

# VICTORIA

# GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

[Registered at the General Post Office, Melbourne, for transmission by post as a newspaper.]

No. 955]

# THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4.

[1954

Labour and Industry Act 1953.

# DETERMINATION OF THE BRUSHMAKERS BOARD.

Note.—This Determination applies to the whole of the State of Victoria.

N accordance with the provisions of the Labour and Industry Act 1953, the Wages Board appointed to "determine the lowest prices or rates which may be paid to any person or persons or classes of persons employed in the process, trade, or business of a brushmaker" has made the following Determination, namely:—

1. That on the 1st September, 1954, the last previous Determination of this Board shall be revoked and replaced by this Determination.

2.						W.	GES			
(a)	Apprentices or Improvees.						(b) OTHER EMPLOYEES.	Wages per wee of 40 hours.		
Experience		Males.	per we	Fem	ales.	_	Males.  Persons employed at— Paint brush making Hair pan work	s. 282 276	d. 3 .	
lst year 2nd year 3rd year 4th year 5th year 6th year	1 -	24 5	wage gs on k er the wage	of Female Basic Wage. 38 50 70 88 and ther minim	8. d 67 ( 88 ( 124 ( 156 ( reafter thum was piecewo	6 6 0 0 he	Bass pan work  Hair dressing and mixing  Making twisted brushes  Making wire brushes  Bass broom drawing  Finishing  Boring (hand)  Lacquering or ducoing  Trimming machine (when employed solely at such machine)  Automatic boring and filling machinists  Filling machinists  Boring machinists  Females.	276 276 276 276 276 276 276 270 261 261 261	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
							Automatic boring and filling mackinists Filling machinists Trimming machinists Boring machinists Bench drawing Treadle knot-sizing machinists Persons employed at lacquering or ducoing	161 181 181 161 183 181	6 6, :, 6	

#### WAGES-continued

(a)	Apprentici	ES OR IMPROVEES	(6)	(b) OTHER EMPLOYEES							
		PORTION. factory or place.)	Labelling, emb	8.	d.						
	<b>≜</b> PPR	ENTICES.	brushes —	-	FB		-				
One apprentice t same sex receiving prices not less that	the minimu	or fraction of three workers of the	First three Thereafter	months	••	••			6		
prices not res the		· ·	Wrapping and,		in cardboar	d contain	ers—				
		BOVERS. I ales.	First three Thereafter	months	••	• •			6		
One male improve Two to three Three to five Four to nine Six to twelve Seven to fifteen Nine to eighteen		Male workers receiving not less than 270s, per week of 40 hours or earning full piecework prices.			••		••				
One female improvements to three to five Four to nine Six to twelve Seven to fifteen Nine to eighteen	er to one or to	remales.  Female workers receiving not less than 181s. 6d. per week of 40 hours or earning full piecework prices.									

#### FRMALE TO BE PAID ADULT MALE RATE.

3. Females (adults or juniors) employed on any work for which a classification is provided for adult males, other than work listed in the adult female classifications, shall be paid the adult male rate for such work.

#### OBDINARY WEEK'S WORK.

4. Forty hours shall constitute a week's work to be worked between 7.30 a.m. and 5.45 p.m. on Mondays to Fridays inclusive and between 7.30 a.m. and 12 noon on Saturdays if worked. Provided that the fixed starting and finishing times shall not be altered unless by seven days' notice to the employees.

#### OVERTIME.

5. For all work done in excess of 40 hours in any week, or outside the fixed starting and finishing times in any establishment payment shall be made as follows:-

Time workers ... Pieceworkers :--.. Time and a half for the first four hours and double time thereafter.

For all time worked :-

Piecework earnings plus one half of time workers' ordinary rate for the first four hours and thereafter piecework earnings plus timeworkers ordinary rate.

In computing overtime each day's work shall stand alone.

All time lost by an employee during ordinary working hours in any week because of holidays or of the employer's establishment being closed shall, for the purpose of calculating overtime, be deemed to have been time actually worked.

An employer may require any employee to work reasonable overtime at overtime rates and such employee shall work overtime in accordance with such requirement.

#### SPECIAL RATES.

- 6. (a) Double time shall be the special rate for all work done on Sunday, New Year's Day, Australia Day, Labour Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzao Day, Queen's Birthday, Melbourne Cup Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day, but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named public holidays, the special rate shall only be payable for work done on the day so substituted.
- (b) All pieceworkers called upon to perform duty on the holidays mentioned in sub-clause (a) hereof, and on Sundays shall be paid, in addition to their peicework rates, the equivalent of the appropriate weekly rate calculated on a pro rata basis according to the number of hours worked.

#### HOLIDAYS.

- 7. (a) All employees shall be entitled to the following holidays, with payment at ordinary rates therefor:—New Year's Day, Australia Day, Labour Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, Queen's Birthday, Melbourne Cup Day, Christmas Day, and Boxing Day, but if any other day any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above named holidays this provision shall apply only to the day so substituted.
- (b) An employer shall not terminate the employment of an employee for the purpose of evading payment for the holidays prescribed in sub-clause (a) of this clause.
- (c) Where an employee is dismissed within 7 days prior to any such holiday, the re-engagement of such employee within 14 days after such holiday shall be prima facie evidence that the employment was terminated for the purpose of evading payment for such
- (d) Where an employee is absent from his or her employment on the working day before or after a holiday without reasonable cause or without the employer's consent, the employee shall not be entitled to payment for such holiday.

#### ANNUAL HOLIDAYS.

8. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the Labour and Industry Act 1953, and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time,

# SIOR LEAVE.

- 9. (a) Any employee who, having had at least three months' service with the same employer, is absent from duty as a result of personal ill health or accident shall be entitled to sick pay as follows:—
  - (i) During the first year—3½ hours' ordinary pay for each complete month of service;
     (ii) During any subsequent year of service—40 hours' ordinary pay.

Provided that in either case such employee produces or forwards within 24 hours of the commencement of such absence evidence satisfactory to the employer that his or her non-attendance was due to personal ill health or accident necessitating such

absence.

(b) If the full period of sick leave as prescribed above is not taken in any year such portion as is not taken shall provided an employer remains in the service of the one employer or any successor of such employer, be cumulative from year to year. For the purposes of this sub-clause service prior to the 1st May, 1950, shall be disregarded provided that any accumulated sick leave, not exceeding 80 hours of working time, standing to the credit of the employee on the 1st May, 1952, shall not be reduced by virtue of the provisions of this sub-clause.

No employer shall terminate the services of an employee during the currency of any period of sick leave with the object of avoiding his obligations under this sub-clause.

#### TERMS OF ENGAGEMENT.

- 10. (a) Employees are to be engaged as weekly or casual employees. A weekly employee is one engaged by the week and paid by the week, and whose engagement shall be terminable by one week's notice on either side, such notice not to be continued from week to week.
- (b) After one full week's work, such notice shall be given by either employer or weekly employee, or in lieu of such notice, one week's wages shall be paid or forfeited, as the case may be.

(c) Casual employees shall be guaranteed not less than two hours' engagement every start.

- (d) A weekly employee to be entitled to the weekly wage shall be available, ready and willing, to perform his or her usual work during the days and hours usually worked by such class of employee, and may be summarily dismissed for dishonesty, misconduct, neglect of duty, or for absence from work without reasonable cause, and in the event of such dismissal the employee shall be paid only for the time actually worked.
- (e) Provided that an employer may deduct payment for any day upon which the employee cannot be usefully employed by reason of any strike, breakdown of machinery, or other cause for which the employer cannot reasonably be held responsible.

#### MID-DAY MEAL.

11. An interval of not less than 30 minutes shall be allowed for the mid-day meal between the hours of 12 noon and 2 p.m

#### TEA MONEY.

12. Employees required to work overtime after 6 p.m. shall be paid 4s. for tea money.

#### RIGHT OF ENTRY OF UNION OFFICIAL.

- 13. A duly accredited representative of the Federated Storemen and Packers' Union of Australia shall have the right to enter employers' establishments during the midday meal hour for the purpose of interviewing employees on legitimate Union business on the following conditions:-

(a) That he produces his authority to the employer or his representative.
(b) That he interviews employees only at the place where they are taking their meal.
(c) That not more than one representative in all be in any establishment at any one time.
(d) That no one representative visit an establishment more than once a fortnight.
(e) That if an employer alleges that a representative is unduly interfering with his establishment or is creating disaffection
. amongst his employees or is offensive in his methods or is committing a breach of any of the previous conditions, such employer may refuse the right of entry, but the representative shall have the right to bring such refusal before this Wages Board.

