

# VICTORIA

# GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

# Published by Authority.

[Registered at the General Post Office, Melbourne, for transmission by post as a newspaper.]

No. 60]

# MONDAY, APRIL 1.

[1946

Factories and Shops Acts.

# DETERMINATION OF THE NON-FERROUS METALS BOARD.

Note.—(a) This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

(b) Until the date of coming into operation of this Determination the wages and conditions of persons now provided for herein, were provided for in the Determination of the Engineers and Brassworkers (Unskilled) Board.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts, the Wages Board which now has the power to "determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to—

Any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of producing rods, bars, sections, angles, sheets, strips, or ingots from brass, copper, or other non-ferrous metals:"

has made the following Determination, namely—

I This Determination shall come into force and be operative as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence on or after the 23rd February, 1946.

:

				Wag	es per Week of 44 He	ours.
	Adults.			Within 20 Miles of G.P.O., Melbourne; 10 Miles of G.P.O., Geelong; at Warrnambooi, and within Mildura and Gippsland Districts.	At Yallourn,	Other Parts of Victoria.
				£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Furnaceman—electric	 	 	 	6 1 0	6 7 6	5 18 0
Furnaceman—other	 	 	 	5 16 0	$6 \ 2 \ 6$	5 13 0
Furnaceman's assistant	 	 	 	5 10 0	5 16 6	5 7 0
Press operator	 	 	 	5 12 0	5 18 6	5 9 0
Die attendant	 	 	 	5 12 0	5 18 6	5 9 0
Hexagon straightener	 	 	 	5 10 0	5 16 6	5 7 0
Draw bench operator	 	 	 	-560	$5\ 12\ 6$	5 3 0
Pickler · ·	 	 	 	5 6 0	5 12 6	5 3 0
Other machine operator	 	 	 	5 6 0	$5\ 12\ 6$	5 3 0
Hand straightener	 	 	 	5 4 0	5 10 6	$5 \ 1 \ 0$
Pointer	 	 	 	5 3 0	5 9 6	5 - 0 - 0
Die striker	 	 	 	5 2 0	5 8 6	4 19 0
All others	 	 	 	4 18 0	5 4 6	4 15 0

Leading Hands.

Leading hands in charge of not less than three and not more than ten employees, 6s. per week extra; more than ten and not more than twenty employees, 12s. per week extra; more than twenty employees, 18s. per week extra.

No. 60—1631/46.

#### JUNIOR LABOUR.

3 (a) Subject to the exceptions hereinafter provided, the minimum rates of wage for male juniors shall be as follows: --WAGES PER WEEK OF 44 HOURS.

					Total Wage Payable.								
·	Percentage of Needs Basic Wage.	Constant Loading,	War Loading.	Within 20 Miles of G.P.O., Melbourne, within 10 Miles of G.P.O., Geelong, at Warrnambool and within Mildura and Gippsland Districts.	At Yallourn,	Other Parts of Victoria.							
		Per Week.	Per Week.	Per Week.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.						
				Foundries.									
Under 16 years of age 16 years of age 17 years of age 18 years of age 19 years of age and over		25 33 60 75 90	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 9 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 6 \end{array}$	1 0 1 9 3 0 4 0 4 6	1 4 6 1 13 0 2 19 0 3 15 0 4 10 0	1 6 0 1 15 0 3 3 0 4 0 0 4 15 6	1 3 6 1 12 0 2 17 6 3 12 6 4 7 0						
			•	Elsewhere.	·	•							
Under 16 years of age 16 years of age 17 years of age 18 years of age 19 years of age 20 years of age		$ \begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 35 \\ 47\frac{1}{4} \\ 60 \\ 75 \\ 90 \end{array} $	0 6 0 9 1 0 1 0 2 0 2 0	   	1 3 6 1 13 0 2 4 6 2 16 6 3 11 0 4 5 0	1 5 0 1 15 0 2 8 0 3 0 0 3 16 0 4 10 6	1 2 6 1 12 0 2 3 6 2 14 0 3 8 6 4 2 0						

A junior employee of eighteen years or more shall be paid 3s. per week in addition to the rates prescribed herein while he is employed as a furnaceman or assistant to a furnaceman.

Provided that the rate payable to any employee shall not, excluding the constant loading, be less than 20s.

The total wage shall be calculated to the nearest sixpence, any broken part of sixpence in the result not exceeding threepence to be disregarded.

(b) Except in the case of employees in foundries, the minimum rate payable to a junior male of eighteen years or more with less than six months' experience under this Determination shall, until he has had six months' experience, be 10 per cent. less than the amount represented by the percentage of the needs basic wage hereby prescribed for a junior employee of his age and in addition thereto the constant loading prescribed for such an employee.

# PROHIBITED OCCUPATIONS.

- (c) Junior employees shall not be employed—
  (i) if under the age of 16 years on oil or gas burners
  or fires used for heating of small articles; or
  (ii) if under 18 years as furnacemen or assistants to
  - furnacemen: or
- (iii) if under 18 years as a roller or an extrusion press operator.

# SPECIAL RATES.

4. In addition to the wages prescribed in clauses 2 and 3 hereof, the following special rates and allowances shall be paid to employees, and unapprenticed juniors:—

# Wet Places.

(a) An employee working in any place where his clothing or boots become saturated, whether by water, oil, or otherwise, shall be paid 2d. per hour extra: Provided that this extra rate shall not be payable to an employee who is provided by the employer with suitable protective clothing and/or footwear: And provided further that any employee who becomes entitled to this extra rate shall be paid such extra rate for such part of the day or shift as he is required to work in wet clothing or boots.

# Confined Spaces.

(b) Working in confined space (as defined)-3d, per hour extra.

# Hot Places.

Hot Places.

(c) Working for more than one hour in the shade in places where the temperature is raised by artificial means to between 115 and 130 degrees Fahrenheit, 1½d. per hour extra; in places where the temperature exceeds 130 degrees Fahrenheit, 3d. per hour extra. Where work continues for more than two hours in temperatures exceeding 130 degrees Fahrenheit, employees shall also be entitled to twenty minutes' rest after every two hours' work without deduction of pay. The temperature shall be decided by the foreman of the work after consultation with the employees who claim the extra rate. extra rate.

# Dirty Work.

(d) Work which a foreman and workman shall agree is of an unusually dirty or offensive nature-11d. per hour extra. In case of disagreement between the foreman and workman, the workman, or a shop steward on his behalf, shall be entitled, within 24 hours, to ask for a decision on the workman's claim

by the employer's industrial officer (if there be one), or otherwise by the employer or the executive officer responsible for the management or superintendence of the plant concerned. In such case a decision shall be given on the workman's claim within 48 hours of its being asked for (unless that time expires on a non-working day, in which case it shall be given during the next working day), or else the said allowance shall

In any case where an organization alleges that an employer or his representative is persistently unreasonable or capricious in relation to such claims, it shall have the right to bring such case before the Secretary for Labour.

# Special Rates not Cumulative.

(e) Where more than one of the disabilities entitling a workman to extra rates exist on the same job the employer shall be bound to pay only one rate, namely, the highest for the disabilities so prevailing.

# Rates not Subject to Penalty Additions.

(f) The special rates herein prescribed shall be paid, irrespective of the times at which the work is performed, and shall not be subject to any premium or penalty additions:

# HOURS OF EMPLOYMENT.

# Day Workers.

- 5. (a) Subject to the exceptions herein set out the ordinary 5. (a) Subject to the exceptions herein set out the ordinary hours of employment shall be 44 per week, to be worked in five days of eight hours (Monday to Friday inclusive) and one day (Saturday) of four hours; or five days (Monday to Friday, inclusive), of 8 hours 48 minutes each continuously except for meal breaks, at the discretion of the employer, between 7 a.m. and 5.30 p.m. on Monday to Friday, inclusive, and 7 a.m. and noon on Saturday: Provided that the spread of hours herein prescribed may be altered as to all or a section of the employees by mutual agreement between an employer and the representative of the union in that shop.
- (b) In localities where the recognized half-holiday is on a day other than Saturday, the day so recognized may be substituted for Saturday for all purposes of this Determination.

