



VICTORIA
GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

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[1948

Crown Law Offices,
459 Lonsdale-street,
Melbourne.

Prices Regulation Act 1948.

DELEGATION OF THE POWERS OF THE MINISTER.

WHEREAS, by section 53 of the *Prices Regulation Act 1948*, it is provided that the Minister may by writing under his hand delegate any of his powers and functions under the Act or under any Order made thereunder (except this power of delegation) in relation to any matter or class of matters so that the delegated powers and functions may be exercised by the delegate with respect to the matter or class of matters specified in the instrument of delegation: And whereas it is necessary and expedient to exercise those powers as hereunder appears: Now therefore I, Trevor Donald Oldham, His Majesty's Attorney-General in and for the State of Victoria, and the responsible Minister of the Crown for the time being administering the said Act, do hereby delegate to each of the persons named in the Schedule hereto, all the powers and functions of the Minister under Part III. of the said Act insofar as they relate to the purchase, the taking of an option, lease or transfer, the assignment of a lease or other acquisition of country land except the powers and functions conferred on the Minister by sub-section (1) of section 40, and by section 41.

SCHEDULE.

Henry Arthur Charles Corlett, of Melbourne, and
Alexander Purves Smith, of Melbourne.

Given under my Hand, at Melbourne, this eighth day of September,
1948—

T. D. OLDHAM,
Attorney-General.

Crown Law Offices,
459 Lonsdale-street,
Melbourne.

Prices Regulation Act 1948.

DELEGATION OF THE POWERS OF THE MINISTER.

WHEREAS, by section 53 of the *Prices Regulation Act 1948*, it is provided that the Minister may by writing under his hand delegate any of his powers and functions under the Act or under any Order made thereunder (except this power of delegation) in relation to any matter or class of matters so that the delegated powers and functions may be exercised by the delegate with respect to the matter or class of matters specified in the instrument of delegation: And whereas it is necessary and expedient to exercise those powers as hereinafter appears: Now therefore I, Trevor Donald Oldham, His Majesty's Attorney-General in and for the State of Victoria and the responsible Minister of the Crown for the time being administering the said Act, do hereby delegate to each of the persons named in the Schedule hereto all the powers and functions of the Minister under Part III. of the said Act insofar as they relate to the purchase, the taking of an option, lease or transfer, the assignment of a lease or other acquisition of land other than country land except the powers and functions conferred on the Minister by sub-section (1) of section 40, and by section 41.

SCHEDULE.

Thomas Ralph Sorrell,
Straun Wright-Smith,
Daniel Bresnahan,
Richard Vernon Francis, and
John Innell Doeg—all of Melbourne.

Given under my Hand, at Melbourne, this eighth day of September, 1948—

T. D. OLDHAM,
Attorney-General.

Crown Law Offices,
459 Lonsdale-street,
Melbourne.

Prices Regulation Act 1948.

ORDER EXEMPTING CERTAIN CLASSES OF LAND AND CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS FROM THE OPERATION OF PART III. OF THE ACT.

I, ARTHUR GEORGE WARNER, being one of His Majesty's responsible Ministers of the Crown acting for and on behalf of the responsible Minister of the Crown for the time being administering the *Prices Regulation Act 1948*, in pursuance of the powers conferred by section 40 thereof, do hereby unconditionally exempt from the application of the whole of the provisions of Part III. of the said Act—

1. The following classes of land, that is to say:—
 - (a) Any land which is not country land and upon which there is no substantial improvement in the nature of a building;
 - (b) Any land upon which there is any theatre, opera house, concert music assembly dance or cinematograph hall, but upon which there is no other building;
 - (c) Any land upon which there are premises in respect of which there is subsisting a victualler's licence under the provisions of the Licensing Acts; and
2. The following class of transactions, that is to say:—
Any lease of land in which the demised premises are prescribed premises within the meaning of the Landlord and Tenant Acts.

Given under my hand, at Melbourne, in the State of Victoria, this thirteenth day of September, 1948—

A. G. WARNER.

PRICES REGULATION ACT 1948.

At the Executive Council Chamber, Melbourne, the
seventeenth day of September, 1948.

PRESENT:

The Lieutenant-Governor, as Deputy for His Excellency
the Governor of Victoria.

