

24. Any employee who is employed on a Sunday shall for that day be paid at the rate of double ordinary rates.

OUTSIDE WORKERS.

- 25. (a) Any employer may cause any work covered by this Determination to be done for him by any person (hereinafter called an "outside worker") who shall be the holder of a current outside worker's licence issued to him by the Secretary for Labour authorizing him to work as an outside worker for such employer.
- (b) Every such licence shall authorize the holder to work as an oustide worker for one and only one employer named therein, and shall be current for a period specified therein not being more than six calendar months from the date of issue
 - (c) No such licence shall be issued unless the Secretary for Labour is satisfied that the applicant-

- (i) is in necessitous circumstances;
 (ii) cannot for some sufficient reason seek employment in a factory or workshop:
 (iii) is a person legally entitled to the benefits of this Determination and to recover the rates of pay herein provided,
- (iv) will not as a result of the issue thereof be the holder of current outside workers' licences relating to more than one employer.
- (d) The Secretary for Labour may at any time in his discretion cancel such licence—

 - (i) at the request of the holder; (ii) if he is satisfied that any of the conditions mentioned in the last preceding sub-clause is no longer complied with; or
 (iii) if he is satisfied that the holder has broken any of the conditions of such licence set forth in sub-clause (e)
 - hereof.
- (e) The conditions of any such licence shall be that the outside worker during the currency of such licence-
 - (i) shall not do any work covered by this Determination in any workshop or factory or in the company of other persons then also doing any such work, except of persons holding current outside workers' licences and bearing to such outside worker the relation of parent, child, brother, sister, husband or wife.

(ii) shall be a person legally entitled to the benefits of this Determination and to recover the rates of pay herein provided;
(iii) shall not employ any labour whatsoever in connexion with the work entrusted to him;
(iv) shall not permit any portion of the work entrusted to him to be done by any other person;
(v) shall not suffer from any communicable disease or do any work in any place whereat any person is suffering from any communicable disease;

- (vi) shall keep in a bound book a correct and complete record in ink of the hours worked by him each day on any
- such work; and
 (vii) shall not work on any work covered by this Determination more than 40 hours in any one week.
- (f) An employer by whom work is given to an outside worker shall-

- (i) not cause or permit him to do any part of such work in any workshop or factory;
 (ii) pay him the piecework prices prescribed by this Determination;
 (iii) pay him for each public holiday prescribed by this Determination occurring during the period he is doing such work for such employer one-fifth of the weekly wage prescribed by this Determination for employees doing similar work :
- (iv) record in a bound record book in which each page is consecutively numbered—

(1) the name and full address of the outside worker;

(2) the description, and number of articles or garments given to the outside worker; and
(3) the price paid or agreed to be paid for such work; and
(v) obtain the signature of the outside worker to each entry in such book.
(vi) shall pay him for annual leave in accordance with the provisions of clause 14 hereof.

- (g) Any such record book so kept shall be open for inspection during business hours by (1) any person or persons authorized by the Secretary for Labour and (ii) any officer or officers of the Amalgamated Clothing and Allied Trades Union of Australia, provided that no more than two of such persons or two of such officers shall inspect such book at any one
- (h) No employer shall have more than one outside worker plus such number of outside workers as bears to the numbers of workers directly employed by him in his usual workshop or factory a ratio not exceeding one to ten.
- (i) Outside workers shall be provided free of charge with cotton, silk, thread and all other sewings and trimmings used in the manufacture of articles or garments.
- (j) In the case of an employer delivering and/or collecting the work of any outside worker the same shall be done without charge to such outside worker.

AUTHORIZED PERSON MAY ENTER FACTORY.

26. Any person or persons not to exceed two duly authorized by the Secretary for Labour in writing (such authorization shall be terminable at the will of the Secretary for Labour shall have power to inspect any part of a factory, workshop or place where it is believed that a breach of this Determination is occurring, or has occurred. Any such authorized person or persons prior to his or their actual going on the premises shall notify the employer of his or their arrival and the employer shall in person (accompanied by a nominee, or by his nominees not exceeding two) be entitled to accompany the authorized person or persons and shall provide access to the wages book or timesheet or records of any employee including outdoor workers. The work and duties of the employees shall be interfered with as little as possible by the authorized person or persons.

TIME BOOK OR SHEET OR RECORDS.

27. (1) The employer shall provide in each factory, workshop or place where work is being done for him, a time and wages book or sheet or records, which shall have correctly recorded in each and in the English language the following

- (a) The name and classification of each employee;
 (b) The number of hours of ordinary time worked by each employee each day;
 (c) The total number of ordinary hours worked by each employee each week;
 (d) The number of hours of overtime worked by each employee each day;
 (e) The total number of hours of overtime worked by each employee each week;
 (f) The total amount of wages paid to each employee each week.
 (g) The actual name of the day and the date of each day of each week and also the name of the day and the date on which each week ends.
- (2) Where any employee is employed at piecework rates or on task work, the employer shall keep a correct record of the rates paid and of the class and number of articles or parts of articles on which work is done by such employee each week.

Union Official Visiting Workshop.

- 28. (a) The employer shall permit any person authorized by the Secretary for Labour in writing to enter from time to time the several factories or workshops of the employer during the midday meal and once during each month at a time most convenient to the employer during working hours for the purpose of collecting members' contributions.
- (b) Such authorized person shall inform the person in charge of his arrival before entering the workshop or factory. Such official shall have reasonable ingress into the factory and access to the employees. If any official so authorized makes himself objectionable during any such visit to the employer or his manager or foreman or any employee his right to visit may be terminated by the Secretary for Labour on the application of the employer.
- (c) For the purpose of this clause the words "factories or workshops" shall include every room or place where work in respect of which a wage is prescribed by this Determination is carried out together with the room in which the employees partake of their meals notwithstanding that such room may be detached from or in a separate building from the main place of business of the employer.

SEATING ACCOMMODATION.

- 29. (a) Where it is necessary for employees to sit at their work, seats shall be provided for the employees by the employer. Such seats shall be reasonably comfortable seats.
- (b) A seat provided for any female employee shall have a back to it, unless the work of such employee cannot be conveniently done in such a seat, or unless the employee requests to be allowed to use a seat without a back to it.

LIGHT, HEATING AND FLOOR COVERING.

- 30. (a) In connexion with every factory or workshop, the employer shall make provisions for adequate warmth in winter and adequate light for the employees to perform their work, and as far as possible artificial light shall be avoided.
- (b) Suitable floor covering shall be provided to ensure that no employee shall be called upon to work on a bare concrete, brick, or stone floor.

FACTORY OR WORKSHOP TO BE CLEANED.

31. Each factory or workshop shall be throughly swept each day. Every factory or workshop shall be thoroughly scrubbed out with phenyle and water at least every three calendar months.

FIRST AID AND AMBULANCE CHEST.

32. Every employer shall provide in every factory or workshop, a first aid ambulance chest, which shall be a suitable dust-proof receptacle made of either metal or wood, for the use of the employees in some accessible place in the said factory or workshop. Such chest shall be equipped and supplied with the following articles, namely:—

				•				Quantities to be Kept i	n Ambulance Chest in-
***			Article.					Factory or Workshop in which not more than 30 Persons are Employed.	Factory or Workshop in which more than 30 Persons are Employed.
Antiseptic solution								l bottle	l bottle
Bandages, cotton								dozen assorted sizes	l dozen assorted sizes
Yandam ail								dozen assorted sizes	2 ozs.
odine, tineture of							::	l oz.	2 ozs.
								1 02.)
Petrolatum, carbol				• •	• •	• •	• • •	l jar	l jar
Pieric acid solution		 oordin	to the	following	manina a	· nnocovin	tion	ı jai	ı jaı
lig teaspoonful o	f nowdo	mod mic	g to the	10HOWING	recipe of	prescrip	lachel		
and 2 pints of								l pint	1 mint
Pins, safety		WALE		• •	• •	• • •		l packet	l pint
al volatile	• •		• •	• • •	• •	• •			i packet
	• • •	• •	• •	• •		• •		l oz.	6 oz.
Scissors	• •	• •	• •	• •		• •		l pair	l pair
Courniquet	• •	• •	• •	• •		• •		1	1 .
weezers	• •	• •					• •	1 pair	l pair
			• •]	
	lain							≯An adequate assortment	An adequate assortme
int, absorbent									
N 11 1	 							J	

DETERMINATION TO BE POSTED.

- 33. A copy of this Determination shall be posted and kept posted by the employer in a prominent place in each and every workroom of the workshop or factory.
 - DINING ACCOMMODATION.
- 34. (a) If any employer of more than five employees in any factory or workshop fails to provide the accommodation and facilities in this clause set out he shall (subject to the following proviso) during the period of such failure pay to each and every such employee an additional amount equivalent to 2½ per centum of the amount of wages prescribed for such employee by this Determination to compensate such employee for the absence of such accommodation and facilities, provided that any employer who has failed for good cause to provide such accommodation and facilities may be exempted by the Secretary for Labour from the requirement that he shall pay during the period of such failure such additional amount.
- (b) Every such employer shall set aside a separate room or portion of the factory or workshop as a dining room wherein the employer shall provide adequate table and seating accommodation.
- (c) Hot water shall be provided free of charge to be available to employees immediately meal time or rest period
 - (d) The employer shall provide the necessary labour to keep such room clean.

REST ROOM.