#### PIECEWORK PRICES.

14. That the lowest piece-work prices payable to any person engaged in the following kinds of work shall be:

Hair Pan Work, which includes any or all of the following operations, namely:—Setting, boring (except
in the case of setting wings in punched brooms) and/or finishing.

Section A. 4s. 04d. per 100 knots—

Section A. 48. Upd. per 100 Enous—
Brooms and banisters made of kitool, union or double-drafted fibre.
Section B. 48. 5½d. per 100 knots—
Ordinary, all hair and all bristle brooms up to 15 inches in length.
Ordinary, all hair and all bristle banisters.

Description of the control of the con

Ordinary, all hair and all bristle banisters.

Brooms and banisters made entirely or in part of single-drafted or rough fibre.

All brooms and banisters made of fibre in the inside and of any other material on the outside. Flat-faced wall brooms (H.G. & Co. Pat.).

Baker's brushes (Banister Pat.).

Setting wings in punched brooms with holes bored ready for setting.

Section C. 5s. 0½d. per 100 knots—

Ordinary, all hair and all bristle brooms over 15 inches to 18 inches inclusive.

Turk's-heads fibre or fibre centre.

Whisk or millet brooms and banisters.

Whisk or millet brooms and banisters.

Foundry brushes.

Section D. 5s. 8<sup>1</sup>d. per 100 knots—
Ordinary, all hair and all bristle brooms over 18 inches to 24 inches inclusive.
All hearth brushes, picture dusters, toy banisters, venetian blind dusters, vallance brushes, bedroom sweepers, and All hearth brushes, picture dusters, toy banisters, venetian bind dusters, valuance brushes, bedroom sweepers, telescope hearth.

Sanitary brushes, carpet sweepers, carpet brooms, banisters, and double banisters all over.

Turk's-heads, Turk's-head banisters, paperhangers, set painters, dusters, slipper hearth brushes, and jamb dusters.

Baker's bench brushes (paperhanger pattern).

Setting wings in punched brooms, boring included.

Section E. 6s. 8½d. per 100 knots—

Ordinary, all hair and all bristle brooms over 24 inches in length.

Double-ended wall brooms, round stock (J.Z. & Co. Pat.).

Double-ended wall brooms, round stock (J.Z. & Co. Fat.).
Winging hair brooms 1s. 6\frac{1}{2}d. per 100 extra on pan rates.
Refrigerating brushes 16s. 9d. each.
Pipe spiral brushes 1s. 7d. per foot per row.
Stipplers 8s. 4\frac{1}{2}d. per 100 knots.
Turk's-head banisters if marked ready for boring 2s. 4\frac{1}{2}d. per dozen less.
Dutching stocks 9\frac{1}{2}d. per dozen stocks.
Pegging set work 1s. 6\frac{1}{2}d. per 100 holes extra.
Time rate for work unspecified, 6s. 3\frac{1}{2}d. per hour; odd jobs, 5\frac{1}{2}d. under 2s. 5\frac{1}{2}d. and 11d. under 6s. 1\frac{1}{2}d.

NOTES.—(a) The weekly earnings of each pieceworker shall be increased by the sum of 24s. In the case of males and 18s. Od. in the case of females for each full week worked (or a pro rata amount according to the time actually worked if less than a full week is worked).

(b) A pieceworker required to train apprentices or improvers shall, for any loss occurring in his earnings fo, the period so occupied in training, be paid an amount not less than the average of his piecework earnings for the previous four full weeks work.

BASS PAN WORK, which includes any or all of the following operations, namely: -Setting, boring and/or finishing.

7290

```
Brooms and banisters made of African bass, Giboon patent bass, bamboo, bassine, Bahia,
Brooms and banisters made of African bass, Giboon patent bass, bamboo, band extra fine round stalks

Over 16 inches and up to and including 18 inches

Over 18 inches and up to and including 24 inches

Over 24 inches

Brooms and banisters made of cane and bass mixture and extra stiff bass
                                                                                                                             01 per 100 knots
91 ,, ,,
                                                                                                                        4 5
```

#### BENCH DRAWING AND CUTTING OFF.

Schedule A .- Is. 4d. per 100 holes.

Schedule A.—1s. 4d. per 100 holes.

Scrubbing brushes, laundry or stocking brushes, blanket scrubs, or Chinese battery scrubs, brewers' scrubs, dumb-bell scrubs, concave scrubs, deck scrubs, or ship paint scrubs, butchers' scrubs, can or dairy scrubs, verandsh scrubs, sink scrubs, tufted scrubs, black-lead or stove brushes, oval stove brushes, porcupine stove brushes, shoe brushes, viz., bachelor shoe, compo or harness brushes, improved shoe brushes, tan boot brushes, stencil shoe brushes, clothes brushes, viz., long-handled cloth brushes, hat brushes, bent hat brushes, button brushes, plate brushes, long and short handled flesh brushes, crumb brushes, nail brushes, lye brushes, pick brushes, dandruff brushes, horse body brushes, spoke brushes, water brushes, tailors' brushes, curriers' brushes, scouring brushes, furniture brushes, boat scrubs, bristle scrubs, drawn pot scrubs, dog brushes, porcupine cream can long or short handle, grease or pudding brushes, billiard brushes, common oil, thistle oil, blacking dabbers, elbow pot scrubs, boot scraper brushes, drawn tar brushes, aand brushes, drawn hair or fibre banisters, sanitary and pan drawn, with other than stiff bass, drawn hair or fibre paperhangers hair or fibre paperhangers

									8.	d.				
Rock brushes and al	1 henel	hes dra	wn with a	iff broom	hass		••		2	01	ner	100	holes	
Military hair brushes						l all draw				0	P0.		11	
Root drawing bristle		, , ne	on or dence,		onou, wh	1 411 414	родоог	<u>.</u>	2	31	,		"	
Drawn bristle paperl	 hanger		namistars s		netian l	dinda		• •	2	31	,	•	"	
Stereotype brushes									4	0į	,		"	
Car-roof brushes		::	•••	•••	•••				3	ŏ			,,	
Drawn bottle brush		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		••				3	8	DAT	doz.	tips	
Drawn bottle brush			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •				7				shafta	
Combing and cleaning					•••				i	4			brushe	e extra
Billiard brushes (fixi				••	• • •				3				brushe	
Seaming brushes	mg up	• •		••					5	31	•	,		
Round brushes, jam.										υĘ	,	•	**	
design or patter									2	21	DOF	100	holes	
	и пог	Otherw.	ise broatde			marcital	••	• •	ĩ	7	ber	100	потса	
Dry rubbers		· '		••	• •	••	••	• •	i			100	holes	
All wheel brushes (c				••	• •	••	• •	• •	3	8	ber	100	HOTOR	
Wire wheel brushes,				••	• •	••	••	• •				"	**	
Wire wheel brushes,				• • •	• • •	٠	• •	• •	5	37		,,	.,	
Bristle ring	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		2	32		**	**	
All bone	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	••	• •	• •	1	4		"、	."、	
Sprigging	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	ĭ	4			brushe	
Refill hair brushes				• •		•• .	••	• •			per	100	holes r	et
Leather dog and ho	rse bo	dy bru	shes			• •	• •			10		,,	,,	**
Hair brooms	• •		• •		• • •		• •	• •	1	42		••	**	**
All mill work to be					d. per h	our net.								
Time rate for work	unspec	ified 4s	.0∦d.per	hour net.										
				Do own	BASS W	'Anw				d.				
				DRAWN	DASS W	ORK.								
African and Bahia	• •		• •	• •		•• .	• •	• •	3	1		100	holes	
Bassine	••			• •	••		••		2	91		,,		
Cut off to pattern				• •					4	0		,,		
Split cane							• •		4	91		••		
•										-				
				STEEL W	7 Day	*****								
				SIEEL W	IRE DRU	викэ.			_	d.				
Filling only with h					• •	• • •			2			100	knota	
Filling only with h				• •			• • •		1	6		,,	•	
Making tube brush	es on s	screwed	l shanks						8		per	. doz		
Tube brushes on sc	rewed	shanks	, if trimm	ed		• •			9	2	ŀ	,,		
Drawing flat steel	wire b	rushes							3	10	per	100	knots	
Drawing flat steel			if trimmed	ı			• • .		4				,,	
Drawing round stee										11	•		,,	
Drawing round stee								• • •	3					
Filling with wire 2										3	ŀ			
			o w						-	-,	•		••	
											•			

NOTES.—(a) The weekly earnings of each pieceworker shall be increased by the sum of 24s. in the case of males and 18s. Od. in the case of females for each full week worked (or a pro rata amount according to the time actually worked if less than

(b) A pieceworker required to train apprentices or improvers shall, for any loss occurring in his earnings for the period so occupied in training, he paid an amount not less than the average of his piecework earnings for the previous four full weeks' work.