Mr. Kennedy | Mr. Warner.

NOTICE OF REVOCATION OF DECLARATION OF CERTAIN
GOODS AND SERVICES AS DECLARED GOODS AND
SERVICES FOR THE PURPOSES OF PART II. OF THE
PRICES REGULATION ACT 1948.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon him by the *Prices Regulation Act 1948* and of all other powers him thereunto enabling the Lieutenant-Governor as Deputy for His Excellency the Governor of Victoria by and with the advice of the Executive Council thereof doth hereby revoke all declarations heretofore made under the said Act of goods or services as declared goods or services for the purposes of Part II. of the said Act, save and except all such declarations as to the goods or services referred to in the Schedule annexed hereto.

THE SCHEDULE.

Canvas Goods—

Canvas bags.
Canvas blinds and awnings.
Flags and bunting.
Sails.
Tarpaulins.
Tents, marquees.

China and Glass—

Bottles, flasks, jars, vials, and tubes of glass.
Crockery, viz.:—plates, cups, saucers, gravy bowls, jugs, basins, and tea pots.
Glass—
Sheet plain and fancy.
Sheet figured, rolled, cathedral, milled rolled, rough cast, and wired cast.
Plate.
Louvres.
Bent bevelled, sandblasted, engraved.
Mirrors—used in the manufacture of furniture.
Porcelainware for electrical purposes.

Clothing—

Buttons, including plastic buttons, but not including buttons partly or wholly of gold or silver.
Clothing, garments, and apparel of all kinds and descriptions, including handkerchiefs, ties, and scarves, but not including—
(a) Millinery other than women's felt hats, or caps, bonnets, and berets.
(b) Furs and articles of apparel made from furred skins.
(c) Bathing caps.
(d) Garters, armbands, suspenders, belts, and braces.
(e) Hairnets.
Diapers.
Footwear.
Gloves and mittens other than rubber.
Hoods and capelines for felt hats.
Laces for boots, shoes, and corsets.
Nursery squares.
Pilchers.
Sanitary napkins.
Shawls.

Drugs and Chemicals—

Acids and solutions and extracts or essences thereof other than for culinary purposes.
Alkalis.
Bacteriological products and sera.
Camphor.
Carbide of calcium.
Coal tar products and wood and coal tar.
Crude drugs.
Cyanide of potassium.
Cyanide of sodium and calcium cyanide.
Ethicals.
Fullers earth.
Hydrogen peroxide.
Lactose.

Drugs and Chemicals—continued.

Manures and fertilizers, organic and inorganic, including—
 Superphosphate.
 Sulphate of ammonia.
 Nitrate of soda.
 Sulphate of potash.
 Muriate of potash.
 Blood and bone fertilizers.
 Medicinal plasters and medicated wool.
 Mercury.
 Petroleum jelly.
 Pharmaceutical drugs and chemicals irrespective of whether the industrial standard thereof is or is not subject to control.
 Pharmaceutical prescriptions.
 Poisons, drenches, and sprays—
 Sheep, cattle, and horse washes in liquid or powder form.
 Weed, scrub, and tree killers.
 Nicotine sulphate.
 Carbon tetrachloride.
 Arsenic compounds.
 Arsenate of lead.
 Strychnine.
 Carbon bisulphide.
 Sulphate of copper.
 Other prepared poisons, washes, drenches, and sprays for use by primary producers.

Fibres, Yarns, Threads, and Fabrics—

All fibres, natural or synthetic.
 Blind holland.
 Canvas and duck.
 Crochet, knitting, mercerized, and embroidery cottons, silks, and threads.
 Elastic, except when prepared for retail sale.
 Fabrics of all kinds whether knitted, lockstitched, or woven, including waterproofed or rubberized fabrics.
 Felts of wool or hair.
 Haircloth.
 Hand knitting wool.
 Hessian and other jute fabrics.
 Leather cloth and leather cloth binding.
 Linen, flax, hemp, and ramie sewing threads and twists.
 Oil baize.
 Plastic piecegoods and plastic coated fabrics.
 Rope, cordage, and twines, including reaper and binder twine.
 Rubber thread.
 Travelling rugs.
 Tire cord and tire fabric.
 Velvets, velveteens, plushes, astrachan, sealettes, and cloths imitating furs.
 Wadding, cotton wool, and cotton waste.
 Wool tops.
 Yarns of all kinds and descriptions.