35. A properly equipped rest room shall be provided by the employer in any factory or workshop in which females are employed.

Provided that in any prosecution for breach of this clause it shall be a sufficient defence for the employer concerned to satisfy by inspection the authority dealing with the matter that it was impracticable to provide a rest room.

PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

36. The wages rates set out in clause 3 are based upon the following basic wage rates, and, pursuant to the provisions of Section 21 of the Factories and Shops Act 1934, the Board hereby determines that the rates for adult males shall be automatically adjusted as prescribed in clause 37.

Basic Wage.

Piace.	Needs Basic Wage (Adjustable).	Constant Loading (Non- Adjustable),	Special Loading (Non- Adjustable).	Total Minimum Rate.	Index Number Set Assigned.
Throughout the State	£ s. d. 6 9 0	£ s. d. 0 5 0	£ s. d. 0 8 0	£ s. d. 7 2 0	Six Capital Cities (Weighted Average)

ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

- 37. (a) For the purposes of this Determination, the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's, 'all items' retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.
- (b) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November, 1950, the amounts of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 36.
- as prescribed in clause 30.

 (c) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November or a May, the amount of the needs basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method, namely, by multiplying the last published Commonwealth Statistician's "all items" retail price index number for the six months ending March or September next, preceding the half year for which the adjustment is made by the factor '087 taken to one place of decimals, the resultant whole number being the amount of the basic wage expressed in shillings, but should the decimal number reach '5 or more the basic wage shall be taken to the next higher shilling.
- (d) In all cases where for the same class of work the same rates have been prescribed for journeywomen or adult females as are prescribed in this Determination to be paid to journeymen or adult males, the rates for such journeywomen or adult females shall be increased or decreased in the same manner and by the same amount as the rates for journeymen or adult males.
- (c) The minimum rate of weekly wage to be paid to any journeywoman, as defined herein, or adult female (other than such journeywoman or adult female as is covered by sub-clause (d) hereof) shall be 75 per cent. of the total minimum wage set out in column 5 of clause 36 hereof.

APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS.

38. The minimum rates of wages to be paid to apprentices and improvers in all groups of the industry shall be as follows:—

(a) Males—

			Per Week Percentage of Needs Basic Wage (to Nearest Sixpence).					
							 	% 27
st six months							 ۱ ۰۰	
and six months							 	31
rd six months							 	36
th six months							 	44
th six months							 	50
th six months							 	56
th six months							 i. I	79
th six months	• •						- 1	92
	• •		• • •	• •		• • •	 	100 plus constant loading of 5s.
th six months		• • •	• •	• • •	• • •	• •	 • • •	
th six months							 1	100 plus constant loading of 9s. 6c

and thereafter at least the minimum weekly wage or piece-work rate.

(b) Females-

	Experience.					Per Week Percentage of Needs Basic Wage (to Neurest Sixpence).	Per Week Special Loading,		
						% . 30	s. d.		
t six months							5 0		
d six months						34	5 0		
d six months						38,.	5 O		
h six months						44 '	5 0		
h six months						50	5 0		
h six months						56	5 0		
h six months	• •					64	5 0		
h six months					::	72	5 Ŭ		

and thereafter at least the minimum weekly wage or piecework rate.

(c) Female improvers who have attained the age of 18 years, but who are under the age of 21 years.

	Experience.					Per Week Percentage of Needs Basic Wage (to Nearest Sixpence).	Per Week Special Loading.
			•			%	s. d. 5 0
1st six months						50	
2nd six months						56	5 0
3rd six months						64	5 0
4th six months						72	5 0
					J		

and thereafter at least the minimum weekly wage or piecework rate.

MARGINAL RATES.

39. The margin for skill set out herein opposite each classification shall be paid over and above the minimum wage for males set out in clause 36 of this Determination.

. Chasifications.	Margins.
Journeymen.	s. d.
Cutters, namely, males employed laying up material and/or marking in and/or cutting out and/or separating and/or matching and/or sorting covers for umbrellas and/or parasols	36 · 0
of an article by hand or by machine. Finishers, namely, males employed capping and/or ferruling and/or end finishing umbrellas or parasols. Frame makers or repairs, namely, males employed making and/or repairing frames for umbrellas and/or parasols; such work to include the work of cutting, slotting and springing handles of sticks and/or	28 0 21 0
parasons; such work to menuae the work of cutting, slotting and springing handles of stocks and/of assembling ribs and/or drilling notches	23 0 Nil
Journeywomen.	
The margin for skill set out herein opposite each classification shall be paid over and above the minimu females set out in clause 37 of this Determination.	•
Head of a table or a bench of machines, namely, females in charge of four or more persons making any	s. d.
part of an article by hand or by machine Tippers and/or finishers and/or machinists and/or tablehands, namely, females employed sewing by hand or by machine umbrellas or parasols or any part of an umbrella or parasol and/or pressing and/or ironing	17. 9
and/or banding umbrellas or parasols	12 0 Nil.

P. A. RANDLES, J.P., Chairman.

J. V. WILLOX, Secretary.

Melbourne, 23rd May, 1950.

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GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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No. 776]

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14.

[1950

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE BRUSHMAKERS BOARD.

Note.-This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

N accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts the Wages Board appointed to "determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of a brushmaker" has made the following Determination, namely:—

1. That as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence on or after the 4th September, 1950, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

WAGES Wages per week of 40 hours. OTHER EMPLOYEES. (a) APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS. (b) Wages per week of 40 hours. Males. Experience. Persons employed at-Males. Females. Paint brush making 186 Hair pan work 180 Bass pan work ...
Hair dressing and mixing ...
Making twisted brushes ... 180 180 9 6 lst year 45 65 52 73 92 180 year Making wire brushes Bass broom drawing 180 3rd year 4th year 0 :: minimum wage 9 180 Finishing
Boring (hand)
Lacquering or ducoing 180 5th year ٠. . . or carnings on piecework and thereafter the 180 and thereafter the minimum wage Trimming machine (when employed solely such machine) minimum wago or full piecework 165 or full piecework prices. Automatic boring and filling machinists Filling machinists 165 165 Boring machinists PROPORTION. 165 (Within any factory or place.) APPRENTICES.

One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers of the Females. Automatic boring and filling machinists
Filling machinists
Trimming machinists
Boring machinists
Boring machinists
Treadle knot-sizing machinists
Persons employed at lacquering or ducoing same sex receiving the minimum wage, or earning at piecework prices not less than the minimum wage. 110 110 110 IMPROVERS. 110 Males. 112 One male improver to one two Two to three Three to five 110 Male workers receiving not less than 174s. per week of 40 hours or earning full piecework prices. Four to nine Six to twelve · · Seven to fifteen Nine to eighteen Females. One female improver to one or two Two to three Female workers receiving not less than 110s. per week Three to five Four to nine less than 110s. per week of 40 hours or earning full Six to twelve even to fifteen piecework prices. Nine to eighteen

Female TO BE PAID ADULT MALE RATE.

3. Females (adults or juniors) employed on any work for which a classification is provided for adult males, other than work listed in the adult female classifications, shall be paid the adult male rate for such work.

ORDINABY WEER'S WORK.

4. Forty hours shall constitute a week's work, to be worked between 7.30 a.m. and 5.45 p.m. on Mondays to Fridays inclusive and between 7.30 a.m. and 12 noon on Saturdays if worked. Provided that the fixed starting and finishing times shall not be altered unless by seven days' notice to the employees.

No. 776.-8768/50.-PRICE 6D.

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OVERTIME.

5. For all work done in excess of 40 hours in any week, or outside the fixed starting and finishing times in any establishment payment shall be made as follows:-

Time workers .. - Time and a half. Pieceworkers :-

For all time worked:-

Piecework earnings plus one half of time workers' ordinary rate.

All time lost by an employee during ordinary working hours in any week because of holidays or of the employer's establishment being closed shall, for the purpose of calculating overtime, be deemed to have been time actually worked.

An employer may require any employee to work reasonable overtime at overtime rates and such employee shall work overtime in accordance with such requirement.

SPECIAL KATES.

6. (a) Double time shall be the special rate for all work done on Sunday, New Year's Day, Australia Day, Labour Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, King's Birthday, Melbourne Cup Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day, but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named public holidays, the special rate shall only be payable for work done on the day so substituted. SPECIAL RATES.

(b) All pieceworkers called upon to perform duty on the holidays mentioned in sub-clause (a) hereof, and on Sundays shall be paid, in addition to their peicework rates, the equivalent of the appropriate weekly rate calculated on a pro rata basis according to the number of hours worked.

HOLIDAYS.

HOLIDAYS.

7. (a) All employees shall be entitled to the following holidays, with payment at ordinary rates therefor:—The days observed as New Year's Day, Australia Day, Labour Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, King's Birthday, Melbourne Cup Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day.

(b) An employer shall not terminate the employment of an employee for the purpose of evading payment for the holidays prescribed in sub-clause (a) of this clause.

(c) Where an employee is dismissed within 7 days prior to any such holiday, the re-engagement of such employee within 14 days after such holiday shall be prima facie evidence that the employment was terminated for the purpose of evading payment for such holiday.

(d) Where an employee is absent from his or her employment on the working day before or after a holiday without reasonable cause or without the employee's consent, the employee shall not be entitled to payment for such holiday; provided that in the event of a dispute arising as to what shall be deemed "reasonable cause" such dispute shall be referred to the

ANNUAL HOLIDAYS.

