



# VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

[Registered at the General Post Office, Melbourne, for transmission by post as a newspaper.]

No. 506]

THURSDAY, MAY 17.

[1951

Factories and Shops Acts.

## DETERMINATION OF THE PLASTERERS BOARD.

NOTE.—(A) This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

(B) Plastering was proclaimed on 28th November, 1928, as an apprenticeship trade under the *Apprenticeship Act 1928* for the Metropolitan District.

Full particulars of the apprenticeship regulations for these trades may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Apprenticeship Commission, 103 Russell-street, Melbourne. (Price 3d.)

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Wages Board which, since the 7th February, 1940, has had power to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons—

- (1) whosoever employed in the process, trade, or business of plastering or cementing;
- (2) employed in the process, trade, or business of fixing all laths used in connexion with the erection or repair of buildings, whether such laths are of wood or of a substitute therefor;
- (3) employed in the finishing of all plastering work in sewers, tunnels, or channels;
- (4) employed in finishing all kinds of plastic acoustic work, waterproofing work, and texture work formed in cement plaster or patent material;
- (5) employed in the making or laying of marble mosaic, granolithic, terrazzo, or flooring of which cement forms a part or the laying of magnesite flooring;
- (6) employed in the making or fixing of all pre-cast or moulded work (except such work as is subject to the Determination of the Fibrous Plasterers Board)

has made the following Determination, namely:—

1. That as from the 1st April, 1951, the Determination of this Board published in *Government Gazette* No. 114 of the 30th January, 1951, shall be amended to include:—

### PART I.

1. This Part applies only in respect of the employment of persons on the construction renovation alteration repair or demolition of buildings performed on the site thereof, and in particular it shall have no application—

- (i) to employment by an employer in any industry where the work performed by the employee is subsidiary or auxiliary to the chief and principal purpose and business of such industry; or
- (ii) to employment in workshops.

12A. (a) This clause shall apply only to the year 1951, and shall have no effect after the 31st December, 1951.

- (i) The following days, having been proclaimed as public statutory holidays for the year 1951, or any day, or days, substituted by proclamation therefor, shall be added to the holidays set out in clause 12 of Part I. of this Determination.  
9th May, 1951 (Federal Jubilee),  
13th November, 1951 (Victorian Centenary)
- (ii) An employee not required to work on either or both of these days shall receive payment therefor at the ordinary rate of pay as for eight hours work for each day.  
Provided that an employee who fails to attend for work on the working day before or after either holiday without reasonable excuse shall not be entitled to payment for such holiday.
- (iii) Double time shall be the rate payable for all work done on these days.

### PART II.

1. This Part applies in respect of the employment of all persons coming within the ambit of the Determination, other than those provided for in Part I. hereof.

13A. (a) This clause shall apply only to the year 1951, and shall have no effect after the 31st December, 1951.

- (i) The following days, having been proclaimed as public statutory holidays for the year 1951, or any day, or days, substituted by proclamation therefor, shall be added to the holidays set out in clause 13 of Part II. of this Determination.  
9th May, 1951 (Federal Jubilee),  
13th November, 1951 (Victorian Centenary)
- (ii) An employee not required to work on either or both of these days shall receive payment therefor at the ordinary rate of pay as for eight hours work for each day.  
Provided that an employee who fails to attend for work on the working day before or after either holiday without reasonable excuse shall not be entitled to payment for such holiday.
- (iii) Double time shall be the rate payable for all work done on these days.

A. V. BARNES, J.P., Chairman.

J. W. RYAN, Secretary.

Melbourne, 28th March, 1951.

By Authority: J. J. GOURLEY, Government Printer, Melbourne.

No. 506.—3635/51.—PRICE 6d.

The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry should be supported by a valid receipt or invoice. This ensures transparency and allows for easy verification of the data.

In the second section, the author outlines the various methods used to collect and analyze the data. This includes both primary and secondary data collection techniques. The primary data was gathered through direct observation and interviews, while secondary data was obtained from existing reports and databases.

The third section provides a detailed description of the data analysis process. This involves identifying patterns, trends, and correlations within the data set. Statistical tools and software were used to facilitate this process, ensuring that the results are both accurate and reliable.

Finally, the document concludes with a summary of the findings and their implications. It highlights the key insights gained from the study and offers recommendations for future research and practice. The author notes that while the current study provides valuable information, there are still several areas that require further investigation.