1742 6 7

#### HAIRS.

•	2½ Inch.	2# Inch.	3 Inch.	31 Inch.	3½ and 3½ Inch.	4 and 41 41 and 41 5 Inch Inch. Inch. and over.
Per doz. lb	38s. 53d.	34s. 2½d.	27s. 91d.	25s. 8d,	21s. 3≩d.	19s. 31d. 17s. 01d. 14s. 11d.
Cleaning any one size* of own jo All dressing jobs where there is n			to be tak		4	3 per doz. lb. extra 01 in size per doz. lb. extra on
All bristles or mixings usually tie	d up in tw	o handfuls o	or under	•	0	the dressing job  81 per doz. lb. less on above rates, if not tied up
All bristles or mixings usually tie	d up over	wo handful	s		0	6½ per doz. lb. less on above rates, if not tied up
Three or more colours  Black and white mixings	••				2	1; per doz. lb. extra 1; ,, ,,
Mixing one or more sizes of a dres		be paid for	•	•	n prices.	. , ,

<sup>\*</sup> The size shall mean } of an inch.

31 14 27 14

MIXING AND SHARE-UP JOBS.

#### Fibre, Horsehair, or Kitool Material.

	•	1016 H01861	un, or Ano	U6 202 CAME / BCGG.				
	2⅓ Inch.	2‡ Inch.	3 Inch.	3½ Inch.	3½ and 3½ Inch.	4 and 41 Inch.	41 and 42 Inch.	5 Inch and over
Per doz. lb	. 34s. 21d.	29s, 111d.	25s. 8d.	21s. 31d.	19s. 31d.	17s. 01d.	14s. 11d.	12s. 93d.
Cutting own material 111d.					-	•		
Mixing Drafts and Fibre, if cut	taper for pa	sinters' brus	hes, 2s. 11d.	per dozen	lb. extra.			
Mixing White Fibre—			•	-	s. d.			
5-in, and over 5-in, materia	վ			• •	13 10	per doz.	lb.	
4f-in and 4f-in. material				• •	14 11	,,,	••	
41-in. and 4-in. material		••			17 (		,,	
3‡-in. and 3‡-in. material	• •			. ••	19 3		,,	
31-in material		••			21 3		**	
3 in material				• •	25 8		,,	
24-in. material		• •		• •	29 11		**	
21-in. material		••		• •	34 2	i ,,	••	
Mixing cocoa fibre material, dre Mixing cocoa fibre material, dre Mixing cocoa fibre material, dre Mixing drafts and bristles, 1s. 0 If rough cocoa fibre be use	ssed, up to 3 ssed, over 3 l }d. per doze	Ib. to doze b. and not o n lb. extra	n lb., 2s. l} over 6 lb. to on sizes 3} i	d. per dozes dozen lb., inch, 3‡ inc	n lb. extra or 4s. 3d. per d h, and 4 incl	mixing ra ozen lb. ex	ites.	g rates.
<u> </u>				Ū	s. d			
Sorting ordinary material				••	6 4	🛊 per doz.	lb.	
Sorting Lily material from Sout	choy materia	۱		• •			,,	
Dressing riftings		••			34 2	i ,,	••	
Cutting back of material		••		• • •	6 4	₽,,	**	
Turning hairs, 2s. 14d. per doze Bass and cane mixing—time ra								

# CHINA MIXING.

NOTES.—(a) The weekly earnings of each pieceworker shall be increased by the sum of 24s. in the case of males and 18s. 0d. in the case of females for each full week worked (or a pro rata amount according to the time actually worked if less than a full week is worked).

(b) A pieceworker required to train apprentices or improvers shall, for any loss occurring in his earnings for the period so occupied in training, be paid an amount not less than the average of his piecework earnings for the previous four full weeks' work.

# PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

15. The wages rates for adult males set out in clause 2 (b) are based upon the following basic wage, and, pursuant to the provisions of section 33 of the *Labour and Industry Act* 1953, the Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically adjusted by the same amount and at the same time as such basic wage as prescribed by clause 16.

Provided that the piecework prices shall be increased or decreased by the same amount and at the same time as such basic wage.

# Basic Wage.

			Place.		 	Basic Wage (Adjustable),	Index Number Set Assigned.
Throughout the State	••	••		 •••		 £ s. d. 11 16 0	Melbourne

#### ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

- 16. (a) For the purposes of this Determination, the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's 'all items' retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.
- (b) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November 1954, the amount of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 15.
- (c) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November, a February, a May, or an August, the amount of the basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method, namely, by multiplying the last published Commonwealth Statistician's "all items" retail price index number by the factor 103 taken to one place of decimals, the resultant whole number being the amount of the basic wage expressed in shillings, but should the decimal number reach 5 or more the basic wage shall be taken to the next higher shilling.
- (d) The wages rates for adult females are based on a basic wage being 75 per cent. of the basic wage for adult males calculated to the nearest 6d., half or less than half of 6d. to be disregarded. The wages rates for adult females shall be adjusted by increasing or decreasing such rates by the amount of the difference from time to time in the said basic wage for females.
- (e) The wages of juvenile workers shall be the appropriate percentages as set out in clause 2. Such wages shall be calculated to the nearest 6d., half or less than half of 6d. to be disregarded.

P. A. RANDLES, J.P., Chairman.

J. V. WILLOX, Secretary.

Melbourne, 19th August, 1954

# DETERMINATION OF THE PAINTERS BOARD.

# NOTE.

· A notice of appeal to the Industrial Appeals Court has been lodged against certain parts of the Determination.

Section 45 (b), Act 5771, provides that, when an appeal is made in accordance with that Act, the Determination or parts thereof appealed against shall not come into operation until the appeal has been dealt with by the Court.

11203/54.

77.

#### WAGES-continued.

(a)	Apprentices and Improvers.	(b) Other Employees.
	PROPORTION (BY ANY EMPLOYER).  Apprentices.	
journeymen In cases v at the trade	where not more than three journeymen are employed se, a second apprentice may be employed on the by the first apprentice, of the second year of his	
	* Improvers.	
Two im Three after	prover to three	•

# \* Note.—The employment, within the Metropolitan District, of any improver is illegal.

- (ii) An employer shall not employ any minor at work covered by this Part unless under a contract of apprenticeship, provided that any person who on or before the 1st June, 1949, was employed as an improver may continue to be so employed and paid at the rate prescribed in sub-clause (i) hereof for an improver of like experience.
- (iii) Leading Hand, i.e., a tradesman who is given responsibility of direction and supervision of the work by his employer or by his employer's responsible representative of not fewer than five tradesmen shall receive in addition to his ordinary wage, allowances as follows :-
  - (a) If in charge of five tradesmen as aforesaid—ls. per day:
  - (b) If in charge of more than five tradesmen as aforesaid, ls. per day for being in charge of the first five tradesmen, plus an additional is. per day for each additional five, or fraction of five tradesmen in excess of such first five tradesmen.

#### ' Hours.

3. The ordinary hours shall be 40 per week to be worked in five days, the daily hours being 8 hours per day Monday to Friday inclusive, between the hours of 7.45 a.m. and 5.15 p.m. each day. The lunch break shall be not less than 45 minutes.