8. The annual holidays for employees covered by this Determination shall be two weeks in accordance with the provisions as may be amended from time to time, of the Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946—No. 5111.

SICK LEAVE.

- 9. (a) An employee who has been in the service of an employer for not less than three months shall be entitled to 40 hours of sick leave of absence with full pay during each twelve months' service provided he or she produces within 24 hours of the commencement of such absence satisfactory evidence to his or her employer that such absence was caused by personal ill-health or
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of sub-clause (a) hereof if the full period of sick leave as prescribed above is not taken in any year, such portion as is not taken shall be cumulative from year to year up to a period not exceeding 80 hours, which shall be the maximum amount of leave to which an employee shall be entitled in any year without deduction of pay.

 For the purpose of this sub-clause service prior to 13th June, 1946, shall be disregarded.

TERMS OF ENGAGEMENT.

10. (a) Employees are to be engaged as weekly or casual employees. A weekly employee is one engaged by the week and paid by the week, and whose engagement shall be terminable by one week's notice on either side, such notice not to be continued from week to week.

from week to week.

(b) After one full week's work, such notice shall be given by either employer or weekly employee, or in lieu of such notice, one week's wages shall be paid or forfeited, as the case may be.

(c) Casual employees shall be guaranteed not less than two hours' engagement every start.

(d) A weekly omployee to be entitled to the weekly wage shall be available, ready and willing, to perform his or her usual work during the days and hours usually worked by such class of employee, and may be summarily dismissed for dishonesty, misconduct, neglect of duty, or for absence from work without reasonable cause, and in the event of such dismissal the employee shall be paid only for the time actually worked.

(e) Provided that an employer may deduct payment for any day upon which the employee cannot be usefully employed by reason of any strike, breakdown of machinery, or other_cause for_awhich the employer cannot reasonably be held responsible.

- MID-DAY MEAL.

 11. An interval of not less than 30 minutes shall be allowed for the mid-day meal between the hours of 12 noon and 2 p.m.
- TEA MONEY.

 12. Employees required to work overtime after 6 p.m. shall be paid 2s. 6d. for tea money.

RIGHT OF ENTRY OF UNION OFFICIAL.

13. A duly accredited representative of the Federated Storemen and Packers' Union of Australia shall have the right to enter employers' establishments during the midday meal hour for the purpose of interviewing employees on legitimate Union business on the following conditions:—

(a) That he produces his authority to the employer or his representative.

(b) That he interviews employees only at the place where they are taking their meal.

(c) That not more than one representative in all be in any establishment at any one time.

(d) That no one representative visit an establishment more than once a fortnight.

(e) That if an employer alleges that a representative is unduly interfering with his establishment or is creating disaffection amongst his employees or is offensive in his methods or is committing a breach of any of the previous conditions, such employer may refuse the right of entry, but the representative shall have the right to bring such refusal before this Wages Board.

PIECE-WOOG PRIME

PIECE-WORK PRICES.

14. That the lowest piece-work prices payable to any person engaged in the following kinds of work shall be:

HAIR PAN WORK, which includes any or all of the following operations, namely:—Setting, boring (except in the case of setting wings in punched brooms) and/or finishing.

Section A. 1s. 7 d. per 100 knots-

Brooms and banisters made of kitool, union or double-drafted fibre.

Section B. 1s. 94d, per 100 knots— Ordinary, all hair and all bristle brooms up to 15 inches in length.

Ordinary, all hair and all bristle banisters.

Brooms and banisters made entirely or in part of single-drafted or rough fibre.

All brooms and banisters made of fibre in the inside and of any other material on the outside.

Flat-faced wall brooms (H.G. & Co. Pat.).

Baker's brushes (Banister Pat.). Setting wings in punched brooms with holes bored ready for setting.

NOTES.—(a) The piecework prices stated herein shall be increased by 10 per cent. and to the resultant shall be added the sum of 72s. in the case of a male employee and 45s. in the case of a female employee for each full week worked (or a pro rata amount according to the time actually worked if less than a full week is worked).

(b) A pieceworker required to train apprentices or improvers shall, for any loss occurring in his earnings for the period so occupied in training, be paid an amount not less than the average of his piecework earnings for the previous four full weeks, work.

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HAIR PAN WORK-continued.
 Section C. 2s. 0 d. per 100 knots—
Ordinary, all hair and all bristle brooms over 15 inches to 18 inches inclusive.
Turk's-heads fibre or fibre centre.
            Whisk or millet brooms and banisters.
           Foundry brushes.
 Section D. 2s. 4d. per 100 knots-
           Ordinary, all hair and all bristle brooms over 18 inches to 24 inches inclusive.

All hearth brushes, picture dusters, toy banisters, venetian blind dusters, vallance brushes, bedroom sweepers, and
All hearth brushes, picture dusters, toy banisters, venetian blind dusters, vallance brushes, bedroom sweepers, telescope hearth.

Sanitary brushes, carpet sweepers, carpet brooms, banisters, and double banisters all over.

Turk's-heads, Turk's-head banisters, paperhangers, set painters, dusters, slipper hearth brushes, and jamb dusters. Baker's bench brushes (paperhanger pattern).

Setting wings in punched brooms, boring included.

Section E. 2s. 84d. per 100 knots—

Ordinary, all hair and all bristle brooms over 24 inches in length.

Double-ended wall brooms, round stock (J.Z. & Co. Pat.).

Winging hair brooms 74d. per 100 extra on pan rates.

Refrigerating brushes 6s. 94d. each.

Pipe spiral brushes 74d. per foot per row.

Stipplers 3s. 44d. per 100 knots.

Turk's-head banisters if marked ready for boring 114d. per dozen less.

Dutching stocks 4d. per dozen stocks.

Pegging set work 74d. per 100 holes extra.

Time rate for work unspecified, 2s. 54d. per hour; odd. jobs, 24d. under 1s. and 44d. under 2s. 6d.

Bass Pan WORE, which includes any or all of the following operations, namely:—Setting, boring and/or finishing.
           Bass Pan Work, which includes any or all of the following operations, namely: -Setting, boring and/or finishing.
 Brooms and banisters made of African bass, Giboon patent bass, bamboo bassine, Bahia,
      and extra fine round stalks ... ... Over 16 inches and up to and including 18 inches
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        72 per 100 knots
      6<del>2</del>
10
                                                                                                                                                                                                               2
Over 24 inches!

Brooms and banisters made of cane and bass mixture and extra stiff bass Brooms made of cane, kingia, and palmyra stalks, also caning bass brooms Refilling scavenger brooms, bass (setting only).

Refilling scavenger brooms, kingia cane or palmyra stalks (setting only) Refilling street sweepers, bass (setting only)

Refilling street sweepers, magpie (setting only)

Refilling street sweepers, kingia cane or palmyra stalks (setting only) Sweep's heads
                                                                                                                                                                                                      ٠.
                                                                                                                                                                                                      ٠.
                                                                                                                                                                                                      ٠.
1 per 100 holes extra
                                                                                         BENCH DRAWING AND CUTTING OFF.
 Schedule A.—51d. per 100 holes.
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Scrubbing brushes, laundry or stocking brushes, blanket scrubs, or Chinese battery scrubs, brewers' scrubs, dumb-bell scrubs, concave scrubs, deck scrubs, or ship paint scrubs, butchers' scrubs, can or dairy scrubs, verandah scrubs, sink scrubs, tufted scrubs, black-lead or stove brushes, oval stove brushes, porcupine stove brushes, shoe brushes, viz., bachelor shoe, compo or harness brushes, improved shoe brushes, tan boot brushes, stencil shoe brushes, clothes brushes, viz., long-handled cloth brushes, hat brushes, bent hat brushes, button brushes, plate brushes, long and short handled flesh brushes, crumb brushes, nail brushes, lye brushes, pick brushes, dandruff brushes, horse body brushes, spoke brushes, water brushes, tailors' brushes, curriers' brushes, scouring brushes, furniture brushes, boat scrubs, bristle scrubs, drawn pot scrubs, dog brushes, porcupine cream can long or short handle, grease or pudding brushes, billiard brushes, common oil, thistle oil, blacking dabbers, elbow pot scrubs, boot scraper brushes, drawn tar brushes, sand brushes, drawn hair or fibre banisters, sanitary and pan drawn, with other than stiff bass, drawn hair or fibre paperhangers hair or fibre paperhangers

									8.	a.			
Rock brushes and al									0	8 1 1	oer 100	holes	
Military hair brushes	, revolvin	g hair br	ushes, to	ilet brus	hes, and	all drawn	penetrat	ing	0	7į (,,,	.,	
Root drawing bristle							·		0	91	**	,,	
Drawn bristle paperl	angers a	nd banisi	ters, and	iron ver	netian bli	nds			0	91			
Stereotype brushes		٠	••						1	4		,,	
Car-roof brushes							·			οî			
Drawn bottle brush	tips										per doz	tips	
Drawn bottle brush	shafts								2			. shafts	
Combing and cleaning	g wool, s	hoe, or a	tove bru	ishes			••		ō			. brushe	a extra
Billiard brushes (fixi							• •		ì			. brushe	
Seaming brushes	-0 -1				••				ī	9ŧ			-
Round brushes, jam,	hat, tom								•	٠,	**	**	
design or patter									0	91 ,	er 100	holes	
Dry rubbers						••				61		MOICE	
All wheel brushes (o											er 10 0	holee	
Wire wheel brushes,							••	••	ĭ	3 1	ior rou	потов	
Wire wheel brushes,				••	••	••	••	• •	i		"	**	
	WITH STITE			••	••	••	••	••		97	"	**	
Bristle ring	••	••	••	••	••	••	• •	• •		9 1	**	**	
All bone	• •	••	• •	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	0	51	",	.".	
Sprigging	• •	• •	• •	• •	••	• •	• •					. brushe	
Refill hair brushes	••		* *	••				• •			per 100) holes n	et
Leather dog and hor	se body	brushes	••	• •					0	71	**	**	**
Hair brooms	• •	••	• •		••	• •			0	5 <u>₹</u>	,,	.,	,,
All mill work to be	paid for a	t the tir	ne rate o	of 18, 5 ‡ c	l. per hou	ır net.				-	-		
Time rate for work u	nspecified	ls. 4‡d.	per hot	r net.									

