



VICTORIA

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

[Registered at the General Post Office, Melbourne, for transmission by post as a newspaper.]

No. 184]

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 4.

[1934

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE GROCERS' SUNDRIES BOARD.

NOTE.—This Determination, on the 7th December, 1934, applied to the whole of the State of Victoria.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Wages Board which, since the 23rd July, 1934, has had the power to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of—

- (a) manufacturing cereal foods (except in flour mills), spices, condiments, coffee, chicory, cocoa, or any kind of goods commonly known as Grocers' Sundries;
- (b) making, tinning, putting up, bottling, wrapping, labelling, or otherwise preparing for sale moulders' blacking, moulders' plumbago preparations, blacklead, boot blacking, boot paste, boot polish, washing blue, harness dressing, harness compounds, ebonite shine, stove polish, knife polish, metal polish;
- (c) grinding, tinning, putting up, bottling, wrapping, labelling, or otherwise preparing for sale charcoal or coal dust; and
- (d) making soap, washing soda, candles, or starch—

has made the following Determination, namely:—

(1) That on the 7th December, 1934, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

(2)

APPRENTICES OR IMPROVERS.

WAGES PER WEEK OF 48 HOURS.	Males.		Girls.		PROPORTION (within any factory or place).	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	Apprentices.	Improvers.
Under 16 years	19	0	16	9	<i>Grocers' Sundries, Polish, Soap and Soda, or Starch Sections.</i> One male apprentice to every three or fraction of three male workers receiving not less than 69s. per week of 48 hours. One girl apprentice to every three or fraction of three women workers receiving not less than 36s. 3d. per week of 48 hours. <i>Candle Section.</i> One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than 36s. 3d. per week of 48 hours. An indenture of apprenticeship prescribed by the Board was approved on 31st July, 1925.	<i>Grocers' Sundries, Polish, or Starch Sections.</i> One male improver to every four or fraction of four male workers receiving not less than 69s. per week of 48 hours. One girl improver to every four or fraction of four women workers receiving not less than 36s. 3d. per week of 48 hours. <i>Candle or Soap and Soda Sections.</i> One improver to every five or fraction of five workers receiving not less than 69s. per week of 48 hours.
16 to 17 "	23	0	17	9		
17 " 18 "	28	3	21	6		
18 " 19 "	33	9	23	9		
19 " 20 "	40	0	27	6		
20 " 21 "	49	9	30	9		

JUVENILE WORKERS.

WAGES PER WEEK OF 48 HOURS.				DEFINITIONS.	
	Males.		Girls.		
	s.	d.	s.	d.	
14 to 15 years	15	6	—	—	<p><i>Grocers' Sundries Section.</i> Persons under the age of 21, other than apprentices or improvers, engaged in filling any bags, weighing, closing, wrapping or labelling or casing packets, tins, bottles, or bags for stock, or assisting in the manufacture of vermicelli or Italian paste.</p> <p><i>Polish Section.</i> Persons under the age of 21, other than apprentices or improvers employed at wrapping, packing, bottling, labelling, tinning or putting up, filling, weighing, or closing.</p> <p><i>Soap and Soda Section.</i> Persons under the age of 19, other than apprentices or improvers, employed in wrapping or packing washing soap or soap extract.</p>
15 " 16 "	16	3	16	9	
16 " 17 "	20	3	17	9	
17 " 18 "	23	6	21	6	
18 " 19 "	27	9	23	9	
19 " 20 "	36	0	27	6	
20 " 21 "	40	0	30	9	<p><i>Candle Section.</i> Persons under the age of 21, other than apprentices or improvers, who, if males, are employed at candle cutting, wick winding, or packing candles, or, if girls, are employed packing candles in boxes, or wrapping or labelling candles.</p> <p><i>Starch Section.</i> Persons under the age of 21, other than apprentices or improvers, who, if males, are employed at any work excepting— (1) weighing and carrying rice; (2) range work; (3) sheet laying, shaking, carrying out and cutting out draining boxes; (4) Filling and emptying crusting stoves; or, if girls, are employed scraping and wrapping blocks, or filling, weighing, labelling, or casing starch.</p>

OTHER EMPLOYEES.