# SHIFT WORK.

- 6. (1) In this clause-
- "Afternoon shift" means any shift finishing after 6 p.m., and at or before midnight.
- "Continuous work" means work carried on with consecu-"Continuous work" means work carried on with consecutive shifts of men throughout the twenty-four hours of each of at least six consecutive days without interruption, except during breakdowns or meal breaks, or due to unavoidable causes beyond the control of the employer.

  "Night shift" means any shift finishing subsequent to midnight, and at or before S a.m.
- "Rostered shift" means a shift of which the employee concerned has had at least 48 hours' notice.

## Continuous Work Shifts.

- (2) (a) This sub-clause shall apply to shift workers on continuous work, as hereinbefore defined.
  - (b) The ordinary hours of shift workers shall not exceed-
  - (i) 8 in any one day; or
    (ii) 48 in any one week; or
    (iii) 88 in 14 consecutive days; or
    (iv) 176 in 28 consecutive days.
- (c) Subject to the following conditions, shift workers shall work at such times as the employer may require:—
  - (i) a shift shall consist of eight hours, inclusive of
  - (i) a snitt snail consist of eight hours, install consist of eight hours, install consist of eight hours, install consist of eight hours;
    (ii) except at the regular change-over of shifts, an employee shall not be required to work more than one shift in each 24 hours;
    (iii) twenty minutes shall be allowed to shift workers each shift for crib which shall be counted as time worked.
- (d) Shift workers on continuous work whilst on afternoon or night shifts shall be paid 7½ per cent. more than ordinary rates for such shifts.
- (e) Shift workers for work done on a rostered shift the major portion of which is performed on a Sunday or a holiday shall be paid at the rate of time and a half.

Shift Work in other than Continuous Work,

- (3) (a) This sub-clause shall apply to shift workers not upon continuous work as hereinbefore defined. The ordinary hours of such shift workers shall not exceed-

  - (i) 44 in any week to be worked in five shifts of 8 hours 48 minutes, on Monday to Friday inclusive, or five shifts of eight hours and one shift (Saturday) of four hours; or
    (ii) 88 in fourteen consecutive days, in which case an employee shall not, without payment for overtime, be required to work more than eight consecutive hours on any shift or more than six shifts in any week; or
  - week; or

    (iii) 132 in 21 consecutive days, in which case an
    employee shall not, without payment of overtime,
    be required to work more than eight consecutive
    hours on any shift or more than six shifts in any
- (b) Such ordinary hours shall be worked continuously except for meal breaks at the discretion of the employer. An employee shall not be required to work for more than six hours without a break for a meal.
- (c) Except at regular change-over of shifts, an employee shall not be required to work more than one shift in each 24 hours.
- (d) Shift workers whilst on afternoon or night shifts shall be paid 10 per cent, more than the ordinary rates for such shifts.
- (e) Subject to this sub-clause, shift workers for all time worked on a Sunday or holiday shall be paid at the rates prescribed by clause 9 of this Determination. Where shifts commence between 11 p.m. and midnight on Sundays and/or holidays, the time so worked before midnight shall not entitle the employee to the Sunday or holiday rate: Provided that the time worked by an employee on a shift commencing before midnight on the day preceding a Sunday or holiday and extending into a Sunday or holiday shall be regarded as time worked on such Sunday or holiday.

# Shift Work Generally.

- (4) (a) Shift workers for all time worked in excess of or outside the ordinary working hours prescribed by this Determination or on a shift other than a rostered shift
  - (i) if employed on continuous work, be paid at the rate
  - of double time; or

    (ii) if employed on other shift work, at the rate of time

    and a half for the first four hours and double

    time thereafter

except in each case when the time is worked-

- (iii) by arrangement between the employees themselves;
  (iv) for the purpose of effecting the customary rotation
  of shifts: or
  (v) is due to the fact that the relief man does not come
- on duty at the proper time.

on duty at the proper time.

Provided that when not less than eight hours' notice has been given to the employer by the relief man that he will be absent from work and the employee whom he should relieve is not relieved, the unrelieved employee shall be paid at the rate of time and a half for the first four hours on duty after he has finished his ordinary shift and at the rate of double time thereafter except where the employee is required to continue to work on his rostered day off, when he shall be paid double time.

(A) Shift workers who week a remark the workers who week a remark the same and the same and

(b) Shift workers who work on any afternoon or night shift which does not continue for at least five successive

- afternoons or nights in a five-day workshop or for at least six successive afternoons or nights in a six-day workshop shall be paid at the rate of time and a half.
- (c) A shift worker who during a period of engagement on shift works only on night shift and without some regular rotation with some other shift or with day work shall be paid at the rate of time and a quarter for all time worked during ordinary working hours.
- (d) The method of working shifts may in any case be varied by agreement between the employer and the accredited representative of the union to suit the circumstances of the establishment.

## MIXED FUNCTIONS.

7. An employee engaged for more than half of one day or shift on duties carrying a higher rate than his ordinary classification shall be paid the higher rate for such day or shift. If for less than half of one day or shift, he shall be paid the higher rate for the time so worked.

### OVERTIME.

- 8. (a) For all work done outside ordinary hours the rates of pay shall be time and a half for the first four hours and double time thereafter, such double time to continue until the completion of the overtime work: Provided that in the case of a junior the rate for overtime shall be not less than the rate herein prescribed or 1s. 6d. per hour, whichever is the higher the higher.
- (b) An employee, other than a casual employee, after the completion of overtime work performed after his usual ceasing time shall be entitled to be absent until he has had eight consecutive hours off duty, without deduction of pay for ordinary time of duty occurring during such absence.
- If on the instructions of his employer any employee resumes work without having had such eight hours off duty, he shall be paid at double rates until he is refleved from duty to take such rest period, and he shall then be entitled to be absent until he has had eight consecutive hours off duty without deduction of pay for ordinary time of duty occurring during such absence. during such absence.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) hereof, in computing overtime each day's work shall stand alone.
- (d) An employee recalled to work overtime after leaving his employer's business premises shall be paid for a minimum of three hours' work at the appropriate rate for each time he is so recalled: Provided that, except in the case of unforeseen circumstances arising, the employee shall not be required to work the full three hours if the job he was recalled to perform is completed within a shorter period.
- (c) Subject to any custom now prevailing under which an employee is required regularly to hold himself in readiness for a call back, an employee required to hold himself in readiness to work after ordinary hours shall until released be paid standing-by time at ordinary rates from the time from which he is so to hold himself in readiness.
- (f) For work done during meal hours and thereafter until a meal hour break is allowed, time and a half rates shall be paid. An employee shall not be compelled to work for more than six hours without a break for a meal.
- (g) An employee working overtime shall be allowed a crib-time of twenty minutes without deduction of pay after each four hours of overtime work, if the employee continues work after such crib-time.
- (h) Unless the period of overtime is less than one and a (h) Unless the period of overtime is less than one and a half hours an employee before starting overtime after working ordinary hours shall be allowed a meal break of twenty minutes which shall be paid for at ordinary rates. An employer and employee may agree to any variation of this provision to meet the circumstances of the work in hand provided that the employer shall not be required to make any payment in respect of any time allowed in excess of twenty minutes.
- (i) An employee required to work overtime for more than two hours without being notified the day before that he will be so required to work shall either be supplied with a meal by the employer or paid 2s. and 1s. 3d. for each subsequent meal, but such payment need not be made to employees living in the same locality as their workshop who can reasonably return home for meals.
- If an employee pursuant to notice has provided a meal or meals and is not required to work overtime, he shall be paid as above prescribed for meals so provided.
- (j) Subject to the provisions of the second part of sub-clause (f) of this clause, an employee employed as a regular maintenance man shall work during meal breaks at the ordinary rates herein prescribed whenever instructed to do so for the purpose of making good breakdowns of plant or upon routine maintenance of plant which can only be done while such plant is idle while such plant is idle,

(k) When an employee works overtime or a shift for which he has not been regularly rostered finishes work at a time when reasonable means of transport is not available, the employer shall provide him with a conveyance or pay him his current wage for the time occupied in reaching his home.

