



S U P P L E M E N T
TO THE
V I C T O R I A
G O V E R N M E N T G A Z E T T E

OF TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1859.

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No. 180.]

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 15.

[1859.]

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

I HEREBY notify that I have this day received a return to the writ issued by me on the twenty-seventh day of October last, for the election of a member to serve in the Legislative Assembly of Victoria for the Electoral district of Ballarat West, in the place of John Robinson Bailey, Esq., whose seat became vacant by reason of his having accepted an office of profit under the Crown, and that by the return endorsed on such writ it appears that

JOHN ROBINSON BAILEY

was duly elected member for the said Electoral District.

FRANS. MURPHY,
Speaker.

Legislative Assembly Chambers,
Melbourne, 15th November, 1859.

Tenders for the Service of 1860.

Treasury,
Melbourne, 15th November, 1859.

RATIONS.

TENDERS will be received until Noon on Tuesday, the 13th day of December, from persons willing to supply provisions and other articles in such quantities as may be required by the various Departments of the Public Service, except the Military, at the undermentioned places, during twelve calendar months, commencing on the 1st January, 1860.

Printed forms of tender may be obtained from the Government Storekeeper in Melbourne, the Stipendiary Magistrates at Geelong, Portland, Belfast, Kilmore, Warrnambool, and Alberton, and from the Resident Warden at each Gold Field, by whom also any information or explanation will be afforded to persons tendering.

The places for which tenders will be received, and the amount of security required for the due fulfilment of each contract, are as follows:—

Place.	Amount of Security.
	£
Melbourne, including Pentridge, Yarra Bend, and Collingwood	1000
Williamstown, including vessels in Hobson's Bay, except the Victoria S. Sloop	1000
Geelong	500
Portland, Belfast, and Castlemaine, each	300
Sandhurst, Beechworth, Ballarat, Alberton, Kilmore, and Warrnambool, each	200

No tender will be entertained unless accompanied by a certificate from two responsible persons that they are willing to become bound as sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract; and, in the event of the tender being accepted, the bond must be executed within fifteen days, failing which, the contract will be again advertised, or another tender accepted. The names of the tenderers and of their sureties, together with their places of residence, must be stated at full length.

The tenders must include the whole of the rations and separate articles required in the respective localities, but the

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tender for each locality must be distinct, and will be accepted or rejected separately. For rations, according to the several scales, the price per ration is to be stated; for other supplies, the price of each article. The value of all packages, whether the supplies are in bulk or otherwise, is to be included in the price demanded.

All tenders must be enclosed in a separate envelope, marked "Tender for Provisions, &c., at ——" (as the case may be), and be deposited in the Tender Box at the Government Stores, King street; or, if sent by post, they must be addressed to the Government Storekeeper, Melbourne.

The Government will not necessarily accept the lowest or any tender.

The decision of the Government will be made known on the 20th December, 1859.

DAILY RATIONS OF PROVISIONS.

No. 1.

Immigrants—For each statute adult:—

- Wheaten bread, 1 lb.
- Fresh meat, 1 lb.
- Potatoes, 8 oz.
- Sugar, 2 oz.
- Tea, ½ oz.
- Salt, ½ oz.
- Soap, ½ oz.

Children exceeding one year in age, and under twelve years, one-half of the above.

No. 2.

Officers and men in the Government service to whom rations are allowed, also witnesses and persons waiting bail:—

- Best wheaten bread, 24 oz.
- Fresh meat, 1 lb.
- Potatoes, 8 oz.
- Sugar, 4 oz.
- Tea, ½ oz.
- Salt, ½ oz.
- Soap, ½ oz.

No. 3.

Prisoners at hard labor in gaols and penal establishments:—

	Male.	Female.
Maize or oaten meal, 8 oz.	...	6 oz.
Bread	20 "	12 "
Meat	12 "	8 "
Potatoes	16 "	12 "
Sugar	1 "	1 "
Soap	½ "	½ "
Salt	½ "	½ "

No. 4.