WAGES PER WEEK OF 48 HOURS.				
		£	s.	d.
<i>Grocers' Sundries Section.</i>				
Miller, i.e., an employee in charge of one or more grinding departments	3	19	6	
Roaster	3	19	6	
Stonedresser	3	19	6	
Coffee essence maker, i.e., an employee in charge of vacuum pans making coffee essence	3	16	6	
Mixer or blender, i.e., an employee in charge of one or more mixing or blending departments	3	14	0	
Kilnman, i.e., an employee in charge of and actually doing the work of a kilnman	3	12	6	
Mill assistant, i.e., an employee (working under the direction of a miller) who supervises the running of grinding, rolling, or cleaning machines	3	12	0	
Bagged goods carrier or stacker, i.e., an employee engaged carrying or stacking cereal or other bagged goods in their raw state, but not engaged in the manufacture or delivery of goods	3	12	0	
Storeman and packer	3	12	0	
Storeman and packer in charge of six or less storemen and packers	3	15	0	
Storeman and packer in charge of seven or more storemen and packers	3	19	0	
All other adult men	3	9	0	
All other adult women	1	16	3	
<i>Polish Section.</i>				
Foreman	3	14	0	
Mill hand, i.e., an employee working at a mill used for the grinding of moulders' blacking, moulders' plumbago preparation, charcoal, or coal dust	3	14	0	
Boot polish mixer, i.e., an employee in charge of and actually working at mixing boot polishes	3	14	0	
Boot blacking mixer, i.e., an employee in charge of and actually working at mixing boot blacking	3	14	0	
Washing blue mixer, i.e., an employee in charge of and actually working at mixing washing blue	3	14	0	
Storeman and packer	3	12	0	
Storeman and packer in charge of six or less storemen and packers	3	15	0	
Storeman and packer in charge of seven or more storemen and packers	3	19	0	
All other adult men	3	9	0	
All other adult women	1	16	3	
<i>Soap and Soda Section.</i>				
Soapmaker's assistant	3	19	6	
Foreman in charge and actually working in the frame room, packing room, and cutting room	3	19	6	
Milling room foreman in charge of and actually working at the milling of soap	3	15	0	
Soap mixer, i.e., an employee in charge of and actually working at a power crutcher	3	15	0	
Caustic soda and silicates preparers, i.e., employees engaged in preparing caustic soda and silicates for soapmaker	3	15	0	
Soda crystal maker, i.e., an employee in charge of and actually working at soda crystal making	3	14	0	
Soap-cutting machinist, i.e., an employee in charge of and actually working at a power soap-cutting machine	3	13	6	
Soap cutter by hand, i.e., an employee in charge of and actually cutting soap by hand	3	13	6	
Soap crutcher by hand	3	13	0	
Power stamping machinist, i.e., an employee in charge of and actually working at a power stamping machine	3	11	6	
Storeman and packer	3	12	0	
Storeman and packer in charge of six or less storemen and packers	3	15	0	
Storeman and packer in charge of seven or more storemen and packers	3	19	0	
All other adult men	3	9	0	
All other adult women	1	16	3	
<i>Candle Section.</i>				
Acidifier	3	15	0	
Stillman	3	15	0	
Glycerine distiller	3	15	0	
Evaporator	3	15	0	
Candle moulder, with twelve months' experience	3	15	0	
Candle moulder, with less than twelve months' experience	3	13	0	
Candle room ganger	3	15	0	
Press room ganger	3	15	0	
Cupboard runner	3	15	0	
Provided that where cupboard runners are required to remain in the cupboard at a temperature of 100° F. for more than half an hour continuously on any one day, 6d. per day extra shall be paid.				
Storeman and packer	3	12	0	
Storeman and packer in charge of six or less storemen and packers	3	15	0	
Storeman and packer in charge of seven or more storemen and packers	3	19	0	
All other adult men	3	9	0	
All other adult women	1	16	3	
<i>Starch Section.</i>				
Foreman	3	19	6	
Stone dresser or miller	3	19	6	
Leading Hand, i.e., an adult employee who gives instructions and is responsible for the work done in the starch factory	3	16	6	
Millstone attendant	3	12	0	
Person in charge of starch draining boxes	3	12	0	
Person in charge of cornflour runs	3	12	0	
Storeman and packer	3	12	0	
Storeman and packer in charge of six or less storemen and packers	3	15	0	
Storeman and packer in charge of seven or more storemen and packers	3	19	0	
All other adult men	3	9	0	
All other adult women	1	16	3	

(3) **EMPLOYMENT.—WEEKLY WAGES.**—(a) Employees may be engaged by the week, and when so engaged must be available ready, and willing to perform such work as the employer shall from time to time require on the days and during the hours usually worked by the class of employees affected.