NOTES.—(a) The piecework prices stated herein shall be increased by 10 per cent. and to the resultant shall be added the sum of 72s. In the case of a male employee and 45s. In the case of a female employee for each full week worked (or a pro rata amount according to the time actually worked if less than a full week is worked).

(b) A pieceworker required to train apprentices or improvers shall, for any loss occurring in his earnings for the period so occupied in training, be paid an amount not less than the average of his piecework earnings for the previous four full weeks' work.

African and Bahia Bassine Cut off to pattern

Split cane

Per doz. lb. . .

Black and white mixings

			MILLING A.	ND SHARE	OF TOPS.				
		Fi	bre, Horseh	air, or Ki	tool Materi	al.			
	2	Inch.	2‡ Inch.	3 Inch.	3½ Inch.	3½ and 3½ Inch.	4 and 41 Inch.	41 and 41 Inch.	5 Inch and over.
Per doz. lb	13	. 10‡d.	12s. 2d.	10s. 51d.	8s. 8d.	7s. 10d.	6s. 111d.	6s. 01d.	5s, 2 d.
Cutting own material	5d, per de	ozen lb.	extra on a	bove price	3.		•	•	-
Mixing Drafts and Fibre,	if cut tape	er for pa	inters' bru	shes, 10 1 d	. per dozen	lb. extra.			
Mixing White Fibre-				, •	•	8.	d.		
5-in, and over 5-in, m	aterial			••		5	7∄ per d	loz. lb.	
47-in and 41-in. mate						6	0 ∄ ₁ ,,	,,	
41-in. and 4-in. mater		• •		• •		6	111, ,,	,,	
31-in, and 31-in, mate							10 ,,	,, '	
31-in material	. •		••					**	
3-in. material	• •	••	••					**	
2½-in. material	• •		••					**	
2½-in. material	••	• •	••	••		12	10# ,,	,,	
Mixing cocoa fibre materis Mixing cocoa fibre materis Mixing drafts and bristles. If rough cocoa fibre b	l, dressed, , 5d. per d	, over 3 l lozen 1b.	b. and not extra on a	over 6 lb. sizes 31 in	to dozen l h, 3} inch	b., Is. 8‡d. p , and 4 inch.	er dozen i	rates. b. extra on	mixing rates.
6						8	. d.		
Sorting ordinary material	••	••		• •			7½ per o	loz. lb.	
Sorting Lily material from	1 Souchoy	materia	1	••	••		21 ,,.	** '	
Dressing riftings	••	••	• •	• •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_		**	
Cutting back of material	••	• •	• •	••		2	7, ,	**	
Turning hairs, 101d. per of Bass and cane mixing—ti	lozen lb. e me rates.	extra.	• •						
			C	IINA MIXII	tg.				
					3 Inc	h. 3 1 Inch	. 31 Incl	h. 3# Incl	

NOTES.—(a) The piecework prices stated herein shall be increased by 10 per cent. and to the resultant shall be added the sum of 72s. in the case of a male employee and 45s. In the case of a female employee for each full week worked (or a pro rata amount according to the time actually worked if less than a full week is worked).

(b) A pieceworker required to train apprentices or improvers shall, for any loss occurring in his earnings for the period so occupied in training, be paid an amount not less than the average of his piecework earnings for the previous four full weeks' work.

PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

15. The wages rates set out in clause 2 (b) are based upon the following basic wage rates and base rate for adult females, and, pursuant to the provisions of section 21 of the Factories and Shops Act 1934, the Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically adjusted by the same amount and at the same time as such basic wage as prescribed by clause 16.

Provided that the wages of apprentices and improvers shall be adjusted from time to time by increasing or decreasing the said rates in the same proportion as the amount of increase or decrease of the basic wage bears to the basic wage current immediately prior to the adjustment. Such adjustments shall be calculated to the nearest threepence, half or less than half of threepence to be disregarded.

Provided also that the piecework prices shall at the same time be increased or decreased in the same proportion as the weekly rates for the same class of work.

Rasic Wage.

				Basic	Wage for Adult l	Males.	Base Rate	Index
Place.			Needs Basic Wage (Adjustable).	Loading (Constant).	Total Basic Wage.	for Adult Females.	Number Set Assigned.	
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Throughout the State				6 14 0	0 6 0	7 0 0	4 13 6	Melbourne

ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

- 16. (a) For the purposes of this Determination, the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's 'all items' retail price index numbers" or any like expressions means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.
- (b) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November, 1950, the amounts of the Basic Wage shall be as prescribed in clause 15.
- (c) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November, a February, a May, or an August, the amount of the needs basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method, namely, by multiplying the last published Commonwealth Statistician's "all items" retail price index number by the factor .087 taken to one place of decimals, the resultant whole number being the amount of the basic wage expressed in shillings, but should the decimal number reach .5 or more the basic wage shall be taken to the next higher shilling.
 - P. A. RANDLES, J.P., Chairman.
 - J. V. WILLOX, Secretary.

Melbourne, 21st August, 1950.

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VICTORIA GAZETTE. GOVERNMENT

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No. 777]

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14.

[1950

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE PAINTERS BOARD.

Notes .- (1) This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

(2) Painting, Decorating, and Signwriting were proclaimed on 28th November, 1928, as apprenticeship trades under the "Apprenticeship Act 1927" for the Metropolitan District.

Full particulars of the apprenticeship regulations for these trades may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Apprenticeship Commission, Melbourne. (Price 3d.)

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts the Wages Board which, since 7th August, 1933, has had the power to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any porsons employed in the process, trade, or business of—

- (a) Painting, other than ship painting or painting under the jurisdiction of any Wages Board heretofore appointed or hereafter to be appointed;
- (b) Paperhanging;
- (c) Sign or poster writing, and any work incidental thereto;
- (d) Producing signs or posters by means of stencils, screens, or other like methods, and any work incidental thereto—has made the following Determination, namely:—

That, as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence in August, 1950, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

PART I.

- 1. This Part applies only in respect of the employment of persons on the construction renovation alteration repair or demolition of buildings performed on the site thereof, and in particular it shall have no application—

 (i) to employment by an employer in any industry where the work performed by the employee is subsidiary or auxiliary to the chief and principal purpose and business of such industry; or

 (ii) to employment in workshops or joinery mills.

2. (i)			WAGE	9.		
(a)	Apprentices and			(b) Other Employees.		
	Adjustable Wage.	Loading.	Total Wage.		Per hour.	Per Weck of 40 hours.
1st year's experience 2nd year's experience 3rd year's experience 4th year's experience 5th year's experience	e. d. 40 6 54 0 74 0 105 6 137 0	s. d. 2 8 5 4 8 0 10 8 13 4	s. d. 43 2 59 4 82 0 116 2 150 4	All classes of work	s. d.	s. d. 218 4
	Improvers.	Per We	ek of 40 hours.			
1st year's experience 2nd year's experience 3rd year's experience 4th year's experience 5th year's experience	:: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: ::		5. d. 51 10 71 2 98 5 139 5 180 5			

WAGES-continued.

(a)	(b) '							
Apprentices and Improvers.	Other Employees.							
Proportion (by any Employer).								
Apprentices.								
One apprentice to every three journeymen or fraction of three journeymen employed. In cases where not more than three journeymen are employed at the trades, a second apprentice may be employed on the completion, by the first apprentice, of the second year of his apprenticeship course.								
* Improvers.								
One improver to three								

* Note.-The employment, within the Metropolitan District, of any improver is illegal.

- (ii) An employer shall not employ any minor at work covered by this Part unless under a contract of apprenticeship, provided that any person who on or before the 1st June, 1949, was employed as an improver may continue to be so employed and paid at the rate prescribed in sub-clause (i) hereof for an improver of like experience.
- (iii) Leading Hand, i.e., a tradesman who is given responsibility of direction and supervision of the work by his employer or by his employer's responsible representative of not fewer than five tradesmen shall receive in addition to his ordinary wage, allowances as follows:—
 - (a) If in charge of five tradesmen as aforesaid—ls. per day;
 - (b) If in charge of more than five tradesmen as aforesaid, is, per day for being in charge of the first five tradesmen, plus an additional is, per day for each additional five, or fraction of five tradesmen in excess of such first five tradesmen.

House

3. The ordinary hours shall be 40 per week to be worked in five days, the daily hours being 8 hours per day Monday to Friday inclusive, between the hours of 7.45 a.m. and 5.15 p.m. each day. The lunch break shall be not less than 45 minutes.