#### OVERTIME.

. 4. All work done outside of or in excess of the ordinary hours for a day's work as prescribed, shall be paid for at the rate of time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter.

## HOLIDAYS AND SUNDAY WORK.

- 5. (a) Double time shall be the rate for all work done on Sundays, New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Labour Day, Anzae Day, Queen's Birthday, Melbourne Cup Day, Christmas Day, or Boxing Day; but if any other day be by Act of Parliament or Proclamation substituted for any of the above-named holidays the special rate shall be payable only on the day so substituted.
- (b) An apprentice who is not required to work on any holiday prescribed in sub-clause (a) hereof shall be entitled to the same conditions as may be prescribed from time to time for apprentices under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

#### SPECIAL RATES.

# (Payable in addition to ordinary wages prescribed in clause 2 of this Part.)

- 6. (a) Swing Scaffold Work, and Ludder Work.—Any person employed on a winch operated scaffold suspended on steel cables and protected by substantial metal rails of a type approved by the Authority administering the Scaffold Regulations shall be paid 1s. for the first four hours or any portion thereof, and 3d. per hour for each hour thereafter on any day, and any person employed on any other type of swing scaffolds, or any scaffold suspended by a rope or cable, or on a ladder at a height of 35 feet or more above the nearest horizontal plane shall be paid 2s. for the first four hours or any portion thereof, and 6d. per hour thereafter, on any day,
- (b) Scaffold Work.—Any person employed on a scaffold (except a scaffold protected by a guard rail, or adequate net, or work on the exterior surface of any building) at a height of 35 feet or more above the nearest horizontal plane, shall be paid 2s. for the first four hours or any portion thereof, and 6d. per hour for each hour thereafter, on any day.
- (c) Work in Wet Places.—Any person required to work in a wet place (i.e., when water other than rain is flowing or dripping from overhead to such an extent as to saturate the clothing of the worker, or when the worker is required to work in water more than 2 inches deep), shall be paid 4d. per hour for each hour, or part thereof, he is so required to work. Provided that this extra rate shall not be payable to an employee who is provided by the employer with suitable protective clothing and/or footwear.
- (d) Work in Hot Places.—Any person required to work for more than one hour in the shade in places, (i) where the temperature is raised by artificial means to between 115 and 130 degrees Fahrenheit, shall be paid 4d. per hour, (ii) in places where the temperature exceeds 130 degrees Fahrenheit, the additional amount to be paid shall be 6d. per hour. Where work continues for more than two hours in temperatures exceeding 130 degrees Fahrenheit, employees shall also be entitled to twenty minutes' rest after every two hours' work without deduction of pay.
- (c) Work in Cold Places.—Any person required to work for more than one hour in places where the temperature is reduced by artificial means below 32 degrees Fahrenheit, shall be paid 4d. per hour. Where the work continues for more than two hours employees shall be entitled to a rest period of twenty minutes every two hours without loss of pay.
- (f) Dirty Work.—(i) Other than ships repair work—Any person required to do work which a foreman and workman shall agree is of an unusually dirty or offensive nature shall be paid 4d. per hour.
- (ii) Ship repair work which a foremen and workman shall agree is of an unusually dirty or offensive nature—6d. per hour
- (g) Work in Confined Spaces.—Any person required to work in a confined space (i.e. a place the dimensions of which necessitate an employee working in a stooped or otherwise cramped position, or without proper ventilation, and which is of a class not usually associated with the painting and decorating trade) shall be paid 6d. per hour
- (a) Special Rates not Cumulative.—Where more than one of the conditions entitling a workman to special rates exist on the ame job the employer shall be bound to pay only one rate, namely, the highest for the conditions so prevailing.

- (i) Compensation to the extent of the damage sustained shall be made where in the course of the work clothing or tools are damaged or destroyed by fire or through the use of corrosive substances. Provided that the employer's liability in respect of tools shall be limited to such tools of trade as are ordinarily required for the performance of the employee's duties.
- (j) Rates not Subject to Penalty Additions.—The special rates herein prescribed shall be paid irrespective of the times at which the work is performed, and shall not be taken into account when computing the penalty rate payable for overtime, or for work done on Sundays and holidays.

#### INCLEMENT WEATHER.

- 7. Each employee shall be paid an allowance at ordinary rates for time lost through inchement weather, subject to the following conditions :-
  - (i) That such allowance shall not exceed the equivalent of eight hours' pay in any one week.
  - (ii) That weather shall not be regarded as inclement for the purposes of this clause, unless the employer or his representative on the job, and a representative of the men on such job, agree that it shall be so regarded. Failing such agreement weather shall not be regarded as inclement and work shall continue.
  - (iii) Any intermission of work owing to inclement weather so regarded as aforesaid shall immediately cease and work shall be immediately resumed on the ampleous or his resourced as aforesaid shall immediately resumed to the ampleous or his resourced as aforesaid shall immediately resumed to the ampleous or his resourced as aforesaid shall immediately resumed to the ampleous or his resourced as aforesaid shall immediately cease and work shall e immediately resumed on the employer or his representative calling for a resumption of work.
  - (iv) An employee shall not be entitled to payment as provided for in this clause, unless he remains on the job until a decision to cease work for the day has been made by agreement between the employer or his representative and a representative of the men.
  - (v) The intermission of work by employees who would be exposed to or working in inclement weather so regarded in accordance with this clause shall not be a ground for intermission of work in places where employees are not so exposed to or are not called upon to work in such inclement weather.

#### ALLOWANCE IN RESPECT OF EXCESS FARES AND TRAVELLING TIME.

8. (a) The following payments shall be made in lieu of fares and travelling time within the radii named using G.P.O. Melbourne (cr. Bourke and Elizabeth streets) or the principal post offices at Ballarat, Bendigo, and Geelong as centres:—

				e. w.
Up to and including 12 miles	 	.,		3 3 per day
Over 12 miles and including 20 miles	 	••	• •	3 10 per day
Over 20 miles and including 30 miles	 • •	• •		4 6 per day

Over 30 miles travelling time shall be paid at the rate of 5s. per hour calculated to the nearest quarter of an hour with a minimum of one quarter hour for each journey for any time outside ordinary working hours spent in travelling daily from the 30 mile radius to the job and returning thereto in addition to the allowance prescribed for such radius plus any fares necessarily and reasonably incurred in so travelling beyond such radius.

The allowances of 3s., 3d., 3s. 10d., or 4s. 6d., per day prescribed above shall not be payable if the employer provides or offers to provide transport free of charge, in which case 2s. 5d. per day travelling allowance shall be paid. Provided, however, that this shall not affect the right of an employee to receive the payment hereinbefore provided for time occupied and fares expended in travelling beyond 30 miles.

(b) Where fares are necessarily incurred on distant jobs, as defined in clause 9 (a) of this Part, or on work performed outside the radii named in sub-clause (a) hereof the provisions of that sub-clause shall apply except that the local Post Office shall be the

# ALLOWANCES IN RESPECT OF DISTANT JOBS.

9. (a) When distance and/or travelling facilities reasonably prevent an employee going from and returning each day to his usual place of residence, reasonable and suitable board and sleeping accommodation, including stretcher and mattress for each employee shall be provided. When work is situated away from suitable accommodation, the employer shall supply tents or huts with sleeping accommodation therein including stretcher and mattress for each employee in addition to any allowance provided in this clause; the allowance to be made shall be-

			s. a.
For less than a full week	 	 	12 9 per day
For a full working week at the rate of	••	 	52 6 per week

Provided that the foregoing allowances shall be increased if the employee satisfies the employer that he reasonably incurred a greater outlay than that prescribed.

- (b) In lieu of the payments prescribed in clause 8 (a) of this Part an employee to whom sub-clause (a) applies shall be paid travelling time (not exceeding ordinary working hours per day) at ordinary rates of pay, and, where incurred, second-class return fare, and 5s. to cover expense of reaching his home railway station and transport of tools if any cost necessary. Provided that the return fare shall not be payable if the employee is dismissed for misconduct or is held incompetent within one week of starting work or leaves within one month of engagement. Travelling time shall be calculated as from Spencer-street and Flinders-street Railway Stations or the home Central Railway Station (if residing in the country) to destination by rail or usual travelling facilities.
- (c) If an employee elects to return to his home at the week end after three months of continuous service and thereafter at three-monthly periods he shall be paid a second-class return fare (Victorian Railways only) on the pay day which immediately follows the date on which he returns to the job.