(b) Employment for the first two weeks of service shall be from day to day at the weekly rate fixed.

(c) Any weekly employee not attending for duty shall lose his or her pay for the actual time lost unless he or she produces or forwards within 24 hours of the commencement of such absence satisfactory evidence to the employer that his or her non-attendance was due to personal ill-health or accident necessitating such absence, but such employee shall not be entitled to payment for non-attendance on the grounds of personal ill-health or accident for more than six days in each year commencing from the 21st December.

(d) An employee is not to be entitled to more than six days' payment in any year for such non-attendance, notwithstanding that he or she may be employed during the year by more than one employer.

(4) **HOURS OF WORK.**—The number of hours to be worked on any day shall be as follows:—

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday	8½ hours	except where shift work is carried on as provided for.
Saturday	4½ hours	

The starting and finishing times shall be fixed by the employer in each establishment. Two weeks' notice shall be given of any change in such fixed times.

(5) **OVERTIME.**—All work performed outside the starting and finishing times as fixed shall be paid for at the rate of half time in addition to the ordinary rate, but when an employee works more than one shift in 24 hours no overtime shall be payable for duty on Saturday until he has worked eight and three-quarter hours on that day. Overtime rates shall be paid on the basis of a quarter of an hour. A fraction of a quarter of an hour shall be paid for as a quarter of an hour. Piece-work done outside the starting and finishing times shall be paid for with the addition of a half rate to the ordinary rate.

(6) **SPECIAL RATES.**—(a) Employees shall receive payment at double time rate for work done on Sunday, and shall receive payment at ordinary rate in addition to the full weekly rate for work done on Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Day, Australia Day (26th January), Eight Hours Day, Good Friday, Easter Saturday, Easter Monday, King's Birthday; but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named holidays, the special rate shall only be payable for work done on the day so substituted.

(b) When Christmas Day, Boxing Day, or New Year's Day, or a proclaimed substitute therefor falls on a day other than Sundays and payment of wages is not included in the weekly wage in consequence of the Christmas holidays having been taken as provided for in sub-clause (f) hereunder, then employees shall receive payment for each of such days calculated as eight hours.

(c) All employees on time work off duty on any of the above-mentioned holidays, other than Sunday, shall be paid for such days at ordinary rate. Piece-workers shall be paid for such holidays and Sundays at the rate payable to employees on time work doing the same class of work.

(d) Where an employee is absent from his or her work on the day before or the day after a public holiday without reasonable excuse, or without the consent of the employer, the employee shall not be entitled to payment for such holidays.

(e) Where the majority of the employees of any establishment or of any department agree with the employer to work part time for any period, or to close down for any period on the days other than the prescribed holidays, the weekly rate shall not apply.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.—(f) On or before the 14th December in each year the employer shall be given or may obtain notice of the number and names of his adult employees who do not elect to work on the working days between Christmas Day and New Year's Day. If more than 33 per cent. of such of the adult employees in any particular establishment as come within the classification in this Determination indicate to the employer their election not to work on such days, then the employer may, if he chooses, close down his establishment on such days, provided that on or before the 21st December he gives notice to his employees of his intention to do so. Where such number is 33 per cent. or under, then the employer shall keep his establishment open for work on such days, or, if he closes it, he shall pay the ordinary wage to those employees who have declared themselves ready and willing to work on such days and who have not been dismissed in conformity with this Determination.

(g) Where the business is kept open for work, the employer may require the employees presenting themselves for work to work in any capacity he may appoint, provided the employees shall be paid at their ordinary rates for such work as they are called on to do.