Prisoners not at labor, and for children of female prisoners over eight years of age, in gaols and penal establishments; also for prisoners under sentence in locks-up:—

	Male.	Female.
Maize or oaten meal, 8 oz.	...	6 oz.
Bread	16 "	12 "
Meat	6 "	6 "
Potatoes	8 "	8 "
Sugar	1 oz.	1 oz.
Soap	½ "	½ "
Salt	½ "	½ "

No. 5.
Prisoners at light labor at penal establishments same as No. 4, with the addition of 2 oz. meat.

No. 6.
Prisoners in solitary confinement:—
Bread, 16 oz.
Soap, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Salt, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.

No. 7.
Children of female prisoners under two years of age:—
Milk, 1 quart
Bread, 4 oz.
Sugar, 1 oz.

No. 8.
Above two years of age:—
Bread, 8 oz.
Meat, 4 oz.
Milk, 1 pint
Sugar, 1 oz.

Children of eight years and upwards same as scale No. 4.

No. 9.
Prisoners confined in Locks-up or Watchhouses:—
Wheaten bread, 24 oz.
Soap, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.

No. 10.
Prisoners at hard labor in Lock-up:—
Wheaten bread, 24 oz.
Fresh meat, 16 oz.
Salt, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.
Soap, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.

No. 11.
For Hospitals, Aboriginal establishments, and all other services, in such quantities as may be from time to time required, when ordered:—

Arrowroot	...	...	per lb.
Beef and mutton (free from bone)	...	...	do.
Beef (salt)	...	...	per cwt.
Biscuit, best cabin	...	...	per lb.
Blue	...	...	do.
Brandy	...	...	per gallon
Bread, wheaten, 1st quality	...	...	per lb.
Do. 2nd do.	...	...	do.
Do. 3rd do.	...	...	do.
Butter, fresh	...	...	do.
Do. salt	...	...	do.
Candles, composite	...	...	do.
Do. mould	...	...	do.
Coffee	...	...	do.
Cotton wick	...	...	do.
Eggs	...	...	per dozen
Flour	...	...	per 100 lbs.
Lime juice	...	...	per gallon
Maize meal	...	...	per lb.
Milk (except at Yarra Bend)	...	...	per quart
Mustard	...	...	per lb.
Oatmeal	...	...	do.
Oil, black whale	...	...	per gallon
Do., neatsfoot	...	...	do.
Do., sperm	...	...	do.
Do., sweet olive	...	...	do.
Pearlash	...	...	per lb.
Pearl barley	...	...	do.
Pepper	...	...	do.
Pipes, tobacco	...	...	per dozen
Porter, bottled	...	...	do.
Pork, salt	...	...	per cwt.
Port wine, bottled	...	...	per dozen
Potash	...	...	per lb.
Potatoes	...	...	per cwt.
Quick lime	...	...	per bushel
Raisins	...	...	per lb.
Rice	...	...	do.
Rum	...	...	per gallon
Sago	...	...	per lb.
Saltpetre	...	...	do.
Salt, fine	...	...	do.
Soda (bread)	...	...	do.
Do. (washing)	...	...	do.
Soap, white or brown	...	...	do.
Do., soft	...	...	do.
Sherry wine, bottled	...	...	per dozen
Starch	...	...	per lb.
Straw	...	...	per cwt.
Suet	...	...	per lb.
Sugar	...	...	do.
Tapioca	...	...	do.
Tea	...	...	do.
Tobacco, best American	...	...	do.
Treacle	...	...	do.
Vegetables, other than potatoes	...	...	do.
Vinegar	...	...	per quart

At Castlemaine, Kilmore, Sandhurst, Ballarat, and Beechworth, the rations required will be Nos. 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, and also the several articles enumerated in scale No. 11.

At Geelong, Portland, Alberton, Belfast, and Warrnambool, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 7 to 11 inclusive.

At Melbourne (including Pentridge, Yarra Bend, &c.), Nos. 1 to 11 inclusive.

