



# VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29.

[1932.

*Factories and Shops Act 1928 (No. 3677).*

## DETERMINATION OF THE PROCESS ENGRAVERS BOARD.

NOTE.—This Determination on the 7th November, 1932, applied to the following parts of Victoria, namely:—The Metropolitan District as defined in the *Factories and Shops Act 1928* (No. 3677) and the Order in Council thereunder, and such portions of the city of Sandringham as are not included in the said District: the cities of Ballarat, Bendigo, Geelong, Geelong West, and Warrnambool; the town of Newtown and Chilwell; and the boroughs of Eaglehawk and Sebastopol.

IN accordance with the provisions of the *Factories and Shops Acts*, the Special Board appointed to “determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of a Process Engraver,” has made the following Determination, namely:—

(1) That on the 7th November, 1932, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

(2)

Apprentices.			Improvers.			Juvenile Workers.			Other Employees.		
Wages per week.			Wages per week.			Wages per week.			Wages per week.		
s. d.			s. d.			s. d.			s. d.		
1st year	..	15 3	1st year	..	22 0	1st year	..	12 6	Half-tone fine etcher or operator—		
2nd year	..	20 0	2nd year	..	28 6				21 to 22 years of age..	96	6
3rd year	..	26 3	3rd year	..	40 0				And thereafter	105	0
4th year	..	35 0	4th year	..	48 0				Line etcher	103	0
5th year	..	46 6	5th year	..	63 6				Photo lithographer	105	0
6th year	..	61 6							Printer	98	6
<p>Provided that where a person is more than sixteen years of age at the date of execution of the indentures the term may be five years and the wages as follows:—</p> <p style="text-align: right;">s. d.</p> <p>1st year .. 20 0</p> <p>2nd year .. 26 3</p> <p>3rd year .. 35 0</p> <p>4th year .. 46 6</p> <p>5th year .. 61 6</p>			<p>PROPORTION (in any place).</p> <p>One improver to every four employees receiving not less than 92s. per week.</p> <p>NOTE.—The Apprenticeship Commission has provided that after the 22nd August, 1928, no new improver shall be employed except with the consent of the Commission.</p>						Router	96	6
									Mounter	92	0
									Proofer	92	0
									Engraver	105	0
<p>PROPORTION.</p> <p>1. Within the Metropolitan District the proportion shall be as fixed by the Apprenticeship Commission.</p> <p>2. Outside the Metropolitan District one apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than 92s. per week.</p>											

(3) DEFINITION.—A juvenile worker is any person under 17 years of age (other than an apprentice or improver) who may be employed for not more than one year in cleaning, attending on operator, rocking baths, mounting, or proving.

(4) HOURS.—The number of hours for an ordinary week's work shall be :—

Day shift .. .. .	44 hours
Night shift (excluding persons engaged in daily newspaper offices) .. .. .	35 ..

(5) TIMES OF BEGINNING AND ENDING WORK.—For all persons other than those engaged in daily newspaper offices :—

Day shift—	Time Beginning.	Time of Ending.
Monday to Friday .. .. .	8 a.m. .. .. .	6 p.m.
Saturday .. .. .	8 a.m. .. .. .	12.30 p.m.
Night shift—Monday to Friday .. .. .	2 p.m. .. .. .	11 p.m.

(6) OVERTIME—

(a) In daily newspaper offices any employee who works for any time in excess of 8 hours in any one day or in excess of 44 hours in any week shall be paid for such extra time at the rate of time and a half.

(b) In all other places overtime calculated on the ordinary rates shall be paid for as follows :—

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|--|--|
| (i) Within the hours fixed as the times of beginning and ending work in excess of 44 hours per week if day shift and 35 hours per week if night shift .. .. .    | } Time and a half for the first eight hours, and double time thereafter. |
| (ii) In excess of 8 hours in any one day in factories working 5½ days a week, and in excess of 9 hours in any one day in factories working 5 days a week .. .. . |  |
| (iii) Outside the hours fixed as the times of beginning and ending work (with the exception of work done after midnight) .. .. .                                 |  |

(7) WORK DONE AFTER MIDNIGHT.—Work done after midnight (except in daily newspaper offices) shall be paid for at double rates calculated on the ordinary rates.

(8) SPECIAL RATE.—All work done (except in daily newspaper offices) on night shift between the hours of 6 p.m. and 11 p.m. shall be paid for at 1s. per hour in addition to the ordinary rate.

(9) PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.—Double time shall be paid for all work done (except in daily newspaper offices) on Sundays, New Year's Day, 26th January (Australia Day), Good Friday, Easter Monday, 21st April (Eight Hours Day), Christmas Day, and Boxing Day; but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named holidays, the special rate shall only be payable for work done on the day so substituted.

(10) HOLIDAY PAY (employees in daily newspaper offices excepted)—

(a) Every employee (including every apprentice) who has been in continuous employment in any one factory for a period of not less than the last six months preceding Christmas Day in any year and who is not required to work on the days between Christmas Day and New Year's Day (inclusive) shall receive a sum of one-third of his ordinary wage for each usual working day in that period.

(b) Every employee (including every apprentice) who was employed on the last usual working day preceding any of the following days :—Australia Day, Eight Hours Day, Anzac Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, King's Birthday, and Melbourne Cup Day, and who is not required to work on these days shall receive a sum of one-third of his ordinary wage for each such day.

(11) MEAL TIME.—Each person employed on night shift shall receive a meal time of not less than one hour.

(12) NOTICE OF INTENTION TO WORK OVERTIME.—In every case where practicable an employer shall give 24 hours' notice to each employee of his intention to work such employee overtime. In each case where such notice has not been given and the employee is required to work overtime for not less than one hour he shall receive one shilling as tea money, in addition to any other special payments provided.

(13) EMPLOYEE RECALLED TO WORK (employees in daily newspaper offices excepted).—Any employee having ceased work for the day and after a period of not less than one hour has been recalled to work shall receive at least the equivalent of three hours pay for the class of work done.

(14) TRANSPORT.—Where an employee is required to work so late that the ordinary transport services are not available for his conveyance home special means shall be provided by the employer.

D. GRANT, Chairman.

J. W. RYAN, Secretary.

Melbourne, 23rd October, 1932.