# HOLIDAYS AND SUNDAY WORK.

9. (a) Employees shall be entitled to the following public holidays, without loss of pay, as regards employees on weekly hiring:—New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Saturday, Easter Monday, King's Birthday, Labour Day, Anzac Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day, or such other day as is generally observed in the locality as a substitute for any of the said days respectively.

By agreement between any employer and his employees other days may be substituted for the said days, or any of them, as to such employer's undertaking.

### Exceptions.

(b) An employee not engaged on continuous work shall be paid at the rate of double time for work done on Sundays and public holidays, such double time to continue until he is relieved from duty.

Provided that where employees are necessarily engaged in repairs to or renewals of their employer's plant and machinery repairs to or remewas of their employers paint and machinery necessary for resumption of work the next following working day (not including the installation of new machinery), work done on Sundays and holidays shall be paid for at the rate of time and a half for the first eight hours, and double time thereafter.

(c) An employee, other than a casual employee, not engaged in continuous work, who works on a Sunday or a public holiday and (except for meal breaks) immediately thereafter continues such work, shall on being relieved from duty be entitled to be absent until he has had eight consecutive hours off duty, without deduction of pay for ordinary time of duty occurring during such absence.

## EXTRA RATES NOT CUMULATIVE.

10. Extra rates in this Determination, except rates prescribed in clause 4, are not cumulative so as to exceed the maximum of double the ordinary rates.

### PAYMENT OF WAGES.

- 11. (a) Wages shall be paid weekly or fortnightly.
- (b) On the first pay day occurring during his employment, an employee shall be paid whatever wages are due to him up to the completion of his work on the previous day. Provided that this sub-clause shall not apply to employers who make a practice of allowing advances to employees approximating wages due.
- (c) Upon termination of the employment, wages due to an employee shall be paid to him on the day of such termination, or forwarded to him by post on the next working
- (d) An employee kept waiting for his wages on pay day for more than a quarter of an hour after the usual time for ceasing work, shall be paid at overtime rates after that quarter-hour, with a minimum of a quarter of an hour.
- (c) On or prior to pay day, the employer shall state to each employee, in writing, the amount of wages to which he is entitled, the amount of deductions made therefrom, and the net amount being paid to him.

# CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT.

# Weckly Employment.

- 12. (a) Except as herinafter provided employment shall be by the week. Any employee not specifically engaged as a casual employee shall be deemed to be employed by the week.
- (b) Employment shall be terminated by a week's notice on either side given at any time during the week or by the payment or forfeiture of a week's wages, as the case may be. This shall not affect the right of the employer to dismiss any employees without notice for malingering, inefficiency, neglect of duty, or misconduct, and in such cases the wages shall be paid up to the time of dismissal only; or to deduct payment for any day the employee cannot be usefully employed because of any strike or through any breakdown in machinery, or any stoppage of work by any cause for which the employer cannot reasonably be held responsible.
- (c) An employee not attending for duty shall, except as provided by clause 13 hereof, lose his pay for the actual time of such non-attendance.

# Casual Employment.

A casual employee is one engaged and paid as such. A casual employee for working ordinary time shall be paid per hour one-fortieth of the weekly rate prescribed by this Determination for the work which he performs.

### Sick Leave.

- 13. (a) An employee on weekly hiring who is absent from his work on account of personal illness, or on account of injury by accident arising out of and in the course of his employment, shall be entitled to leave of absence, without deduction of pay, subject to the following conditions and limitations.
  - (i) He shall not be entitled to paid leave of absence for any period in respect of which he is entitled to
  - any period in respect of which he is entitled to workers' compensation.

    (i) (a) He shall, within 24 hours of the commencement of such absence, inform the employer of his inability to attend for duty and, as far as practicable, state the nature of the injury or illness and the estimated duration of the absence.

    (ii) He shall prove to the satisfaction of his employer (or in the event of dispute, the Secretary for Labour) that he was unable on account of such illness or injury to attend for duty on the day or days for which sick leave is claimed.

    (iii) He shall not be entitled in any year (whether in the employ of one employer or of several) to leave in excess of 44 hours of working time.

    For the purpose of administering paragraph (iii) of this

For the purpose of administering paragraph (iii) of this sub-clause an employer may, within two weeks of the employee entering his employment, require an employee to make a sworn declaration or other written statement as to what paid leave of absence he has had from any employer during the then current year; and upon such statement the employer shall be entitled to rely and act.

employer shall be entitled to rely and act.

(b) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (a) hereof an employee suffering injury through an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment (not being an injury in respect of which he is entitled to workers compensation) necessitating his attendance during working hours on a doctor, chemist, or trained nurse, or at a hospital, shall not suffer any deduction from his pay for the time (not exceeding four hours) so occupied on the day of the accident, and shall be reimbursed by the employer all expenses reasonably incurred in connexion with such attendance.

### ANNUAL LEAVE. Period of Leave.

14. (a) A period of fourteen consecutive days' leave shall be allowed annually to an employee after twelve months' continuous service (less the period of annual leave) as an employee on weekly hiring in any one or more of the occupations to which this Determination applies.

# Seven-day Shift Workers.

(b) In addition to the leave hereinbefore prescribed sevenday shift workers that is shift workers who are rostered to work regularly on Sundays and holidays shall be allowed seven consecutive days' leave including non-working days.

Where an employee with twelve months' continuous service is engaged for part of the twelve-monthly period as a seven-day shift worker, he shall be entitled to have the period of fourteen consecutive days' annual leave prescribed in sub-clause (a) hereof increased by half a day for each month he is continuously engaged as aforesaid.

# Annual Leave Exclusive of Public Holidays.

Annual Leave Exclusive of Public Holidays.

(c) Subject to this sub-clause the annual leave prescribed by this clause shall be evalusive of any of the holidays prescribed by clause 9 of this Determination and if any such holiday falls within an employee's period of annual leave and is observed on a day which in the case of that employee would have been an ordinary working day there shall be added to the period of annual leave time equivalent to the ordinary time which the employee would have worked if such day had not been a holiday. not been a holiday.

Where a holiday falls as aforesaid and the employee fails where a indialy mass as arotestar and the employee hards without reasonable cause proof whereof shall be upon him to attend for work at his ordinary starting time on the working day immediately following the last day of the period of his annual leave he shall not be entitled to be paid for any such holiday.

Broken Leave.

(d) The annual leave shall be given and taken in a continuous period or, if the employee and the employer so agree. in two separate periods and not otherwise.