Fuel and Ice—

Briquettes.
 Charcoal.
 Coal.
 Coke.
 Firewood.
 Mallee Roots.
 Ice.

Furniture, Furnishings, and Household Drapery—

Furniture of all kinds and description.
 Bed tickings and mattress covers.
 Bedspreads, counterpanes, and quilts.
 Blankets and blanketing.
 Carpets and floor rugs, carpeting, and carpet squares.
 Chair seats.
 Cheese cloths.
 Curtain and blind clips, bands, loops, holders, and tassels.
 Curtains and curtain materials.
 Cushions (other than air-filled) and cushion covers.
 Face cloths, sponge cloths, and sweat rags.
 Feltex.
 Flock and all other mattress fillings.
 Floor coverings impregnated with bitumen, tar, or emulsion.
 Linoleum and other similar floor coverings except of rubber.
 Mats and matting of coir or jute.
 Mats, floor, and bath, other than of rubber, and druggets.
 Mattresses.
 Moquettes and other upholstery covering materials.
 Mosquito nets and netting.
 Pillows, other than air-filled, pillow cases, and pillow shams, bolsters and bolster cases.
 Serviettes.
 Sheets.
 Spring rollers for blinds.
 Table centres and runners and table mats and covers.
 Table cloths.
 Tapestries.
 Towels and tea towels.
 Traycloths, d'oyleys, mantel borders, and tea cosies.

Furniture, Furnishings, and Household Drapery—continued.

Underfelts and felt base.
Upholstery materials other than braids and edgings of textile materials.
Window blinds with or without rollers and Venetian and similar blinds including wooden louvres.

Groceries and Other Foodstuffs—

Baking powder.
Biscuits excepting dog biscuits.
Blanc mange powder.
Blue—laundry.
Borax.
Bran and pollard, sharps, and stock foods containing bran, pollard, and sharps.
Bread and bread rolls.
Butter.
Candles.
Cheese and cheese spreads.
Coconut (dessicated).
Coffee, with or without chicory.
Coffee beans.
Coffee essences.
Cornflour and maizena.
Cream, fresh or in tins.
Custard powder.
Egg albumen.
Eggs in shell and egg contents in powder or liquid form.
Fats, edible.
Fish, fresh and frozen.
Fish, cooked.
Flour, wheaten, wheatmeal, and self-raising flour.
Food and food preparations for diabetics.
Food drinks in powder form, such as Ovaltine, Bournvita, Milo, and other similar preparations.
Fruits, canned or preserved, excepting crystallized fruits.
Fruits, concentrated or pulped.
Fruits, dried and evaporated, but excepting dates and figs.
Glucose.
Golden syrup, treacle, and molasses.
Grains, viz., wheat, barley, and oats.
Honey.
Hops.
Infants' and invalids' foods.
Jams and jellies.
Jelly crystals and jelly powders.
Malt, including granulated maize and rice malts, and malt extracts.
Margarine.
Matches and vestas.
Meat, fresh, chilled, or frozen, viz., beef, mutton, and lamb, offal meat, sausages, and sausage meat.
Meats, canned.
Meats, cooked and delicatessen small goods.
Methylated spirits.
Milk.
Milk, dried or in powder form, condensed, or malted.
Oils, edible.
Pearl barley.
Prunes.
Rice, including ground rice.
Sago.
Salt, fine or coarse, and prepared salt.
Sausage casings.
Scallops.
Soap, toilet and laundry, and soap extracts, flakes and powders.
Soap, substitutes and compounded detergents for washing and cleansing purposes.
Starch.
Sugar of all kinds.
Tapioca.
Tea.
Vegetables, viz., onions and potatoes.
Wheat meal for stock food.
Yeast.

Hides, Leather, and Rubber—

Boot and shoe uppers.
Hides and skins, including rabbit skins but not including skins of other furred animals or sheep and lamb skins.
Hose of rubber or plastic.
Leather.
Rubber pads, soles, and heels.
Slipper forms and piecegoods for use in the manufacture of boots, shoes, or slippers.
Soles and heels.
Tires and tubes, rubber.
Tire fabric, rubbered.
Tire rubber.