If the work upon which the employee is engaged will terminate in the ordinary course within a further 28 days after the expiration of three months this sub-clause shall not apply.

(d) Any person who has travelled from a "centre" to a place of work, and is required, in the course of his employment to travel further on the same day, shall be paid all fares necessarily expended in such further travelling.

#### ALLOWANCE IN RESPECT OF MEALS.

10. Where an employee is required to work overtime in excess of one hour and has not been given notice of same on the previous working day, he shall be allowed an amount of 4s. for a meal. When working overtime for two hours or more, employees shall be allowed to take, without deduction of pay, 20 minutes for crib immediately after the ordinary ceasing time, and thereafter 30 minutes for crib shall be allowed after each four hours of continous work. Provided that where an employee works overtime for two hours, without taking the prescribed interval of 20 minutes, he shall be deemed to have worked two and one-third hours.

#### Excess or Hours.

11. An employee who has worked continuously (except for meal intervals) for 20 hours, shall have a break of at least twelve hours before again starting work.

#### REST PAUSE.

- 12. (a) There shall be a rest period of ten minutes from the time of ceasing to the time of resuming work between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and 11 a.m. without deduction of pay.
- (b) The employer shall provide facilities to enable the employees to obtain an adequate supply of boiling water at meal times and rest periods.

#### ANNUAL HOLIDAY.

13. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the Labour and Industry Act 1953, and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

#### SICK LEAVE.

14. An apprentice absent from duty on account of ill health or injury shall be entitled to the same conditions as may be prescribed from time to time for apprentices under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

#### PAYMENT OF WAGES.

15. Wages, allowances, and other moneys due shall be paid not later than the time of ceasing work on Thursday of each working week, or otherwise by mutual arrangement. On termination of employment by the employer all wages allowances, and other moneys shall be paid at the time of dismissal. If wages be not paid within the periods prescribed the employee shall be paid at ordinary rates for all time in excess of lifteen minutes beyond such time until the wages are paid or posted to his last known place of address.

#### TIME AND WAGES BOOK.

- 16. (a) Each employer shall keep a record from which can be readily ascertained the name of each employee and his occupation, the hours worked each day, and the wages and allowances paid each week.
- (b) The time occupied by an employee in filling in any time record or cards or in the making of records shall be treated as time of duty, but this does not apply to checking in or out when entering or leaving the employer's premises.
- (c) The time and wages record shall be open for inspection to a duly accredited union official during the usual office hours at the employer's office or other convenient place, provided 24 hours' notice of such inspection has been given. Provided that an inspection shall not be demanded unless the secretary of the union or the district secretary or organizer of any division suspects that a breach of the Determination has been committed. Provided also that only one demand for such inspection shall be made in one fortnight at the same establishment.
- (d) The official making such inspection shall be entitled to take a copy of entries in a time and wages record relating to the suspected breach of the Determination.

#### TOOLS AND APPLIANCES.

- · 17. (a) Each painter shall provide himself with an ordinary dusting brush and all necessary stripping and stopping knives. hammer, hacking knife, acrewdriver, glazing knife, and a rule.
- (6) Each paperhanger shall provide himself with a lay-brush, soissors, rule, plumb-bob, chalk-line, and trimming knife (if he requires such an instrument), and also with surface and joint rollers.
- (c) Each signwriter shall provide himself with a mahl-stick, rule, straight-edge, chalk-line, pencils and gilding cushion, mon knife and tip.
- If any employee is required to provide any tools or appliances other than those above enumerated, 6d. per hour in addition to the ordinary rates fixed by this Determination shall be paid by the employer. The employer shall supply all tools necessary for the use of apprentices.

#### TRANSPORT.

18. Where an employee is required to work overtime and no regular means of transport is available, the employer shall provide suitable transport to convey him to the job or his residence as the case may be. If the employer fails to provide such transport, he shall pay to the employee such reasonable amount as has been necessarily incurred by him.

#### WASHING TIME.

19. Each employee shall be allowed five minutes prior to the lunch interval and immediately prior to the time of ceasing work for the day in order to clean up and wash.

# EMPLOYEES REPORTING FOR DUTY.

20. An employee notified to commence duty and actually attending for duty, when notified by the employer or his representative, that his services are not required shall be paid for two hours as time worked.

#### WAITING TIME.

21. An employee who is required to attend for work and is kept waiting to commence work by instructions of the employer or his representative, shall be paid at his ordinary rate of pay for the time he is so kept waiting.

#### TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

22. One hour's notice of termination of employment shall be given by either employer or employee or one hour's pay shall be paid or forfeited in lieu thereof.

Such hour shall be allowed the employee to gather, clean, pack and transport his tools.

### APPRENTICES.

23. The provisions of clause 22 of this Part shall not apply to the employment of apprentices.

#### TIME OFF FOLLOWING ACCIDENT.

24. An employee suffering injury through an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment (not being an injury in respect of which he is entitled to workers' compensation, pursuant to the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act 1946) necessitating his attendance during working hours on a doctor, chemist or trained nurse, or at a hospital, shall not suffer any deduction from his pay for time (not exceeding four hours) so occupied on the day of the accident and shall be reimbursed by the employer all expenses reasonably incurred in connexion with such attendance.

### CARE OF EMPLOYEES TOOLS, &c.

25. The employer shall make, in respect of each job, adequate arrangements to secure the proper care and safety of the employee's tools and gear when not in use.

#### BAN, LIMITATION, OB RESTRICTION OF WORK.

- 26. (a) No person or persons performing work for which this determnation fixes the lowest rates, prices and conditions shall in any way, whether directly or indirectly be a party to or concerned in any ban, limitation or restriction upon the performance of such work.
- (b) A person shall be deemed to commit a new and separate breach of subclause (a) hereof on each and every day in which he is directly or indirectly a party to or concerned in any such ban, limitation or restriction.
- (c) The Association of employees known as The Operative Painters and Decorators' Union of Australia (Victorian Branch) and/or any officer, servant or agent thereof, shall not in any way encourage advise incite or instruct any employee to contravene subclause (a) hereof.
- (d) The said Union, branch, officer, servant or agent shall be deemed to commit a new and separate breach of subclause (c) hereof for each and every day on which it or he is directly or indirectly a party to or concerned in any such encouraging advising inciting or instructing an employee to contravene subclause (a) hereof.

#### PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

27. The wages rates set out in clause 2 (b) of this Part are based upon the following basic wage, and, pursuant to the provisions of Section 33 of the Labour and Industry Act 1953, the Wages Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically adjusted at the same time as such Basic Wage as prescribed in clause 28 of this Part.

#### Basic Wage.

			Place.					Basic Wage (Adjustable).	Index Number Set Assigned.
				•				£ s. d.	
Throughout the State	••	••	••	••	••	••	 	11 16 0	Melbourne

#### ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

- 28. (a) For the purposes of this Determination, the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's 'all items' retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.
- (b) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November, 1954, the amount of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 27 of this Part.
- (c) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November, a February, a May, or an August, the amount of the basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method, namely, by multiplying the last published Commonwealth Statistician's "all items" retail price index number by the factor 103 taken to one place of decimals, the resultant whole number being the amount of the basic wage expressed in shillings, but should the decimal number reach 5 or more the basic wage shall be taken to the next higher shilling.
  - (d) The weekly wage and hourly rate prescribed in clause 2 of this Part are ascertained as follows:-

		£ s. d.	
Basic wage	 ••	11 16 0	•
Margin for skill	 ••	2 12 0	Allowing two weeks for statutory holidays, one week for
Tool allowance	 	0 1 3	following the job, and one week's sick pay, the weekly wage
Disabilities allowance	 	0 5 6	should be £15 19s. 2d. per week = 7s. 11 d. per hour.
		<u>-</u>	$\left(\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Total	 	14 14 9	
			$\left(\begin{array}{cc} 1.6. & 48 \times 40 \end{array}\right)$

#### Adjustment of Wages of Apprentices and Improvers.

29. The wages rates of apprentices, as prescribed in clause 2 of this Part, shall be automatically adjusted to accord with the wages rates, as adjusted from time to time, for apprentices in the metropolitan district who are under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

The wages rates for improvers shall be those prescribed from time to time for apprentices, plus an additional 20 per cent-calculated to the nearest penny.