(h) If any employee has not indicated to the employer on or before the 14th December that he does not intend to work on the days in question, and absents himself from work when the business is open for work on such days, then such employee shall receive no pay therefor.

(7) **TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.**—(a) Seven days' notice of termination of employment shall be given on any day of the week by either employer or employee provided that such notice given to an employee solely for the purpose of avoiding payment for prescribed holidays shall not deprive such employee of payment for holidays occurring between such notice and re-engagement, if any.

(b) Nothing contained in this Determination shall affect the right of the employer to dismiss any employee without notice for malingering, inefficiency, neglect of duty, or misconduct, or to deduct payment for any day on which the employee cannot usefully be employed because of a strike, or stoppage of work for which the employer cannot reasonably be held responsible.

(c) In the event of such dismissal, wages shall be paid up to the time of such dismissal. If an employee's services be terminated during the course of a week he shall be paid all money due to him at the termination of his services, or such money shall be forwarded to him by post within 24 hours thereafter.

(8) **PAYMENT OF WAGES.**—Wages shall be paid weekly on a week day other than Saturday.

(9) **MEAL TIMES.**—A lunch period of at least one half-hour for each employee shall be fixed in each factory between 12 noon and 2 p.m. for other than shift workers. No employee shall be required to work more than five hours from the starting of work in the morning without a break for lunch.

(b) Work performed during the usual meal hours shall be paid for at the rate of time and a half, but where the total hours worked (including time worked during such meal time) do not exceed the prescribed daily number of hours then such time shall be deemed to mean an additional payment at half ordinary rate only for such meal time. Such employee shall be allowed time for a meal.

(10) **REST PERIOD.**—Women workers on time work shall be allowed an interval of ten minutes between 10 a.m. and 11 a.m. for rest, and such interval shall be observed at times convenient to the employer. Such intervals shall count as time worked.

(11) **SHIFT WORKERS.**—(a) Shift workers shall have a break for meals without deduction of pay.

(b) Shift workers engaged on a second or third shift daily, other than overtime, shall receive payment at ordinary time plus 5 per cent.

(c) Shift workers on a second or third shift who are unable to travel to and from work on workmen's tickets shall be paid 1s. 6d. per week in addition to their ordinary rate of pay.

(12) **SUPPLY OF MATERIALS.**—The undermentioned materials shall be provided free of charge by every employer—

(a) All necessary tools of trade, which shall be kept in good repair by the employer.

(b) Uniforms and caps required by the employer to be worn by the employees.

(c) Goggles for employees engaged in work injurious to the eyes.

(13) **TEA MONEY.**—Any employee required to work overtime for any period in excess of one hour after the usual hour of ceasing duty shall either be supplied with a meal at the employer's expense, or be allowed 2s. for each meal required if the expense is incurred. Provided that this clause shall not apply where the employee was notified the previous day of the intention to work overtime. Provided further that where the employee was notified the previous day of the intention to work overtime and such overtime was not worked he shall be entitled to the meal allowance herein provided.

The provisions of this clause shall not apply in the case of boys under sixteen years of age or women or girls employed in factories whose conditions regarding overtime are governed by section 38 of the *Factories and Shops Act 1928* (No. 3677).

(14) **PIECEWORK.**—The Board determines under Section 150 of the *Factories and Shops Act 1928* (No. 3677) that the employer may fix his or her own piecework rates; provided such prices enable an employee of average capacity working under like conditions to earn at least 10 per cent. above the minimum weekly wage in their respective classes. The same piecework prices shall be paid to all pieceworkers doing the same operation in the factory, whether they be improvers or juveniles on piecework or otherwise.

(b) Pieceworkers who are requested to wait on or about the employer's premises for work on any one day for more than half an hour shall be paid for such waiting time at the rate based on the minimum weekly wage.

(c) A weekly pieceworker shall be allowed in each week sufficient piecework to enable such employee to earn at least the prescribed rate fixed in this Determination for the class of work performed. If such work is not provided, and the employee is ready and willing to perform all work provided, then such employee shall be paid the minimum wage applicable to the employee so employed.

(d) Pieceworkers working overtime for less than 15 minutes, or any fraction of 15 minutes, shall have their payment computed on the basis of an average amount of work done in 15 minutes.

