



VICTORIA
GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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[1925.

Senate Elections (Times and Places) Act 1915 (No. 2723).

ELECTION OF SENATORS FOR VICTORIA.

HIS Excellency the Governor of the State of Victoria, by and with the advice of the Executive Council thereof, has, by an Order made on the 29th September, 1925, in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the *Senate Elections (Times and Places) Act 1915 (No. 2723)*, fixed the following dates for the holding of Election of Senators of the Parliament of the Commonwealth for the State of Victoria, viz. :—

Issue of Writ	...	...	...	Saturday, 3rd October, 1925.
Nomination of the Candidates	..	..	..	Thursday, 15th October, 1925.
Polling Day	...	...	...	Saturday, 14th November, 1925.
Return of the Writ	...	...	...	Before or on Tuesday, 29th December, 1925.

And His Excellency has appointed that the office of the

COMMONWEALTH ELECTORAL OFFICER for the State of Victoria, Masonic Chambers, 31 Collins-street, Melbourne,
shall be the place for the nomination of Candidates.

F. W. MABBOTT,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

At the Executive Council Chamber,
Melbourne, the 29th September, 1925.

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions and activities. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for transparency and accountability, particularly in financial reporting and compliance with regulatory requirements. The text notes that without reliable records, organizations may face significant challenges in identifying discrepancies, resolving disputes, and demonstrating adherence to applicable laws and standards.

2. The second section focuses on the role of internal controls in preventing errors and fraud. It highlights that a robust system of internal controls is not only a defensive mechanism but also a tool for improving operational efficiency and risk management. Key elements of an effective internal control system include segregation of duties, authorization procedures, and regular monitoring and review. The document stresses that these controls should be tailored to the specific risks and objectives of the organization.

3. The third part of the document addresses the challenges of data management in the digital age. It discusses the increasing volume and complexity of data generated by modern organizations and the need for secure, scalable storage and retrieval solutions. The text explores various data management strategies, such as data governance, data quality management, and the use of advanced analytics, to ensure that data is accurate, consistent, and accessible to authorized personnel. It also touches upon the importance of data privacy and security in protecting sensitive information.

4. The final section discusses the impact of technology on business operations and the need for continuous learning and innovation. It notes that while technology offers numerous opportunities for growth and efficiency, it also presents new risks and challenges, such as cybersecurity threats and the rapid obsolescence of skills. Organizations are encouraged to invest in employee training and development to build a resilient workforce capable of adapting to a constantly changing technological landscape. The document concludes by emphasizing the importance of a culture of innovation and continuous improvement to drive long-term success.