OVERTIME

4. All work done outside of or in excess of the ordinary hours for a day's work as prescribed, shall be paid for at the rate of time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter.

HOLIDAYS AND SUNDAY WORK.

- 5. (a) Double time shall be the rate for all work done on Sundays, New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Labour Day, Anzae Day, King's Birthday, Melbourne Cup Day, Christmas Day, or Boxing Day.
- (b) An apprentice who is not required to work on any holiday prescribed in sub-clause (a) hereof shall be entitled to the same conditions as may be prescribed from time to time for apprentices under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

SPECIAL RATES.

(Payable in addition to ordinary wages prescribed in clause 2 of this Part.)

- 6. (a) Swing Scaffold Work, and Ladder Work.—Any person employed on a swing scaffold, or any scaffold suspended by a rope or cable, or any person employed on a ladder at a height of 35 feet or more above the nearest horizontal plane, shall be paid 1s, for the first four hours or any portion thereof, and 3d. per hour for each hour thereafter, on any day.
- (b) Scaffold Work.—Any person employed on a scaffold (except a scaffold protected by a guard rail) at a height of 50 feet or more above the nearest horizontal plane, shall be paid 1s. for the first four hours or any portion thereof, and 3d. per hour for each hour thereafter, on any day.
- (c) Work in Wet Places.—Any person required to work in a wet place (i.e., when water other than rain is flowing or dripping from overhead to such an extent as to saturate the clothing of the worker, or when the worker is required to work in water more than 2 inches deep), shall be paid 2d. per hour for each hour, or part thereof, he is so required to work. Provided that this extra rate shall not be payable to an employee who is provided by the employer with suitable protective clothing and/or footwear.
- (d) Work in Hot Places.—Any person required to work for more than one hour in the shade in places, (i) where the temperature is raised by artificial means to between 115 and 130 degrees Fahrenheit, shall be paid 1½d. per hour, (ii) in places where the temperature exceeds 130 degrees Fahrenheit, the additional amount to be paid shall be 3d. per hour. Where work continues for more than two hours in temperature exceeding 130 degrees Fahrenheit, employees shall also be entitled to twenty minutes' rest after every two hours' work without deduction of pay.
- (c) Work in Cold Places.—Any person required to work for more than one hour in places where the temperature is reduced by artificial means below 32 degrees Fahrenheit, shall be paid 1½d. per hour. Where the work continues for more than two hours employees shall be entitled to a rest period of twenty minutes every two hours without loss of pay.
- (f) Dirty Work.—Any person required to do work which a foreman and workman shall agree is of an unusually dirty or offensive nature shall be paid 1½d, per hour.
- (g) Work in Confined Spaces.—Any person required to work in a confined space (i.e., a compartment or space, access to which is through a manhole or similar opening, or a place the dimensions of which necessitate an employee working in a stooped or otherwise cramped position, or without proper ventilation, and which is of a class not usually associated with the painting and decorating trade) shall be paid 3d. per hour.
- (h) Special Rates not Cumulative.—Where more than one of the conditions entitling a workman to special rates exist on the same job the employer shall be bound to pay only one rate, namely, the highest for the conditions so prevailing.
- (i) Compensation to the extent of the damage sustained shall be made where in the course of the work clothing or tools are damaged or destroyed by fire or through the use of corrosive substances. Provided that the employer's liability in respect of tools shall be limited to such tools of trade as are ordinarily required for the performance of the employee's duties.
- (j) Rates not Subject to Penalty Additions.—The special rates herein prescribed shall be paid irrespective of the times at which the work is performed, and shall not be taken into account when computing the penalty rate payable for overtime, or for work done on Sundays and holidays.

INCLEMENT WEATHER.

- 7. Each employee shall be paid an allowance at ordinary rates for time lost through inclement weather, subject to the following conditions :-
 - (i) That such allowance shall not exceed the equivalent of eight hours' pay in any one week.
 - (ii) That weather shall not be regarded as inclement for the purposes of this clause, unless the employer or his representative on the job, and a representative of the men on such job, agree that it shall be so regarded. Failing such agreement weather shall not be regarded as inclement and work shall continue.
 - (iii) Any intermission of work owing to inclement weather so regarded as aforesaid shall immediately cease and work shall be immediately resumed on the employer or his representative calling for a resumption of work.
 - (iv) An employee shall not be entitled to payment as provided for in this clause, unless he remains on the job until a decision to cease work for the day has been made by agreement between the employer or his representative and a representative of the men.
 - (v) The intermission of work by employees who would be exposed to or working in inclement weather so regarded in accordance with this clause shall not be a ground for intermission of work in places where employees are not so exposed to or are not called upon to work in such inclement weather.

ALLOWANCE IN RESPECT OF EXCESS FARES AND TRAVELLING TIME.

8. (a) The following payments shall be made in lieu of fares and travelling time within the radii named using G.P.O., Melbourne (cr. Bourke and Elizabeth streets) or the principal post offices at Ballarat, Bendigo, and Geolong as centres:—

			s. d.
Up to and including 12 miles	 	 ••	 2 0 per day
Over 12 miles and including 20 miles	 	 	 2 6 per day
Over 20 miles and including 30 miles	 	 	3 O per day

Over 30 miles travelling time shall be paid at the rate of 5s. per hour calculated to the nearest quarter of an hour with a minimum of one quarter hour for each journey for any time outside ordinary working hours spent in travelling daily from the 30 mile radius to the job and returning thereto in addition to the allowance prescribed for such radius plus any fares necessarily and reasonably incurred in so travelling beyond such radius.

The allowances of 2s., 2s. 6d., or 3s. per day prescribed above shall not be payable if the employer provides or offers to provide transport free of charge, in which case 1s. 4d. per day travelling allowance shall be paid. Provided, however, that this shall not affect the right of an employee to receive the payment hereinbefore provided for time occupied and fares expended in travelling beyond 30 miles.

(b) Where fares are necessarily incurred on distant jobs, as defined in clause 9 (a) of this Part, or on work performed outside the radii named in sub-clause (a) hereof the provisions of that sub-clause shall apply except that the local Post Office shall be the

ALLOWANCES IN RESPECT OF DISTANT JOBS.

9. (a) When distance and/or travelling facilities reasonably prevent an employee going from and returning each day to his usual place of residence, reasonable and suitable board and sleeping accommodation, including stretcher and mattress for each employee shall be provided. When work is situated away from suitable accommodation, the employer shall supply tents or huts with sleeping accommodation therein including stretcher and mattress for each employee in addition to any allowance provided in this clause; the allowance to be made shall be-

			s. d.
For less than a full week	 	 	12 9 per day
For a full working week at the rate of	 	 	52 6 per week

Provided that the foregoing allowances shall be increased if the employee satisfies the employer that he reasonably incurred a greater outlay than that prescribed.

- (b) In lieu of the payments prescribed in clause 8 (a) of this Part an employee to whom sub-clause (a) applies shall be paid travelling time (not exceeding ordinary working hours per day) at ordinary rates of pay, and, where incurred, second-class return fare, and 5s. to cover expense of reaching his home railway station and transport of tools if any cost necessary. Provided that the return fare shall not be payable if the employee is dismissed for misconduct or is held incompetent within one week of starting work or leaves within one month of engagement. Travelling time shall be calculated as from Spencer-street and Flinders-street Railway Stations or the home Central Railway Station (if residing in the country) to destination by rail or usual travelling facilities.
- (c) If an employee elects to return to his home at the week end after three months of continuous service and thereafter at three-monthly periods he shall be paid a second-class return fare (Victorian Railways only) on the pay day which immediately follows the date on which he returns to the job.
- If the work upon which the employee is engaged will terminate in the ordinary course within a further 28 days after the expiration of three months this sub-clause shall not apply.

 (d) Any person who has travelled from a "centre" to a place of work, and is required, in the course of his employment to travel further on the same day, shall be paid all fares necessarily expended in such further travelling.

ALLOWANCE IN RESPECT OF MEALS.

10. Where an employee is required to work overtime in excess of one hour and has not been given notice of same on the previous working day, he shall be allowed an amount of 2s. 6d. for a meal. When working overtime for two hours or more, employees shall be allowed to take, without deduction of pay, 20 minutes for crib immediately after the ordinary ceasing time, and thereafter 30 minutes for crib shall be allowed after each four hours of continous work. without taking the prescribed interval of 20 minutes, he shall be deemed to have worked two and one-third hours.

Excess of Hours.

- 11. An employee who has worked continuously (except for meal intervals) for 20 hours, shall have a break of at least twelve hours before again starting work. REST PAUSE.
- 12. (a) There shall be a rest period of ten minutes from the time of ceasing to the time of resuming work between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and 11 a.m. without deduction of pay.
- (b) The employer shall provide facilities to enable the employees to obtain an adequate supply of boiling water at meal times and rest periods. ANNUAL HOLIDAY.
- 13. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946, No. 5111, and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

SICK LEAVE.

14. An apprentice absent from duty on account of ill health or injury shall be entitled to the same conditions as may be prescribed from time to time for apprentices under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

PAYMENT OF WAGES.

15. Wages, allowances, and other moneys due shall be paid not later than the time of ceasing work on Thursday of each working week, or otherwise by mutual arrangement. On termination of employment by the employer all wages allowances, and other moneys shall be paid at the time of dismissal. If wages be not paid within the periods prescribed the employee shall be paid at ordinary rates for all time in excess of fifteen minutes beyond such time until the wages are paid or posted to his last known place of addre

TIME AND WAGES BOOK.