(15) **DESTRUCTION OF CLOTHING.**—Where satisfactory evidence is produced by an employee that, when dissolving caustic soda, using solutions of caustic soda or mineral acids, his or her clothing has been destroyed through no fault of such employee, reparation shall be made by the employer.

(16) **WEIGHT CARRYING.**—No woman worker over the age of 18 years shall be required to carry a greater weight than 30 pounds. Section 207 of the *Factories and Shops Act 1928* (No. 3677) provides that no person employing any girl under the age of 18 years in a factory shall permit such girl while so employed to lift or carry a greater weight than 25 pounds.

(17) **TEMPORARY WORK.**—A temporary employee shall mean a person employed for 24 hours or less in any one week, but no employee shall be deemed to be a temporary worker where after employment for at least one week he is dismissed before he has worked 24 hours in the succeeding week, or where his non-employment for more than 24 hours is wholly attributable to causes over which the employer has no control.

Temporary workers unless dismissed for misconduct shall be paid at the rate of time and a third for all work performed.

(18) **DETERMINATION.**—For the purpose of this Determination, year shall mean a period of twelve calendar months commencing on the 21st December in each year.

H. J. RICHARDSON, J.P., Chairman.

GEO. E. PARR, Secretary.

Melbourne, 22nd November, 1934.



VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

[Registered at the General Post Office, Melbourne, for transmission by post as a newspaper.]

No. 185]

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 4.

[1934

Factories and Shops Acts.

DETERMINATION OF THE FIBROUS PLASTERERS BOARD.

NOTE.—This Determination on the 29th November, 1934, applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Wages Board which since the 15th March, 1932, has had the power to "determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of—

- (a) manufacturing fibrous plaster, or making architectural ornaments of fibrous plaster, plaster, or cement;
- (b) fixing fibrous plaster on walls or ceilings of buildings;
- (c) architectural modelling"—

has made the following Determination, namely:—

(1) That on the 29th November, 1934, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

(2)

Apprentices.				Improvers.							
WAGES.				WAGES.							
	Per Week of 44 Hours.		Holiday Allowance Payable in Addition.			Per Week of 44 Hours.		Holiday Allowance Payable in Addition.			
	A.	B.	A.	B.		A.	B.	A.	B.		
1st year's experience ..	15	0	..	0	5	Under 17 years of age ..	15	0	..	0	5
2nd " " ..	22	6	..	0	7	17 years of age ..	22	6	..	0	7
3rd " " ..	30	6	..	0	10	18 " " ..	30	6	..	0	10
4th " " ..	38	3	..	1	0	19 " " ..	38	3	..	1	0
5th " " ..	46	6	..	1	2	20 " " ..	46	6	..	1	2
and thereafter the minimum wage.											
<p>PROPORTION (by any employer).</p> <p>One apprentice to every three or fraction of three workers receiving not less than 70s. 6d. per week of 44 hours.</p>				<p>PROPORTION (by any employer).</p> <p>One improver to every six workers receiving not less than 88s. per week of 44 hours.</p>							

Other Employees.

	Per Week of 44 Hours.		Holiday Allowance Payable in Addition.		
	A.	B.	A.	B.	
Persons engaged in architectural modelling or manufacturing architectural ornaments or fibrous plaster ..	88	0	..	2	3
Persons engaged fixing or stopping fibrous plaster on walls or ceilings of buildings ..	70	6	..	1	9
All others ..					

EXTRA RATES.—(a) Foremen, i.e., employees in charge of work and who issue instructions to four or more men under them shall be paid as above with 6s. per week additional.

(b) Employees—(i) Demolishing old ceilings, or shall, whilst employed at either class of work, have
(ii) Erecting new ceilings on sites of old ceilings that 3d. per square yard distributed equally between
have been demolished them, in addition to the ordinary rates.

(c) Any employee (except a person classed as an "all other" or an improver) who has not been summarily dismissed for misconduct or incompetence or who has not voluntarily left his work, shall be paid at the rate of 3d. per hour in addition to the ordinary rates when such employee's period of employment is terminated by his employer, or his employer's responsible representative, before he has completed more than 22 hours' service.

Employment shall not be deemed to have been terminated where re-employment by the same employer takes place within 24 hours.