#### PART II.

t. This Part applies in respect of the employment of all persons coming within the ambit of the Determination, other than those provided for in Part I. hereof.

WAGES

Apprentices and Improvers.  Apprentices Per Week of 40 hours.						(b) Juvenile Workers, i.e., Persons under 21 years of Age (other than Apprendices or Improvers) engaged in producing Signs or Posters by means of Stencils, Screens, or other like methods or at any work incidental thereto.							
	Percentage of Basic Wage		Adjustable Wage.	Loading.	Total Wage.	methods or at	Percentage of Basic Wage.	Per Week of 40 Hour					
			e. d.	s. d.	s. d.				8.	d.			
lst year 2nd year 3rd year 1th year 5th year		29 38 53 76 98	68 6 89 6 125 0 179 6 231 6	2 8 5 4 8 0 10 8 13 4	71 2 94 10 133 0 190 2 244 10	lst year's experience 2nd year's experience 3rd year's experience 4th year's experience 5th year's experience		29 38 53 76 98	68 89 125 179 231	6 0 6 6			
lst year's ex 2nd year's ex 3rd year's ex 5th year's ex 5th year's ex	perience perience perience	OVETS.		88 11: 15: 22:	of 40 hours.  5	(i) Where one screen ta Two juvenile wor than 236s. ps (ii) Where two or more For each two so each two fully-paid fully-paid workers st week of 40 hours.	kers to each per week of 40 lescreen tables a reen tables, for workers, provide	erson receiv nours. re in operat ur juvenile ded that o	ion— worke	rs t			
In cases we to the trade of trade of the trade of the trade of the trade of trade of the trade of tr	atice to employed here not s, a second the formula of the forece of the formula of the formula of the formula of the formula o	more than more than irst apprent three to twelvitional impr	three journetice may be the orovers.	eymen are be employe second ye worke ing ere- than	employed ed on the ear of his ers receiv- not less 314s. 9d. reck of 40								

#### (c) OTHER EMPLOYEES.

·	Principal Elizabeth bourne;  (ii) Within 5 M Office at 1 (iii) Within t District as (except w of 8 Mile Office at 1 (iv) Within 10 Principal	illes of the Post Mildura; he Gippsland s defined berein rithin a radius s of the Post Vailourn). Miles of the Post Offices at and Warmam-		es of the Post Yallourn.	All Other Parts of Victoria.		
	Per hour.	Per week of 40 hours.	Per hour.	Per week of 40 hours.	Per hour.	Per week of 40 hours.	
(A) All classes of work, other than the production of signs or posters by means of stencils, screens, or other like methods.  Persons employed at— Sign or poster writing, graining or painting, or paperhanging, or at any other work specified in (A)	e. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d. 324 3	s. d.	s. d.	
(a) Producing signs or posters by means of stencils, screens, or other like methods, or any work incidental thereto.  Persons employed at—  (i) Signwriting designing, forming, or lettering any pictorial design, including the cutting of stencils  (ii) Any other work specified in (a)	7 11 <del>1</del> 5 11 <del>1</del>	317 9 239 0	8 1½ 6 1¾	324 3 245 6	7 101 5 101	314 9 236 0	

Notwithstanding anything contained in clause 2 (c) (A) and (B) (i) of this Part any employee, within six months of his first employment in any place, whose employment is terminated by the employer for any cause other than misconduct or incompetence shall on such termination be entitled to be paid for such work performed by him an additional amount at the rate of 3s. 6d. per week.

- (d) Leading Hand, i.e., a tradesman who is given responsibility of direction and supervision of the work by his employer or by his employer's responsible representative of not fewer than five tradesmen shall receive in addition to his ordinary wage, allowances as follows:—
  - (a) If in charge of five tradesmen as aforesaid—ls. per day;
  - (b) If in charge of more than five tradesmen as aforesaid, is, per day for being in charge of the first five tradesmen plus an additional is, per day for each additional five, or fraction of five tradesmen in excess of such first five tradesmen.
- (e) An employer shall not employ any minor at work covered by this Part, other than as a juvenile worker as defined, unless under a contract of apprenticeship, provided that any person who on or before the 1st June, 1949, was employed as an improver may continue to be so employed and paid at the rate prescribed in sub-clause (a) hereof for an improver of like experience.

#### HOURS.

3. The ordinary hours shall be 40 per week to be worked in five days, the daily hours being 8 hours per day Monday to Friday inclusive, between the hours of 7.45 a.m. and 5.15 p.m. each day. The lunch break shall not be less than 45 minutes.

#### Overtime

4. All work done outside of or in excess of the ordinary hours for a day's work as prescribed, shall be paid for at the rate of time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter.

An employee who has worked continuously (except for meal intervals) for 20 hours shall have a break of at least 12 hours before again starting work.

# HOLIDAYS AND SUNDAY WORK.

- 5. (a) Double time shall be the rate for all work done on Sunday, New Year's Day, Australia Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Labour Day, Anzac Day, Queen's Birthday, Melbourne Cup Day, Christmas Day, or Boxing Day; but if by Act of Parliament or Proclamation, any other day be substituted for any of the above-named holidays, the special rate shall be payable only for work done on the day so substituted.
- (b) An apprentice who is not required to work on any holiday prescribed in sub-clause (a) hereof shall be entitled to the same conditions as may be prescribed from time to time for apprentices under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

# INCLEMENT WEATHER.

- 6. Each employee shall be paid an allowance at ordinary rates for time lost through inclement weather, subject to the following conditions:—
  - (i) That such allowance shall not exceed the equivalent of eight hours' pay in any one week.
  - (ii) That weather shall not be regarded as inclement for the purposes of this clause, unless the employer or his representative on the job, and a representative of the men on such job, agree that it shall be so regarded. Failing such agreement weather shall not be regarded as inclement and work shall continue.
  - (iii) Any intermission of work owing to inclement weather so regarded as aforesaid shall immediately cease and work shall be immediately resumed on the employer or his representative calling for a resumption of work.

- (iv) An employee shall not be entitled to payment as provided for in this clause, unless he remains on the job until a decision to cease work for the day has been made by agreement between the employer or his representative and a representative of the men.
- (v) The intermission of work by employees who would be exposed to or working in inclement weather so regarded in accordance with this clause shall not be a ground for intermission of work in places where employees are not so exposed to or are not called upon to work in such inclement weather.

#### ALLOWANCE IN RESPECT OF EXCESS FARES AND TRAVELLING TIME.

7. (a) The following payments shall be made in lieu of fares and travelling time within the radii named using G.P.O., Melbourne (cr. Bourke and Elizabeth-streets) or the principal post offices at Ballarat, Bendigo, and Geelong as centres:—

				ė. d.
Up to and including 12 miles	 • •		••	3 3 per day
Over 12 miles and including 20 miles	 	••	••	3 10 per day
Over 20 miles and including 30 miles	 		• •	4 6 per day

Over 30 miles travelling time shall be paid at the rate of 5s. per hour calculated to the nearest quarter of an hour with a minimum of one quarter hour for each journey for any time outside ordinary working hours spent in travelling daily from the 30 mile radius to the job and returning thereto in addition to the allowance prescribed for such radius plus any fares necessarily and reasonably incurred in so travelling beyond such radius.

The allowances of 3s. 3d., 3s. 10d., or 4s. 6d., per day prescribed above shall not be payable if the employer provides or offers to provide transport free of charge, in which case 2s. 5d. per day travelling allowance shall be paid. Provided, however, that this shall not affect the right of an employee to receive the payment hereinbefore provided for time occupied and fares expended in travelling beyond 30 miles.