# Calculation of Continuous Service.

- (c) For the purposes of this clause service shall be deemed to be continuous notwithstanding-
  - (i) any interruption or termination of the employment by the employer if such interruption or termina-tion has been made merely with the intention of avoiding obligations hereunder in respect of leave
  - avoiding congations hereunder in respect of leave of absence;

    (ii) any absence from work on account of personal sickness or accident or on account of leave lawfully granted by the employer; or

    (iii) any absence with reasonable cause proof whereof shall
  - be upon the employee.

In cases of personal sickness or accident or absence with In cases of personal sickness or accident or absence with reasonable cause the employee to become entitled to the benefit of this sub-clause shall inform the employer in writing if practicable within 24 hours of the commencement of such absence of his inability to attend for duty and as far as practicable the nature of the illness injury or cause and the estimated duration of his absence. A notification given by an employee pursuant to clause 13 shall be accepted as a notification within which even the countries that the state of th tion under this sub-clause.

Any absence from work by reason of any cause not being a cause specified in this sub-clause shall not be deemed to break the continuity of service for the purposes of this clause unless the employer during the absence or within fourteen days of the termination of the absence notifies the employee in writing that such absence will be regarded as having broken the continuity of service.

In cases of individual absenteeism such notice shall be given In cases of individual absenteeism such notice shall be given in writing to the employee concerned, but in cases of concerted or collective absenteeism notice may be given to employees by the posting up of a notification in the plant, in the manner in which general notifications to employees are usually made in that plant and by posting to the union whose members have participated in such concerted or collective absenteeism a copy of same not later than the day it is posted up in the plant.

A notice to an individual employee may be given by deliver-ing same to him personally or by posting it to his last recorded address, in which case it shall be deemed to have reached him in due course of post.

In calculating the period of twelve months' continuous service any such absence as aforesaid shall not, except to the extent of not more than fourteen days in a twelve-monthly period in the case of sickness or accident, be taken into account in calculating the period of twelve months' continuous service.

# Calculation of Service.

(f) Service before the date of operation of this Determina-tion shall be taken into consideration for the purpose of calculating annual leave but an employee shall not be entitled to leave or payment in lieu thereof for any period in respect of which leave or a payment in lieu thereof has been allowed or made under the appropriate clause of the Determination of the Engineers and Brassworkers (Unskilled) Board which was the Engineers and Brassworkers (Unskilled) Board which was revoked as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence on or after the 23rd February, 1946. Provided however that in respect of service before the 1st January, 1946, the annual leave shall be allowed at the rate of 3\frac{3}{4} hours for each completed one month of continuous service and in respect of service after that rate at the rate of 7\frac{3}{4} hours for each completed one month of continuous service. Any broken part of a month served before the 1st January, 1946, shall for the purposes of this clause be deemed to be service after the 1st January, 1946. The period of annual leave to be allowed under this sub-clause shall be calculated to the nearest day any broken part of a day in the result not exceeding half a day to be disregarded.

Where the employer is a successor or assignee or transmittee

Where the employer is a successor or assignee or transmittee Where the employer is a successor or assignee or transmittee of a business if an employee was in the employment of the employer's predecessor at the time when he became such successor or assignee or transmittee the employee in respect of the period during which he was in the service of the predecessor shall for the purpose of this clause be deemed to be in the service of the predecessor shall for the purpose of this clause be deemed to be in the service of the employer.

# Calculation of Month.

(g) For the purpose of this clause a month shall be reckoned as commencing with the beginning of the first day of the employment or period of employment in question and as ending at the beginning of the day which in the latest month in question has the same date number as that which the commencing day had in its month and if there be no such day in such subsequent month shall be reckoned as ending at the end of such subsequent month.

# Leave to be Taken.

(h) The annual leave provided for by this clause shall be allowed and shall be taken and except as provided by subclauses (l) and (m) hereof payment shall not be made or accepted in lieu of annual leave.

# Time of Taking Leave.

(i) Annual leave shall be given at a time fixed by the employer within a period not exceeding six months from the date when the right to annual leave accrued and after not less than two weeks' notice to the employee.

# Leave Allowed Before Due Date.

(j) An employer may allow annual leave to an employee before the right thereto has accrued due, but where leave is taken in such a case a further period of annual leave shall not commence to accrue until after the expiration of the twelve months in respect of which annual leave had been taken before it accrued.

Where leave has been granted to an employee pursuant to this sub-clause before the right thereto has accrued due and the employee subsequently leaves or is discharged from the

service of the employer before completing the tweive months' continuous service in respect of which the leave was granted the employer may for each one complete month of the qualifying period of twelve months not served by the employee deduct from whatever remuneration is payable upon the termination of the employment one-twelfth of the amount of wage paid on account of the annual leave, which amount shall not include any sums paid for any of the holidays prescribed by clause 9 of this Determination.

1133

## Payment for Period of Leave.

(k) Each employee before going on leave shall be paid two (k) Each employee before going on leave shall be paid two weeks' wages, except a shift worker or an employee taking his leave pursuant to sub-clause (d) of this clause either of whom shall be paid the amount of wage he would have received in respect of the ordinary time which he would have worked had he not been on leave during the relevant periods. For the purposes of this sub-clause and sub-clause (l) hereof wages shall be at the rate prescribed by clauses 2 and 3 of this Determination for the occupation in which 2 and 3 of this Determination for the occupation in white the employee was ordinarily employed immediately prior to the commencement of his leave or the termination of his employment, as the case may be. Payment in the case of employees employed on piece or bonus work or any other system of payment by results shall be at time rates.

### Proportionate Leave on Dismissal.

(1) If after one month's continuous service in any qualifying twelve-monthly period an employee lawfully leaves his employment or his employment is terminated by the employer through no fault of the employee, the employee shall be paid at his ordinary rate of wage for 3\frac{3}{2}\$ hours in respect of each completed one month of continuous service before the 1st January, 1946, and for 7\frac{1}{2}\$ hours at the same rate in respect of each completed month of continuous service after that date, the service in each case being service in respect of which leave has not been granted hereunder.

# Annual Close Down.

- (m) Where an employer closes down his plant, or a section or sections thereof, for the purposes of allowing annual leave to all or the bulk of the employees in the plant, or section or sections concerned, the following provisions shall apply—
  - (i) He may by giving not less than one month's notice of his intention so to do stand off for the duration of the close down all employees in the plant or section or sections concerned, and allow to those who are not then qualified for two full weeks' leave paid leave on a proportionate basis of one-sixth of a week's leave for each completed month of continuous service.
  - (ii) An employee who has then qualified for two full weeks' leave, and has also completed a further month or more of continuous service shall be allowed his leave, and shall subject to sub-clause (f) hereof also be paid one-sixth of a week's wages in respect of each completed month of continuous service performed since the close of his last twelvemonthly qualifying period.
  - monthly qualifying period.

    (iii) The next twelve-monthly qualifying period for each employee affected by such close down shall commence from the day on which the plant, or section or sections concerned is re-opened for work.

    Provided that all time during which an employee is stood off without pay for the purposes of this sub-clause shall be deemed to be time of service in the next twelve-monthly qualifying period.

in the next twelve-monthly qualitying period.

(iv) If in the first year of his service with an employer an employee is allowed proportionate annual leave under paragraph (i) hereof, and subsequently within such year lawfully leaves his employment or his employment is terminated by the employer through no fault of the employee, he shall be entitled to the benefit of sub-clause (t) of this clause subject to adjustment for any proportionate leave which he may have been allowed as aforesaid.

# MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

# GENERAL.

# Tools.

15. (1) (a) Until further order the employer shall provide for each employee such tools as were customarily provided at the time of the making of this Determination. The employee shall replace or pay for any tools so provided if lost through his registeres. his negligence.

# Washing and Sanitary Conveniences.

(b) Employers shall provide proper and sufficient washing and sanitary conveniences.