16. (a) Each employer shall keep a record from which can be readily ascertained the name of each employee and his occupation,

16. (a) Each employer shall keep a record from which can be readily ascertained the name of each employee and his occupation, the hours worked each day, and the wages and allowances paid each week.

(b) The time occupied by an employee in filling in any time record or cards or in the making of records shall be treated as time of duty, but this does not apply to checking in or out when entering or leaving the employer's premises.

(c) The time and wages record shall be open for inspection to a duly accredited union official during the usual office hours at the employer's office or other convenient place, provided 24 hours' notice of such inspection has been given. Provided that an inspection shall not be demanded unless the secretary of the union or the district secretary or organizer of any division suspects that a breach of the Determination has been committed. Provided also that only one demand for such inspection shall be made in one fortnight at the same establishment.

(d) The official making such inspection shall be entitled to take a copy of entries in a time and wages record relating to the

suspected breach of the Determination.

TOOLS AND APPLIANCES.

17. (a) Each painter shall provide himself with an ordinary dusting brush and all necessary stripping and stopping knives.

hammer, backing knife, screwdriver, glazing knife, and a rule.

(b) Each paperhanger shall provide himself with a lay-brush, scissors, rule, plumb-bob, chalk-line, and trimming knife (if he requires such an instrument), and also with surface and joint rollers.

(c) Each signwriter shall provide himself with a mahl-stick, rule, straight-edge, chalk-line, pencils and gilding cushion, mop,

knife and tip. If any employee is required to provide any tools or appliances other than those above enumerated, 6d. per hour in addition to the ordinary rates fixed by this Determination shall be paid by the employer. The employer shall supply all tools necessary for the use of apprentices.

TRANSPORT. 18. Where an employee is required to work overtime and no regular means of transport is available, the employer shall provide suitable transport to convey him to the job or his residence as the case may be. If the employer fails to provide such transport, he shall pay to the employee such reasonable amount as has been necessarily incurred by him.

WASHING TIME.

19. Each employee shall be allowed five minutes prior to the lunch interval and immediately prior to the time of ceasing work for the day in order to clean up and wash. EMPLOYEES REPORTING FOR DUTY.

20. An employee notified to commence duty and actually attending for duty, when notified by the employer or his representative that his services are not required shall be paid for two hours as time worked.

WATTING TIME.

21. An employee who is required to attend for work and is kept waiting to commence work by instructions of the employer or his representative, shall be paid at his ordinary rate of pay for the time he is so kept waiting.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

22. One hour's notice of termination of employment shall be given by either employer or employee or one hour's pay shall be paid or forfeited in lieu thereof.

Such hour shall be allowed the employee to gather, clean, pack and transport his tools.

APPRENTICES.

23. The provisions of clause 22 of this Part shall not apply to the employment of apprentices.

TIME OFF FOLLOWING ACCIDENT

24. An employee suffering injury through an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment (not being an injury in respect of which he is entitled to workers' compensation, pursuant to the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act 1946) necessitating his attendance during working hours on a doctor, chemist or trained nurse, or at a hospital, shall not suffer any deduction from his pay for time (not exceeding four hours) so occupied on the day of the accident and shall be reimbursed by the employer all expenses reasonably incurred in connexion with such attendance.

PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

25. The wages rates set out in clause 2 (b) of this Part are based upon the following basic wage for adult males, and, pursuant to the provisions of Section 21 of the Factories and Shops Act 1934, the Wages Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically adjusted as prescribed in clause 26 of this Part.

	Place			•	Needs Basic Wage for Adult Males (adjustable).	Loading (Constant).	Total Basic Wage for Adult Males,	Index Number Sot Assigned,
					£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Throughout the State	••	••	••	••	 6.14 0	. 0 6 0	700	Melbourne

ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

26. (a) For the purposes of this Determination, the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's 'all items' retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician. (b) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November, 1950, the amounts of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 25 of this Part.

prescribed in clause 25 of this Part.

(c) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November, a February, a May, or an August, the amount of the needs basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method, namely, by multiplying the last published Commonwealth Statistician's "all items" retail price index number by the factor 087 taken to one place of decimals, the resultant whole number being the amount of the basic wage expressed in shillings, but should the decimal number reach 5 or more the basic wage shall be taken to the next higher shilling.

(d) The weekly wage and hourly rate prescribed in clause 2 of this Part are ascertained as follows:—

Basic wage		• •	• •	7	0	0) ·	
Margin for skill .		• •	• •	2	6			for
		• •		0	-	-	following the job, and one week's sick pay, the weekly we	sgo .
		• •		0	4	-	should be £10 18s. 4d. per week = 5s. $5\frac{1}{2}$ d. per hour.	
Disabilities allowar	100	• •	•••	0	5	6	f , £10 1 6 \times 52	
					_	_	$\left(\begin{array}{cc} 1.6. & \overline{48 \times 40} \end{array}\right)$	
Total .	•	• •	• •	10	Ť	0	\ 200	

ADDISTMENT OF WAGES OF APPRENTICES AND IMPROVERS.

27. The wages rates of apprentices, as prescribed in clause 2 of this Part, shall be automatically adjusted to accord with the wages rates, as adjusted from time to time, for apprentices in the metropolitan district who are under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

The wages rates for improvers shall be those prescribed from time to time for apprentices, plus an additional 20 per cent. calculated to the nearest penny.

PART II.

1. This Part applies in respect of the employment of all persons coming within the ambit of the Determination, other than those provided for in Part I. hereof.

2.			WAGI	29.				
(a)	Apprentices and Imprentices Per Week of			(b) Juvenile Workers, i.e., Persons under 21 years of Age (other than Apprentices or Improvers) engaged in producing Signs or Posters by means of Stencils, Screens, or other like methods or at any work incidental thereto.				
	Adjustable Wage.	Loading.	Total Wage.	Per Week of 40	hours.			
lat year's experience 2nd year's experience 3rd year's experience 4th year's experience 5th year's experience	s. d. 40 6 54 0 74 0 105 6 137 0	s. d. 2 8 5 4 8 0 10 8 13 4	s. d. 43 2 59 4 82 0 116 2 150 4	1st year's experience 40 6 2nd year's experience 54 0 3rd year's experience 74 0 4th year's experience 105 6 5th year's experience 137 0				
Impression of the second sear's experience and year's experience and year's experience the year's experience the year's experience	OVers	Per	s. d. 51 10 71 2 98 5 139 5 180 5	PROPORTION. (i) Where one screen table is in operation— Two juvenile workers to each person receiving not than 140s. per week of 40 hours. (ii) Where two or more screen tables are in operation— For each two screen tables, four juvenile worke each two fully-paid workers, provided that one of fully-paid workers shall receive not less than 140s week of 40 hours.	ers to			
One apprentice to consumer the trades, a secompletion, by the flapprenticeship course. One improver to Two improvers to Three improvers	more than three ond apprentice irst apprentice, of three to twelve an itional improver	journeymer may be em of the secons.	action of three are employed ployed on the					

^{*} Note—The employment, within the Metropolitan District, of any improver is illegal.

(c) OTHER EMPLOYEES. (i) Within 20 Miles of the Principal Post Office at Elizabeth - street, Mel-Elizabeth street, Melbourne: (19) Within 5 Miles of the Post Office at Mildura : (10) Within 5 Miles of the Gippsland District as defined herein (except within a radius of 3 Miles of the Post Office at Yallourn). (19) Within 10 Miles of the Principal Post Offices at Geelong and Warnambool, respectively. Within 3 Miles of the Post Office at Yallourn. All Other Parts of Victoria Per week of 40 hours. Per week of 40 hours, Per week of 40 hours. Per hour. Per hour. Per hour. s. d. s. d. s. d. s. d. s.: d. s. d. (A) All classes of work, other than the production of signs or posters by means of stencils, screens, or other like methods. Persons employed at— Sign or poster writing, graining or painting, or paperhanging, or at any other work specified in (A) ... 5 44 214 6 5 61 221 0 5 3½ 211 6 (n) Producing signs or posters by means of stencils, screens, or other like methods, or any work incidental thereto. Persons employed at— (i), Signwriting designing forming or lettering any pictorial design, including the cutting of stencils (ii) Any other work specified in (2) 221 0 149 6 214 6 143 0 5 3 41 7 61 81 $\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{6}$ $\begin{array}{ccc} 211 & 6 \\ 140 & 0 \end{array}$

Notwithstanding anything contained in clause 2 (c) (A) and (B) (i) of this Part any employee, within six months of his first employment in any place, whose employment is terminated by the employer for any cause other than misconduct or incompetence shall on such termination be entitled to be paid for such work performed by him an additional amount at the rate of 3s. 10d, per week.

- (d) Leading Hand, i.e., a tradesman who is given responsibility of direction and supervision of the work by his employer or by his employer's responsible representative of not fewer than five tradesmen shall receive in addition to his ordinary wage, allowances as follows:—
 - (a) If in charge of five tradesmen as aforesaid—ls. per day;
 - (b) If in charge of more than five tradesmen as aforesaid, is, per day for being in charge of the first five tradesmen, plus an additional is, per day for each additional five, or fraction of five tradesmen in excess of such first five
- (e) An employer shall not employ any minor at work covered by this Part, other than as a juvenile worker as defined, unless under a contract of apprenticeship, provided that any person who on or before the 1st June, 1949, was employed as an improver may continue to be so employed and paid at the rate prescribed in sub-clause (a) hereof for an improver of like experience.