- (b) Where fares are necessarily incurred on distant jobs, as defined in clause 8 (a) of this Part, or on work performed outside the radii named in sub-clause (a) hereof the provisions of that sub-clause shall apply except that the local Post Office shall be the
- (c) Sub-clauses (a), (b), and (c) of this clause shall not operate when an employee is employed on maintenance work at his ized centre. Such centre shall be fixed for a period of not less than six months, and shall be specified at the time of the recognized centre. commencement of the employment, or on request.

#### ALLOWANCES IN RESPECT OF DISTANT JOBS.

8. (a) When distance and/or travelling facilities reasonably prevent an employee going from and returning each day to his usual place of residence, reasonable and suitable board and sleeping accommodation including stretcher and mattress for each employee shall be provided. When work is situated away from suitable accommodation, the employer shall supply tents or huts with sleeping accommodation therein including stretcher and mattress for each employee in addition to any allowance provided in this clause: the allowance to be made shall be—

				#. d.
For less than a full week		••	 	12 9 per day
For a full working week at the rate of	• •		 ••	52 6 per week

Provided that the foregoing allowances shall be increased if the employee satisfies the employer that he reasonably incurred a greater outlay than that prescribed.

- (b) In lieu of the payments prescribed in clause 7 (a) of this Part an employee to whom sub-clause (a) applies shall be paid travelling time (not exceeding ordinary working hours per day) at ordinary rates of pay, and, where incurred, second-class return fare, and 5s. to cover expense of reaching his home railway station and transport of tools if any cost necessary. Provided that the return fare shall not be payable if the employee is dismissed for misconduct or is held incompetent within one week of starting work or leaves within one month of engagement. Travelling time shall be calculated as from Spencer-street and Flinders-street Railway Stations or the home Central Railway Station (if residing in the country) to destination by rail or usual travelling
- (c) If an employee elects to return to his home at the week-end after three months of continuous service and thereafter at three-monthly periods, he shall be paid a second-class return fare (Victorian Railways only) on the pay day which immediately follows the date on which he returns to the job.
- If the work upon which the employee is engaged will terminate in the ordinary course within a further 28 days after the expiration of three months this sub-clause shall not apply.
- (d) Any person who has travelled from a "centre" to a place of work, and is required, in the course of his employment to travel further on the same day, shall be paid all fares necessarily expended in such further travelling.

# (Payable in addition to ordinary wages prescribed in clause 2 of this Part.)

- 9. (a) Swing Scaffold Work, and Ladder Work.—Any person employed on a winch operated scaffold suspended on steel cables and protected by substantial metal rails of a type approved by the Authority administering the Scaffold Regulations shall be paid le. for the first four hours or any portion thereof, and 3d. per hour for each hour thereafter on any day, and any person employed on any other type of swing scaffold, or any scaffold suspended by a rope or cable, or on a ladder at a height of 35 feet or more above the nearest horizontal plane shall be paid 2s. for the first four hours or any portion thereof, and 6d. per hour thereafter, on any day.
- (b) Scaffold Work.—Any person employed on a scaffold (except a scaffold protected by a guard rail, or adequate net, or work on the exterior surface of any building) at a height of 35 feet or more above the nearest horizontal plane, shall be paid 2s. for the first four hours or any portion thereof, and 6d. per hour for each hour thereafter, on any day.
- (c) Work in Wet Places.—Any person required to work in a wet place (i.e., when water other than rain is flowing or dripping from overhead to such an extent as to saturate the clothing of the worker, or when the worker is required to work in water more than 2 inches deep), shall be paid 4d. per hour for each hour, or part thereof, he is so required to work. Provided that this extra rate shall not be payable to an employee who is provided by the employer with suitable protective clothing and/or footwear.
- (d) Work in Hot Places.—Any person required to work for more than one hour in the shade in places, (i) where the temperature is raised by artificial means to between 115 and 130 degrees Fahrenheit, shall be paid 4d. per hour, (ii) in places where the temperature exceeds 130 degrees Fahrenheit, the additional amount to be paid shall be 6d. per hour. Where work continues for more than two hours in temperatures exceeding 130 degrees Fahrenheit, employees shall also be entitled to twenty minutes' rest after every two hours' work without deduction of pay.
- (e) Work in Cold Places.—Any person required to work for more than one hour in places where the temperature is reduced by artificial means below 32 degrees Fahrenheit, shall be paid 4d. per hour. Where the work continues for more than two hours employees shall be entitled to a rest period of twenty minutes every two hours without loss of pay.
- (f) Dirty Work.—(i) Other than ship repair work—Any person required to do work which a forman and workman shall agree is of an unusually dirty or offensive nature shall be paid 4d. per hour.
- (ii) Ship repair work which a foreman and workman shall agree is of an unusually dirty or offensive nature—6d. per hour

- (g) Work in Confined Spaces.—Any person required to work in a confined space (i.e., a place the dimensions of which necessitate an employee working in a stooped or otherwise cramped position, or without proper ventilation, and which is of a class not usually associated with the painting and decorating trade), shall be paid 6d. per hour.
- (h) Special Rates not Cumulative.—Where more than one of the conditions entitling a workman to special rates exist on the same job the employer shall be bound to pay only one rate, namely the highest for the conditions so prevailing.
- (i) Compensation to the extent of the damage sustained shall be made where in the course of the work clothing or tools are damaged or destroyed by fire or through the use of corrosive substances. Provided that the employer's liability in respect of tools shall be limited to such tools of trade as are ordinarily required for the performance of the employee's duties.
- (i) Rates not Subject to Penalty Additions.—The special rates herein prescribed shall be paid irrespective of the time at which the work is performed, and shall not be taken into account when computing the penalty rate payable for overtime, or for work done on Sundays and holidays.

#### REST PERIOD.

10. There shall be a rest period of ten minutes from the time of ceasing to the time of the resumption of work, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 11 a.m. without deduction of pay.

#### PAYMENT OF WAGES.

- 11. (a) If an employee leaves or is dismissed he shall be paid his wages on leaving or being dismissed, or paid by post or otherwise on the next working day.
- (b) Except as provided in the preceding sub-clause, payment of wages and other moneys due shall be made not later than a on Thursday in each week. Provided that this provision may be varied by the mutual agreement of the employer and the majority of employees on any job.

If wages be not paid within the periods prescribed the employee shall be paid at ordinary rates for all time in excess of fifteen minutes beyond such time until the wages are paid or posted to his last-known place of address.

#### TOOLS AND APPLIANCES.

- 12. (a) Each painter shall provide himself with an ordinary dusting brush and all necessary stripping and stopping knives, hammer, hacking knife, screwdriver, glazing knife, and a rule.
- (b) Each paperhanger shall provide himself with a lay brush, scissors, rule, plumb-bob, chalk-line, and trimming knife (if he requires such an instrument), and also with surface and joint rollers.
- (c) Each signwriter shall provide himself with a mahl-stick, rule straight-edge, chalk-line, pencils and gilding cushion, mops.
- If any employee is required to provide any tools or appliances other than those above enumerated, 6d. per hour in addition to the ordinary rates fixed by this Determination shall be paid by the employer. The employer shall supply all tools necessary for

#### ALLOWANCE IN RESPECT OF MEALS.

13. Where an employee is required to work overtime in excess of one hour and has not been given notice of same on the previous working day, he shall be allowed an amount of 4s. for a meal. When working overtime for two hours or more, employees shall be allowed to take, without deduction of pay, 20 minutes for crib immediately after the ordinary ceasing time, and thereafter 30 minutes for crib shall be allowed after each four hours of continuous work. Provided that where an employee works overtime for two hours without taking the prescribed interval of 20 minutes, he shall be deemed to have worked two and one-third hours.

#### SUPPLY OF HOT WATER.

. 14. The employer shall provide facilities to enable the employee to obtain an adequate supply of hot water at meal times.

# CARE OF EMPLOYEES' TOOLS, ETC.

15. The employer shall make, in respect of each job, adequate arrangements to secure the proper care and safety of the employees tools and gear when not in use.