# Lockers.

(c) An employer shall provide a suitable locker or suitable hanging facilities for each employee in a workshop: Provided that this sub-clause shall not for such period or

periods as the Wages Board may fix apply to any employer who proves to the satisfaction of the Secretary for Labour that he is unable by reason of lack of space, shortage of material or labour, or any other difficulties to provide lockers or langing facilities as aforesaid.

## Boiling Water.

(d) Employers shall provide boiling water for employees in workshops at meal times,

#### Showers,

(c) Employers shall provide for all workmen employed in foundries hot and cold shower baths, which shall be situated away from lavatories.

#### Goggles.

(f) Employers shall provide suitable mica or other goggles for emery-wheel operators.

### Ladles.

- (g) (i) All ladles of a holding capacity of 15 cwt. or more in use at the time of the making of this Determination shall be fitted with safety-worm gear or an equivalent safety fitting; and all ladles of a holding capacity of 10 cwt. or more hereafter brought into operation shall be fitted with safety-worm gear. safety-worm gear.
- (ii) Where molten metal is carried in ladles by hand the weight of molten metal shall not exceed:—

Single-handed ladles-60 lb., including the weight of the ladle.

- Other ladles- 2 cwt. per man.
- (iii) Where molten metal is carried by hand, a clear passageway not less than 2 ft. 6 in. wide shall be made.

## Dressing Castings.

(h) Where practicable, the dressing of castings shall not be carried out in close proximity to employees not doing that

### First Aid Outfit.

(i) In each workshop, and at other places where employees are regularly employed, the employer shall provide and continuously maintain, at a place or places reasonably accessible to all employees, an efficient first-aid outfit.

Clause 8 of Chapter 9 of the Regulations under the Factories and Shops Act 1928 requires that a first-aid ambulance chest shall be kept in some accessible place upon the premises, and that such chest shall be equipped and supplied with the following articles:—

Art	Quantities to be kept in Ambulance Chest—			
Antiseptic solution Bandages, cotton and	 gauze		••	l bottle l dozen assorted sizes
Castor oil				2 oz.
Iodine, tincture of	• •			2 oz.
Manual, first aid		• •		1
Petrolatum, carbolized				l jar
Pieric acid solution, r	nade ac	cording t	o the	•
following recipe or p	rescripti	on :		,
l teaspoonfuls of	powder	ed picric	acid.	]
3 oz. of absolut	e alcoho	ol. and 2	pinta	
of distilled water	r			1 pint
Pins, safety				l packet
Sal volatile				6 oz.
Scissors		- ::		l pair
Tourniquet				i i Puii
Tweezers				Î pair
Cotton, absorbent				) _ ball
Gauze, sterilized, plain				An adequate
Lint, absorbent	• •	•••	• • •	assortment

# Damage to Clothing and Tools.

(j) Compensation to the extent of the damage sustained shall be made where, in the course of the work, clothing or tools are damaged or destroyed by fire or through the use of corrosive substances: Provided that the employer's liability in respect of tools shall be limited to such tools of trade as are ordinarily required for the performance of the employee's dutties

# Shop Stewards.

16. An employee appointed shop steward in the shop or department in which he is employed shall, upon notification thereof to his employer, be recognized as the accredited representative of the union to which he belongs, and he shall be allowed the necessary time during working hours to interview the employer or his representative on matters affecting employees whom he represents,

## RIGHT OF ENTRY OF UNION OFFICIALS.

- 17. (a) For the purpose of interviewing employees on legitimate union business, a duly accredited union representative shall have the right to enter employers' premises during the midday meal break on the following conditions:—
  - (i) That he produces his authority to the gatekeeper or such other person as may be appointed by the employer.
  - (ii) That he interviews employees only at places where they are taking their meal.
  - (iii) That not more than one representative of each of not more than three unions be on the premises at any one time.
  - (iv) That no one representative visit the premises more than once in each week.
  - (v) That if any employer alleges that a representative is unduly interfering with his work or is creating dissatisfaction amongst his employees or is offensive in his methods, or is committing a breach of any of the previous conditions, such employer may refuse the right of entry, but the representative shall have the right to bring such refusal before the Secretary for Labour.

Provided that, where certain employees are working under a system of shift work which precludes a representative from interviewing them during the midday meal break, the representative shall have the right to enter the employer's premises for the purpose of interviewing such employees at such time and under such conditions as to notice as may be mutually arranged by the representative and the employer or, failing agreement, at such times and under such conditions as the Secretary for Labour may decide.

- (b) For the purpose of investigating complaints concerning the application of this Determination, a duly accredited union representative shall be afforded reasonable facilities for entering an employer's workshop or plant during working hours, subject to the following conditions: to the following conditions:-
  - That he discloses to the employer or his represen-tative the complaint which he desires to investigate.
  - (ii) That he makes his investigations in the presence of the employer or his representative (if the employer so desires)
  - (iii) That he does not interfere with work proceeding in the workshop or plant.
  - (iv) That he conducts himself properly.
- (c) A union representative shall be a duly accredited representative of an organization concerned if he be the holder for the time being of a certificate, signed by the general or State secretary of that organization and bearing the seal of that organization, in the following form, or in a form not materially differing therefrom:—

# (Name of organization.)

This is to certify that is a duly accredited representative of the above-named organization.

> General \secretary. State

(SEAL)

Date.

Specimen signature of holder.

Strictly not transferable.

TIME AND WAGES BOOK.

- 18. (a) Each employer shall keep a record from which can be readily ascertained the name of each employee and his occupation, the hours worked each day, and the wages and allowances paid each week.
- (b) The time occupied by an employee in filling in any time record or cards or in the making of records shall be treated as time of duty, but this does not apply to checking in or out when entering or leaving the employer's premises.
- (c) The time and wages record shall be open for inspection to a duly accredited union official during the usual office hours at the employer's office or other convenient place: Provided that an inspection shall not be demanded unless the secretary of the union or the district secretary or organizer of any division suspects that a breach of the Determination has been committed: Provided also that only one demand for such inspection shall be made in one fortnight at the same establishment.
- (d) The official making such inspection shall be entitled to take a copy of entries in a time and wages record relating to the suspected breach of the Determination.

## NOTICE BOARD.

19. The employer shall permit a notice board of reasonable dimensions to be erected in a prominent position in his establishment, upon which accredited union representatives shall be permitted to post formal union notices, signed or countersigned by the representative posting same.

#### DEFINITIONS.

20. "Confined Space" means a compartment or space access to which is through a man-hole or similar opening, or a place the dimensions of which necessitate an employee working in a stooped or otherwise cramped position, or without proper ventilation.

"Sunday" means all time between midnight Saturday and midnight Sunday.

"Year" means the period between the 1st day of June in each year and the next 31st day of May.

"Furnace man" means an employee in charge of a furnace used for smelting metals or ores, boiler plate furnaces, case hardening and/or annealing furnaces, and such heating furnaces where the weight of individual pieces of material is 5 cwt. or more or the area of the material exceeds 4 square

# PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

21. The wages rates set out in clause 2 are based upon the following basic wage rates and, pursuant to the provisions of section 21 of the Factories and Shops Act 1934, the Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically increased by the care account and act the same creased or decreased by the same amount, and at the same time as such basic wage rates.

The basic wage rates shown hereunder shall be adjusted as prescribed in clause 22.

Table.