3. The ordinary hours shall be 40 per week to be worked in five days, the daily hours being 8 hours per day Monday to Friday inclusive, between the hours of 7.45 a.m. and 5.15 p.m. each day. The lunch break shall not be less than 45 minutes.

OVERTIME.

4. All work done outside of or in excess of the ordinary hours for a day's work as prescribed, shall be paid for at the rate of and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter.

An employee who has worked continuously (except for meal intervals) for 20 hours shall have a break of at least 12 hours before again starting work.

HOLIDAYS AND SUNDAY WORK.

- 5. (a) Double time shall be the rate for all work done on Sunday, New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Labour Day, Anzac Day, King's Birthday, Melbourne Cup Day, Christmas Day, or Boxing Day; but if by Act of Parliament or Proclamation, any other day be substituted for any of the above-named holidays, the special rate shall be payable only for work done on the day so substituted.
- (b) An apprentice who is not required to work on any holiday prescribed in sub-clause (a) hereof shall be entitled to the same conditions as may be prescribed from time to time for apprentices under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

INCLEMENT WEATHER.

- 6. Each employee shall be paid an allowance at ordinary rates for time lost through inclement weather, subject to the following conditions:
 - (i) That such allowance shall not exceed the equivalent of eight hours' pay in any one week.
 - (ii) That weather shall not be regarded as inclement for the purposes of this clause, unless the employer or his representative on the job, and a representative of the men on such job, agree that it shall be so regarded. Failing such agreement weather shall not be regarded as inclement and work shall continue.
 - (iii) Any intermission of work owing to inclement weather so regarded as aforesaid shall immediately cease and work shall be immediately resumed on the employer or his representative calling for a resumption of work.
 - (iv) An employee shall not be entitled to payment as provided for in this clause, unless he remains on the job until a decision to cease work for the day has been made by agreement between the employer or his representative and a representative of the men.
 - (v) The intermission of work by employees who would be exposed to or working in inclement weather so regarded in accordance with this clause shall not be a ground for intermission of work in places where employees are not so exposed to or are not called upon to work in such inclement weather.

ALLOWANCE IN RESPECT OF EXCESS FARES AND TRAVELLING TIME.

7. (a) The following payments shall be made in lieu of fares and travelling time within the radii named using G.P.O., Melbourne (cr. Bourke and Elizabeth-streets) or the principal post offices at Ballarat, Bendigo, and Geelong as centres:—

					•	, u,
Up to and including 12 miles	• • •	• •	••	• •		2 0 per day
Over 12 miles and including 20 miles	• •		••			2 6 per day
Over 20 miles and including 30 miles	• •	• •	• •		• •	3 0 per day

Over 30 miles travelling time shall be paid at the rate of 5s. per hour calculated to the nearest quarter of an hour with a minimum of one quarter hour for each journey for any time outside ordinary working hours spent in travelling daily from the 30 mile radius to the job and returning thereto in addition to the allowance prescribed for such radius plus any fares necessarily and reasonably incurred in so travelling beyond such radius.

The allowances of 2s., 2s. 6d., or 3s. per day prescribed above shall not be payable if the employer provides or offers to provide transport free of charge, in which case 1s. 4d. per day travelling allowance shall be paid. Provided, however, that this shall not affect the right of an employee to receive the payment hereinbefore provided for time occupied and fares expended in travelling beyond 30 miles.

- (b) Where fares are necessarily incurred on distant jobs, as defined in clause 8 (a) of this Part, or on work performed outside the radii named in sub-clause (a) hereof the provisions of that sub-clause shall apply except that the local Post Office shall be the centre.
- (c) Sub-clauses (a), (b), and (c) of this clause shall not operate when an employee is employed on maintenance work at his ized centre. Such centre shall be fixed for a period of not less than six months, and shall be specified at the time of the recognized centre. Such centre shall be fixed for commencement of the employment, or on request.

ALLOWANCES IN RESPECT OF DISTANT JOBS.

8. (a) When distance and/or travelling facilities reasonably prevent an employee going from and returning each day to his usual place of residence, reasonable and suitable board and sleeping accommodation including stretcher and mattress for each employee shall be provided. When work is situated away from suitable accommodation, the employer shall supply tents or huts with sleeping accommodation therein including stretcher and mattress for each employee in addition to any allowance provided in this clause; the allowance to be made shall be—

.. 12 9 per day .. 52 6 per week For less than a full week :: For a full working week at the rate of ...

Provided that the foregoing allowances shall be increased if the employee satisfies the employer that he reasonably incurred a greater outlay than that prescribed.

(b) In lieu of the payments prescribed in clause 7 (a) of this Part an employee to whom sub-clause (a) applies shall be paid travelling time (not exceeding ordinary working hours per day) at ordinary rates of pay, and, where incurred, second-class return fare, and 5s. to cover expense of reaching his home railway station and transport of tools if any cost necessary. Provided that the return fare shall not be payable if the employee is dismissed for misconduct or is held incompetent within one week of starting work or leaves within one month of engagement. Travelling time shall be calculated as from Spencer-street and Flinders-street Railway Stations or the home Central Railway Station (if residing in the country) to destination by rail or usual travelling facilities.

- (c) If an employee elects to return to his home at the week-end after three months of continuous service and thereafter at three-monthly periods, he shall be paid a second-class return fare (Victorian Railways only) on the pay day which immediately follows the date on which he returns to the job.
- If the work upon which the employee is engaged will terminate in the ordinary course within a further 28 days after the expiration of three months this sub-clause shall not apply.
- (d) Any person who has travelled from a "centre" to a place of work, and is required, in the course of his employment, to travel further on the same day, shall be paid all fares necessarily expended in such further travelling.

SPECIAL RATES.

(Payable in addition to ordinary wages prescribed in clause 2 of this Part.)

- 9. (a) Swing Scaffold Work, and Ladder Work.—Any person employed on a swing scaffold, or any scaffold suspended by a rope or cable, or any person employed on a ladder at a height of 35 feet or more above the nearest horizontal plane, shall be paid 1s. for the first four hours or any portion thereof, and 3d. per hour for each hour thereafter, on any day.
- (b) Scaffold Work.—Any person employed on a scaffold (except a scaffold protected by a guard rail) at a height of 50 feet or more above the nearest horizontal plane, shall be paid is. for the first four hours or any portion thereof, and 3d. per hour for each hour thereafter, on any day.
- (c) Work in Wet Places.—Any person required to work in a wet place (i.e., when water other than rain is flowing or dripping from overhead to such an extent as to saturate the clothing of the worker, or when the worker is required to work in water more than 2 inches deep), shall be paid 2d. per hour for each hour, or part thereof, he is so required to work. Provided that this extra rate shall not be payable to an employee who is provided by the employer with suitable protective clothing and/or footwear.
- (d) Work in Hot Places.—Any person required to work for more than one hour in the shade in places, (i) where the temperature is raised by artificial means to between 115 and 130 degrees Fahrenheit, shall be paid 1½d. per hour. (ii) in places where the temperature exceeds 130 degrees Fahrenheit, the additional amount to be paid shall be 3d. per hour. Where work continues for more than two hours in temperatures exceeding 130 degrees Fahrenheit, employees shall also be entitled to twenty minutes' rest after every two hours' work without deduction of pay.
- (e) Work in Cold Places.—Any person required to work for more than one hour in places where the temperature is reduced by artificial means below 32 degrees Fahrenheit, shall be paid 1½d. per hour. Where the work continues for more than two hours employees shall be entitled to a rest period of twenty minutes every two hours without loss of pay.
- (f) Dirty Work.—Any person required to do work which a foreman and workman shall agree is of an unusually dirty or offensive nature shall be paid 1½d. per hour.
- (g) Work in Confined Spaces.—Any person required to work in a confined space (i.e., a compartment or space, access to which is through a manhole or similar opening, or a place the dimensions of which necessitate an employee working in a stooped or otherwise cramped position, or without proper ventilation, and which is of a class not usually associated with the painting and decorating trade), shall be paid 3d, per hour.
- (h) Special Rates not Cumulative.—Where more than one of the conditions entitling a workman to special rates exist on the same job the employer shall be bound to pay only one rate, namely the highest for the conditions so prevailing.
- (i) Compensation to the extent of the damage sustained shall be made where in the course of the work clothing or tools are damaged or destroyed by fire or through the use of corrosive substances. Provided that the employer's liability in respect of tools shall be limited to such tools of trade as are ordinarily required for the performance of the employee's duties.
- (i) Rutes not Subject to Penalty Additions.—The special rates herein prescribed shall be paid irrespective of the time at which the work is performed, and shall not be taken into account when computing the penalty rate payable for overtime, or for work done on Sundays and holidays.

REST PERIOD.

10. There shall be a rest period of ten minutes from the time of ceasing to the time of the resumption of work, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 11 a.m. without deduction of pay.

PAYMENT OF WAGES.

- 11. (a) If an employee leaves or is dismissed he shall be paid his wages on leaving or being dismissed, or paid by post or otherwise on the next working day.
- (b) Except as provided in the preceding sub-clause, payment of wages and other moneys due shall be made not later than 5 p.m. on Thursday in each week. Provided that this provision may be varied by the mutual agreement of the employer and the majority of employees on any job.
- . If wages be not paid within the periods prescribed the employee shall be paid at ordinary rates for all time in excess of fifteen minutes beyond such time until the wages are paid or posted to his last-known place of address.