# TIME AND WAGES BOOK.

- 16. (a) Each employer shall keep a record from which can be readily ascertained the name of each employee and his occupation, the hours worked each day, and the wages and allowances paid each week.
- (b) The time occupied by an employee in filling in any time record or cards or in the making of records shall be treated as time of duty, but this does not apply to checking in or out when entering or leaving the employer's premises.
- (c) The time and wages record shall be open for inspection to a duly accredited union official during the usual office hours at the employer's office or other convenient place, provided 24 hours' notice of such inspection has been given. Provided that an inspection shall not be demanded unless the secretary of the union or the district secretary or organizer of any division suspects that a breach of the Determination has been committed. Provided also that only one demand for such inspection shall be made in one fortnight at the same establishment.
- (d) The official making such inspection shall be entitled to take a copy of entries in a time and wages record relating to the suspected breach of the Determination.

# TRANSPORT.

17. Where an employee is required to work overtime and no regular means of transport is available, the employer shall provide suitable transport to convey him to the job or his residence as the case may be. If the employer fails to provide such transport, he shall pay to the employee such reasonable amount as has been necessarily incurred by him.

#### WASHING TIME.

18. Each employee shall be allowed five minutes prior to the lunch interval and immediately prior to the time of ceasing work for the day in order to clean up and wash.

#### ANNUAL HOLIDAY.

... 19. The annual holiday shall be as prescribed by the provisions of the Labour and Industry Act 1953, and any amendments which may be made thereto from time to time.

#### SICK LEAVE.

· 20. An apprentice absent from duty on account of ill health or injury shall be entitled to the same conditions as may be prescribed from time to time for apprentices under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.

#### Additional Annual and Sick Leave for Special Circumstances.

- 21. When it is a constant condition of employment that an employee in a "Mixed Industry" is continuously required to work or be on call for work on week ends (i.e., Saturdays and Sundays), such employee shall be entitled to:-
  - (a) one week's additional leave with pay, and
  - (b) payment for a maximum of 40 hours for sickness (duly certified) in any one year, provided that in the event of an employee not claiming payment in whose or in part in any year, the number of days not claimed shall be held to his credit the following year or years, subject to a maximum of 120 hours for sickness. For the purposes of sub-clause (b) hereof service prior to the 1st July, 1945, shall be disregarded. "Mixed Industry" means an industry where the work performed by painters (that is, any work to which this Determination applies) is subsidiary and auxiliary to the chief and principal purpose and business of such industry.

#### EMPLOYEES REPORTING FOR DUTY.

22. An employee notified to commence duty and actually attending for duty, when notified by the employer or his representative that his services are not required shall be paid for two hours as time worked.

#### TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT.

23. One hour's notice of termination of employment shall be given by either employer or employee or one hour's pay shall be paid or forfeited in lieu thereof.

When notice has been given by the employer such hour shall be allowed the employee to gather, clean, pack and transport his tools.

The provisions of this clause shall not apply to the employment of apprentices.

#### WAITING TIME.

24. An employee who is required to attend for work and is kept waiting to commence work by instructions of the employer or his representative, shall be paid at his ordinary rate of pay for the time he is so kept waiting.

#### TIME OFF FOLLOWING ACCIDENT.

25. An employee suffering injury through an accident arising out of and in the course of his employment (not being an injury in respect of which he is entitled to workers' compensation pursuant to the provisions of Workers' Compensation Act 1946), necessitating his attendance during working hours on a doctor, chemist or trained nurse, or at a hospital, shail not suffer any deduction from his pay for time (not exceeding four hours) so occupied on the day of the accident and shall be reimbursed by the employer all expenses reasonably incurred in connexion with such attendance.

26. "Gippsland District" shall mean the following area, viz.:—From Hallam (beyond Dandenong) to the south to Lyndhurs, Wonthinggi, across to Port Albert, to Orbost, to Briagolong, to Walhalla, to Noojee, to Hallam.

"Centre" shall mean the employer's usual place of business.

# PERIODICAL ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES.

27. The wages rates set out in clause 2 (c) of this Part are based upon the following basic wage for adult males and, pursuant to the provisions of Section 33 of the Labour and Industry Act 1953, the Wages Board hereby determines that such rates shall be automatically adjusted at the same time as such basic wage as prescribed in clauses 28 and 30 of this Part.

Place.	Basic Wage (Adjustable).	
Within 20 miles of the Principal Post Office at Elizabeth-street, Melbourne—Males Within 10 miles of the principal Post Offices at Geolong and Warrnambool respectively— same as the contemporaneous basic wage for Melbourne. Within 5 miles of the Post Office at Mildura; within the Gippsland District as herein defined (except Yallourn)—same as the contemporaneous basic wage for Melbourne. Yallourn—until further order the same amount in excess of Melbourne as at present, viz., 6s. 6d. per week. Elsewhere—3s. less than the contemporaneous basic wage for Melbourne	£ s. d.	Melbourne

#### ADJUSTMENT OF BASIC WAGE.

- 28. (a) For the purposes of this Determination, the expression "Commonwealth Statistician's 'all items' retail price index numbers" or any like expression means the numbers stated to be such index numbers in any document purporting, and not proved to be wrongly so purporting, to be printed by the Commonwealth Government Printer or to be signed by or on behalf of the Commonwealth Statistician.
- (b) Until the beginning of the first pay period to commence in November, 1954, the amount of the basic wage shall be as prescribed in clause 27 of this Part.
- (c) During each future successive period beginning with the first pay period to commence in a November, a February, a May, or an August, the amount of the basic wage shall be adjusted by the following method, namely, by multiplying the last published Commonwealth Statistician's "all items" retail price index number by the factor 103 taken to one place of decimals, the resultant whole number being the amount of the basic wage expressed in shillings, but should the decimal number reach 5 or more the basic wage shall be taken to the next higher shilling.

#### ADJUSTMENT OF WAGES OF APPRENTICES, IMPROVERS, AND JUVENILE WORKERS.

- 29. The wages rates of apprentices and juvenile workers, as prescribed in clause 2 of this Part, shall be automatically adjusted to accord with the wages rates as adjusted from time to time, for apprentices in the metropolitan district who are under the jurisdiction of the Apprenticeship Commission.
- The wages rates for improvers shall be those prescribed from time to time for apprentices, plus an additional 20 per cent calculated to the nearest penny.

# Adjustment of Loadings.

30. The loadings set out, and included as part of the ordinary wage in clause 2 (c) (A) and (B) (i) of this Part, represent approximately 15 days' pay per annum in payment or compensation for—

- (a) The holidays prescribed in clause 5 of this Part-15s. 4d.;
- (b) Five days' sickness each year-7s. 8d.;
- (c) Disabilities allowance-5s. 6d.

The existing leadings of 28s. 6d. per week are based upon a Basic Wage Group of 236s. to 240s, per week and shall be automatically adjusted by increasing or decreasing the allowance by 6d. for each increase or decrease or 5s. (in the aggregate) of such Basic Wage Group as shown in the schedule herounder—

Basic Wage Group.									Total Loadings Payable,				
Gla to	. 1650	(inclusive)		ook				21s.	n <b>d</b>	per week			
166s. to			-			••	• •	218.		•			
			,,	••			٠.			,,			
171s. to			17	• •	• •	••	• • •	228.		,,			
176s. to			,,	• •	• •	• •	• •	228.		**			
181s. to			**				• •	23s.		**			
186s. <b>t</b> o			17		• • •			·23s.		**			
191s. to			**					24s.		,,			
196s. to			1,					24s.	6d.	,,			
201s. to	205s.	,,	,,					25s.		,,	•		
206s. to	210s.	,,	,,					25s.	6d.	,,			
211s. to	215s.	,,	,,				.,	26s.	0d.	"			
216s. to	220s.		**					26s.	6d.	,,	•		
221s. to	225s.		,,					27s.	0d.	,,			
26s. to			,,					27s.	6d.	,,	•		
231s. to			"	• • •		•••		28s.		"			
236s. to			"					28s.		,,			

Any extension of this table must be of the same construction as the table.

Should any increase or decrease of the loadings take place as the result of the operation of this clause, a corresponding increase or decrease as the case may be shall be made in the ordinary wages rates prescribed in clause 2 (c) (A) and (B) (i) of this Part.

A. V. BARNS, J.P., Chairman.

J. W. RYAN, Secretary.

Melbourne, 4th August, 1953.