	Index	Number	Divisions.			Basic Wage
	_					£ s. d.
994-1006 .						4 1 0
007-1018 .					i	4 2 0
019-1030 .					l	4 3 0
031-1043 .						4 4 0
044-1055 .					i	4 5 0
056-1067 .	-					4 6 0
068-1080 .					1	4 7 0
081-1092 .						4 8 0
093-1104 .					[	4 9 0
105-1117 .					\	4 10 0
118-1129 .					[	4 11 0
130-1141 .						4 12 0
142-1154	•					4 13 0
155-1166 .			••			4 14 0
167-1179 .						4 15 0
180-1191 .					1	4 16 0
				••		4 17 0
204-1216 .	-					4 18 0
217-1228 .						4 19 0
229-1240 .					[	5 0 0

Any extension of this table must be of the same construction as the table.

The wages of juniors shall be the percentages of the con-temporaneous needs basic wage prescribed for the area in which they are employed, and in addition thereto the constant and war loadings specified in clause 3 of this Determination.

## Basic Wage.

Place,	Needs Basic Wage	Loading	Total Basic	Index Number
	(Adjustable).	Constant.	Wage.	Set Assigned.
Victoria— Within 20 miles of G.P.O., Melbourne, 10 miles of G.P.O., Geelong, at Warmambool, and within Mildura and Gippsland Districts Yallourn—6s. 6d. in excess of basic wage for Melbourne. Elsewhere—3s. less than the contemporaneous basic wage for Melbourne.	£ s. d. 4 12 0	s. d. 6 0	. £ s. d. 4 18 0	Melbourne

# ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

22. (a) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in May, 1946, the amounts of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 21.

mence in May, 1945, the amounts of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 21.

(b) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a May, an August, a November, or a February, the amounts of the basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method according to the position and fluctuations (if any) of the Commonwealth Statistician's "All Items" retail price index numbers.

For the purposes of this Determination the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's retail price index numbers or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician:—

(i) The index number set to be applied to a place is that assigned thereto in clause 21.

(ii) The index number for the calendar quarter next preceding the period of or near a quarter for which the adjustment is made is to be ascertained.

(iii) The amount assigned in the following table (or in any extension thereof) to the index number division comprising that number is to be ascertained.

comprising that number is to be ascertained.

(iv) The basic wage shall be of that assigned amount during such successive period.

# MARGINAL RATES.

23. In addition to the basic wage provided in clause 21, the margins and war loadings set out in this clause shall be the minimum rate payable to employees therein named:-

	-			Margins Per Week	Wartime Loadings Per Week
		•		s. d.	s. d.
Furnaceman-electric				17 0	6 0
Furnaceman-other				15 0	3 0
Furnaceman's assistant				9 0	3 0
Press operator				14 0	1
Die attendant				14 0	i
Hexagon straightener				12 0	l
Draw bench operator				8 0	1
Pickler				8 0	1
Other machine operator				8 0	1
Hand straightener			i	6 0	1
Pointer			!	5 0	1
Die striker				4 0	1
All others				Nil	3 0

A. V. BARNS, J.P., Chairman.

J. W. RYAN, Secretary.

Melbourne, 8th February, 1946.



# VICTORIA

# GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

[Registered at the General Post Office, Melbourne, for transmission by post as a newspaper.]

No. 61]

# MONDAY, APRIL 1.

[1946

Factories and Shops Acts.

# DETERMINATION OF THE QUARRY BOARD.

Note.—This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

IN accordance with the provisions of the Factories and Shops Acts the Wages Board which, since 13th October, 1934, has had the power to determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in-

- (i) the process, trade, or business of quarrying not including agriculture;
- (ii) (a) carting or driving, or assisting in carting or driving in connexion with or incidental to the trade or business of quarrying (not including agriculture);
  - (b) the trade of crushing stone-

has made the following determination, namely:-

1. That as from the beginning of the first pay period to commence on of after the 1st March, 1946, the last previous Determination of this Board, shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

(a)	Appren	tices.*			Improvers.*									
	Wages Pe	r Week.			Wages Per Week.									
		Adjustable Rate.	Plus War Loading (Non- adjustable).	Total Wage.	_	Plus War Loading (Non- adjustable).	Total Wage.							
One at	PROPORTION (with opportunities to every three to less than 117s, per vice less than 117s, per vi	hin any pl	•	s. d. 43 0 50 3 57 9	Carting and Driving— Under 18 years  18 and under 19 years  19 and under 20 years  20 and under 21 years  All other improvers— lat year  2nd year  3rd year  4th year  And thereafter the minimum	72 0 87 0	s. d. 4 0 4 6 5 0 5 6 3 3 3 3 9 4 6	8. d. 79 3 91 6 101 6 109 6 63 6 66 3 75 9 91 6						
An ind 6th Augus	enture of apprenticeship t, 1923.	prescribe	d was app	proved on	PROPORTION (wi  (a) Where a working crane is ir pitchers or building stone One improver to es workers receiving not l  (b) Where spall quarrying is ca One improver to es workers receiving not l	operation : very three ess than 12 rried on: ery twenty	for the pro or fraction 9s. per wes or fraction	of thre						

No. 61.-2014/46.

# Other Employees.\*

•	Afternoon or Night Shift.														
	Wages	Per	Week.		-			Wages Per Week.							
, —	Adjust Rat		Plus War Loading (Non- adjustable).		Total Wage.		Wages Per Hour.	Adjustable Rate.		Plus War Loading (Non- adjustable)	Total Was	ge.	Wages Per Hour.		
Powder monkey † Assistant powder monkey ‡	8. 133 122	d. 0 6	6 6	<b>d</b> , 0 0	139	d. 0 6	s. d. 3 1 10/11 2 11 1/21	8. 161 148	d. 0 0	6 0 6 0	s, d 167 0 154 0	8	3 9 1/22		
Dresser of pitchers or cubes, or scabblers	127	0	6	0		0	3 0 3/11	154	-	6 0	160 3	`			
Spaller	120 123	0	6	0		0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	145	6 6	6 0	151 6 154 6				
Feeder of a stone crushing machine	120	ů.	6	ŏ		ŏ	2 10 4/11	145	6	6 0	151 6				
Dust hole man	120	ŏ	6	ŏ		ŏ	2 10 4/11	145	6	ě ŏ	151 6	1.7			
machine	120	0	6	0	126	0	2 10 4/11	145	6	6 0	151 6	8	3 5 7/**		
Borer's assistant	120	Ó	6	0	126	0	2 10 4/11	145	6	6 0	151 6	3			
Blacksmith	133	0	6	0	139	0	3 1 10/	158	6	60	164 6	3			
Tool sharpener	122	0	6	0	128	0	2 10 10/11	147	6	6 0	153 6	3	5 19/23		
Carters or drivers driving-							, <b></b>								
One horse	115	0	6	0	121	0	29	138	3	6 0	144 3	اا	3 15/44		
Two horses	120	Ó	6	0	126	0	2 10 4/11	144	6	6 0	150 6	l a			
Three horses	124	0	6	0	130	0	2 11 1/11	149	0	6 0	155 0	[ 3			
Four or five horses	126	Ó	6	0	132	0	3 0	151	0	6 0	157 0	3			
And 6d, extra per day					1	ļ				!		- 1	,		
for each additional horse.			ţ		İ	,					1	- 1			
Drivers of motor vehicles of the					[			[[			1				
following carrying capacity :						1		<b>)</b>		ļ	1				
Not exceeding 25 cwt	111	0	6	0	117	e l	2 51	135	6	6 0	141 6	l 2	11#		
Exceeding 25 cwt., but not	1	-	1		i	1	•		•	1	1	- 1 -			
exceeding 3 tons	112	3	6	0	118	3	2 5 1/15	137	3	6 0	143 3	1 2	2 11 13/15		
Exceeding 3 tons	117	š	6	Õ		3	2 6 15/16	143	9	6 ŏ	149 9				
All others	111	ŏ	6	0		ō	2 7 10/11	134	3	6 0	140 3				

· See clause S re hours.