Tools and Appliances.

- 12. (a) Each painter shall provide himself with an ordinary dusting brush and all necessary stripping and stopping knives, hammer, hacking knife, screwdriver, glazing knife, and a rule.
- (b) Each paperhanger shall provide himself with a lay brush, scissors, rule, plumb-bob, chalk-line, and trimming knife (if he requires such an instrument), and also with surface and joint rollers.
- (c) Each signwriter shall provide himself with a mahl-stick, rule straight-edge, chalk-line, pencils and gilding cushion, mop, knife and tip.
- If any employee is required to provide any tools or appliances other than those above enumerated, 6d. per hour in addition to the ordinary rates fixed by this Determination shall be paid by the employer. The employer shall supply all tools necessary for the use of apprentices.

ALLOWANCE IN RESPECT OF MEALS.

13. Where an employee is required to work overtime in excess of one hour and has not been given notice of same on the previous working day, he shall be allowed an amount of 2s. 6d. for a meal. When working overtime for two hours or more, employees shall be allowed to take, without deduction of pay, 20 minutes for crib immediately after the ordinary ceasing time, and thereafter 30 minutes for crib shall be allowed after each four hours of continuous work. Provided that where an employee works overtime for two hours without taking the prescribed interval of 20 minutes, he shall be deemed to have worked two and one-third hours.

SUPPLY OF HOT WATER.

14. The employer shall provide facilities to enable the employee to obtain an adequate supply of hot water at meal times.

CARE OF EMPLOYEES' TOOLS, ETC.

15. The employer shall make, in respect of each job, adequate arrangements to secure the proper care and safety of the employees' tools and gear when not in use.

TIME AND WAGES BOOK.

- 16. (a) Each employer shall keep a record from which can be readily ascertained the name of each employee and his occupation, the hours worked each day, and the wages and allowances paid each week.
- (b) The time occupied by an employee in filling in any time record or cards or in the making of records shall be treated as time of duty, but this does not apply to checking in or out when entering or leaving the employer's premises.
- (c) The time and wages record shall be open for inspection to a duly accredited union official during the usual office hours at the employer's office or other convenient place, provided 24 hours' notice of such inspection has been given. Provided that an inspection shall not be demanded unless the secretary of the union or the district secretary or organizer of any division suspects that a breach of the Determination has been committed. Provided also that only one demand for such inspection shall be made in one fortnight at the same establishment.
- (d) The official making such inspection shall be entitled to take a copy of entries in a time and wages record relating to the suspected breach of the Determination.

TRANSPORT.

17. Where an employee is required to work overtime and no regular means of transport is available, the employer shall provide suitable transport to convey him to the job or his residence as the case may be. If the employer fails to provide such transport, he shall pay to the employee such reasonable amount as has been necessarily incurred by him.

WASHING TIME.

18. Each employee shall be allowed five minutes prior to the lunch interval and immediately prior to the time of ceasing work for the day in order to clean up and wash.

ANNUAL HOLIDAY.

19. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the Factories and Shops (Annual Holidays) Act 1946, No. 5111, and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

SICK LEAVE.

20. An apprentice absent from duty on account of ill health or injury shall be entitled to the same conditions as may be prescribed from time to time for apprentices under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

Additional Annual and Sick Leave for Special Circumstances.

- ADDITIONAL AND SIGK LEAVE FOR SPECIAL CIRCOMSTANCES.

 21. When it is a constant condition of employment that an employee in a "Mixed Industry" is continuously required to work or be on call for work on week ends (i.e., Saturdays and Sundays), such employee shall be entitled to :—

 (a) one week's additional leave with pay, and

 (b) payment for a maximum of 40 hours for sickness (duly certified) in any one year, provided that in the event of an employee not claiming payment in whole or in part in any year, the number of days not claimed shall be held to his credit the following year or years, subject to a maximum of 120 hours for sickness. For the purposes of sub-clause (b) hereof service prior to the lat July, 1945, shall be disregarded. "Mixed Industry" means an industry where the work performed by painters (that is, any work to which this Determination applies) is subsidiary and auxiliary to the chief and principal purpose and business of such industry.

EMPLOYEES REPORTING FOR DUTY.

22. An employee notified to commence duty and actually attending for duty, when notified by the employer or his representative that his services are not required shall be paid for two hours as time worked.

TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

23. One hour's notice of termination of employment shall be given by either employer or employee or one hour's pay shall be paid or forfeited in lieu thereof.

When notice has been given by the employer such hour shall be allowed the employee to gather, clean, pack and transport his tools.

The provisions of this clause shall not apply to the employment of apprentices.

WAITING TIME.

24. An employee who is required to attend for work and is kept waiting to commence work by instructions of the employer or his representative, shall be paid at his ordinary rate of pay for the time he is so kept waiting.

TIME OFF FOLLOWING ACCIDENT.

25. An employee suffering injury through an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment (not being an injury in respect of which he is entitled to workers' compensation pursuant to the provisions of Workers' Compensation Act 1946), necessitating his attendance during working hours on a doctor, chemist or trained nurse, or at a hospital, shall not suffer any deduction from his pay for time (not exceeding four hours) so occupied on the day of the accident and shall be reimbursed by the employer all expenses reasonably incurred in connexion with such attendance.

DEFINITIONS.

26. "Gippsland District" shall mean the following area, viz.:—From Hallam (beyond Dandenong) to the south to Lyndhurst, Wonthaggi, across to Port Albert, to Orbost, to Briagolong, to Walhalla, to Noojee, to Hallam.

"Centre" shall mean the employer's usual place of business.

PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

27. The wages rates set out in clause 2 (c) of this Part are based upon the following basic wage for adult males and, pursuant to the provisions of Section 21 of the Factories and Shops Act 1934, the Wages Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically adjusted as prescribed in clause 28 of this Part.

Place,	Needs Basic Wage for Adult Males (adjustable).	Loading (Constant),	Total Basic Wage for Adult Males.	index Number Set Assigned.
Within 20 miles of the Principal Post Office at Elizabeth-street, Melbourne—Males Within 10 miles of the principal Post Offices at Geelong and Warrnambool respectively—same as the contemporaneous basic wage for Melbourne. Within 5 miles of the Post Office at Mildura; within the Gippsland District as herein defined (except Yallourn)—same as the contemporaneous basic wage for Melbourne. Yallourn—until further order the same amount in excess of Melbourne as at present, viz., 6s. 6d. per week. Elsewhere—3s. less than the contemporaneous basic wage for Melbourne.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d:	Melbourne

ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

- 28. (a) For the purposes of this Determination, the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's 'all items' retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.
- (b) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November, 1950, the amounts of the Basic Wage shall be as prescribed in clause 27 of this Part.
- (c) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November, a February, a May, or an August, the amount of the needs basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method, namely, by multiplying the last published Commonwealth Statistician's "all items" retail price index number by the factor .087 taken to one place of decimals, the resultant whole number being the amount of the basic wage expressed in shillings, but should the decimal number reach .5 or more the basic wage shall be taken to the next higher shilling.

Adjustment of Wages of Apprentices, Improvers, and Juvenile Workers.

29. The wages rates of apprentices and juvenile workers, as prescribed in clause 2 of this Part, shall be automatically adjusted to accord with the wages rates as adjusted from time to time, for apprentices in the metropolitan district who are under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

The wages rates for improvers shall be those prescribed from time to time for apprentices, plus an additional 20 per cent. calculated to the nearest penny.

Adjustment of Loadings.

- 30. The loadings set out, and included as part of the ordinary wage in clause 2 (c) (A) and (B) (i) of this Part, represent approximately 15 days' pay per annum in payment or compensation for—
 - (a) The holidays prescribed in clause 5 of this Part-8s. 8d.;
 - (b) Five days' sickness each year-4s. 4d.;
 - (c) Disabilities allowance-5s. 6d.

The existing loadings of 18s. 6d. per week are based upon a Needs Basic Wage Group of 131s. to 135s. per week, and shall be automatically adjusted by increasing or decreasing the allowance by 6d. for each increase or decrease or 5s. (in the aggregate) of such Needs Basic Wage Group as shown in the schedule hereunder—

	Basic Wage Group.								Total Loadings Payable.					
86s. to 90s. (i	nclusive) per week	.,				14s. 0d.	per week						
91s. to 95s.	••	,,			*		14s. 6d.	,,						
96s. to 100s.	,,	,,			• •		15s. 0d.	,,						
01s. to 105s.	,,	,,					15s. 6d.	,,						
06s. to 110s.	.,	,,					16s. 0d.	**						
lls. to 115s.	,,	,,	• •				16s. 6d.	••						
16s. to 120s.	**	**					17s. 0d.	**						
21s. to 125s.	•	,,					17s. 6d.							
26s. to 130s.	,,	,,					18a. 0d.	**						
31s. to 135s.	,,	,,					18s. 6d.	••						
36s. to 140s.	,,	**					19s. 0d.	,,						

Any extension of this table must be of the same construction as the table.

Should any increase or decrease of the loadings take place as the result of the operation of this clause, a corresponding increase or decrease as the case may be shall be made in the ordinary wages rates prescribed in clause 2 (c) (A) and (B) (i) of this Part.

A. V. BARNS, J.P., Chairman,

J. W. RYAN, Secretary.

Melbourne, 9th August, 1950.

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