At Williamstown (including Hobson's Bay), Nos. 3 to 11 inclusive.

CONDITIONS.

1. All the articles required by this notice are to be of the best quality of their several kinds, in the best condition, and to be delivered in sound packages.

2. The flour and bread must be the produce of prime wheat, from which on ration No. 1, twenty per cent., and on those of prisoners of the Crown, twelve per cent. has been extracted in bran and waste.

3. Fresh meat (beef and mutton), when ordered for the Lunatic Asylum, to be delivered entirely free from bone, and in all other cases to be supplied in such proportions as may be required, and when the quantity admits, to be delivered in fore and hind quarters alternately. When shins of beef form a portion of the supply, a fair proportion of the bone, not less than five inches, must have been cut off.

4. When it may be necessary to substitute one article for another, the following proportions are to be observed, viz.:—

Wheaten flour, 1 lb., or
Best wheaten biscuit, 1 lb. } equal to $1\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of bread.

Salt beef, 1 lb., or
Mutton, 1 lb., or
Salt pork, 10 oz. } equal to 1 lb. fresh beef.

Onions, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., or
Other vegetables, 2 lbs. } equal to 1 lb. of potatoes in all cases.

In scales Nos. 3, 4 and 5, the following substitutes may be made at the discretion of the head of the department:—

In lieu of 8 oz. of meal, 6 oz. bread, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. sugar and $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. tea

In lieu of 6 oz. of meal, 4 oz. bread, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. sugar and $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. tea

5. The above substitutions are to be made whenever it may be considered advisable by the officer authorised to draw the rations, but not otherwise. Scales Nos. 3, 4 and 5 will be drawn at Pentridge, either with or without vegetables, as the officer in charge may direct.

6. The supplies are to be delivered direct to the establishment entitled thereto, on the written order of the officer in charge, except in the case of Aboriginal Stations, which are to be supplied under the Melbourne contract, and the several articles are to be delivered at the Government Stores.

7. Should the contractor fail to supply any articles when required, within twenty-four hours, they will be otherwise procured, and the expense, over and above the contract price, will be deducted from his account.

8. The contractor will be required to prepare his own account monthly in the prescribed form, and to forward the same in a complete state, signed by the officer by whom it was incurred, to the Government Storekeeper for examination and payment, at the Government Stores, Melbourne, or the Treasury Pay Office of the district, as the case may be.

9. In the event of a difference of opinion between the contractor and the officer receiving the supplies, as to the quality, the same is to be decided, in cases where the article is not of a perishable nature, by a Board of Survey, composed of persons named by the Head of Department, and the decision of the Board is to be considered final.

10. If the Board shall decide that the article is not of proper quality, it must be immediately replaced by the contractor, failing which, it will be procured by the person requiring it, and the expense charged as in clause 7.

11. In the country districts, when a Board of Survey cannot be conveniently assembled, and in all cases when the article is of a perishable nature, or when from some other cause injury would be sustained either by the persons to whom the rations are due, or to the contractor, in waiting for a Board of Survey, the Head of the Department, or officer in charge of the station, will have the power to reject such article or articles as are obviously of inferior quality, it being understood that he will be responsible to the Government for so doing, and that the contractor must take back the rejected article, and supply good in its stead, failing which, it will be obtained by the officer requiring it, and the expense will be charged as in clause 7.

12. A repetition of irregularity in the quantity or quality of the supplies, or of delay in delivering or replacing them when required, will subject the contractor, upon report of the Government Storekeeper, to such mulct not exceeding one-fourth the amount of the monthly account, as the Government may direct. It will also be in the power of the Government, upon such repetition, to terminate the contract forthwith.

13. It will be competent for the Government Storekeeper on behalf of the Government, or the contractor on his own behalf, to terminate the contract by giving in writing a notice of three full calendar months; it being understood that such notice can be given only from the first day of a month, and within the period for which the contract is made.

By His Excellency's Command,

JAMES McCULLOCH.