† See clause 10 re definition.

1 See clause 11 re definition.

Time of Beginning.

Where a 5 day week is worked.

Time of Ending.

When an employee is working in water, he shall, in addition to the ordinary rate, be paid 1s. per day or portion of a day extra. The adjustable rates shown in sub-clause (b) hereof, include amongst other loadings, an allowance of 4s. 9d. per week, in lieu of payment for public holidays, and sick leave.

### Hours.

3. The number of hours to constitute an ordinary week's work shall be 48 for Drivers of Motor vehicles and 44 for all others to be worked between the following times:—

Time of Beginning.

(a) Drivers of Motor vehicles:--

						*0 or ~cBr		¥ 111110 V	or varanting.	-	THE OF DORMAN	•	Time or mineral
	Monday to Saturday		•	··· •		7.30 a.m 7.45 a.m			5 p.m. noon.	••	7.15 a.m.	••	5.36 p.m,
	Meal inter	vals (wl	nich shal	l not be	counted	as time	worke	d) shall	be allow	ed as	follows :		
	(i)	Where	a 51-day	week is week is	worked		••		One hor	ur ea	ch day (Sature rs of an hour		
(b) All oth	iers—												
• •									Where One	Shift	is Worked,		
							1	Time of	f beginnin	ıg.	Time of ending	g.	
	Monday to	Friday				(Day a	Shift)	8	a.m.	-	5 p.m.		
	Saturday	•••	••	••	••	**	,,	8	a.m.		12 noon		
							1	w	here two s	l shifta	are worked.		
	Monday to	Friday				(Day	Shift		8,m.	1	3 p.m.		
	шоцаму ос		••	••	(Aft	ernoon			p.m.	- 1	11 p.m.		
	Saturday	***			,	(Day			a.m.	- 1	II s.m.		
	y				(Aft	ernoon 8			s.m.	ı	3 p.m.		
							ľ	1076	41	-1.254	are worked.		
	M 1 - 4-	17: 4.				/D (	ST. SEAN			BDMG			
	Monday to	rriday	•••			(Day			a.m.	i	3 p.m.		
	•				(AII	ernoon i			p.m.	[	11 p.m. }		
	5 4- 1					(Night 8			p.m.	-	7 a.m. j		
	Saturday	• •	• •	•••		(Day 8			a.m.	1	11 a.m.		
					(4117)	ernoon i			a.m.	- 1	3 p.m.		
						(Night 8	Shut)	3	p.m.	- 1	7 p.m.		

Where a 5; day week is worked.

Time of Ending.

- (c) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (b) hereot, the spread of hours may be varied on any job by mutual agreement between an employer and the majority of his employees on the job, but in no case shall the ordinary hours to be worked on any day be increased beyond the following:—
  - (i) Where a 51-day week is worked .. • •
- 8 hours per day on 5 days (Monday to Friday).
  and 4 hours on Saturday;
  8 hours 48 minutes per day (Monday to Friday).
  - (ii) Where a 5-day week is worked ...

# OVERTIME.

4. The higher rate to be paid for each hour or fraction of an hour worked by any employee outside the times of beginning and ending work, or outside the hours mutually agreed upon between an employer, and the majority of his employees on the job as prescribed in clause 3 shall be time and a half. Provided that time spent in harnessing or unharnessing horses shall be deemed not to be time worked.

# TIME WAGES.

5. Any person working on time wages in connexion with stone-crushing plants for less than the number of hours of an ordinary week's work, shall for each hour worked up to one-half the number of hours fixed for an ordinary week's work, be paid the ordinary wages rate with an addition of thirty-three and one-third per centum.

#### SPECIAL RATES.

6. For all work done on Sunday and the undermentioned holidays the rates shall be :-Sunday

Australia Day, Labour Day (and outside the Metropolitan District, King's Birthday)

New Year's Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, Christmas Day, Boxing Day (and within the Metropolitan District, Melbourne Cup Day), provided that time and a half only shall be payable in respect of time worked rendered necessary by (a) a breakdown in plant, (b) repair work on such Double time.

but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named public holidays, the special rate shall only be payable for work done on the day so substituted.

#### Tools and Appliances.

7. That any employee on wages rates who is called upon to supply any or all of the following tools or appliances, viz.:---Picks, shovels, wheelbarrows, face bars, banker bars, drills, jumpers, dressing hammers, spawling hammers, striking hammers, scabbling picks, or any other tools that may be necessary for the process of quarrying, shall be paid by the employer 3d. per hour in addition to the ordinary rates fixed by this Determination.

#### ANNUAL LEAVE.

- 8. (a) Subject to the provisions of sub-clauses (c) and (d) hereof, a period of fourteen consecutive days inclusive of public holidays occurring during the period shall be allowed as leave annually to all employees after twelve months' continuous service (less the period of annual leave) with an employer. Unless otherwise mutually agreed upon between an employer and the employee concerned, in which case the leave shall be given and taken within three months of becoming due, such leave shall be given and taken in conjunction with the Christmas and New Year holidays.
- (b) If after 88 hours' continuous service, excluding overtime, in any qualifying twelve-monthly period an employee leaves his employment or his employment is terminated by the employer, the employee shall be paid 1/13th of a week's wage in respect of each completed 88 hours of continuous service in respect of which leave has not been granted hereunder.
- (c) Where an employee absents himself from work during any qualifying period of service for any reason other than a reason set out in sub-clause (d) hereof, the amount of leave or payment in lieu to which he would otherwise be entitled under sub-clauses (a) and (b) hereof, shall be reduced by \(^1/\englight)\_{60}\)th for each week or part thereof during which any such absence occurs.
- (d) For the purpose of administering the provisions of this clause, service shall be deemed to be continuous notwithstanding an employee's absence from work for the following reasons:—
  - (i) Injury received during the course of employment and for which an employee received Worker's Compensation—up to a maximum period of two months.
  - (ii) Any reason satisfactory to the employer or, in event of dispute, the Secretary for Labour.
  - (iii) Where called up for military service up to three months in any qualifying period.
- (e) Each employee before going on leave, shall be paid in advance the wages which would ordinarily accrue to him during the currency of the leave.
  - (f) Service before the 1st day of January, 1946, shall be disregarded for the purpose of calculating annual leave.
- (g) Notwithstanding anything elsewhere contained in this Determination, an employer giving leave at the Christmas-New Year period may, at his option either:—
  - (i) Stand off without pay during the period of leave any employee who has not then qualified for the full period; or
  - (ii) Stand off for the period of leave any employee who has not then qualified for fourteen consecutive days' leave and pay him pro rata for the leave for which he has then qualified on the basis of one-thirteenth of a week's wage in respect of each 88 hours' consecutive service (exclusive of overtime) during his current qualifying twelve-monthly

# POWDER MONKEY.

9. Powder monkey shall mean a person using or having charge of explosives during any portion of a week.

# ASSISTANT POWDER MONKEY.

10. Assistant powder monkey shall mean a person who assists a powder monkey. Provided that if, in the absence of the powder monkey and/or for any other reason, he carries out the duties of a powder monkey, he shall be paid at the rate fixed for such

# SANITATION.

11. Proper sanitary conveniences for the use of employees shall be provided and kept clean by the employer.

# PAYMENT OF WAGES.

- 12. An employee kept waiting for his wages on pay day for more than a quarter of an hour after-
  - (a) the usual time of ceasing work in the case of a person not working overtime, or
- (b) his time of ceasing work in the case of a person working overtime, shall be paid at overtime rates after that quarter of an hour with a minimum of a quarter of an hour.