Household Equipment and Appliances—

Brooms, whisks, and mops.
Clothes horses.
Clothes pegs.
Cooking and kitchen utensils.
Cutlery.

Household Equipment and Appliances—continued.

Ice chests and ice boxes.
 Ironing boards.
 Lamps, acetylene and accessories.
 Lamps, oil and spirit.
 Lanterns and accessories.
 Lawnmowers, hand operated.
 Plated ware, domestic.
 Sewing machines, domestic.
 Stoves and stovettes, domestic.
 Washboards.
 Wash troughs and coppers.
 Water heaters, bath and sink.
 Water tanks.

Liquors and Tobacco—

Ale, beer, lager, stout, porter, and any mixtures thereof or any mixtures thereof with aerated waters.
 Tobacco and cigarettes.

Machines and Machine Tools—

Agricultural, pastoral, dairying, horticultural, and viticultural machines and implements and parts.
 Agricultural and domestic water pumps.
 Emery, oil, and whet stones.
 Electric generators under 50 h.p.
 Electric motors, under 50 h.p.
 Engines and turbines under 50 h.p.
 Hand tools.
 Incubators and brooders.
 Tractors and tractor parts.
 Windmills.

Metals—

Pig iron.
 Ingots, blooms, slabs, and billets.
 Castings and forgings.
 Bars, sheet piling, rods, angles, tees, channels, joists, girders and the like.
 Plate and sheet, plain or galvanized.
 Hoop and strip.
 Railway and tramway materials, viz.: rails, fish plates, tie plates and rods, switches, points, crossings and intersections, fishbolts, &c.
 Shafting.
 Carbon steels and alloy steels and other special steels.
 Steel, rough shaped for chaff cutter and other knives.
 Iron and steel tubes, pipes and fittings.
 Waterbore casings.
 Metal-cased tubes and pipes.
 Tin plate.
 Wire and barbed wire.
 Wire netting and field fencing.
 Wire gauze.
 Chain and chains (iron and steel).
 Copper—
 (a) Blocks, ingots, pigs.
 (b) Scrap.
 (c) Angles, bars, pipes, plates, rods, sheets, strips, tees, and tubes.
 (d) Copper wire.

Lead—

(a) Ingot.
 (b) Fabricated.
 (c) Scrap.

Aluminium and aluminium alloys—

(a) Blocks, cubes, ingots, pigs, and granulated.
 (b) Bars, pipes, plates, rods, sheets, strips, tees, tubes, and wire.

*Nickel and nickel compounds.**Tin.**Zinc and spelter.**Antimonial and lead compounds.*

Brass, Britannia metal, bronze, German silver, gilding metal, Muntz metal, nickel, silver, phosphor tin, yellow metal, and other non-ferrous alloys, viz.:—

(a) Blocks, ingots, pigs.
 (b) Angles, bars, channels, pipes, plates, rods, sheets, strips, tees, and tubes.
 (c) Scrap.
 (d) Brazing and soldering alloys.

*Antimony.**Oils, Paints, and Varnishes—**Barytes.*

Oils, medicinal, lubricating, and cloth.
 Oils, other inedible, including, without limiting the generality thereof, cotton seed, linseed, rape seed, hemp seed, vegetable paint, and neatsfoot oil.

*Kerosene.**Petroleum and shale products.**Power alcohol.**Greases of all kinds.**Tallow and stearine.**Bitumen and bituminous products.**Bronze and metal powders and liquids.**Paints and colours (including water paints and distempers).**Lacquers and enamels.*

Oils, Paints, and Varnishes—continued.

Varnishes and oil stains.
Paint and varnish removers.
Thinners.
Patent dryers and putty.
Whiting and paris white.
Whitelead.
Waterproofing compositions.
Turpentine and turpentine substitutes.
Resins, including synthetic resins.
Moulding powders.
Shellac, sandarac, mastic, and other dry gums.
Glue.
Cements and prepared adhesives.
Casein and soya bean flour.
Gelatine.