(3) **ALLOWANCES.**—The following allowances shall be paid to persons employed outside the employer's factory in connexion with the fixing of fibrous plaster:—

- (a) For work done at such distance as prevents the employee from returning to his home the same night—
6s. 6d. per day extra, with a maximum of 35s. 9d. per week.
- (b) For any other work—

An amount equal to the fare, by the most economical means of travel, from and to the "centre" to and from the place of employment.

"Centre" shall mean the Flinders-street Railway Station if the employer's factory is within a radius of 10 miles therefrom, and shall, in all other cases, mean the employer's factory.

The fare shall be deemed to have been necessarily incurred even if the employee uses a bicycle or other means of locomotion, or walks instead of using a public conveyance.

(4) **TIME OF BEGINNING AND ENDING WORK.**—The time of beginning and ending work shall be—

Time of Beginning.	Time of Ending.
8 a.m.	12 noon on Saturday.
8 a.m.	5 p.m. on the other working days of the week.

(5) **OVERTIME.**—That the following rate shall be paid for all work done—

- (a) Outside the hours fixed in Clause (4)
- (b) Within the hours fixed in Clause (4) in excess of 44 hours in any week
- } Time and a half for the first two hours and thereafter double time.

(6) **SPECIAL RATES.**—

- (a) An allowance, as per Clause 2B, shall be made in addition to the wages set out in Clause 2, as compensation for time lost on prescribed holidays. Such an allowance to be paid proportionately to the number of hours worked per week.
- (b) For all work done on Sundays and prescribed holidays employees shall be paid at the rate of double time.

The following are the prescribed holidays, viz.:—New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Eight Hours Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day; but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named holidays double time shall only be payable for work done on the day so substituted.

(7) **PAYMENT OF WAGES.**—(a) Except in the case of persons employed outside a radius of 20 miles from the Flinders-street Railway Station, all payments of wages shall be made not later than five minutes after the time of ceasing work on Thursday. In the event of payment being made more than five minutes later than the time fixed above, the employee shall be paid all reasonable travelling expenses incurred and shall also receive payment at the prescribed rate for the time lost as a result of such delay in payment.

(b) Any employee whose service ends before pay time shall be paid at or before the time of its ending or by post or otherwise within 24 hours thereafter. If wages are not paid in accordance with this provision an employee shall be paid for ordinary working hours at the ordinary rate fixed in this Determination from the expiration of the said 24 hours until the wages are paid to the employee or his order or posted to his last known address.

(8) **PAYMENT WHEN REQUESTED TO ATTEND FOR ENGAGEMENT.**—Any employee who has presented himself for work, as requested by the employer or his responsible representative, shall—

- (a) If not engaged, be paid a sum equal to the rate for two hours' work in addition to any expense necessarily incurred in travelling to and from the job; or
- (b) If engaged, be deemed to have commenced work at the hour he presents himself for engagement.

(9) **TRANSPORT AT NIGHT.**—Any employee who completes his work during the night after trams and other public conveyances have ceased to run shall, unless provided with means of transport by the employer, be reimbursed for any expense necessarily incurred in reaching his home.

(10) **MEAL MONEY.**—Any employee who is required to work overtime for more than two hours on any day and who has not been notified on the previous day that he would be required to work such overtime shall, unless provided with a reasonable meal by the employer, be paid an allowance of Two shillings.

(11) **HOT WATER IN FACTORIES.**—During the months of June to September, inclusive, provision shall be made by employers in every factory for the provision and maintenance of an adequate supply of hot water in some central position for the benefit of employees engaged in hand mixing plaster in cold water.

(12) **GRINDING AND CLEANING TOOLS.**—When an employee is discharged he shall be allowed a half hour at ordinary rates for the purpose of grinding and cleaning his tools. This clause shall only apply to employees whose tools are in good order when commencing work for any employer.

(13) **TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.**—Except where the conduct of an employee justifies instant dismissal, one hour's notice of termination of employment shall be given by either employer or employee, or one hour's pay shall be paid or forfeited in lieu thereof.

D. GRANT, Chairman.

R. DUFFY, Secretary.

Dated at Melbourne the 14th day of November, 1934.