# SHELTER SHED.

13. A suitable shelter shed for the use of employees only, shall be provided by the employer.

# CARRYING OF WORKING TOOLS.

- 14. All time occupied by an employee in carrying his working tools-
  - (a) into or out of the quarry, or

(b) for a greater distance than 100 yards to or from the face of the quarry, shall be paid for at the rate fixed in this Determination for the class of work usually performed by him.

# MEAL INTERVAL.

15. In places where only one shift is worked, each employee shall have not less than three-quarters of an hour, nor more than one hour meal interval each day.

# WALKING TIME.

16. Where an employee during a meal hour is required for the purposes of safety, or for safety in the use of explosives to walk from his place of work to an appointed crib house, his meal hour shall be extended (without deduction of pay) for a period sufficient to cover the time occupied in returning from the crib house to his place of work.

Knocking Out

## EMPLOYER PRESENTING HIMSELF FOR WORK.

17. Any employee who is not informed before he leaves the job at the end of his shift that he is not required to work at his next shift, and having presented himself at the time fixed for commencing work, is not employed, shall be paid for two hours on the basis of his classification. Provided that where an employee becomes entitled to payment as aforesaid, and is employed for part of the shift, he shall not receive payment for more than an ordinary day's work for such shift.

The provisions of this clause shall not apply where unemployment is caused by a breakdown in machinery, or an act of God not otherwise provided for.

To be entitled to the benefit of this provision, an employee (other than a driver of a motor vehicle engaged in delivery) shall have worked the whole or part of his immediately preceding shift.

## PAYMENT FOR WET WEATHER.

18. An employee shall be paid on the basis of his ordinary classification for all time lost, when in the opinion of the employer or his responsible representative, the weather is too wet for the employee to continue his ordinary duties.

Provided that an employee shall not be entitled to payment as aforesaid, unless he attends at, and remains at, his place of employment, and is available and willing to perform under cover when requested to do so such other duties as may be allotted to him.

### PIECEWORK.

19. The lowest piecework prices to be paid to persons engaged in the undermentioned work shall be-

																		Dres per ht	sing. indred		and Dr per hu		
Pit	oher	ъ <u>—</u>																8.	ď.		8.	d.	
		nches	wide	×	9 inc	hes de	ep >	< 10	to i	4 iı	ache	s lon	ζ		 			16	0		27	2	
	9	**	**	×	9,	, ,		( 10			,,	,,			 			13	8		25	3	
	9	**	,,	×		, ,		( 10			••	**	• •		 	• •		12	9		23	3	
	9	**	**	×	4 to (	6 inch	es de	ep >	( 10	to	14 i	nche	long		 ••	••		10	9	***	20	5	
Cu	bes-	_																					
	4 1	to 6 is	nches	wi	de ×	8 to 9	) inc	hes d	eep	х	10 t	o 14	inche	s long				13	0		24	1	
		,, 6	.,			7 inc						, 14		,, ~			••	11			20	7	
	4	,, 6	,,		, x	5 to 6	3 inc	hes	,,	×	8	,, 12	**	,,	••	••		10		•••	18	4	

Pitchers or cubes restricted to any length which exceeds the average of the lengths specified in any particular item shown above shall be paid for at the rate of 1s. 6d. per hundred in addition to the respective prices specified opposite the said item.

Pitchers or cubes tied to any definite length which does not exceed the average of the lengths specified in any particular item shown above shall be paid for at the rate of 1s. per hundred in addition to the respective prices specified opposite the said item.

Pitchers or cubes *tied* to any definite length which exceeds the average of the lengths specified in any particular item shown above shall be paid for at the rate of 2s. 6d. per hundred in addition to the respective prices specified opposite the said item.

All stones for pitchers or cubes shall be plugged and placed on the banker ready for persons engaged knocking out and dressing.

			Dressing.
Monumental stone-		8. 6	<b>.</b> .
All stone up to 4 feet long by 12 inches wide by 7 inches deep		0 7	per lineal foot.
All stone exceeding 4 feet to 8 feet long by 12 inches wide by 7 inches deep		0 11	. ,, ,,
Pitcher kerb		0 3	" "
Kerbing stones—Hammer dressed—			
12 inches deep by 6 inches to 12 inches wide, not exceeding 5 feet in length		0 5	,, ,,
All radial stone		0 9	., ,,
Building stone up to 12 inches by 12 inches, not exceeding 7 feet in length	••	0 წ	<u>,</u> ,, ,,
All stone over 12 inches by 12 inches, not exceeding the cubical content of 15 cubic feet	••	. 06	per cubic foot.
All stone exceeding the cubical content of 15 cubic feet		. 0 11	19 99
	is re wheel distant than	the Materia moved in a lbarrow to a uce of more 50 yards, superficial yard,	s in all Other
		s. d.	s. d.
Stripping—			
Not exceeding 18 inches in depth	• •	2 6	2 5
Exceeding to inches, but not exceeding so menes in depth	• •	2 9	2 6
	P	er cubic yard.	Per cubic yard.
		s. d.	. e. d.
Exceeding 30 inches in depth	• •	2 9	2 3
Spalling, but not including spalls produced on the banker from cut stone or pitchers	••	2 8	–
The piecework price for spalling shall be paid free from any charge or deduction for sta	ripping, bo:	ring, or sh	nooting.

# PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

20. The wages rates set out in clause 2 are based upon the following basic wage and, pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of section 21 of the Factories and Shops Act 1934, the Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically increased or decreased by the same amount, and at the same time, as such basic wage:

Provided that proportionate adjustments to the rates for apprentices and improvers and to the piecework prices shall be made at the same time as follows:—

(a) The rates for apprentices and improvers to the nearest 3d., half or less than half of 3d. to be disregarded.

(b) The piecework prices as set out in clause 19 to the nearest penny.

The basic wage shown hereunder shall be adjusted as prescribed in clause 21.

# Basic Wage.

		Place.				Basic Wage.	Index Number Set Assigned.
Throughout the State	 ••	••	 ••	••		£ s. d. 4 12 0	Melbourne

# ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

21. (a) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in May, 1946, the amount of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 20.

(b) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a May, an August, a November, or a February, the amount of the basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method according to the position and fluctuations (if any) of the Commonwealth Statistician's "All Items" retail price index numbers.

For the purposes of this Determination the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer, or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician:—

- (i) The index number set to be applied is that assigned to Melbourne.
- (ii) The index number for the calendar quarter next preceding the period of or near a quarter for which the adjustment is made is to be ascertained.
- (iii) The amount assigned in the following table (or in any extension thereof) to the index number division comprising that number is to be ascertained.
- (iv) The basic wage shall be of that assigned amount during such successive period.

Table.

Index Number Divisions.					Basic Wage.			Index Number Divisions.					Basic Wage.	
					£	8.	d.						£ s.	d.
994-1006					4	I	0	1118-1129						0
.007-1018					4	2	0	1130-1141					4 12	0
019-1030					4	3	0	1142-1154					4 13	0
031-1043				[	4	4	0	1155-1166					4 14	0
044-1055					4	5	0	1167-1179				٠. ا	4 15	0
056-1067					4	6	0	1180-1191					4 16	0
068-1080					4	7	0	1192-1203				1	4 17	0
081-1092			• • •		4	8	0	1204-1216					4 18	0
093-1104				}	ā	9	Ď	1217-1228		• •			4 19	0
105-1117					4	10	Ŏ	1229-1240		••			5 0	Ö

Any extension of this table must be of the same construction as the table.

A. V. BARNS, J.P., Chairman.

J. W. RYAN, Secretary.

Melbourne, 22nd February, 1946.

•

•