Outside Packages and Containers—

Bags, sacks, packs and bales, including calico bags.
Cartons and cardboard boxes.
Cans, canisters, and tins.
Cases (including shooks).
Casks (including staves).
Drums.
Gas cylinders, metal.
Meat wraps.
Metal kegs, casks, and vats.
Paper bags.
Vats, boxes, and crates.

Paper and Stationery—

Account books, copy and copying books, guard books, letter books, memorandum books, pocket books, receipt books, and other similar office books of record.
Bank or bond paper.
Bookbinders cloth.
Carbon paper and stencils.
Cartridge paper, drawing paper, duplicating and blotting paper.
Cellulose transparent paper.
Cigarette tubes, cigarette paper and papers.
Gummed paper.
Gummed stay cloth.
Lunch wraps.
Millboards and strawboards.
Newspapers, daily.
Newsprint paper and other printing paper and waste newsprint paper.
Paper felt.
Parchment.
Pencils, wooden.
Pen handles, including metal attachments for nibs.
Roofing and sheathing paper, electric insulating paper and boards.
Sarking paper, including sisalkraft.
School exercise books and the like.
Sketch and drawing books.
Stationery manufactured principally from paper or board, including, without limiting the generality thereof, envelopes, writing pads and notepaper, but not including Christmas and other greeting cards and postcards.
Text-books for use in primary schools.
Tissue, cap, and monotype papers.
Toilet paper and toilet rolls.
Typewriter ribbons.
Wrapping paper (including greaseproof and imitation greaseproof paper).

Timber, Bricks, and other Building Materials—

All fittings and equipment of a type used in the installation of water, drainage or sewerage systems in buildings.
Asbestos.
Asphalt mastic.
Bricks and building blocks of all kinds.
Broom stocks.
Builders' hardware of all kinds and of any material, including keys, locks, fasteners, and casement catches.
Building boards, including caneite and masonite.
Cast iron, porcelain enamelware, and substitutes therefor made from metal or plastic.
Cement clinker.
Cement pipes.
Coachbuilders' woodware, including spokes, felloes, rims, naves, hubs, and shafts.
Concrete, ready mixed.
Earthenware and stoneware other than crockery, but including pipes and fittings and sanitary and lavatory articles, but not including ornamental or decorative earthenware and stoneware.
Electrical fittings and accessories of the type ordinarily installed in dwellings.
Fibro-cement sheets and roofing sheets.
Fibrous plaster sheets.
Fibrous plaster and fibro-cement mouldings, cornices, and cover battens.
Filament lamps.
Gypsum.
Handles, wooden.
Joinery and joinery stock.

Timber, Bricks, and other Building Materials—continued.

Ladders, gates, and lattice work.
 Laths.
 Manufactures of concrete, for building and constructional purposes.
 Metal ceilings and metal tiles.
 Nails and tacks.
 Palings.
 Paper hangings and wallpapers.
 Pickets.
 Plaster of paris.
 Plywood, bond wood, and core stock.
 Portland cement.
 Processed timber—floorings, weatherboards, linings, and mouldings.
 Roofing slates and sheets.
 Sleepers.
 Spring rollers for blinds.
 Tiles of all kinds.
 Timber, whether in the form of logs, poles, or piles, sawn or unsawn, seasoned or unseasoned, dressed or undressed.
 Veneers.
 Ventilators and air bricks.
 Wicker, bamboo, and cane.

Vehicles and Vehicle Parts and Accessories—

Bicycles, bicycle accessories and parts.
 Motor cars and motor trucks (new).
 Motor vehicle chasses.
 Motor vehicle parts and accessories, other than parts and accessories for motor cycle side-cars, motor tricycles, or similar vehicles.

Miscellaneous—

Abrasive paper.
 Abrasive and polishing cloths.
 Articles designed for the use of the blind.
 Adhesive tape, including waterproofed tape and textile strip.
 Bandages and surgical dressings.
 Beehives.
 Bolts, nuts, rivets, screws, hooks, eyes and rings.
 Brushes—paint, scrubbing, hair, clothes, shaving, nail.
 Cash registers.
 Dyes—dry or in paste form.
 Electric cable and wire, covered or uncovered.
 Fishing nets.
 Fuses, detonators and explosives.
 Hearing aids.
 Hydrated lime.
 Industrial gases, including oxygen and oxy-acetylene.
 Metal cordage.
 Mica or mica sheets.
 Refrigeration gases.
 Springs.
 Storage batteries, wet and dry.
 Toys.
 Typewriters, adding, computing, and duplicating machines.
 Umbrellas, not including canvas umbrellas or sunshades.
 Watches and clocks.
 Watch and clock movements, cases and parts.
 Wattle bark, and other tanning barks and tanning extracts.
 Woodwool.

SERVICES.

Any service for which a charge by way of Royalty is made or for which a commission is charged, provided that the service for which the commission is charged is a declared service or relates to declared goods within the meaning of this Act.

Asphalting.
 Board and lodging.
 Bricklaying.
 Carpentering.
 Dressmaking.
 Excavating.
 Fencing.
 Floor laying and sanding and polishing of floors.
 Funeral and mortuary.
 Lighterage.
 Painting and paper hanging.
 Paving.
 Plastering.
 Plumbing.
 Stevedoring.
 Tiling.
 Towage.
 Upholstering.
 The care and treatment of patients in hospitals and convalescent homes.
 The cartage, haulage, and delivery of goods.
 The dry cleaning and laundering of piece goods, furnishings or garments.
 The dyeing of piece goods, furnishings, or garments.

SERVICES—*continued.*

- The erection of dwellings and the repair, alteration and renovation of buildings.
- The hire of towels and the laundering of such towels.
- The hire of containers on which a deposit charge is made.
- The installation of electrical wiring, fittings, and appliances.
- The making and laying of floor coverings.
- The manufacture of clothing, manchester, furnishings, bedding, yarns, fabrics, textiles, and articles from timber.
- The packing and transport of goods.
- The parking and garaging of motor vehicles.
- The repair of boots and shoes.
- The sorting and stacking of goods on wharfs or piers.
- The storage and warehousing of goods, including the storage of foodstuffs in "cold" storage.
- The supply of meals and light refreshments and any services in connexion therewith, and hot water.
- The supply and fixing of fibrous plaster sheets, panels, mouldings, and similar items.
- The repair, renovation and polishing of furniture.
- Services carried on by other than public bodies, for the operation of communications, transport, refrigeration, or the supply of electricity, steam, and water.
- Services in connexion with the supply of food and drink in relation to which an additional charge by way of corkage or cover charge is made.

The sub-headings shown in the above Schedule are to facilitate reference to goods which are the subject of this Notice. They shall not be read or construed as limiting or defining the scope of any of the items under the sub-headings or of the goods included in such items.

And the Honorable Arthur George Warner, for and on behalf of His Majesty's Attorney-General for the State of Victoria, shall give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

C. W. KINSMAN,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Prices Regulation Act 1948.

NOTICE OF DELEGATION OF POWERS OF COMMISSIONER.

NOTICE is hereby given that, by writing under my hand dated the twentieth day of September, 1948, I, John Francis Waldron, Prices Decontrol Commissioner under the *Prices Regulation Act 1948*, have, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by section 53 of the Act, delegated to each of Michael Maurice Gloster and William Douglas Smith, Officers of the Victoria Prices Branch, Melbourne, the following powers and functions, that is to say:—

All the powers and functions of the Prices Decontrol Commissioner—

- (a) under the provisions of any Prices Regulation Order issued prior to or subsequent to such delegation in so far as such provisions relate to the fixing of maximum prices, maximum rates or maximum remuneration by notice in writing; and
- (b) under section 22 (2) (a) of the *Prices Regulation Act 1948*.

J. F. WALDRON,
Prices Decontrol Commissioner.

Prices Regulation Act 1948.
PRICES REGULATION ORDER No. 1.

IN pursuance of the powers conferred upon me by the *Prices Regulation Act 1948*, I, John Francis Waldron, Prices Decontrol Commissioner, hereby make the following Order:—

Citation.

1. This Order may be cited as Prices Regulation Order No. 1.

Definitions.

2. In this Order, unless the contrary intention appears—

“ceiling date”, in relation to any goods or services sold or supplied by any person on any terms and conditions, means that—

- (a) where that person, upon the 16th day of September, 1948, sold or supplied substantially identical goods or services, as the case may be, upon terms and conditions substantially identical with the first-mentioned terms and conditions—the 16th day of September, 1948; or
- (b) where that person did not, upon the 16th day of September, 1948, sell or supply substantially identical goods or services, as the case may be, upon terms and conditions substantially identical with the first-mentioned terms and conditions—the last date prior to the 16th day of September, 1948, upon which that person sold or supplied substantially identical goods or services, as the case may be, upon terms and conditions so substantially identical;

“goods” means any goods declared under the *Prices Regulation Act 1948* to be declared goods for the purposes of Part II. of the *Prices Regulation Act 1948*;

“services” means any services declared under the *Prices Regulation Act 1948* to be declared services for the purposes of Part II. of the *Prices Regulation Act 1948*;

“cost” means, in relation to the sale of any goods, by any person, the sum of money or other valuable consideration paid or furnished or agreed to be paid or furnished for in respect of those goods by that person.

*Ceiling Prices and Rates for Goods and Services of a Kind
Previously Sold or Supplied.*

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of any Prices Regulation Order issued prior to this Order, I fix and declare the maximum price or rate, as the case may be, at which any person may sell or supply any goods or services on any terms and conditions to be—

- (a) in respect of any goods or services for the sale or supply of which by that person a maximum price or maximum rate has been fixed by or under the corresponding previous Commonwealth Regulations as a sum specific in money, and which is in force immediately prior to the commencement of this Order—such price; or
- (b) In respect of any goods or services for the sale or supply of which by that person a maximum price or maximum rate has been fixed by or under the corresponding previous Commonwealth Regulations by reference to a formula or standard or other than as a sum specific in money, and which is in force immediately prior to the commencement of this Order—the price at which that person sold or supplied substantially identical goods or services on the ceiling date on terms and conditions substantially identical with the first-mentioned terms and conditions.

*Maximum Prices and Rates for Goods Not Previously Sold
or Supplied.*

4. Notwithstanding the provisions of any Order issued prior to this Order, I fix and declare the maximum price at which any person may sell any goods which are not substantially identical with any goods which he sold prior to the 16th day of September, 1948, to be the cost of the goods to that person: Provided that on application by any person the maximum price at which those goods may be sold by that person shall be such price as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

Application for Maximum Prices in Certain Cases.

5. Notwithstanding the provisions of the last preceding paragraph, any person who manufactures any goods or supplies any service, as the case may be, which are not substantially identical with any goods or services which he sold or supplied prior to the 16th day of September, 1948, shall not sell those goods or supply that service unless and until he has made a written request to the Commissioner to fix the maximum price at which those goods may be sold or maximum rate at which that service may be supplied and the Commissioner has fixed the maximum price or maximum rate accordingly.

Saving of Certain Fixations by Notice in Writing.

6. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Order, where a notice in writing given in pursuance of any Order issued prior to this Order was in force at the commencement of this Order and operated to fix a lower maximum price for the sale of any goods or maximum rate for the supply of any services than the maximum price or rate fixed by the foregoing provisions of this Order, that notice in writing shall continue in full force and effect.

Fixation of Maximum Prices by Notice.

7. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Order, I declare the maximum price or rate at which any goods or services specified in a Notice in pursuance of this paragraph may be sold or supplied by any person to be such price or rate as is fixed by the Commissioner by notice in writing to that person.

8. Nothing in this Order, except the last preceding paragraph, shall prevent any Order made under the corresponding previous Commonwealth Regulations operating to fix a lower maximum price or rate for any goods or services than the maximum price or rate fixed by or under this Order for those goods and services.

Prescribed Date.

9. I declare—

(a) the 16th day of September, 1948; or

(b) where, in relation to the sale or supply of any goods or services, the seller did not on the 16th day of September, 1948, sell or supply substantially identical goods or services—the last date prior to the 16th day of September, 1948, upon which that person sold or supplied substantially identical goods or services—

to be the "prescribed date" for the purposes of paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 25 of the *Prices Regulation Act 1948*.

Dated this twentieth day of September, 1948.

J. F. WALDRON,
Prices Decontrol Commissioner.

